"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Continued warm to-day; rain by night; rain and snow, colder to-morrow; brisk southwest winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,679. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1911.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. } Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

PRISON GATES CLOSE ON THE M'NAMARAS

Dynamiters in San Quentin, Where Their Identity Is Lost in Convicts' Numbers.

TO WORK IN THE JUTE MILL

But J. B. Will First Be Examined for Tuberculosis—Their Cells Near Abe Ruef's.

SAN QUENTIN, Cal., Dec. 10.—The McNamara brothers to-day entered San Quentin Penitentiary, where James B. is condemned to spend the rest of his life for his confessed crime of murder, and John J., Secretary of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, is sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment for dynamiting.

It was James B. who blew up The Los Angeles Times Building on Oct. 1, 1910, with the loss of twenty-one lives, and John J. who abetted in wrecking part of the Llewellyn Iron Works in Los Angeles on last Christmas Day.

The pleas of guilty entered by these men closed these two cases and opened up a nation-wide investigation by two Federal Grand Juries into a series of dynamiting reaching from coast to coast and perpetrated generally where labor differences existed to a marked degree.

The men entered the prison, it is fairly authenticated, believing that they had achieved much for the cause of union labor, and had been misunderstood in their efforts and the results they obtained.

Whirled from Los Angeles on a fast night train, the brothers were taken at sunrise to-day, put on a little river steamer and landed two and a half hours later at San Quentin Prison wharf on the shores of San Pablo Bay. The shackles which bound them together on the boat trip were slipped off, and they toiled up the prison hill beside Sheriff William A. Hammel of Los Angeles County.

Only Numbers Now.

As the prison clock struck 10 John J. McNamara, preceded by Warden John Hoyle, stepped over the threshhold of the jail door, with his brother directly behind him. In five minutes James B. McNamara had become Convict 25,314, and John J. McNamara 25,315.

They were measured for jail clothes, photographed in two positions, given a carbolic-tinctured bath, put into stripes, shaved and cropped, and rephotographed within an hour and turned over to John Murray, Lieutenant of the yard, who took them to Cell 18 in a stone tier looking out over the prison's "upper yards," a great flower garden.

Cell 18 adjoins the tier of cells in which condemned murderers are kept, and the balcony outside is cut off by a little gate. Further down the row, toward the other end, is the cell of Abraham Ruef, who is serving a fourteen-year sentence for bribery in connection with the San Francisco graft cases. Ruef is in Cell 3. In Cell 11 of the tier is Henry Dalton, for seventeen years Assessor of Alameda County, and recently convicted of accepting a bribe.

Soon after the men entered the jail the prison band began to play and continued until 1 P. M. At 2 o'clock Sunday dinner was served. The McNamaras were furnished with a prison-made dinner card, done in three colors and marked, "San Quentin Grill." The prisoners who devised it had taken occasion to point out the attractions of the place.

Waggish Over Prison Fare.

"Never since the opening in 1852 has the San Quentin Grill enjoyed a better reputation or greater partonage than under the present management," wrote the wag in stripes. "There are at present more than 1,940 regular boarders taking their meals at the Grill. The cuisine and service are unsurpassed. Some of the boarders return six, eight, and even ten times after trying other establishments. The location and climate are the finest in the world. Situated at the foot of Mount Tamalpais, basked in the grand and glorious California sunshine, fanned by the breezes of San Pablo Bay, the Grill is an ideal resort the year round."

A list of house rules, likewise jesting, fills the back page. The dinner the McNamaras ate consisted of corned beef, brown gravy, steamed potatoes, boiled beans, stewed dried fruit, coffee cake, bread, and coffee.

The brothers passed the rest of the day in their cells. To-morrow they will begin work in the jute mill, Warden Hoyle said, but James B., on the advice of Sheriff Hammel, will be examined for tuberculosis, and, if he shows symptoms of it, he will do other work.

Half a dozen passengers, craning their necks from car windows, discovered today that they had traveled all night with the McNamaras as train companions. Scores more had walked through the combination observation and compartment car without a hint that the brothers were within reaching distance. At Carquinez Straits station the men, handcuffed together, were slipped from the rear platform of the observation car, with Sheriff Hammel on one side and Under Sheriff Robert T. Brain on the other.

Chief of Police Sebastian of Los Angeles followed, and a cluster of Deputy Sheriffs hovered about the party, which included Detective Bernard Flood of the New York force. The men were hurried to the little steamer Caroline, a hundred yards away. Capt. William Lesle, who makes the daily trip from the Straits to the prison, took them into the saloon.

Names on Boat's Visitors' List.

At his request the men wrote their names in the visitors' book, and then John J. read this motto at the top of the page:

> And where we love is home—
> Home, that our feet may leave, but not our hearts;
> The chain may lengthen, but it never parts.

He turned away without a sign that it had made an impression on him.

For the most part of the trip the men stood handcuffed together on the afterdeck. Sheriff Hammel pointed out to them the entrance to Mare Island Navy Yard, the boats of duck hunters scattered across the water, a seal which rose close to the boat, and leisurely dived again, all without eliciting any comment from the men, and when he was encouraged to tell some of his feats as a marksman, the brothers contemplated him gravely, but without any particular interest.

The sight of the penitentiary failed to move them, and when they passed the giant powder works where James B. bought dynamite for the bombs which he placed at the homes of Gen. Harrison Gray Otis, proprietor of The Los Angeles Times, and Felix Zeehandelaar, Secretary

Continued on Page 2.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS prevents ill effects from over-eating.—Adv.

A LESSON TO THE COURT.

Policeman Explains That His Prisoners Weren't Drunk; Only Intoxicated.

Magistrate House received a shock in the Yorkville Court yesterday when Patrolman Maloney of the East Twenty-second Street Station arraigned three women on a charge of intoxication.

"Were these prisoners drunk?" asked Magistrate House.

"No, Sir; they were intoxicated," responded Maloney soberly.

Magistrate House looked down at the policeman over his glasses and studied his face for a minute.

"Is there any difference between an intoxicated person and a drunk?" coldly inquired the Magistrate.

"There certainly is, Sir, and sure it's you that ought to be knowing it," answered Maloney. Everybody in the courtroom snickered, and Magistrate House shifted in his chair.

"Oh, there is, is there? And I ought to be knowing it, should I? Well, just suppose you tell us the difference, and do it quick, and if you are trying to make fun of this cout—" and Magistrate House motioned for Maloney to proceed.

"Sure a intoxicated person can navigate; when you can navigate you are only intoxicated, but when you are drunk you can't do anything but roll on the ground, and sometimes not even that. So, you see there is a difference," said Maloney.

"Oh, I see," said Magistrate House, a great light breaking on him. "If that's the case, I suppose there are various degrees of drunks and intoxication."

"Oh, yes, several degrees," answered Maloney.

"And what degree were these three prisoners in?" inquired Magistrate House.

"They were only tipsy, which is not quite intoxicated and far from drunk," responded Maloney.

"Well, if that is the case, I fine them only $1 each. Had they been intoxicated I would have fined them $5, and if they had been drunk the fine would have to be $10," said the Magistrate with a laugh.

OLD FIREMAN DIES SUDDENLY

Capt. Best, Retired, Expires from a Heart Attack Brought On by a Blaze.

There was a cellar fire in the tenement at 2,371 Eighth Avenue about 7:45 o'clock last night, and Samuel Best, a retired Captain of the Fire Department, now 78 years old, ran to the window of his son's flat on the third floor to see what progress the fire was making. He returned to tell his daughter-in-law that there seemed to be no danger and that the engines already were at work.

The old man made repeated trips to the front window, however, each time reporting that there was no danger and no need of leaving the flat. Finally, however, he hurried into the rear of the house where his daughter-in-law was making ready to leave despite his assurances, and sank down into a chair by the dining table. His son and wife tried to arouse the old man, and when they could not, the son ran out for a doctor. The physician said the old fire fighter had died of heart disease brought on by excitement.

The fire was confined to the cellar and did little damage. Oil-soaked waste and rags were found about, and the Fire Marshal was notified.

Battalion Chief Galvin, with whom the retired Captain had worked, was in command at the fire, and when he learned of the veteran's death he was much affected.

"He was a fine old man," said Battalion Chief Galvin. "He was the kind who never shirked and who was always to be found where the firemen were in the most danger."

Capt. Best retired in 1901, after having served in the department for more than thirty-four years.

DR. ELIOT REASSURES SON.

He Cables from Ceylon That His Condition Is Satisfactory.

CAMBRIDGE Mass., Dec. 10.—Reassuring messages as to the condition of President Emeritus Charles W. Eliot of Harvard University, who was operated upon for appendicitis at Kandy, Ceylon, yesterday, were received to-day by his son, the Rev. Dr. Samuel A. Eliot. The cablegrams were signed by President Eliot himself, and this was taken by his relatives and friends as an indication in itself that the patient was in good condition following the operation.

The first of the cablegrams, which was delivered this morning, said:

"Condition satisfactory; a modern hospital and skilled attendants."

This is believed to have been written by President Eliot after his first night's sleep following the operation, as the second message, which said simply "Comfortable day," apparently was a report of the patient's condition at the close of the day.

The reference to the hospital facilities in the first message was in reply to an anxious query by his son which was sent immediately upon the receipt yesterday of the first news of the unexpected operation.

President Eliot was traveling in Ceylon in connection with a world trip which he is making on a peace mission for the Carnegie Endowment interests. The tour which was arranged to allow of particular study of conditions in Asiatic countries, was planned to last nine moths. Whether the operation will necessitate a curtailment of the tour is not yet known.

CARMANIA IN; TO HURRY BACK

Special Arrangement with Collector to Permit Departure Wednesday.

The Cunard liner Carmania, which arrived at Quarantine late last night from Liverpool, will go to her pier at the foot of West Fourteenth Street at 5:30 o'clock this morning, in order that she can be turned around ready to sail at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning. Special arrangements were made by the Cunard agents with Collector Loeb to have the boarding officers proceed to the pier at 5:30 instead of detaining the liner at Quarantine until 7:30 A. M., when the revenue cutter goes down the bay.

As soon as the Carmania is berthed the hatches will be opened and the work of discharging the cargo will be commenced, and at the same time the coal lighters will come alongside. The passengers will breakfast at 7 o'clock and go ashore as soon as they please after that hour.

There will be eight Christmas ships leaving this port during the coming week. The Kaiserin Auguste Victoria and the Nieuw Amsterdam on Tuesday, the Carmania Wednesday, the Kronprinz Wilhelm and the Touraine on Thursday, and the Lusitania, the Oceanic, and the New York on Saturday. These will be the last vessels that will arrive on the other side in time for Christmas.

Turks to Expel More Italians.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 10.—The Constantinople papers announce that the Turkish Government has decided to expel most of the Italians from the Gallipoli peninsula, the territory around the Dardanelles and Smyrna. It is understood that the expulsion will become operative first in all fortified places.

For Christmas, give a Krementz Collar Button Set. $1.00, in a ribbon tied box.—Adv.

EIGHT BODIES TAKEN FROM WRECKED MINE

More Than a Hundred Still in Briceville Workings—May Be Days in Reaching Them.

BLACK DAMP HAMPERS WORK

Workers Penetrate Main Drift, but Bodies Are Believed to be in Laterals—Food Supply of Town Low.

Special to The New York Times.

BRICEVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 10.—At 9 o'clock to-night the exhausted members of the rescue parties, who had been constantly at work in the wrecked Cross Mountain Mine since Saturday afternoon, quit work to rest. They will resume work at daylight. At that hour only eight of the more than 100 bodies of miners who were killed in Saturday's explosion had been brought to the surface. Four of these were buried to-day. It was reported that ten more bodies had been found, but they had not been brought to the surface.

Except the families of the entombed men, no one in this little mountain village believes any living thing in the mine has survived the terrific explosion. Seven of those removed were identified to-day as Lee Polston; Eugene Ault; Taylor Ault; Roland Early; W. A. Farmer, bank boss in the mine; Herman Sharp, and James Foust. The eighth was thought to be Alonzo Wood, a youth of 18 years, but his identification was not positive.

A list of eighty men and boys who are entombed in the mine has been verified by the mothers and wives. This almost positively confirms the belief that there is a total of at least 150 dead now strewn throughout the mine workings. No traces of life have yet been seen.

For more than thirty-six hours every miner in this region had toiled with no thought of food, sleep, or pay, to remove the débris and force fresh air into the innermost recesses of the mine. To-night they had penetrated practically to the main entry head nearly three miles in. To-morrow they expect to be ready to work the cross entries in which the great mass of bodies undoubtedly were cast by the blast.

Black damp developed to-day and stopped progress for a time, but the silent force pushed on again, until some were carried out overcome.

There is hardly a family in the entire Coal Creek Valley that has not felt the touch of death. The problem of caring for the widows and orphans will be a grave one, requiring immediate solution. Certainly Briceville will be unable to care for her living with most of her wage-earners numbered among the dead.

It has been impossible to get any authentic figures on the exact number of men in the mine when the explosion occurred. Mine officers have given out no statement, and it has been impossible to get any check on the men who went to work yesterday morning. That it is more than a hundred seems certain.

It is expected much of the black damp will be driven from the passages to-night. To-morrow, with the crew of one rescue car on the ground, another hurrying here, and representatives of the Red Cross on hand, it is expected rescue work, so far badly retarded, will go forward rapidly. Electrical devices for moving cars in the workings were shattered by the explosion, and débris cleared away in the tunnels is being hauled by mule cars to the surface. Mine experts to-night said it would be many days before each lateral had been penetrated. It is in the laterals that the most bodies are expected to be found.

At least 10,000 persons visited this hamlet to-day, and willing workers were many. George P. Chanler, President of the Tennessee Coal Company, is in charge of the relief work. He divided the men into gangs of fifty and sent each shift into the workings for two hours. Even when the air in the mine was at its best they could not work longer.

The throng of visitors was largely responsible for the exhaustion of food supplies to-night. However, hunger will not last long, as Knoxville and other cities are rushing food, some of which will reach here to-night. To-morrow all will be provided for.

The situation became more tense as each car of débris was brought to the surface, for its driver might bring some word or with the débris might be a body of some loved one.

The shrill whistle of the train bringing coffins at 2 o'clock Sunday morning brought another horror to the already dazed inhabitants. The special brought 175 boxes, and they were piled near the mouth of the mine. Only eight of these boxes were opened to-day, but the others stand silently waiting.

The only disturbance was when the Rev. E. M. Ritchie, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Coal Creek, exhorted those within hearing to accept the disaster as a warning and prepare to meet death. The minister declared again and again that God has sent this visitation upon the community as a demonstration of the certainty of death and the ever uncertainty of life. The minister suspended his discourse at intervals and burst into song, in which hundreds joined.

Prayerful supplication also characterized the impromptu services, which were continued until the minister closed voluntarily. He had chosen a commanding eminence, high above the main entrance to the mine, as the point from which he spoke, and his powerful voice carried his message to the ears of every one of the many thousands who were within range of his voice.

Steps have been taken to establish the work of the American Red Cross Society. John Logan of Atlanta, representative of the society, reached the scene Sunday night. In the meantime the Red Cross flag had been suspended from the Federal mine rescue car and its attendants were prepared to administer relief.

No official or semi-official opinion had been given out as to the cause of the disaster. President T. I. Stephenson of the Knoxville Iron Company and others interested, had nothing to say. It is generally believed, however, that the disaster was due to a "dust explosion."

An undertaker who examined the bodies recovered, stated that in every instance the heads were bruised, as if they had been thrown violently against the ceiling of the mine or the side walls. This, it is said, argues in favor of the "dust explosion" theory. The mine had passed official inspections within the past few weeks, and was thought to be perfectly safe. Investigations are now being made with a view of determining the cause of the accident.

President John F. Bowden of District 19, United Mine Workers of America, declared to-day that he was not surprised at the explosion. He said dust was allowed to accumulate. Only non-union workers were employed in the Cross Mountain Mine, but President Bowden offered his best skilled union miners to aid in the work of rescue. Business in the stricken district is paralyzed and coal

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MAILLARD'S BREAKFAST COCOA. Finest Winter drink of all. It satisfies and "keeps out the cold." Easily prepared.—Adv.

PICTURES OF WORLD EVENTS.

In the Pictorial Section of The Times next Sunday there will be published 51 pictures of current events of the world, including scenes from Persia, India, China, England and the United States. Central Park as a fairyland after the recent snowstorm will also be pictured in **THE TIMES NEXT SUNDAY.**

CLUBMAN TRAPPED WITH MARKED CARDS

Member of Newport Country Club Caught Cheating at Poker by His Fellow-Members.

WON $20,000 IN TWO YEARS

He Charges His Accusers with "Fixing" the Cards—Newport Society Stirred by the Scandal.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 10.—A game of poker in the Newport Country Club was interrupted, a few nights ago, when one of the players was discovered with marked cards by others, who had set a trap for him. The exposure was followed by a charge by the accused man against some of the players that they had "fixed" the cards.

Within the last two years $20,000 is said to have been lost at poker in the Country Club, and it was said to-night that the exposure of the crooked game was made known by the wife of a prominent member.

One of the heaviest of the losers, a well-known business man, stated to-day that he proposed to see if there was any way by which he might recover some of his money, acknowledging he had dropped $1,000 in the clubroom. Others have lost much more.

The scandal has stirred Newport, and further action against the winners is to be taken by the members who lost. A few nights ago the Governors decided to recommend the closing of the club.

As far back as 1900 there were denunciations from the pastors of Newport, Narragansett Pier, and other fashionable Summer resorts of gambling in the Summer colonies. In August, 1900, the Rev. Braddin Hamilton of this city preached a vigorous sermon in All Saints' Memorial Chapel, Newport, against gambling, which he said was going on among Newport cottagers.

"The public press has given Newport the credit of introducing gambling very recently here," Dr. Hamilton said. "If thoughtful, respectful people have any regard for their fellow-men and for the God who made them, they would never indulge in this petty gambling. We have reason to believe that gambling has been practised and is being practised in many of the cottages at Newport this season.

"No language I could ever use would more than half express the enormity of the example which Newport people set by doing this. The effect on your own immediate household is probably trivial. You do it for amusement. But are you awake to the fact that you are playing with a contagious evil which has killed and buried out of sight even whole nations? It has broken up families and wasted estates far greater than any of yours. It has wrecked some of the most noble families of England and France. It has driven young men who were educated to be gentlemen, to be black sheep, profligates, and criminals.

"Gambling is an almost incurable disease. No man who makes a few successful winnings ever forgets them. If ever he gets into reduced circumstances it is the first thing he will fly to. Therefore the person who teaches a young man to gamble is stamping him with a black mark which he will carry all through life. It is safe to say that if gambling is established here for an amusement in respectable homes inside of a year this country will have millions more gamblers than it has to-day, and the majority of these gamblers will start in their humble flats surrounded by bare walls, just as innocently as you started here on your piazzas surrounded by plants and flowers."

A campaign against gambling among fashionable folk was started in Narragansett Pier and Newport only a few months ago as part of a crusade against Sunday opening. Many sermons were preached against it at that time.

HOLY GHOSTERS MAY SUFFER

Shiloh Colony Will Face Bankruptcy if Leader Goes to Jail.

Special to The New York Times.

SHILOH, Me., Dec. 10.—Facing utter ruin, starvation ahead, and bankruptcy a certainty unless their leader is restored, the 600 members of Elijah II. colony here spent the entire night and day in prayer, asking that he be returned to them.

All day the temple was thronged with sober-countenanced men and meek-faced women, discussing the situation in subdued whispers.

The leaders of the faithful discussed finance and the announcement of Lawyer H. E. Coolidge that he would defend Sandford on the ground of insanity after filing an appeal. The other groups discussed the future of Shiloh. They realize that the colony maintained through the resourceful, dominant mind of the "Elijah" will totter with his removal.

Shilohites, above all others, realize that behind their assertion that the Lord will provide Sandford alone wielded the weight of argument and brought the strenuous persuasion of his remarkable magnetic power to bear to recruit the ranks of the colony with persons of means. This, time and again, has replenished the funds when the corporation faced bankruptcy.

Shiloh's property is valued at nearly $500,000. It embraces many farms, which include practically the entire town of Durham. The temple and its adjoining buildings overlook the domain from the crest of Beulah Hill.

All this property has been turned into the general Shiloh fund during the last eighteen years, to the corporation known as the Kingdom Company. To-day it is heavily incumbered. Sandford has neglected the home field for so long a time, cruising about the world, that the colony is once more depleted of funds. Besides this the company is facing the civil suits from persons who allege they have been damaged in health and financially through Sandford's actions.

HOLIDAY TRIPS SOUTH. Southern Ry.—Premier Carrier of the South—offers quickest and best service. N. Y. Office, 264 Fifth Ave., cor. 29th St.—Adv.

WRECKS HIS AUTO TO SAVE TWO WOMEN

They Hurry Off, Leaving Chauffeur and Two Friends Lying in Fifth Avenue.

ONE MAN MORTALLY HURT

Other Two Injured When Big Car Upsets in Front of the Kean Home—Crash Heard Blocks Away.

One man was probably mortally injured and two others were badly hurt last night at Fifth Avenue between Sixty-fifth and Sixty-sixth Streets when a high-powered open touring car shot up on the sidewalk in front of the residences of John Jacob Astor and Mrs. Lucy K. Kean, the mother of ex-United States Senator John Kean of New Jersey.

After striking the curb on the east side of the street the car, which had been going south along Fifth Avenue at a fair rate of speed, and which had got beyond the control of its chauffeur, rose high in the air, balancing itself on one front wheel, gyrated completely around, and finally turned over on its side, hurling its three occupants to the street. They were:

BECK, MORRIS, 36 years, a buttonhole maker of 1,512 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, who received concussion of the brain and internal injuries and may die.

BALDANS, ARNO, 40 years, the chauffeur and owner of the car, of 446 West 58th Street, whose right arm was broken.

SHUSHTERMANN, WILLIAM H., 40 years, a salesman, of 531 West 143d Street, whose right shoulder was broken, and his face, left arm, and knees badly bruised.

The crash of the heavy car upon the sidewalk was heard blocks away, and a big crowd gathered quickly. The three injured men were hurried to the Presbyterian Hospital in an express wagon, commandeered for the purpose by an expressman. The physicians were unable to revive Beck. Baldans revived sufficiently to tell who he was and to give an account of the accident. Shushtermann insisted on going home.

Baldans, according to the story he told the police and doctors at the hospital, has owned the car for about a year. He hires it out to parties, and is an expert at managing it. He had taken Beck and Shushtermann, two personal friends, out for a ride yesterday afternoon. After an afternoon traveling over the roads of Westchester County, they returned to Shushtermann's home in West 143d Street for dinner. After dinner, they started to return to the Brooklyn garage in which the touring car is kept.

"We were coming down Fifth Avenue at a rate not higher than twelve miles an hour," Baldans said to Policeman Cunningham in the hospital. "Beck and Shushtermann were in the rear seat, and I was in front steering. The machine was under perfect control, and there was nothing wrong with the steering gear so far as I know. Just as we reached Sixty-sixth Street, however, I suddenly saw two women emerge from the shadows of the stone fence bordering the Park and hasten across the street directly in front of us. They must have been blinded by the arc light after the shadows of the Park. At any rate, they got right in front of the machine, and then stood still, threw their arms around each other and hollered. The only way I could avoid them was to swing my machine over to the east side of the street, and I did this as hard as I could. I remember feeling the machine crash against the curb. The next thing I knew I was being carried to the hospital in the express wagon."

Baldans seemed to have swung the steering gear of his car over so hard that the left front wheel hit the curb at an angle of at least 45 degrees. Witnesses agree that the car was not exceeding the speed limit. What surprised every one was the way the heavy machine acted after striking the curb.

It was headed for the black iron fence surrounding the sunken entrance of the home of Mrs. Lucy K. Kean, at 844 Fifth Avenue. It didn't get that far. Instead, it stood right straight up in the air on its left front wheel, turned completely around, and then, fell over on its side so that its four wheels extended in the direction of the Kean house, while its top faced the street.

Policeman Cunningham, standing on the corner of Sixty-sixth Street, saw the big car's strange gyrations and the men fly out of the tonneau into the street. A score of automobiles passing along the avenue also stopped to see what the trouble was.

The only ones who didn't rush to help the injured men were the two women who caused the accident by getting in the car's way. They hurried off, according to Policeman Cunningham, without even stopping to find out how badly the men were hurt.

AUTO UPSETS, KILLING TWO.

Men in Front Are Pinned Under It—Two Women in Tonneau Hurt.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH DEERFIELD, Mass., Dec. 10.—Giles F. Reed was killed to-night and his brother, Justin Reed, died of injuries received in an automobile accident at the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad crossing a mile south of the village. Mrs. Albert E. Oakman of Marcullus, N. Y., owner of the car, suffered contusions and injuries to her back, and Sarah D. Sayre, her sister, fractured a rib and may be internally injured.

Mrs. Oakman and Miss Sayre had been visiting in Dummerston, Vt., the home of Justin Reed, who was going to Springfield. The car was running fifteen or twenty miles an hour, when a shoe on the left front wheel slipped and the machine capsized, pinning the Reed brothers beneath it. Mrs. Oakman and Miss Sayre, who were in the rear seat, were thrown clear of the car.

Justin Reed was alive when Mrs. Oakman and Miss Sayre reached him. He directed them to the farmhouse of Steven Martin, but when Martin and others arrived both brothers were dead.

Physicians who had been summoned from South Deerfield and Greenfield assisted the injured women to the Lathrop Hotel. They refused to discuss the accident, and at first were unwilling to give their names.

The bodies of the brothers were taken to Greenfield. Giles Reed lived in Chicopee Falls, and was for some time a tester for an automobile concern. He was 30 years old and unmarried. Justin Reed was 34 years old. He was the sole support of his aged parents, as well as of a wife and two children. He was to have returned to his home on the Montreal express to-night.

The underpass at which the accident occurred is considered extremely dangerous. The machine was not badly damaged.

Ask for Antediluvian Whiskey, and begin to enjoy your whiskey. Luyties Bros., New York.—Adv.

TRIES TO BLOW UP A JUDGE.

Convicted German Mails Bombs to Him and Prosecuting Attorneys.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—Friedrich Prietzsche, once a wealthy paper manufacturer of München-Gladbach, has been arrested on a charge of attempting to dynamite the Judge and two prosecuting attorneys who recently convicted him of perjury.

They received through the mails yesterday, as printed matter, bombs ten inches long, containing 100 grammes of the explosive and brass and lead slugs, and the police have evidence that Prietzsche was the sender.

JUBILEE PLUNGER DEAD.

Ernest Benzon Earned Fame by Gambling Away $1,250,000 in 1887.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—Ernest Benzon, who in 1887 won considerable notoriety by gambling away $1,250,000, within a year, becoming known as the "Jubilee Plunger," has just died in London.

He was intensely proud of his gambling exploits, and wrote a book recounting them.

BOMB BURSTS IN THEATRE.

Causes Panic at Liege Moving Picture Show, Injuring Fifty.

LIEGE, Belgium, Dec. 10.—A dynamite bomb exploded to-night at a crowded cinematograph exhibition. A terrible panic ensued, in which fifty persons were injured, several of them mortally.

The police believe that a discharged employe threw the bomb for revenge.

W. E. D. STOKES WORSE.

Again Suffers a Chill, and an Operation May Become Necessary.

Dr. Josiah P. Thornely, who is attending W. E. D. Stokes at the Ansonia, said last night that Mr. Stokes was suffering with acute indigestion and an abscess in the left kidney. His patient's condition was very unsatisfactory yesterday and he had passed an uncomfortable day.

From an equally authoritative source it was learned yesterday that an operation on Mr. Stokes may become necessary soon. In the afternoon Mr. Stokes was attacked by a chill which lasted long enough to cause a decided and serious rise in temperature. This was finally reduced before evening. The chill was the result of a stoppage of the kidneys, which made it impossible for the pus in the abscess to be carried off.

Mr. Stokes's condition was unchanged late last night.

RODGERS REACHES PACIFIC.

60,000 See Aviator Officially End His Coast to Coast Flight.

LONG BEACH, Cal., Dec. 10.—Aviator Calbraith P. Rodgers completed the last leg of his cross-continental flight and landed on the shore of the Pacific at 4:04 o'clock this afternoon. The final lap of his trip was twelve miles. Rodgers started at Compton, where he fell on Nov. 12 and nearly lost his life.

A crowd estimated at 60,000 persons saw the finish of the trip, and as the wheels of Rodgers's machine touched the sand an enthusiastic throng surged in on the aviator, and the impact of the rush pushed his machine into the waves.

Rodgers declared his actual flying time from the Atlantic was 3 days 10 hours and 14 minutes.

DRY DAY IN PHILADELPHIA.

Blankenburg Keeps His Word and Even Political Clubs Are Closed.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10.—Following the inaugural declaration of Mayor Blankenburg that the illegal sale of liquor must be stopped, the police on the first Sunday of the new administration to-day kept a close watch on suspected places. Five foreigners arrested were held in $500 bail each, charged with selling liquor on Sunday and without a license. Four others were released because it was shown that the warrants had been issued last August.

"I do not propose to sanction the custom of issuing warrants and holding them over people's heads," declared the Magistrate.

Political and social clubs which have been selling liquor on Sunday for many years were tightly closed. Few arrests were made, because most proprietors made no effort to open up.

PACKERS JURY READY TO-DAY

Counsel Expect to Begin Taking Evidence Late This Afternoon.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—Counsel for the United States Government in the trial of J. Ogden Armour and nine other Chicago packers charged with criminal violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust act said today that it was expected the introduction of evidence in the case would begin late to-morrow.

Eleven jurors have been accepted by the packers, and six of these by the Government. Counsel for the defense, it is expected, will tender a panel to the Government before the noon recess to-morrow.

The Government's forces probably will be augmented to-morrow, when, it is expected, United States Senator W. S. Kenyon of Iowa will appear to aid the prosecution.

CAR HITS TROLLEY POLE.

Six Women Passengers Bruised and Car Front Is Smashed.

Six persons were injured yesterday when a St. John's Place car, filled with passengers, left the rails between Nostrand and New York Avenues, Brooklyn, and smashed into a trolley pole. The vestibule of the car and part of the right side were badly damaged.

The injured were women. None was seriously hurt. They were Mrs. Bessie Webb and Mrs. J. P. Flanagan, 415 Eighty-eighth Street; Mrs. M. Flynn and her daughter, Margaret, 15 years, address not given; Mrs. S. P. Reiske, 23 Erasmus Street, and Mrs. J. Carey of 121 Fifth Avenue, all of Brooklyn.

The car was in the middle of the block and going at full speed when the front driving axle broke, sending the car from the tracks and over the asphalt to the street curb.

Co-Heir to $180,000 Drops Dead.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Dec. 10.—John Taylor, a farmer in this vicinity and co-heir to an estate valued at $180,000, dropped dead this afternoon. He and his sister, Mrs. B. Stafford, lately head laundress at the Hotel Martinique, New York City, only recently received word that through the death of an aunt, Miss Caroline Stephenson, at St. Paul, Minn., they would inherit her estate.

WESTERN GOVERNORS GET THE CITY'S KEY

Distinguished Visitors Welcomed by Officials and Others in Jersey City.

BUSY SUNDAY FOR THEM

Reception at the Waldorf, Luncheon at Mr. Hearst's Home, and Speeches in the Programme.

The Western Governors, with their party of ex-Governors, one Lieutenant Governor, cattle raisers, sheep ranchers, publicity agents, sugar-beet producers, miners, and others, arrived in town yesterday morning, ready for two days of dining, sightseeing, and speechmaking.

The sleeping and dining room cars of the "Governors' Special" are so much bigger than similar cars used in the East that it was necessary for the train to stop in Jersey City instead of coming through the Pennsylvania tunnel. It arrived at 7:30 A. M., and the Governors and their friends, all early risers, piled out to greet the city officials and others who were there to welcome them.

The Governors in the party are Oswald West, the young Executive of Oregon; Adolph O. Eberhart of Minnesota, James M. Carey of Wyoming, Tasker L. Oddie of Nevada, E. L. Norris of Montana, Robert Vessey (you may call him "Bob" after you know him an hour) of South Dakota, John Burke of North Dakota, and James H. Hawley of Idaho, who assures his New York friends that the Irish potatoes grown in fertile Idaho are so big that Easterners mistake them for pumpkins.

Others on the train, all of whom are now New York's guests, are Lieut. Gov. Stephen S. Fitzgerald of Colorado, who represents that State in the absence of Gov. Shafroth; Colvin Brown, who is doing his utmost to make the Panama Exposition in San Francisco a success, and is representing Gov. Hiram W. Johnson of California; Col. "Bill" Hanley of Oregon, who owns so many acres of land that he admits he cannot count them, and is famous in his native country as the man who looks like a twin brother of another famous "Bill" whose last name is Bryan; Roswell Field, a brother of the late Eugene Field; Col. Tom Richardson of the Oregon Development League; Hoke Smith, (that is his right name, and he is not even a cousin of the Georgia Hoke;) W. C. B. Harrison, ex-Gov. "Jim" Brady of Idaho, ex-Gov. E. Y. Sarles of North Dakota, H. T. Black, managing editor of The St. Paul Pioneer-Press; Reilly Atkinson, J. E. Barnes, Lewis Penwell, Prof. Thomas W. Shaw, J. A. Shoemaker, Ben Baker, Lloyd McDowell, E. H. Watson, T. T. Day, Alfred J. Patek, and a score of others, mostly youngsters, who are helping their elder and better known fellow-citizens to boom the States whence they come.

The City's Welcome.

Early in the morning Robert Adamson, Secretary to Mayor Gaynor; Police Commissioner Waldo, Water Commissioner Thompson, Bridge Commissioner O'Keeffe, Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards, who was joyfully greeted as "Big Bill"; Dock Commissioner Tomkins, representing the city, and John Hays Hammond, Albert J. Seligman, F. E. Goodall, H. Zayas, Dr. A. Freeman Foote, Elmer Depew, David Rich, Gen. George O. Eaton, and Edward H. Clarke, representing the Rocky Mountain Club of New York, went on board the police boat Patrol and were taken to Jersey City to meet the visitors.

The Governors, present and past, and Col. Hawley did not lose any time in leaving the train when the New Yorkers appeared. Everybody was telling what a great time they had had since they left home, and how they had talked business, good times, and prosperity, and how they had let politics alone.

The Patrol steamed to the pier at the foot of West Thirty-fourth Street, and as she drew near those aboard noted a gaudy figure on the pier. It was that of Capt. De Witt Clinton Falls of the Seventh Regiment. As the boat drew alongside the pier Capt. Falls was joined by Lieut. Charles Curie, Lieut. F. C. Brown, Commander Russell Raynor, Major Edward H. Snyder, and Lieut. Griswold Greene, all resplendent in gold lace, who were there to welcome the visitors as the representatives of Gov. Dix, of whose staff they are members.

Outside the pier, drawn up in line, were fifty mounted policemen, and even those of the visitors who have spent most of their lives in the saddle said they had never seen men who sat their horses better except for just one little thing. Col. Hawley said they didn't stick their feet quite far enough into their stirrups.

"Outside of that they are all right," said the Colonel, "and I wouldn't want to see a finer set of men."

"They're corkers," said Lieut. Gov. Fitzgerald to Commissioner Waldo, and the Commissioner modestly replied, "I know it."

Automobiles were waiting, and the Governors, one to a machine, with a welcomer and two unofficial visitors, took their seats in the first eight cars; the others, four to a machine, brought up the end of the column.

An Imposing Procession.

The mounted police divided into platoons, one going ahead and one following the automobile column. Then Commissioner Waldo lifted his hand, and at the signal the machines began to honk, honk, and the procession was under way. The route was across Thirty-fourth Street to the main entrance of the Waldorf-Astoria. There other welcomers waited. The lobby was a mass of American flags and blue pennants, each of the latter bearing in gold and silver the coat of arms of the States represented by the Governors.

News of the coming of the Westerners had preceded them, and the lobby of the hotel was jammed when they arrived. In the throng were many who had known the Governors and others of their party in the West.

"Hello, Governor, you are looking fine," said a stocky man, as he slapped Gov. West of Oregon on the shoulder. The man who did the slapping was William J. Burns, the detective, who has long known "the youngest Governor."

Another who was there to bid the men from out West welcome was ex-United States Senator William A. Clark of Montana. The Senator seemed to know most of the older men in the party, and he had a busy half hour asking how things were coming along in Montana.

Congressman Oscar W. Underwood of Alabama, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, strolled through the lobby while the Governors were receiving old friends and making new ones, and was introduced to several of them. They all took a critical look at the "gentleman from Alabama."

"We've heard quite a bit about him out our way," said the Governor of South Dakota.

The visitors were finally taken to the rooms of the Rocky Mountain Club on the fifteenth floor of the hotel, where they had refreshments and told stories of their trip. Roswell Field told one on Gov. Oddie of Nevada, the dryest State in the Union, so far as water is concerned, he explained.

Where Water Is Cheap.

"When Oddie stood on the Canadian side," said Mr. Field, "and watched the Niagara Falls he shook his head and was heard to murmur, 'My goodness, all that water and all of it free, and just to think we sometimes pay 30 cents a quart for it in Nevada.' "

Gov. Hawley, who loves to tell about the big pumpkins and squashes that grow in Idaho, was busy with that subject when somebody asked, "And how about the people?"

"Umph," replied the Governor, "you ought to see them. The smallest native-born man in Idaho is more than seven feet tall. The only little fellows out there come from east of the Mississippi."

One of the Governors was asked what he thought of Detective Burns.

"We've known him for years," was the answer, "and there isn't any limit to his prowess. Give him half a chance and he'll nab anything from a grafter to a case of yellow fever."

Ex-Gov. Brady of Utah, who arranged the Gubernatorial tour, was asked about the trip.

"It has been even more of a success than we ever hoped it would be," he said. "Everybody is glad we made it, and we are only sorry now that the end is in sight."

"We have not had a single mishap so far, and the Governors and all the rest of them are proving fine campaigners. Not a man of them has succumbed to entertainment yet, and we have been to a few functions since we left home. Everything we have seen has impressed us with the greatness of our common country, and the East is all right and, next to ours, the finest country on the face of the earth.

"Here you live, I am told, forty to the acre, and in other spots about four to the square foot. Out our way we get along at nine to the acre, and there is a whole room for good people yet, and we hope they will come and occupy it."

Divorces and Silver.

Gov. Oddie of Nevada was asked about the divorce situation in his State.

"That is a question," he answered, "that I hope will not be asked about Nevada much longer. I think the day is not far away when we shall get a uniform divorce law for all the States, and I expect Nevada to be active in that movement. However, we are still the biggest silver-producing State in the Union, and I don't think it will be long before we are also the biggest producer of gold."

The other Governors were just as enthusiastic about their States, and told about big apples, alfalfa that never ceased to grow, and fruits that were brilliant in color and luscious to the taste. After the reception in the Rocky Mountain Club the visitors were taken in automobiles to the residence of William Randolph Hearst at 137 Riverside Drive, where they were the luncheon guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hearst.

There were 76 at the luncheon. Besides the visiting Governors and the members of their party, those present included Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery Hare, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence J. Shearn, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Bradford Merrill, Mr. and Mrs. S. Stanwood Menken, Judge and Mrs. William Young, Arthur Brisbane, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Ellsworth Black, Mrs. C. Frevert, Mrs. A. Tovey, Mrs. P. C. Rockwell, Miss Elsie De Wolfe, Mrs. E. F. Gilmer, Miss Inez Milholland, Miss Vida Milholland, Miss Marion Schermerhorn, Miss Dorothy Stratton, Mrs. John Temple Graves, Miss Acelle Whelen, and Miss Madeline Parker.

The guests were welcomed by Mr. Hearst and Mr. Shearn, and each of the eight visiting Governors made a brief speech in response. Following the luncheon the visitors returned to the Waldorf, and then divided into parties of two and three and proceeded to the various Young Men's Christian Associations in New York and Brooklyn, where they made addresses.

Call of the West.

Govs. Carey of Wyoming and Hawley of Idaho went to the East Side Branch, in East Eighty-sixth Street. Gov. Carey told the young men who had gathered there that the West still holds the same great opportunities for young men that it had years ago, and that all that a young man needs to succeed is ambition and ability to work.

"We want young men and young women," Gov. Carey said, "to come West, and especially do we want those who do not drink and smoke, and who, above all things else, are honest. These three things I consider to be the three principal factors for success."

Gov. Hawley also emphasized the opportunities the West offers, and expressed the pleasure of himself and his colleagues at the warm welcomes that have been accorded them everywhere in the East.

"What pleases me most," he said, "is the frequency of the invitations to dine that have come our way. One would think from our experiences, and especially since we arrived in this great city, that we Westerners never get anything to eat."

Gov. Hawley said he was sorry that it had not been possible to bring the "Governors' Special" with its five cars of exhibits into New York, but assured his hearers that a trip through the Hudson tunnel to the Pennsylvania station in Jersey City where the train is, would repay any one for the trouble.

At the Twenty-third Street branch the speakers were Govs. Oddie of Nevada, Eberhart of Minnesota, and Lieut. Gov. Fitzgerald of Colorado. They were welcomed by a big crowd, and President Finley of the City College presided. Gov. Oddie was the first speaker.

"A year ago," the Nevada Governor said, "I was assisted in the laying of the cornerstone of the first Young Men's Christian Association Building in the State of Nevada, and I believe that the association, through its members, is going to have much to do with the future of Nevada. The building to which I refer is in the City of Reno."

What Reno Can Do.

At this point the Governor was interrupted by a great clapping of hands, and when the applause ceased he went on to say:

"I know what you mean, and I am going to tell you about it. First, however, I want to say that Reno is a city of only 15,000 people, yet it raised the $100,000 for that Y. M. C. A. Building in just ten days. Gambling was stopped in Nevada two years ago, and the day of the wide-open State has passed.

"There is a movement on, that is growing stronger day by day, which has for its object the elevation of manhood and womanhood. Our divorce laws are thirty years old, yet it is only in recent years that the easy divorce question has come to the front. The press of the entire country has had much fun about the easy divorces of Nevada, and I admit there has been much truth in what they have said. Nevada, however, is ready to make a strong effort to bring about uniform divorce laws in the Nation, and her own people heartily wish to do with away with the evil.

"It is true that many men from Eastern States have deserted their wives and children, and gone to Reno to get an easy divorce, but every time that extradition papers for their return have been presented to me I have signed them, and sent the men back to the East, sometimes to enter prisons."

Gov. Eberhart said he loved church work, and he was glad that fewer so-called "good fellows" were being elected to office than was formerly the case.

"If I could afford to do so," Gov. Eberhart said, "I think that when my time as Governor has passed I would spend the rest of my life in assisting boys and young men. The problem of the boy is the greatest of all. We can't take play away from him; he will have it. Our duty is to make it clean. We should see to it in every city that the moving picture shows and theatrical shows and circuses are so clean that the preacher and his wife and every one can go.

Life in the Country.

"I hope that some day country home life will be made more attractive than it is to-day and that the tremendous rush to the glare and glamour of the city will cease, but I fear that will not come soon. Meantime let us make the life of the city clean, particularly its amusements and recreation.

"The interests of all of us are the same. We are really one big State, from New York to California, and we should have uniform laws, particularly those relating to marriage and divorce."

Lieut. Gov. Fitzgerald extended an invitation to all the young men to come to Colorado.

"There is a lot of hard work to do out there," he said, "and a welcome awaits all who are willing to help do it well."

Govs. Burke of North Dakota, Vessey of South Dakota, West of Oregon, and Norris of Montana went to Brooklyn and talked at Young Men's Christian Association meetings in that borough. Each one had praise for the work of the association in the State from which he came, and each said that opportunities awaited young men of character and ability in the Far West.

Last night the Governors were dinner guests of John Hays Hammond at the Waldorf-Astoria. There were no speeches. Gov. Dix joined the visiting State executives, and welcomed them to New York in the name of the State. Among those at the dinner not of the Governors' party were Julio Madero, a brother of President Madero of Mexico; Jerome Case Bull, William P. Martin, Arthur L. Davis, and Joseph R. Grismer.

The exhibition of Western products on the "Governors' Special" will be on view from 9 A. M. until 6 P. M. to-day. The cars are filled with the finest examples of Western apples and other fruits, vegetables, grains, and minerals, and exhibits that are too big to be displayed are shown in photographs.

There are sugar beets that weigh 25 pounds, a clam the neck of which is a foot long, Tokay grapes that weigh 4 pounds to the bunch, squashes that weigh 50 pounds, onions that rival those of Bermuda and Texas, and turnips each one of which would make a meal for a family such as Col. Roosevelt approves of. There are hundreds of other interesting exhibits, and courteous young men are in all of the cars to explain everything.

To-day the Governors will see the city in automobiles, hear an address of welcome from Mayor Gaynor in the Great Hall of City College, visit Grant's Tomb, take luncheon at the Claremont Inn, take a water trip on the city steamer Correction, witness an exhibition by the fireboats, go to Brooklyn, and to-night attend a dinner at the Union League Club given in their honor by Col. John A. Sleicher. To-morrow morning they will leave New York.

GOVERNORS SPEAK IN BROOKLYN

Two Westerners Tell a Y. M. C. A. Gathering About Their States.

Two of the visiting Governors to this city spoke at a mass meeting yesterday afternoon at the Bedford Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, Bedford Avenue and Monroe Street, Brooklyn. They were Gov. Vessey of South Dakota and Gov. West of Oregon, guests of honor of the institution. They were introduced by the Rev. S. Parkes Cadman, pastor of the Central Congregational Church.

Gov. West spoke of the opportunities that are offered to young men in Oregon, and of the high ideals of manhood fostered in the community there. He advocated the referendum and recall which the people of his State have tried. The audience listened attentively to the Governor's account of how the new honor system he has instituted in the Oregon State Prison is working. He thinks this system he has instituted in the Oregon and induce them to lead law-abiding lives than the old system of punishment, striped uniforms, and lock-step.

Gov. Vessey described the great wheat fields of South Dakota and the immense stretches of land that are waiting to be turned into profit-yielding farms. He said the men of his State were rational progressives.

WHY BERNHARDT WON'T WED.

Content with Being a Mother, Grandmother, and Great-Grandmother.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—Reasons why Mme. Sara Bernhardt will not marry M. Cadrane, the young Greek actor, are given in a cablegram received in this city.

Her son, Maurice Bernhardt, is said to be opposed to the union, and his mother will not remarry without his consent. Further, Mme. Bernhardt is credited with remarking:

"Please tell my American friends that when next I visit America they will find me as free as formerly. Why I am not to be married is best explained in the following letter I have written to Editor Calmette of The Figaro:

" 'I deny energetically all the reports saying I am about to marry, soon or late. I am a mother, a grandmother, and a great-grandmother, three titles of which I am proud, and which make further explanation unnecessary.' "

EIGHT BODIES TAKEN FROM WRECKED MINE

Continued from Page 1.

operators to-day declared that little work will be done for the next two weeks.

HELMET MEN ON THE WAY.

Another Rescue Car Being Rushed to Briceville Also.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Dec. 10.—Twenty or more trained helmet men, with another rescue car, are being rushed to-night to Briceville. They are expected to arrive there in the morning. J. W. Paul, Engineer of Rescue Work at the Bureau of Mines station in this city, with Assistant Engineer Ryan, left to-day to join Car 7 in the West Virginia field. He will summon all available helmet men and proceed to Briceville.

UNIONS TO AID FAMILIES.

Fact That Briceville Victims Were Not Members Will Not Affect Action.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 10.—The Executive Board of the United Mine Workers of America probably will vote at the meeting in Chicago Thursday a fund for the families of the moners killed at the Briceville disaster, was the statement to-night of Edwin Perry, Secretary-Treasurer of the miners. Mr. Perry said that while most of the men believed to have been killed are not members of the union, the board will treat the case without regard to that fact.

It has been the custom of the miners' board to vote from $50 to $100 to each family that has lost a member in a coal mine disaster, and that is probably what the board will do Thursday, according to Mr. Perry. James Bowden of Knoxville, Tenn., a district board member, and John Jeffrey, an executive board member, are in Briceville to represent the National organization.

E. M. Gattle & Co.
GOLDSMITHS and JEWELERS
Rings
Our display of rings—plain and fancy—for the holidays is now complete, all of original designing.
From $5 to $10,000
COMPARISON OF VALUES INVITED.
Fifth Avenue at Thirty-Eighth Street

MADERO AGENT HERE TO BOOM MEXICO

Senor Barron's Mission Is to Inspire Confidence in Americans to Make Investments.

HE WAS EXILED BY DIAZ

And Lived in This City Until the Revolution Gave Him His Chance—The Country Pacifed, He Says.

Señor Heriberto Barron, once a Presidential candidate in Mexico against Diaz, and subsequently, because of this effrontery, an exile in this city over whose head hung a jail sentence, is back in New York City. This time, however, he has come with official dignity, as the Commercial Agent of Mexico, to inspire a confidence which will permit the investment of American dollars in Mexican enterprises.

Señor Barron has been in this city since Aug. 1, it was learned yesterday. It was his desire to remain out of the public eye, he said, until he could go unhesitatingly ahead to speak for the permanancy of the new Government, and that time, he said, is now at hand.

Only a few years ago Señor Barron was the personal friend of Diaz. As a lawyer in Chihuahua, and as editor of two newspapers in the City of Mexico, he became influential and was elected a Congressman. Then, when an interview was given out purporting to have come from Diaz, in which he promised to retire at the end of his term and to support a new liberal party, Señor Barron came to the front and organized a new party. He called it the Republican-Democratic Party, and became its candidate to succeed Diaz.

But Diaz did not appear anxious to keep his promises, and Barron was forced to flee. His party was disintegrated, its leaders, including Barron's own brother, thrown into jail by order of President Diaz, and Barron's newspapers suppressed. Señor Barron's business was wrecked, and he came to this city to earn a meagre living by sending cheap jewelry into Mexico.

American merchants, in 1909, made an appeal to Diaz to allow Barron to reenter his country as the representative of their business interests in Mexico. Barron himself appealed to President Taft in a letter in which he branded Diaz as a traitor. But Diaz further denounced Barron, and Barron then went to Cuba, where he became the financial agent of the revolution started in Mexico by Madero.

When Juarez was captured by the revolutionists, Barron returned to Mexico and joined Madero. Provisional President De La Barra subsequently appointed him Commercial Agent to the United States, and Barron came here immediately, working secretly in the interests of the new Government.

One of the first things Barron did was to send an envoy to Washington to confer with the Departments of State and Commerce and to get assurances from the Secretaries that a Commercial Agent was welcome. Most unexpected welcomes and promises of support were immediately given, said Señor Barron yesterday. The Pan-American Union, he said, also expressed great faith in the office of Commercial Agent.

"And now things are ready for action," said Señor Barron yesterday in his apartment at 156 West Twenty-first Street. "Madero is succeeding in restoring peace. I feel confident in stating that Mexico will succeed in settling its own affairs within two or three months. We who know the situation do not believe that the United States has any intention of interfering.

"My aim is to establish a permanent Mexican Bureau of Information, where all who are interested may come to learn of the wonderful prospects in Mexico; also to establish a permanent exhibit of Mexican products in this city. To that end I have opened an office at 32 Broadway.

"I want the American investors to know that they can now safely come into Mexico. We will try to disseminate knowledge of business opportunities that we need millions to develop. We are particularly friendly to the United States because investors in this country already have nearly $1,000,000,000 invested in Mexico and because 75 per cent. of our imports and exports come from and go to the United States. Trade has increased materially since Madero has been at the head of the Government.

"At the end of the last fiscal year we had a surplus of 8,000,000 pesos over expenses. In the National Treasury we have a reserve fund of 50,000,000 Mexican dollars.

"It is a part of President Madero's plans to irrigate many sections of the country, to build new railroads, new harbors, and to encourage the formation of new steamship companies. As for our newest resource, oil wells, there are now twenty-six companies in the field, and there is room for many more.

"Diaz was in favor of monopolies. Naturally, he was averse to advertising the opportunities of Mexico for the benefit of all. He would not have favored a Commercial Agent, therefore. But President Madero's policy is one of equal opportunity for all. He wants competition and thrift."

Señor Barron said that he had already been successful in getting two concerns in this city interested in Mexican ventures. The Mexican Commercial Company, of which William H. Roberts is President and E. H. Talbot Vice President, had already invested deeply on the strength of the assurances offered by Mexico through the offices of its Commercial Agent, he said.

GEN. REYES MAY BE HERE.

Reported That He Will Go to Washington To-day.

A dispatch yesterday from San Antonio, Texas, said that Alexander Reyes, son of Gen. Bernardo Reyes, had received a telegram from his father in New York, saying that the General would leave New York to-day for Washington, to hold conferences with friends and associates.

Eugene Nolte, United States Marshal at San Antonio, Texas, who arrested Gen. Reyes a few weeks ago on a charge of violating the neutrality laws, and who is at the Waldorf, was asked last night if he had any information that led him to believe that Gen. Reyes was now in New York. He said he had no knowledge of Gen. Reyes's whereabouts, but that he would not be surprised if the Mexican General was here or in some city not far away.

"The Reyes case," Marshal Nolte said, "is now in the hands of the Department of Justice, and any further information concerning it must come from that source."

While Marshal Nolte was talking, Julio Madero, a brother of President Francisco Madero, entered the Waldorf. Mr. Madero said it was news to him that Gen. Reyes was in New York.

"I have no idea where he is," said Mr. Madero, "but I hardly think he would be in New York. However, I don't know, and he may be here. If he is here I would, of course, have no way of knowing what his mission is."

Mr. Madero said that conditions in Mexico were improving all the time, and the country was slowly but surely recovering from the effects of the revolution which made his brother the President of the Republic. He said he was the only member of the Madero party now in New York and that he was not here on any mission for the Mexican Government.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Dec. 10.—It is understood here that the Federal authorities will make a most important arrest here to-morrow in connection with the proposed Mexican revolution, alleged to be backed by Gen. Bernardo Reyes. The person, who, it is said, will be arrested on a warrant following an indictment by the Federal Grand Jury, is a prominent Mexican well known in Southwest Texas, who, it is alleged, is very close to Gen. Reyes. This arrest, it is believed, will go far toward putting an end to any effort Gen. Reyes may have or may contemplate.

Moro Rebels Surrender Their Arms.

MANILA, Dec. 10.—The guerilla bands of Moros in the Jolo district, against which American detachments have been operating for the last few weeks, have capitulated. Three hundred rifles have been given up, and peace now seems assured for this district. All other districts in the islands are quiet.

FARLEY ENTHRONED IN TITULAR CHURCH

10,000 Witness His Installation in Irish Dominicans' Edifice with Mediaeval Rites.

DIGNITARIES PAY HOMAGE

Cardinal Eulogizes McCloskey and Contrasts His Great Attributes with His Own Humble Merits.

ROME, Dec. 10.—Cardinal Farley, Archbishop of New York, after attending a dinner given in the Irish College to-day in honor of Cardinal Bisletti, took possession of his titular church, Sancta Maria Sopra Minerva. The ceremony was solemn and imposing. The church was crowded with 10,000 persons of all nationalities. The ceremony was rendered more striking by the presence of the Dominicans, who are connected with the Church, which the rites seemed to have carried back to the Middle Ages.

Cardinal Farley occupied the throne, surrounded by clergy, and received the homage of dignitaries of the Church. One of the features of the service was the singing, which resounded through the high vaulted edifice with wonderful effect.

Cardinal Farley, in response to the rector, delivered an address, in which he said that his elevation to the exalted dignity of the Cardinalate was not due to his own merits, but to the Pope's desire to honor, through the Archbishop of New York, the faith, piety, and devotion of that diocese of American Catholics. He recalled that thirty-six years ago it was his privilege to assist in the same temple when Cardinal McCloskey took possession. He eulogized his predecessor and referred to the fact that he had lived with him for twelve years, having him as superior, master, and brother. He spoke of Cardinal McCloskey's humility when he was proposed as Archbishop of New York. He wrote a pleading letter to the Propaganda praying that he should not be appointed, as he lacked the requisites demanded. The speaker contrasted the supreme attributes of Cardinal McCloskey with his own humble merits.

The Cardinal dwelt upon the importance of the Church which had been transferred to his keeping, and promised the Dominicans his assistance in America, where they were rendering such signal services, and said he would not fail to remember that centuries ago the first Catholic Bishop of New York came from the Church of Sancta Maria Sopra Minerva. He compared the condition of Catholicism in New York at that time with its prosperous condition in the present day, and ended with a hymn to Mary, whose name this church bears, and under whose patronage is the whole Church of the United States.

FARLEY CABLES A BLESSING.

From the Pope to the Society for the Propagation of the Faith.

A cable message from Cardinal Farley, bringing the blessing of the Pope, was read by Mgr. Lavelle, rector of St. Patrick's Cathedral, at the annual meeting of the New York branch of the Society for the Propagation of the Faith at the Cathedral yesterday afternoon.

Mgr. Lavelle made a short address of welcome in which he expressed delight at the progress made by the New York branch. It has been equaled by no other diocese in the world, he said. The Rev. J. A. Walsh, head of the New Catholic Foreign Missionary Society, preached the annual sermon. He said that 12,000,000 persons died every year without having so much as heard of the salvation offered by the Christian cause.

Show Figure Makers to Form Union.

The labor organizers of the east side, it was stated yetserday, have taken up the question of forming a union of the makers of dummies for displaying dresses in dressmakers' show windows. Joseph Smulevitz, Secretary of the United Hebrew Trades, said that a committee had met and that a meeting will take place shortly to form the union.

PRISON GATES CLOSE ON THE M'NAMARAS

Continued from Page 1.

of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association of Los Angeles, the brothers' backs happened to be turned the other way.

Although the men were silent to-day, John J. lay in his stateroom berth last night and talked for half an hour to Deputy Sheriff James Cathers, to whom he took a great liking during his imprisonment. To Cathers he showed his plain gold cuff links.

John J. Philosophizes.

"One of my brothers gave me these," he said. "I value them more than anything. It seems to me that life's little kindness, things which we know are behind them, should mean more to us."

When he was searched at the penitentiary, he handed the links to George Collins, a convict, who used to be a San Francisco attorney.

"I don't care about the other things," he said, "but please be sure to save these for me."

Men who have talked with John J. McNamara say he has developed a view of life which not only fortified him in the ordeal which he underwent to-day, but convinced him that the dynamiting which he and his brother did was inevitable.

From his youth a reader of sociological works, admitted to the bar as an attorney, the dynamiting theory as a psychological agent for the effect it might finally have, was adopted by the elder brother, it is said. Not until The Times explosion, with its loss of twenty-one lives, all wage earners, did he realize the frightful possibilities of his academic position.

The trip of the men from Los Angeles, where they were put on a train last night after it had left the regular city station, to Carquinez Straits, was little different to them from their days in the jail, where they have lived since April 26. Anxious to begin their sentences, their trip to the prison was accepted with sombre relief. Each slept from midnight until awakened shortly before 7 o'clock for the boat trip to the penitentiary.

TO SHIFT McMANIGAL.

Going to Indianapolis to Testify—Los Angeles Tired of the Case.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 10.—Ortie E. McManigal will be taken to Indianapolis within a few days to tell the Federal Grand Jury there what he knows of the alleged dynamiting conspiracy. Just when McManigal will leave here has not been determined, but he will be in Indianapolis by Dec. 22, the Federal Grand Jury being scheduled to begin its inquiry there on Dec. 14.

Oscar Lawlor, the Government's special prosecutor, may go to Indianapolis to assist in the case. The investigation here may be concluded this week. The local inquiry is aimed at less than five persons, while the Indianapolis proceedings are expected to bring into the limelight at least a dozen. Indianapolis, therefore, will be the centre of the Government's investigation.

These facts were learned to-day after a canvass of those who have had much to do with the McNamara case here, and who will continue to work on it. Partial confirmation came from McManigal himself at the County Jail to-day when he said:

"I'll tell any Grand Jury anywhere everything that I know, I have nothing to conceal, and I shall consider it my duty to give the authorities all information in my possession."

McManigal will be accompanied when he leaves here by Malcolm McLaren, the detective who arrested him in Detroit last April, and who has been with him since, spending days at a time with him. The [illegible] to McLaren that McManigal has given his real confession.

"There are many things," McLaren said to-night, "which McManigal would not think important in our talks, but which have furnished the detectives back East some busy times. Repeatedly McManigal could not remember the name of the hotel where he stopped in certain cities, but he could pretty nearly point it out on a map, as his remembrance of the location, at least, would be good. We would then make a search of the hotels in these districts, thereby refreshing McManigal's mind. Sometimes he would not remember even then, as he changed his name, by instructions from John J. McNamara, in nearly every town. Although we had to search the registers of a number of towns, we have in every instance corroborated McManigal's story by hotel registers showing his signatures."

McLaren's report of what McManigal was telling him in the jail daily since his arrival here on April 26 covered on some occasions as much as 8,000 words, and these statements have been turned over by the State authorities to the Government.

Mr. Lawlor is thoroughly familiar with the details of the conspiracy as detailed by McManigal. For this reason it is believed Mr. Lawlor will go to Indianapolis to interrogate McManigal before the Grand Jury there, though the point, it is said, has not yet been determined by the Government at Washington.

McManigal, after his testimony is all utilized, probably will be released. No serious objection to his release is expected from anybody. He will be closely guarded, however, at all times, and his trip across the country will be secret.

Twenty-five witnesses are expected to appear before the Grand Jury here this week. Interest will centre in the appearance of some of San Francisco's labor leaders who have been subpoenaed, but by the end of the week all important points in the McNamara case will have been settled. Indictments are not expected before Jan. 8, when the term of the present Grand Jury expires.

As far as the Government is concerned, it can make either Los Angeles or Indianapolis the centre of its activities, but it is believed that Los Angeles business men have asked that the honors be passed to Indianapolis. Business men assert that the McNamara case affected the town's prosperity.

To-morrow another phase of the McNamara case is expected to be concluded for the present. Burt H. Franklin, charged with bribing a prospective juror, will be put on the stand by the State, but the defense probably will not indulge in cross-examination. It is believed Franklin will be bound over for trial by a Justice of the Superior Court, the trial date probably to be several weeks off.

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$25 will bring Christmas to 10 boys and girls, a warm school dress or school suit and a Winter cap for each.
$20 will send warm gloves, mittens, caps and stockings to 35 girls and boys.
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$2 will buy 8 pairs of woolen stockings for sick women or children.
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PLEADS FOR THE McNAMARAS.

Labor Should Not Abandon Them, Says Baptist Pastor.

The McNamara case was the subject of the sermon of the Rev. Dr. Charles A. Eaton at the Madison Avenue Baptist Church last night, and both workingmen and capitalists, the pastor said, stand in sore need of fundamental moral instruction.

"The cause of labor is at bottom just," said Dr. Eaton. "To fight for a fair share of the common wealth which has been produced by the people of all classes is not only the right of every worker, but his duty. The labor union as a fighting organization is a necessity at the present time. If you put capital on one side of your ship, you must put labor on the other, else your ship will capsize in the first gale that strikes it. If capital, as a necessity of its development, becomes organized and depersonalized, so must labor. The individual laborer would have no fairer chance with organized capital than the individual capitalist would have with thoroughly organized labor.

"The raising of a defense fund in the interests of the McNamaras is something for which the laboring man need make no apologies to any one. If these men were their duly accredited representatives, it was the duty of the people whom they represent to stand by them in trouble, provided that those who contributed to the defense fund honestly believed that the McNamaras were innocent of the crimes charged against them. Whoever contributed to this fund knowing or believing that the McNamaras were guilty, judged by any sane morals, were guilty equally. I do not believe that laboring men ought to abandon the McNamara boys now. They have done terribly wrong; they have confessed their wrong and submitted themselves to just retribution. It is for Christian people, at least, whether among the ranks of labor or capital, to judge not the men, even while condemning without reserve their action. Hate and hysteria have never settled any question yet.

"In the present crisis revealed but not produced by the McNamara case, there is a heavy duty resting upon organized capital. It will be easy, indeed, to take temporary advantage of these unhappy disclaimers. But the need of the hour is for large sympathy and statesmanlike leadership. Let us have peace. We have a common burden and a common opportunity, knit together by a common obligation. Let both sides repudiate in the most unreserved terms all lawlessness both of men and methods."

ADLER ON THE McNAMARAS.

Ethical Culture Lecturer Will Discuss "Anarchistic Tendencies" Next Sunday

In his address at the meeting house of the Society for Ethical Culture yesterday Dr. Felix Adler announced that in view of the McNamara confessions he will discuss "Anarchistic Tendencies in the United States" next Sunday. In yesterday's address on "The Ethical Attitude Toward Enemies," Dr. Adler in part said:

"If sickness were overcome and poverty abolished the strained personal relation would still remain and be the greatest cause of misery. Enmities are found in all ranks, among university professors, cabinet ministers and even clergymen of the same church. The right attitude toward those who have done us wrong is a question of public as well as private morals. The bitterness of feeling between workingman and employer is due on both sides to a sense of wrong."

"Christian forgiveness was a new light in the world because it was based on the spiritual unity of all men. But it led to the doctrine of non-resistance and this proved practically untenable. On the whole, the general effect of one's character will tell. The three rules to observe are:

"Take the view of the impartial spectator in regard to your grievances. Rid yourself of your exaggerated self-reverence and oversensitiveness.

"Use the sting of wrong as a prod to expunge the elements of the same wrongs that exist in you.

"Lastly, fix your attention on the valuable qualities in your enemy."

"Every kind of pain, if used ethically, is going to lead to advancement. It is not a question of how you can endure or bear a wrong, but of how you can get something out of it. You have to look down on your condition as if you were up in an airship. You must see your own dear personal self as you would another. If you are unable to do this you cannot judge. The personal equation distorts the view and makes wrong where none was intended. We should value wrong as wrong and not as a personal wrong to us. If we find in ourselves the same wrong we complain of in others we have made a distinct gain."

GEORGE G. TOTTNER PROTESTS

That He Didn't Say All Attributed to Him About the McNamaras.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

During the excitement following the confession of the McNamara brothers, statements attributed to me and which did not represent my sentiments appeared in the newspapers. It is my desire to correct these misstatements.

First, I would not go down on my knees and apologize to William J. Burns. I never said that there has got to be a lot of explaining by labor union leaders, nor that there was going to be a housecleaning of the International Structural Iron Workers. I did not say that there would be twenty arrests of iron workers in New York or that bomb explosions on the Hotel Plaza and buildings erected by Post & McCord had been caused by iron workers. Neither did I criticise the officers of the American Federation of Labor, nor state that they had refused to contribute out of a $50,000 contingent fund for the defense of the McNamaras.

As President of the Central Federated Union I had no comment to make. Personally, I thought that if the McNamara brothers confessed their guilt they should receive punishment as prescribed by law. As for Mr. Gompers knowing of their guilt, we all believed them to be innocent, as it appeared from the newspaper reports that the McNamaras had protested their innocence when Mr. Gompers visited them in prison. As for the iron workers, I have always found them law-abiding citizens. I do not know how much money was collected by the Central Federated Union for the defense fund, as that matter was in the hands of the Treasurer.

GEORGE G. TOTTNER,
President Central Federated Union of New York.
New York, Dec. 9, 1911.

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ANOTHER PORTUGUESE PLOT.

Aimed at Republican Guard, Suspected of Royalist Sympathies.

LISBON, Dec. 10.—Another serious plot has been uncovered. The bluejackets of the cruiser Sao Gabriel had planned, in conjunction with the Sixteenth Infantry and a body of civilians, to attack the Republican Guard, which, on account of having been the royal bodyguard, has always been suspected of lukewarm devotion to the republic, and is now especially disliked by the ultra-Republicans because of the violence with which it repressed recent disturbances, when many ultra-Republicans were killed or injured.

The authorities learned of the plot and circumvented it by sending the Sao Gabriel to the Azores and withdrawing the guard from patroling the streets. Nevertheless, a great agitation prevails in the city, in spite of the efforts of the Republican leaders to convince the people of the folly of such dissensions.

It is reported that Macao, the Portuguese dependency in China, is overrun with Chinese refugees, the Portuguese garrison being powerless to keep them in hand. It is added that Portugal is threatened with the loss of this colony.

KING BUSY AT DURBAR CAMP.

Receives a Hundred Princes and Sees Imposing Church Parade.

DELHI, Dec. 10.—King George has had a busy time since his arrival in camp, for there has been a succession of ceremonies during the past three days. More than 100 native Princes have been received in audience by the King, and their visits have been returned, at the King's command, by the Viceroy.

King George and Queen Mary to-day reviewed a magnificent open-air church parade, which was an impressive spectacle. Few Americans are attending the Durbar, apparently being deterred by fears of extortionate rates for accommodations. At one of the leading hotels the minimum rate for each person is $80 daily for a minimum of twenty days.

ROME FREE OF CHOLERA.

Remaining Cases in Italy Reported to be All in Sicily.

CHIASSO, Switzerland, Dec. 10.—The official bulletin issued by the Italian Government on the cholera epidemic reports fifty cases and thirty-five deaths in Italy for the week, Nov. 26 to Dec. 2.

All the cases are in Sicily. No cholera is reported in the mainland. There have been no cases in Rome or the Province of Rome since Nov. 24, and these are therefore declared immune.

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MADE SWISS ACCEPT JEWISH PASSPORTS

France in 1851 Repudiated Treaty That Discriminated Against Jews.

CHINESE ACT NOT SIMILAR

New York Lawyer Says Treaty of 1832 Was Not Drawn in Contemplation of Discrimination Now Practiced.

At the request of the Board of Delegates on Civil Rights of the Union of American Hebrew Organizations and the Independent Order of B'nai B'rith, Arthur K. Kuhn has prepared an exhaustive treatise showing the treatment accorded under international law in the past by various countries to the Russian policy of discrimination such as she now practices in refusing to honor the passports of certain classes of American citizens under the treaty of 1832 with the United States.

Mr. Kuhn, who is a member of the New York bar, the translator of Meili's "International Civil and Commercial Law," American editor of Burge's "Colonial and Foreign Law," and formerly Lecturer on Private International Law at Columbia University, maintains that even if the interpretation of the treaty on which she bases her discrimination is sound, the treaty may be abrogated on a year's notice.

Russia, he says, has taken the position that the treaty of 1832, guaranteeing to the citizens of each country in the other "the same security and protection as natives of the country in which they reside," grants no greater rights to citizens of the United States than are accorded to citizens of the same "class" in Russia—thus restricting American Jews just as Russian Jews are restricted. Such a contention, he says, if permitted in international relations, would nullify the rights and privileges conferred in any treaty.

"However definite might be the right or privilege granted by treaty to the citizens of a foreign State, it could be rendered nugatory simply by denying the right or privilege to native citizens," he says. "The acceptance of any such principle would revolutionize the relations of States upon the basis of conventions, and would extend the class distinctions made in one nation beyond the borders of that nation to the territory of every other nation with which it had treaty relations affecting aliens."

Recognizing this, Mr. Kuhn declares, protest against such discrimination by Russia against British Jews was made by Lord Granville in 1880; and in the same year, with even more vigor, by Secretary of State William M. Evarts concerning the attempted expulsion of Henry Pinkos, an American Jew, from St. Petersburg.

"It should be made clear to the Government of Russia," wrote Mr. Evarts in his instructions to the American Ambassador, "that in the view of this Government the religion professed by one of its citizens has no relation whatsoever to that citizen's right to the protection of the United States, and that in the eye of this Government an injury officially dealt to Mr. Pinkos in St. Petersburg, on the sole ground that he is a Jew, presents the same aspect that an injury officially done to a citizen of Russia in New York for the reason that he attends any particular church there would to the view of his Majesty's Government."

Mr. Blaine, too, he points out in a letter to the American representative at St. Petersburg, relative to a similar discrimination, insisted that "where a treaty creates a privilege for aliens in express terms, it cannot be limited by operation of domestic law without a serious breach in the good faith which governs the intercourse of nations."

Similar objection was made by President Fillmore in transmitting to the Senate the treaty of 1855 with Switzerland, because that country at that time had several cantons which excluded Swiss Jews from establishing themselves, and the same disabilities were thrown upon Jews of other nations there. The same protest was made by France to Switzerland.

"In 1851 Louis Napoleon, through the French Minister at Berne, sent a note in which he stated that France would expel all Swiss citizens established in France in case the two Swiss cantons (Basle city and county) should insist on carrying out their law prohibiting the establishment of French citizens of the Jewish faith on their territory. As a result the French Government finally repudiated the unsatisfactory treaties and a new treaty was obtained from Switzerland guaranteeing 'the right of all French subjects, without distinction of faith or worship, to travel, sojourn, and transact all lawful business as freely as Swiss Christian residents of other cantons may do.'"

In 1897 a remonstrance was made by sanction of Secretary of State Sherman against a Turkish order denying the application of an American Jew to purchase property in Jerusalem, because the Ottoman law prohibited Jews from owning property.

"We would not wish to be understood as denying the theory of international law that, in the absence of treaty, each State has the right to exclude aliens from its soil," continues Mr. Kuhn. "However, when rights of entry or residence have been extended by treaty to the subjects of a foreign nation, all the subjects of that nation are entitled to the benefit of the treaty, even though incidentally they receive greater privileges under it than native subjects."

Mr. Kuhn quotes even Russian authority, Prof. F. de Martens, late President of The Hague Peace Congress, to the effect that "the State has complete power over aliens in its territory and the conditions on which it will admit them. It may not place them, however, beyond the protection of law nor subject them to general expulsion. Any nation guilty of this would take itself outside the community of nations."

Hannis Taylor, too, says Mr. Kuhn, declared that, while no State can be compelled to open its doors to the citizens of another State, its power of refusing hospitality is subject "to such retaliatory measures as an abuse of the excluding or expelling power may provoke."

Mr. Kuhn meets the Russian charge that the United States's exclusion of the Chinese constitutes an argument against the position he is upholding. The Chinese Exclusion acts, he points out, were twice vetoed (by President Hayes and President Arthur) as in contravention of treaty obligations, and required a modification of treaty relations with the Chinese Empire in order to protect the good faith of the United States. By the treaty of 1894 China herself consented to the absolute exclusion of Chinese laborers.

"The denunciation of a treaty is justified where one of the parties has been guilty of a substantial breach, or has so interpreted it that the rights and privileges granted under it are enjoyed by one side, while the complete performance of its obligations is rendered only by the other," says Mr. Kuhn.

"Even if we concede the legal contention made by Russia, the treaty should nevertheless be denounced by the one year's notice provided for in the treaty itself. At the time it was passed Russia's attitude toward native as well as alien Jews was favorable and very different from that of the last half century. The treaty was not drawn in contemplation of any of the discriminations which are now practiced under it. If the treaty does warrant the interpretations now placed upon its language by Russia (which we earnestly deny) it commits the United States to a doctrine which is expressly prohibited under its Constitution, its statutes, its fundamental institutions, and its historical diplomatic policy."

NOT A JEWISH ISSUE.

Wholly American, Says Pittsburgh Rabbi, Refusing to Join Protests.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Dec. 10.—Pittsburgh Jews held a mass meeting this evening in the Washington Place Synagogue to protest against Russia's refusal to honor passports held [illegible] American Jews. The resolutions passed will be forwarded to Washington. Some of Pittsburgh's foremost Jewish citizens signed them.

Dr. J. Leonard Levy, rabbi of the richest synagogue in the city and noted as a peace advocate, was not present. He refused to have anything to do with the meeting, and even would not sign the call for the gathering. Dr. Levy declared that the movement should not be confined to the Jews. He said:

"There is only one issue, the integrity of the American passport. There is no such thing as a Jewish passport. An American passport is the assurance of entry to, and safe conduct through, and residence in, any country with which the United States has treaty relations. The question is purely and simply one which affects the status of two nations in treaty relations.

"I believe that I speak for many of my fellow-citizens of Jewish faith when I say that, as Jews, we ask nothing of the United States Government, but every American citizen is entitled to the protection of the Government in the enjoyment of his rights."

PROTEST BY ST. LOUIS JEWS.

Applause Greets Rabbi in Temple Israel Who Attacks Treaty.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 10.—A demonstration rarely seen a St. Louis church took place to-day at Temple Israel, when an audience that occupied every seat in the temple and filled the rotunda gave itself up to reverberant applause.

The occasion was a mass meeting held to protest against the refusal of Russia to abide by the terms of the treaty of 1832 with America and recognize passports granted to Jewish-American citizens. The meeting was attended by representative Jews and included many from leading Christian churches.

Rabbi Leon Harrison declared the question was an American one, in that it humiliated the National dignity; a humanitarian one, in that it affected future atrocities, and a Hebraic one, in the degradation of their kinsmen. In concluding, he said:

"I demand the abrogation of the treaty in the name of the men of the Christian Christ.

"Of course, we are not going to declare war on Russia. Our obvious duty is simply to let this treaty lapse, and to administer thus to a Government seemingly beyond the reach of other influences a tacit rebuke, alike dignified, effective, and public."

SEES RUSSIAN TREATY'S END.

Abrogation Will Mean Our Excluding Russian Jews, Says Novoe Vremya.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 10.—The Novoe Vremya declares that the days of the Russo-American commercial treaty evidently are numbered, because no country can grant more extensive rights to foreigners than to its own subjects. The paper says that from the Russian standpoint the American regulations are incredibly cruel, instancing the rejection of immigrants who are not able to comply with the money qualification, and the exclusion of polygamists, which closes the United States to sixteen million Russian Mussulmans.

The Novoe Vremya declares that the logical development of the abrogation of the treaty would be the exclusion from America of hundreds of thousands of Russian Jews. "The desire for such exclusion," it adds, "is the real motive of the Jews in the United States, who are driving American politicians with a pitiless whip."

TO GET ELKINS COLLECTION.

Philadelphia Need Provide Only a Building Suitable to House It.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10.—The interview with Dr. Wilhelm Bode, Director of the Prussian Royal Museums, contained in a special cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES published to-day, in which Dr. Bode says that the great American private art collections are destined for ultimate presentation to the Nation, has aroused much interest in this city, as of the four great collections mentioned those of P. A. B. Widener, the late William L. Elkins, and John G. Johnson are housed in Philadelphia.

The usual reluctance of John G. Johnson to be interviewed on any question was encountered at his home to-day, but Mr. Johnson did not deny that such a movement was on hand.

"I do not propose," he said, "to tell any one what I am going to do with my pictures when I am dead."

George W. Elkins, son of the late William L. Elkins, was not so reticent.

"Yes," he said; "my father's art collection undoubtedly will go to the city, as soon as the city provides a building for its housing."

This acknowledgement of Mr. Elkins that the Elkins art collection is to go to Philadelphia means that eventually it will go to the nation, as it is hoped here that a part of the plan is to have the National Museum in this city situated on the beautiful boulevard.

All efforts to see Mr. Widener at his home to-night met with failure, but when a servant was told of the reporter's mission Mr. Widener sent word that he could be seen at his office to-morrow on the subject.

PROFESSOR'S WIFE A SUICIDE.

Mrs. Gubelmann's Body Found in River in New Haven.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 10.—The body of Mrs. Albert Edward Gubelmann, wife of one of the younger members of the Yale Faculty, was discovered this morning in West River, near the Chapel Street Bridge. Depressed by recurring attacks of melancholia, she left home yesterday, wandered for hours, and then, it is believed, deliberately threw herself into the river. She lived in Brownell Street, near Edgewood Park and West River. A scarf, found in one part of the Park and a muff in another, were identified as her property. She left home yesterday morning, saying that she was going for a walk and would return with her husband at dinner time.

Prof. Gubelmann was surprised to hear of her absence and a search was begun which proved fruitless. To-day the police were notified and several searching parties, composed of neighbors, members of the Yale Faculty, and students, were formed. One going up West River in a boat found the body.

Mrs. Gubelmann had been under the care of a specialist in nervous diseases for six months and was to have been removed this week to a Boston sanitarium for treatment. She had made two previous attempts to take her life. She was 34 years old. She and her husband formerly resided in Rochester. Her husband is a recent Yale graduate and a member of the German Faculty. The body will be taken to Rochester for burial.

HAS BEEN PASTOR 46 YEARS.

The Rev. Joseph H. Twichell Resigns on Account of Years.

HARTFORD, Conn., Dec. 10.—The Rev. Joseph H. Twichell, pastor of the Asylum Hill Congregational Church for the past forty-six years and the only pastor the church has had, read his resignation to-day, to take effect in July, 1913.

The Rev. Mr. Twichell was one of the close personal friends of the late Samuel Clemens and is a member of the Yale Corporation, and during the civil war was Chaplain of the Seventy-first New York Volunteers. He is 73 years of age, and advanced years is given as the reason for his wishing to relinquish his duties.

The assistant pastor, the Rev. Howard A. Walter, also resigned to-day to enter the missionary field. His services will end in March.

Odd Lots of Stock

We issue a booklet entitled "ODD LOTS." It outlines the advantages of trading in Odd Lots of stocks, and tells how to buy and sell them.

Send for Circular K—"ODD LOTS."

John Muir & Co
Specialists in Odd Lots
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71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

NOBEL PRIZE WINNERS RECEIVE AWARDS

King Gustav Presents Them to Mme. Curie, Prof. Wien, and Prof. Gullstrand.

MAURICE MAETERLINCK ILL

Belgian Envoy Is His Proxy—Peace Prizes Go to Prof. Asser and A. Fried.

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 10.—In the hall of the Academy of Music to-day King Gustav presented the Nobel Prizes, with the exception of the peace prize, to the winners. Mme. Marie Sklodowska Curie personally received the prize for chemistry; Prof. Wilhelm Wien of Wuerzburg University the prize for physics, and Prof. Allvar Gullstrand of Upsala University the prize for medicine. The Belgian Minister received the prize for literature in behalf of Maurice Maeterlinck, who is ill.

The Nobel Pribes each amount to nearly $40,000.

CHRISTIANIA, Dec. 10.—The Nobel Peace Prize has been awarded jointly to Prof. T. M. C. Asser of the Netherlands, founder of the Institut de Droit International (Institute of International Law), and the Austrian peace advocate, Alfred Fried of Vienna, editor of The Journal Friedens-Warte. Each will receive about $19,500.

The Nobel Prizes are regularly awarded on Dec. 10 each year, the anniversary of the death of Alfred Bernhard Nobel, the founder. The prizes for physics and chemistry are awarded by the Academy of Sciences of Sweden, that for medicine by the Carolus Institute of Stockholm, and the literary prize by the Swedish Academy. The peace prize is awarded annually at Christiania, Norway, by a committee of five chosen from the Norwegian Storthing.

Mme. Curie, who receives the prize for chemists, is the co-discoverer of radium with her husband, the late Prof. Pierre Curie, and has the honor of the discovery of polonium to her own credit. She was born in Warsaw, Russia, forty-four years ago, the daughter of one of the professors in the university there. Having virtually grown up in her father's laboratory, she went to Paris as a young girl and worked as an assistant in the laboratory of Prof. Lippman. She earned barely enough to support herself, but her genius was soon recognized, and Prof. Lippman gave her a special table in his laboratory and facilities for investigation.

She was married in 1895 to Prof. Pierre Curie, who was then a struggling student of chemistry. They continued their work together, and in 1898 announced their discovery of radium, attracting the attention of the whole scientific world.

On the death of Prof. Curie, who was killed by a wagon in a Paris street, Mme. Curie was appointed Professor of Radio-Activity in the University of Paris, and after experiments extending over a number of years, she announced the discovery of polonium, an element possessing great radio-activity.

Recently Mme. Curie has been involved in a divorce suit brought by Mme. Langevin against her husband, naming Mme. Curie, and letters purporting to have been written by Mme. Curie to Prof. Langevin obtained wide publicity.

Maurice Maeterlinck, who receives the prize for literature, is a Belgian, born in 1862. He has recently refused to give up his Belgian citizenship in order to become a member of the French Academy. His literary work extends from 1890, when he published the first of his poetical dramas. Some of the best-known of these are "The Blind," "The Princess Maleine," "Pelléas and Mélisande," "Aglavaine and Selysette," "The Intruder," and "The Blue Bird." He is the author of many essays and of verse. Some of the essays translated into English are "The Treasury of the Humble," "Wisdom and Destiny," "The Life of the Bee," and "The Double Garden."

Prof. Wilhelm Wien, awarded the prize for physics, is Professor of Physics at the University of Wurzburg. He was born on Jan. 13, 1864, and studied at the Universities of Göttingen, Heidelberg, and Berlin. He has held his present chair since 1900. He is the author of books on hydro-dynamics, electricity, and the Rontgen rays.

Prof. Gullstrand receives the prize in medicine for his work in the study of diseases of the eye. He holds a chair at Upsala, the ancient Swedish university.

Tobias Michael Carel Asser, recipient of the peace prize, born in 1838 in Amsterdam, was appointed Professor of Law in the Athenaeum, Amsterdam, in 1862, and from 1876 to 1893 held a similar chair in the university. In 1875 he became counsellor to the Foreign Office, and in 1893 a member of the Dutch Council of State. He has been a profound student of international law and has represented the Netherlands at the peace conference held at The Hague in 1899 and in the International Court of Arbitration in 1900. He has published many works on international law, notably "Outline of Private International Law," in 1879, and "The Codification of International Law," in 1901.

Alfred Fried of Vienna, who divides the prize with Prof. Asser, was in early life a book publisher. He was born at Vienna on Nov. 11, 1864. At the age of 19 he settled in Berlin. Since 1891 he has devoted himself exclusively to the international peace movement. He was the founder of the German Peace Society, and has published a great many articles and books on the peace question.

The fund which the Nobel Prizes are drawn from amounts to $8,400,000. It is the gift of Alfred Bernhard Nobel, a Swedish engineer and chemist, who invented dynamite. Nobel offered to sell to the British Government the secret of the new explosive for about $3,000, but after he had been kept waiting three months and had made repeated requests for a decision he was informed that neither the War Office nor the Board of Trade approved the invention. He offered to sell a half interest in his discovery for about $130, but the man to whom he made the offer rejected it.

Nobel succeeded in the oft-attempted feat of making a compound of nitroglycerin that would be safe to handle. His invention consisted in mixing the deadly explosive with siliceous earth. The process was at once so simple and the invention so valuable that at his death in 1895 Nobel left an estate valued at about $9,000,000.

Alfred Bernhard Nobel was the son of Emmanuel Nobel, who established a torpedo factory at St. Petersburg and lost his fortune in the Crimean War. He was an agnostic, but all his life was deeply interested in the material advancement of society. He advocated steps to prevent the increase of poverty, and favored radical reform in dealing with criminal and diseased classes. He proposed to Crispi, when the latter was Premier of Italy, to build at Milan and Rome establishments where anybody who desired could be painlessly put to death.

The Nobel Prizes have been awarded regularly since 1901. There are only two Americans so far honored, namely, Albert A. Michelson, for physics, in 1907, and Col. Theodore Roosevelt, who received the Peace Prize in 1906 for promoting peace between Russia and Japan by the Treaty of Portsmouth.

In physics some of the famous names in the list of prize winners are Röntgen, Pierre, Mme. Curie, William Marconi, and van der Walls; in chemistry Arrhenius, Sir William Ramsay, Wilhelm Ostwald, and Otto Wallach; in medicine, Ronald Ross, Pavlov, Koch, Ehrlich, and Metchnikoff; in literature, Sully-Prudhomme, Mommsen, Björnson, Mistral, Kipling, Selma Lagerlof, and Paul Heyse.

French Vice Consul Drowns at Colon.

COLON, Dec. 10.—Jacques De Peretti De La Rocca, French Vice Consul here, was drowned last evening while bathing in the sea. He entered the water in company with several friends, who discovered that he was missing. A search was made and the Vice Consul's body was found lying in several feet of water. It is believed that death was due to heart disease.

M. de la Rocca was a brother of Count De Peretti de la Rocca, First Secretary of the French Embassy at Washington.

Five Die in Paris Railroad Wreck.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—Five persons were killed and eight injured in a collision on the Northern Railroad to-day outside the Paris terminus.

WON WITH FALSE WHISKERS.

Sleuth, Using Old-Fashioned Accessory, Got Three Alleged Bookmakers.

Assuming the rôle of a well-to-do and convivial Englishman, Detective Barnitz of the Central Office says he gained the confidence of three alleged poolroom operators in a pool and billiard parlor on the second floor of a building in Broadway, between Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Streets, and obtained evidence enough against them to cause their arrest on Saturday afternoon. They were arraigned in the West Side Court yesterday, and held in $500 bail each for examination on Wednesday.

One of them, a colored man named Windsor Stevens, giving his address as 204 West 133d Street, was held in an additional $1,000 bail, charged with violating the excise law in selling liquor without a license. The others were William Mackey of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street and James Jones of 132 East Thirty-fourth Street.

The raid was made by Inspector Hayes, Capt. Day, Barnitz, and ten other Central Office detectives. According to Barnitz, a barrel of whisky was found in the front office, while various poolroom accessories were also taken.

On Dec. 1 a heavily bearded man, with a decided English accent, and seemingly much the worse for liquor, entered the billiard hall with a young boy. The older man soon grew exceedingly angered and ended by disowning the boy, declaring that he would "cut him off." The older man left the place but returned the next day, and asked Stevens if the lad was not in the habit of frequenting his place to play pool. He explained that he was the boy's father and was sorry for the way he had treated him the night before.

The following morning Stevens, it is said, in company with the boy went to a furnished room at 118 West Forty-ninth Street, where the Englishman, who had given his name as "A. H. Wison," still lay in bed. The boy and the father made up, and, according to the Englishman, Stevens inquired if he would not like to play the races.

After that Barnitz says he placed several $10 bets, but when his horse won the bet had not been placed. Saturday afternoon he placed a $10 bet, he says, but before the money had no more than reached the hand of Stevens, in dashed the police and placed the three men under arrest. They were taken to the West Forty-seventh Street Station House, and nearly collapsed when with a quick movement Detective Barnitz slipped off his false whiskers.

ESTABLISHED 1862.

THEODORE B. STARR, INC
JEWELERS and SILVERSMITHS

IN lustre, quality and tint our collection of Pearls is one of rare and unusual beauty.

We make a specialty of Pearl Necklaces and Pearl and Diamond Collars. The range of prices is wide and attractive.

We carry a large stock of fine individual Pearls of various sizes especially suited for inserting as centres in necklaces.

Fifth Avenue and 47th Street
New York.

EIGHTEEN DAYS AGO

we bought the large, fine, imported tailoring stock of S. Morris, 349-353 Fifth Ave., cor. 34th St. He occupied the third floor of the building. Most all this Winter's materials. They are now on sale on our second floor. Suit or overcoat to measure $25.00. His price was $75.00 to $100.00.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

DIAMONDS
WATCHES
JEWELRY CASH OR CREDIT
CALL OR WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE 45
L.W.Sweet&Co 9TH. FLOOR
170 BROADWAY, COR. MAIDEN LANE.

The Steamer Majestic, with
CHRISTMAS GREENS
from Keyport, N. J., will lie at her berth, foot Gansevoort Street, from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M. daily for the benefit of shippers and purchasers of the same.

ENVELOPES ADDRESSED.
DEUTZMAN LETTER CO., 15 Maiden Lane
3663 CORTLANDT.

Sale of Men's 3.50 Shirts—at 1.95
today at Saks'

¶ Here is a Shirt Sale melodious with opportunity. In all, there are 2,100 of these fine shirts, and if they have one thing in common it is their superior attainments in fabric, workmanship, style and finish. They have all the earmarks of an aristocratic lineage, and will retain it to the end despite the inglorious decrees of a special sale.

¶ They come of a finely mercerized cheviot stock, in a symphony of Russian cords, plain color or two color combinations on white grounds. Coat fashion, soft bosom and double turn back cuffs, in all sleeve lengths. Sizes 14 to 17 inclusive.

¶ As a Xmas gift from a man to his deserving self, these shirts are a happy selection, but as a gift to some one else they are unique. For by giving them alike to the man who wears 3.50 shirts, and to the man of humbler requirements, you fulfill the expectations of the first and exceed the expectations of the second. A shirt that will do this at 1.95 is well worth looking into. *Main floor.*

Men's Scotch Sweater Coats
Values 12.50 and 15.00
today at 7.50

¶ *This is a vera eenteresting proposeetion.* We have just received from the maker in Scotland a consignment of 240 Sweater Coats, such as sell elsewhere from 12.50 to 15.00 apiece. But by buying them direct and securing a special Yuletide concession in addition, we can now offer them to you at 7.50 each.

¶ Now, aside from the merit of this sale, when you buy a Scotch Sweater Coat, get one that was made in Scotland. There are some things that are Scotch which have never been successfully imitated, and a Scotch Sweater Coat is one of them.

¶ The Scotch Sweater Coats in this sale are those rough, shaggy effects, in variegated Scotch mixtures, wherein gray, brown or green intermingle with bonnie heather hues. Snappy, stylish, distinctive, indescribably comfortable and warm, these Sweater Coats at 7.50 each are a bargain that would do credit to Scotch thrift.

Men's Saks-Banister Slippers
Values 5.00, 6.00 and 7.00
Sale at 3.45

¶ Slippers are the last vestige of the fireside—echo of departed embers—sole survivor of those ancient days when congenial spirits foregathered round the hospitable log! One instinctively associates them with smoke and sociability, and even steam radiation can never steal a man's affections from his slippers. But read on.

¶ This week sample Slippers and House Shoes which usually sell for 5.00, 6.00 and 7.00 will respond to Yuletide influences with a carol at 3.45. Models are Cavalieri, Faust, Opera, Everett, Russian bootees and tourist effects. Leathers and hides include monkey, snake, sealskin, calf, goatskin, buckskin and patent leather. Colors are red, blue, green, lavender, maroon, purple, tan, white or black. They are extraordinary values, and a pair of slippers as a gift will make a man happy from his feet up! Sizes 7, 7½ and 8. *Fifth floor.*

Sale of Fitted Bags and Suit Cases
for Men and Women
a manufacturer's samples at ⅓ & ½ regular prices

¶ No matter whether you gather round the festive board at home this Xmas, or participate in an out-of-town reunion, this remarkable sale of sample fitted bags and suit cases deserves your attention. You travel at some season of the year in any event, and if these economies are worth consideration at all, they are worth consideration right now. And think of a fitted bag or suit case as a Xmas gift, from such a sturdy stock as seal, walrus, alligator, pigskin, calf, sole leather or imported cowhide. Fancy silk or leather lined, in snappy models. Fitted with toilet requisites of sterling silver, French ivory or nickel and ebony. Many are made on imported frames. But cast your weather eye over the prices: *Basement.*

7 Pieces......value 27.50
14 Pieces......value 32.50 } at 19.50
9 Pieces......value 42.50

2 Pieces......value 15.00
9 Pieces......value 18.50 } at 12.00
8 Pieces......value 23.50

8 Pieces................value 60.00 } at 42.50
8 Pieces........value 75.00 to 85.00

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

PROGRESSIVES SEE DEFEAT IF TAFT RUNS

Only Six States Certain for Him, They Say, with Ten in Doubtful Column.

ALL OTHERS DEMOCRATIC

But Ohio Executive Chairman Predicts Victory for the President in Spite of Party Fights.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—With a large number of the Republican National Committeemen already in Washington, the active political playing for influence on the body when it meets formally on Tuesday has begun. Members of both factions are talking loudly and for publication, and the obvious end of it all is to create a moral effect upon their colleagues. The chief interest in this kind of talk lies in the suggestion it contains as to the fears of a particular faction in a given section.

The most formal effort of this sort to influence the National Committee was put forward to-night by the progressives' headquarters, though in private it is generally conceded that Mr. Taft controls the committee. This is nothing more than a reiteration in detail of its former charge that President Taft should not be renominated, because he could not be elected. In a statement issued to-day the progressive headquarters, which is committed in fact, if not in name, to the La Follette boom, argued that Mr. Taft would be certain of carrying only six States, with 69 Electoral votes, if nominated. They put down ten States as doubtful, with an Electoral vote of 127. Everything else they concede to the Democrats in case Mr. Taft is nominated.

This is, of course, absurd, and the talk about it to-night is that it is pretty poor politics even from a progressive point of view. The concession of a sweeping victory to the enemy under any conceivable circumstances—and the nomination of Mr. Taft is far more than conceivable—strikes politicians here as a bad start for a fight. They do not think it will add any enthusiasm to the La Follette boom, which the progressives are so eagerly fostering.

Examples of their queer figuring are easy to find. Connecticut they call "doubtful," and even Idaho is similarly classed. Illinois is put down flatly as "Democratic," Delaware is Democratic, and many others too numerous to mention. The progressives, of course, do not expect these figures to be taken seriously, but they do hope by loud shouting against Mr. Taft's possibilities of victory to weaken his supporters and incline them elsewhere.

The table, as given out by Secretary Hauser, is as follows:

State.	Dem.	Doubt.	Rep.
Alabama	12	..	..
Arizona	3	..	..
Arkansas	9	..	..
California	13	..	..
Colorado	6	..	..
Connecticut	..	7	..
Delaware	3	..	..
Florida	6	..	..
Georgia	14	..	..
Idaho	..	4	..
Illinois	29	..	..
Indiana	15	..	..
Iowa	..	13	..
Kansas	10	..	..
Kentucky	13	..	..
Louisiana	10	..	..
Maine	..	6	..
Maryland	8	..	..
Massachusetts	..	18	..
Michigan	..	..	15
Minnesota	..	12	..
Mississippi	10	..	..
Missouri	18	..	..
Montana	..	4	..
Nebraska	8	..	..
Nevada	3	..	..
New Hampshire	..	4	..
New Jersey	..	14	..
New Mexico	..	..	3
New York	..	45	..
North Carolina	12	..	..
North Dakota	5	..	..
Ohio	24	..	..
Oklahoma	10	..	..
Oregon	5	..	..
Pennsylvania	..	..	38
Rhode Island	..	..	5
South Carolina	9	..	..
South Dakota	5	..	..
Tennessee	12	..	..
Texas	20	..	..
Utah	..	..	4
Vermont	..	..	4
Virginia	12	..	..
Washington	7	..	..
West Virginia	8	..	..
Wisconsin	13	..	..
Wyoming	3	..	..
Total	325	127	69

The most striking contradiction in the opposing claims comes from Ohio. Walter Brown, State Chairman, has already come out for Roosevelt, and incidentally for a direct primary to choose delegates, though no funds are provided for this expensive undertaking, and he has been talking strongly against President Taft's chances of carrying his own State. To offset that, to-night Lewis Laylin, Chairman of the Ohio State Executive Committee, issued a statement lauding Taft in the highest terms. He predicted that Ohio would cast her vote a second time for her son.

"When the present Administration goes into history," said Mr. Laylin, "the trust question will be settled, and all business will be the better for it, just as railroad business is already the better for the successful operation of a power within the Government to control the railroads, which has been used with impartiality in the interests of the entire public. Business interests and the people generally can accept the President's last message to Congress on the Sherman law as a safe guide. For there he clearly outlined the manner in which honest business men may conduct honest business without limit on their ability or capacity, without mischief, and without infraction of the law.

"As long as President Taft continues to administer the affairs of Government as admirably as he has thus far, I believe it to be the duty of loyal Republicans to encourage him with their support.

"William Howard Taft is an Ohio President of whom our State is justly proud. The last Republican State Convention unanimously pledged Ohio to him. Whenever his name has gone before the party and the people of Ohio they have approved him. I believe when his name is again presented to them, that on their sober, serious consideration their cordial approval will again be accorded him."

CLARK TO AID HARMON.

Folk's Friends Declare Speaker Will Throw His Strength to Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The presence of so many Democratic candidates for President in Washington on the eve of the meeting of the Republican National Committee has attracted considerable interest. Speaker Champ Clark and Chairman Oscar Underwood of the Ways and Means Committee, of course, need no explanation for their presence, while ex-Gov. Joseph W. Folk of Missouri and Gov. Harmon of Ohio both have last night's Gridiron dinner as a reason. It is around these last two that the most interesting talk of the day centres.

From sources entirely in sympathy with Mr. Folk comes the charge that the Champ Clark boom never has aimed at the nomination or election of Mr. Clark. In Missouri Mr. Clark represents the more or less conservative Democracy, while Mr. Folk heads the progressive wing, and the contention of the Folk people now is that the Clark boom is simply a stalking horse for the conservative Governor of Ohio. With a delegation behind him they say Mr. Clark, as soon as his elimination from the race is assured, would throw his strength to Gov. Harmon. Such a disposition of the Missouri delegation, say the Folk people, would be impossible if a radical like Mr. Folk were at its head.

Exactly how the Folk people reconcile their theory with Mr. Clark's long friendship for Col. Bryan—which the recent editorial in The Commoner mildly condemning Mr. Clark is not thought to have ended—does not appear, for Mr. Harmon is, of course, anathema to Mr. Bryan. But the Folk people say that they are sure Mr. Clark is not a serious candidate for his own sake, and that Harmon will reap the benefit of the Speaker's activities.

From the same sources it is learned that Gov. Folk would throw his strength to Gov. Woodrow Wilson if his own candidacy became desperate. No one here believes that Mr. Folk has a ghost of a chance, so, according to the reasoning of the Folk followers, the choice in Missouri is between Wilson and Harmon.

A Folk follower from Missouri, who declined to have his name used, said:

"I do not think that Morton Jourdan, Harry Hawes, or any other out of the Clark machine in St. Louis will deny that the Missouri Clark votes will go to Harmon when the high sign is given."

"Should Gov. Folk have control of the delegation to whom will these votes go if he finds that his nomination is impossible?"

"I am not prepared to say," was the answer.

"Will they go to Wilson?"

There was a pause for a few moments. Then:

"That would be the natural reasoning. In fact, I am quite sure that would be the case. Harmon is a Democratic reactionary. Wilson and Folk are progressives. It would be absolutely out of the question for Folk delegates to go to Harmon, representing as he does the standpat element of the party. With Folk's friends in control of the delegation there is no question in my mind that the Missouri vote will go to Wilson if it is made apparent that Folk cannot be nominated."

STANLEY RETORTS TO GATES.

Merely Offered Rockefeller's Almoner a Chance to Defend Himself.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The refusal by John D. Rockefeller and his almoner, the Rev. F. D. Gates, to accept the invitation of the House committee which is investigating the Steel Trust, to appear and testify, drew a pointed and laconic note from Chairman Stanley of the committee to-day. Mr. Stanley sent Dr. Gates the following letter:

> Sir: My recent communication to you was intended not to provoke a discussion of the value of the Merritt testimony, or of your personal integrity, but to give you an opportunity to defend it.

There was no letter addressed to Mr. Rockefeller.

The committee will resume its inquiry to-morrow and, with all differences in committee adjusted, expects to press its work to a conclusion as speedily as possible. Messrs. Rockefeller and Gates were not subpoenaed because of the pendency of a Government suit against the United States Steel Corporation.

$250,000 Fire Sweeps New Haven Block

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 10.—Damage estimated at close to $250,000 resulted from a fire early to-day which practically destroyed the business block of Miner, Read & Tullock, wholesale grocers, in State and Water Streets. The block was a four-story brick structure, and the fire had spread to three floors when the firemen arrived. The loss on the stock is estimated at more than $150,000, and on the building it will exceed $75,000.

Dandelions Abloom at Bayside.

Dandelions in bloom were to be seen yesterday on the lawns of several residences at Bayside, L. I., and the grass had assumed a color as green as in springtime. Old residents predict that this means a short Winter. Not in years have the yellow buds been seen as late as this.

DECLARES OUR ARMY UNREADY FOR WAR

Too Small and Scattered for Use in Emergency, Says Secretary Stimson.

FOR SHORTER ENLISTMENTS

Appropriations for Arms and Ammunition He Finds Inadequate—Many Posts to be Eliminated.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—In his annual report to the President to-day Secretary of War Stimson declared that war with a first-class power would find the army of the United States practically unprepared. He attributed this largely to the fact that the army was "scattered out over the country" and to a lack of reserves. The army on the peace footing habitually maintained he characterized as ineffective for any serious war service.

As to the unpreparedness of the army in artillery and ammunition, Secretary Stimson says that "at the present rate of appropriation it is estimated that it would take more than fifty years to secure a reasonable supply of field artillery guns, carriages, and ammunition that would be necessary in the event of war."

The report makes the statement that the cost of each effective rifleman in the United States Army is between two and five times as much as any first-class power in Europe. This is an illustration, Secretary Stimson declares, of the extravagance of the existing system of wide distribution of the army.

Dealing with insular affairs the Secretary of War urges that the right of American citizenship be granted to the natives of Porto Rico. A Porto Rican traveling abroad now is literally a man without a country, and Mr. Stimson says that a continued refusal to grant citizenship to the islanders will "gravely wound the sensibilities of this loyal people."

Congress is urged to express its wishes regarding the disposal of the unoccupied Friar lands in the Philippines, to increase the limit of indebtedness which may be incurred by the Philippine Government for public works from $5,000,000 to $15,000,000, and to pass a Philippine naturalization law.

Secretary Stimson recommends that the permanent organization to operate the Panama Canal be established on a strictly business basis, leaving the question of tolls to the President, and giving American shipping practically free use of the canal. The Inter-State Commerce Commission should regulate rates to prevent railway interests from exercising control.

Secretary Stimson takes a stand in favor of a system of selection in making army promotions instead of holding to seniority. He notes a distinct improvement in the personnel, but declares that there is much dead wood in the army.

The army posts were originally in many cases located with reference to possible Indian troubles, and few are in positions suited to strategic needs. The average number of companies to each of the forty-nine posts is only nine. He adds:

> In short, we have scattered our army over the country as if it were merely groups of local constabulary instead of a National organization. The result is an army which is extraordinarily expensive to maintain, and one whose efficiency for the main purpose of its existence has been nullified so far as geographical location can nullify it.
>
> It is true that the small units into which it has thus been subdivided have, as a whole, maintained efficency to a remarkable extent. * * * But for the remote contingency by which a National army must be always judged, namely, the contingency of a war with a first-class power, the army is practically unprepared.

The Secretary declares that steps have been taken and others are in the course of prosecution to correct these faults of organization. It is in contemplation to remove the cavalry from the far northern posts to the southward, substituting infantry for them. The Texas manoeuvres showed the adaptation of the Southwestern States for cavalry training, whereas in the North for many months in the year it is impossible to drill out of doors.

The Secretary commits himself to the theory that it is a function of the modern army to be the school of the citizen soldier, as opposed to those who contend for a permanent organization of professional soldiers. Therefore he disapproves of the long term of enlistment and favors its shortening to two years, to allow as many men as possible to have its training. He says:

> The army on the peace footing in which we habitually maintain it, with its miniature companies and troops, is ineffective for any serious war service. Not only this, but the losses which are certain to take place during the first six months of operation will amount to a very large percentage of the army strength. It is, therefore, absolutely imperative that provision should be made, by an adequate system of regular reserves, to fill up and maintain this first line of defense during the necessary time that must elapse while we are preparing and mobilizing in the shape of our militia and volunteers.
>
> If the time with the colors were shortened, say to two years, and the same system of reserves created, I believe that the system could be inaugurated at much less expense than our present establishment, and I believe it could be done without any impairment of the efficiency and training of the regulary army, provided we eliminated some of our present wasteful methods of diffusion and concentrated our mobile army into units which would permit of effective training and drill.

The Secretary declares for immediate radical revision and reform in the army prisons, and joins nearly all of the other Cabinet officers favoring a system of retirement and pension of employes of the Federal Government.

Neighbors Differ with Benjamin Stern.

Neighbors of Benjamin Stern, the dry goods merchant, have submitted to the State Board of Land Commissioners a remonstrance against his application for a grant of land under water at Mott's Cove, Glenwood, where he has a Summer home on a high bluff overlooking Hempstead Harbor. The site has been used as a "drinking" place for oysters. The town authorities interfered with an attempt to take possession of the property by the erection of a bulkhead. The Town Trustees of North Hempstead have the matter under consideration.

HITCHCOCK IN FAVOR OF PARCELS POST

He Urges Its Introduction in Cities and Towns Having Delivery by Carrier.

DEPARTMENT HAS SURPLUS

Postmaster General in Annual Report Says Second-Class Rate Should Be 2 Cents Instead of 1 Cent a Pound.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The annual report of Frank H. Hitchcock, Postmaster General, discusses the postal savings system, parcels post, second-class postage, pensions for superannuated employes, reorganization of the railway mail service, aeroplanes for carrying mail, the shipment of periodicals by freight, and the crusade against fraudulent use of the mails. Mr. Hitchcock opens with the announcement of a postal surplus. He says:

"The revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1911, amounted to $237,879,823.60, and the expenditures to $237,660,705.48, leaving a surplus of $219,118.12. At the beginning of the present Administration in 1909 the postal service was in arrears to the extent of $17,479,770.47, which was decidedly the largest deficit on record.

"An important event of the year was the successful organization of the postal savings system. On Jan. 3, 1911, depositories were opened experimentally at a single post office in each one of the forty-eight States and Territories. After a careful test for four months at these offices the system was rapidly extended, and now comprises practically all of the 7,500 Presidential post offices. Preparations are being made to establish the system also in about 40,000 fourth-class offices that do a money order business.

"Postal savings deposits have kept pace with the extension of the system. Amounting at the end of the first month to only $60,252 in the forty-eight experimental offices, they increased in a half year to $679,310, and now, after eleven months of operation, have reached a total of $11,000,000. This sum has been distributed among 2,710 National and State banks, where it is protected by bonds deposited with the Treasurer of the United States.

"The department not only renews its recommendation of last year for legislative authority to start a parcels post on rural routes, but asks a similar authorization for the introduction of such a service in cities and towns having delivery by carrier. After the organization of a parcels post on rural routes and in the city delivery service is completed, its extension to include railway and other transportation lines can be more readily accomplished without impeding the handling of the ordinary mail.

"Among the measures adopted by the department during the year that will materially reduce the annual cost of carrying second-class mail is that of shipping monthly and semi-monthly periodicals by fast freight. It will not only result in a large saving to the Government by utilizing a less expensive method of shipment, but what is still more important to the business interests of the country it will insure a quicker handling of first-class mail.

"The department's crusade against the fraudulent use of the mails, begun in 1910, has been aggressively continued. There were altogether 529 indictments, and in these cases 184 convictions have been already secured, with but 12 acquittals. Most of the pending cases will come to trial during the current fiscal year. The swindlers thus indicted had fraudulently obtained from the public many millions of dollars."

The Postmaster General reiterates that the second-class postage rate should be 2 cents instead of 1 cent a pound. He also urged that by readjustment of the pay of railroads for transporting the mails, based on actual cost to the railroads, an annual saving to the Government of at least $9,000,000 could be effected.

Mr. Hitchcock says "the progress in aviation encourages the hope that ultimately the regular conveyance of mail by this means may be practicable in many districts, where natural conditions preclude other means of rapid transportation."

The report recommends granting all postal employes thirty days' annual leave; that "a civil pension based on length of employment be granted by the Government" to superannuated employes, and that Presidential Postmasters be placed in the classified service.

PARCELS POST IN OTHER LANDS.

Senate Committee Has Information About It from 21 Foreign Countries.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—Complete information of the operation of the parcels post in twenty-one foreign lands has been compiled for the use of the Senate Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, to be used in considering proposed legislation to establish a parcels post in the United States.

The statistics show that where the parcels post operates packages form the smallest part of the mails. Senator Bourne, Chairman of the committee, says that under the parcels post rates proposed fourth class mail matter would be doubled or trebled without embarrassment to the Post Office Department.

SAVED FROM TENEMENT FIRE.

Fireman and Policemen Make Rescues at a Williamsburg Blaze.

A fire started early yesterday morning in the basement grocery of a five-story tenement at 136 South First Street, Williamsburg, opposite the headquarters of Fire Battalion Chief Hauck. Fireman Joseph Riley and policemen from the Bedford Avenue Station near by saved many members of the eighteen families who were in the building from injury.

Mrs. Sadie Benjamin lives with her nine-year-old son in a room across a hall from the grocery. Over the store lives the family of Harry Leverson. There are several children, and when the fire started smoke penetrated the Leverson apartment. One of the children was nearly stifled, but she managed to awaken her mother and the latter got to a window and opened it.

By this time the store was ablaze, and the flames had burned through the front door. Smoke filled the halls, and when the upper-floor tenants discovered that the house was afire there was a rush to reach the street. Some in their anxiety to get out fell and were trampled. The screams of women and children were heard in the fire house opposite and the police station. Chief Hauck and Riley thought they had all out in safety, but when the firemen arrived some one remembered Mrs. Benjamin. Firemen fought their way through the smoke and found her and her son partly overcome. The fire caused $500 damage.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
not only cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth *without injury*, but imparts purity and fragrance to the breath, removing instantly the odor of tobacco.

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

January and February Prices Now

The attainment of one hundred per cent. efficiency in the Smith Gray & Co. tailoring plant has developed a selling problem unknown until now. Under the old order of things, operating for a season of not to exceed forty to forty-two weeks in the year, the same as do all other makers of high-grade ready-for-service clothes, January and February found us with ample time to arrange for stock reductions, but now with our plant nearly double in size and operating, including overtime, sixty weeks to the year, there arises a new condition—one that will not be denied—a condition which finds us with twice as many garments on our counters and in process as when we operated under the old style methods, and which makes necessary our offering these garments now at regular January and February prices; the net result of the condition to you being that you can buy now from complete assortments in fabrics, in models and in every size, at prices for which under ordinary conditions you have to wait sixty or ninety days.

'Tis Your Opportunity

15.00 and 17.50
for Suits and Overcoats that are standard values at 20.00 to 30.00.

In overcoats you may choose from more than one hundred styles, including meltons, kerseys, friezes, velours, worsteds and tweeds—in black, Oxford, Cambridge, Quaker grays, Oxford blues, new tan, olive, brown and Scotch heather mixture shades; there are solid plain effects, self stripes, herringbone stripes, mixture stripes, plain wale and fancy wale ideas. Included are conservative models 45 to 50 inches long, for business and dress, in semi-box, semi-fitted and fitted backs—fly fronts, button throughs, plain pockets and patch pockets—convertible collar models and extreme fitted models, 48 to 52 inches in length; single and double breasted button through and fly fronts.

In suits you may take your choice from high-grade velours, worsted cheviots, worsteds and worsted serges—there are all the new grays, browns, olives as well as various blues and neat mixtures; included are all the correct English soft roll models and all the distinctively styled Smith Gray & Co. models.

22.50 and 27.50
for Suits and Overcoats that are standard values at 30.00 to 40.00.

There are more than one hundred and fifty styles in overcoats, nearly all of which are exclusive, from which you may select. There are raglans, guard coats, motor, storm and driving coats, silk-lined dress and business coats, high-grade English, Irish, Scotch, German and American fabrics, including vicunas, velours, friezes, hand-made effects in tweeds; also vicuna worsteds, velour fabrics and warmth-without-weight stuffs. There is no color or design, conforming to the requirements of good taste, but what is here. There are plain blacks, Oxford, Cambridge, battleship and blue grays, new brick browns, new heather mixtures and new Irish and Scotch effects—the most complete assortment of high-class, distinctively styled overcoats ever offered in New York.

In suits there are all the correct and many advanced style fabrics—all the correct English and distinctive style models—there are many new blues, new browns, new heather mixtures, new silk stripe and silk mixture designs and weaves. Judged from any standpoint, whether exclusiveness, advanced styling and complete assortment, these suits represent the fullest obtainable value at 30.00 to 40.00.

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.
Your Charge Account Is Solicited.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

ORIENTAL RUGS. *In Both Stores.*

Commencing Monday, December the 11th

Extra quality Persian Serapi in unusually rich colors. Sizes range from 9 x 12 ft. to 10 ft. 6 in. x 13 ft. 6 in. 150.00 to 185.00
usual price 225.00 to 285.00

1,000 extra large size Mosul and Kurdistan Rugs. 25.00
usual price 40.00

Antique Bokhara and Beloochistan Rugs. Average size 2 ft. 6 in. x 5 ft........ 10.00 and 12.00
usual prices 15.00 and 18.00

Anatolian Mats and Karabagh Rugs. 5.50 and 7.50
usual price 8.50 to 12.00

On Monday and Tuesday,
December the 11th and 12th

BLANKET DEP'TS. *In Both Stores.*

Blankets and Comfortables below usual prices.

White California Wool Blankets, with blue or pink borders. Full size. 4.75 and 5.75 per pair

Comfortables,—figured silkoline tops with plain borders. 2.65 each

Comfortables,—figured silk mull tops with plain borders. 3.50 each

LINEN DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

Decorative Linens, including Reception, Dinner and Tea Cloths, Centre Pieces, Bureau Scarfs and Tea Napkins,—hand-embroidered or trimmed with various hand-made laces. At unusually low prices.

Hand-embroidered Linens.

Tea Cloths.......5.00, 6.00 and 7.00 each
Bureau Scarfs....2.00, 3.00 " 4.00 "
Centre Pieces....1.75, 2.00 " 2.50 "
Luncheon Sets, 13 pieces................ 5.00, 6.00 and 7.00 set
Tea Napkins..... 5.00, 6.00 " 7.00 doz.

Double Damask Table Cloths in new artistic designs. 3.50, 4.50 and 5.50 each

Napkins to match....4.00 and 5.50 doz.

An extensive range of Embroidered Bed Spreads, Sheets and Pillow Cases.

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

SILK DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

"McCreery Silks"
Famous over half a Century.

Exclusive styles and latest colors in the new Foulards for Spring, 1912.

Single width.......75c to 1.50 per yard
Double " ....1.50 " 3.00 " "

On Monday and Tuesday,
December the 11th and 12th

5,000 yards of Fine Imported Dress Satin. White or Black. 42 inches wide. 1.75 per yard
usual price 2.50

Silk Marquisette in a complete range of Street and Evening Shades; also White or Black. 90c per yard
usual price 1.50

Superior quality Imported Black Dress Velvet. 40 inches wide. 3.50 per yard
value 5.50

Purchases will, upon request, be suitably packed in boxes for presentation.

DRESS GOODS DEP'TS. *In Both Stores.*

On Monday and Tuesday,
December the 11th and 12th

Sale of a large quantity of Black and Colored Dress Lengths in Plain and Fancy weaves. At greatly reduced prices. 4.50 to 10.50 per pattern

Black Broadcloth, sponged and shrunk. 54 inches wide. 1.75 per yard
value 2.75

COTTON DRESS FABRICS.

An extensive assortment consisting of Cotton and Silk and Cotton Wash Materials.

Neatly packed in boxes for Holiday presentation. 1.00 to 3.50 per box

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

Quality, Efficiency, Sentiment
MEET IN THE OLD FAVORITE
XMAS GIFT

Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen

A Culture and Refinement All Its Own

Waterman's Ideal with its inner high quality and superior patents is a gift selection that will please every one just as it would you. Nothing is more useful or easy to buy and send. Pens may be exchanged to suit the recipient. There are plain styles as well as gold and silver mounted. There is the same superiority in all. Compare the trade-mark shown above to avoid substitutes.

In Christmas Boxes. Booklet on request.

Sold by the Leading Stationers, Jewelers, etc.

L. E. Waterman Co., 173 Broadway, New York

GHOST ON A LINER FED ON APPLE PIE

A Pipe and Tobacco Also Vanished Before the Eyes of Startled Firemen.

A COMRADE HAD PASSED OUT

So They Were Sure His Spirit Had Returned Until a Doubting Officer Found a Stowaway in a Bunker.

The American liner New York arrived yesterday from Southampton several hours late, owing to continuous gales and head seas, and among other incidents of the voyage were the death of a coal passer, the appearance of his supposed ghost in the stokehole, and the capture of a stowaway.

On Tuesday, when the liner was three days out, Thomas Hedge, a coal passer, died of pneumonia and was buried at sea. That night the firemen and coal passers on the 8 to 12 watch were disturbed by strange noises coming from the No. 1 forward bunker, where Hedge had worked. Two of the older men, Jack Fidley and Bill Swanker, went with lights to see what was causing the noise. Suddenly they saw a black apparition appear in front of them, with arms extended in mute appeal.

"It's Tom's ghost," the firemen yelled, as they dropped their lamps and rushed back into the stokehole, where their shipmates were shaking with that superstitious fear which is inherent in the mariner.

The watch waited awhile to give the ghost a chance to get calmed down before they went to get more coal from No. 1 bunker. When the firemen went back again Jack Fidley missed a clay pipe he had left on an upturned bucket in a corner. One of the coal passers suggested that Tom's ghost must have taken it, as he was always fond of a smoke in his watch below.

Men in the succeeding watches through the night missed all kinds of things, especially anything in the eating or drinking line. No more pipes were stolen, but firemen who were positive that their pipes were filled with tobacco when they put them down found them quite empty when they picked them up again.

The next night, when the "black pan" watch, which gets its name from the big black pan of choice remnants left from the saloon table that is given to the men every night, was on duty, the mystery was solved by Bill Swanker, who went forward to No. 1 bunker with a big piece of apple pie, which he was going to eat later on. Suddenly the black figure appeared out of the semi-darkness and seized the pie from the trembling fireman's hand. Bill gave a wild yell and fled for his life back to the stokehole, where his shipmates were working on the fires. The noise he made attracted the attention of the assistant engineer on duty, and he came to see what the trouble was.

"What's the matter?" he asked.

"Please, Sir, Tom's ghost has eaten Bill's pie," they told him.

"Ghosts don't eat pies," said the engineer; "give me that three-eighth spanner, and I will see what the ghost is made of.

As he strode forward toward the bunker where the uneasy spirit was supposed to reside, a head was thrust out, and a strange voice cried out:

"I'm Jim Connelly of Philadelphia, and I've come to do old Tom's work."

The startled engineer promptly proceeded to haul Jim out, and asked him what he meant by scaring hard-working firemen out of their wits. Connelly said he was a coal passer and fireman, and had been stranded in London, and walked down to Southampton to stow away on the New York. Questioned as to why he had selected that ship, he replied that the name sounded good to him. He was put to work in Tom Hedge's place until the New York arrived at her pier yesterday. After proving to the Immigration authorities that he was a citizen of the United States Connelly was allowed to proceed to his home.

Joseph Christopher, third officer of the New York, was seized with appendicitis when he was on the bridge on Saturday morning, and was carried to the ship's hospital, where Dr. William Stump, the ship's surgeon, attended to him. As it was not necessary to operate immediately, Dr. Stump let the officer wait until the arrival of the liner in port, when he was sent with a surgeon and a trained nurse in an ambulance to St. Vincent's Hospital.

COLUMBIA MEMORIAL SERVICE

University Pays Tribute to Those Who Died in Its Service.

Commemorative services were held yesterday afternoon in St. Paul's chapel, Columbia University, in memory of Columbia men who spent their lives in the service of the university. It was announced that these services would be held annually hereafter, particularly in memory of officers and students of the university dying in the college year.

Prof. F. J. E. Woodbridge of the Department of Philosophy gave an address and read the names of eight officers and seven students of the university who died since the opening of the college in 1910. The list included John La Farge, William F. Bridge, George H. Baker, Prof. Christian A. Herter, Dr. Herman Knapt, Prof. Arthur Maxson, Charles Talbot Poore, and Prof. Carlo Leonardo Speranza.

$350,000 FOR TEACHERS' FUND

Phillips Exeter Alumni Contribute, President Amens Announces.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 10.—Following the successful banquet of the New England Alumni Association of the Phillips-Exeter Academy at the American House last night, Principal Amens announced to-day that the $350,000 teachers' endowment fund is assured.

Among the more prominent members of the alumni who have contributed to the fund are Ogden Mills, '74; George A. Plimpton, '73, who has given the academy the Plimpton playing fields; Theodore N. Vail, President of the American Telegraph and Telephone Company; Thomas W. Lamont, '88, the New York banker; William A. Bancroft, President of the Boston Elevated Railroad Company; Larz Anderson, '84, Minister to Belgium; August Belmont, '70; William DeWitt Hyde, President of Bowdoin College; Robert Winsor, '76, of Kidder, Peabody & Co., bankers, of Boston; Ethan Allen, '81; J. H. Hammond, '02; John P. Jones, '98; Charles W. McAlpin, '84; John C. McCall, '95; Lanier McKee, '91; George A. Morrison, '96; Robert S. Morrison, '65; E. B. Putnam, '01; Mathew Rock, Jr., '00; Lawrence E. Sexton, '80; Rachel U. Siegel for Benjamin U. Siegel, '04; Jeremiah Smith, '49; Jere. Smith, Jr., '88; T. Suffern Tailer, '85; N. Booth Tarkington, '89; the novelist, Charlemagne Tower, '68; Edward Tuck, '58; Charles F. Adams, '78; W. C. Bayles, '80; ex-Congressman Henry P. Blair; ex-Gov. John T. Busiel, '64; Albert, Charles, Emile, and Jules Godchaux, New Orleans; Edgar Huidekoper, '64; Ford Huntington, '87; William L. McKee, '82; Major Guy Murchie, '91; ex-Gov. of Vermont William W. Stickney, '77, and Charles H. De Young, San Francisco.

THE RUIN AT FORT GEORGE.

Only Two Big Places Went—Debris Smoldered for Hours.

Smoldering ruins at Fort George kept firemen at work all yesterday morning and a good part of the afternoon. The fire threatened to start up afresh once or twice, and in the afternoon water was thrown on the west end of the Paradise Dance Hall.

The Star Music Hall and the Paradise Dance Hall are the only sizable buildings that suffered from the fire, although the escape for many others was narrow. Both of these places are totally ruined. With the music hall all the equipment for a moving picture show and a vaudeville performance was destroyed. The dance hall was swept from end to end, and, as the fire started from the basement and worked up, the pillars supporting the floor were in most places burned out, allowing the dancing floor to cave in.

It was reported erroneously that the aeroplane factory of the Queen Motor Company in the old Fort George Hotel was destroyed.

Charles St. John, proprietor of the music hall, did not hold the belief that the fire had been started by an incendiary. The buildings were far from being covered by insurance, he said, for the rates were too high for that kind of frame building. The chief loser in the Paradise Dance Hall is Thomas Bailey, proprietor of Paradise Park.

GIVE A GERMAN DINNER.

Members of the Lambs Enjoy a Menu of Native Dishes.

The Germans in the Lambs' fold and such members as can speak German sat down together last night at a table laden with strictly German dishes, and it is understood that every course on the long menu was adorned with the cheering words, "und Bier." Of course not an English word was spoken from 7 o'clock when the dinner began until the latest bulletin this early morning.

Wagnerian strains and sounds suggestive of a pleasant time issued faintly from the guarded room, enlivened at one time by the unmistakable ring and clatter of a musical Salamander being conducted by Rudolph Schaefer. He was on the Committee of Arrangements, as was Hy Mayer, who presided; Frank Reicher, Malcolm Williams, and Max Bendix.

Among the fifty or sixty at the dinner were Otto Gorritz, Robert Blass, Albert Reis and Victor Hollaender, to say nothing of Frederick Courtney, who is not German but knows German, as he demonstrated while the evening was still young. He was heard to say distinctly, "noch cinander."

$1,000,000 FOR REMBRANDTS.

P. A. B. Widener Acquired Three Others at Time He Bought "The Mill."

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10.—It became known to-day that P. A. B. Widener acquied three paintings by Rembrandt last July, in addition to "The Mill," which he bought at that time. The paintings are said to have cost Mr. Widener $1,000,000, and are called "The Circumcision," "St. Paul," and "Portrait of a Gentleman." They were a part of the collection of Lord Wimborne, and hung in the galleries of his country seat in Dorset, England.

Including these recent additions Mr. Widener has eight masterpieces of that great Dutch master of light and shade. The collection of this painter's work is unexcelled by any collection in America, and is regarded as considerably in advance of any in England, where probably the largest number of Rembrandt's paintings are now to be found.

The "St. Paul" bears the date of 1658 and "The Portrait of a Gentleman," 1660, when the painter was in his prime.

ON TRAIL OF ASSETS OF UNITED WIRELESS

Trustees Hope to Save Many Thousands for the Innocent Shareholders.

QUESTION WILSON THIS WEEK

Will Be Brought from Atlanta Prison to Meet Charge That He Has Stolen Funds Hidden Away.

Active work is being done by the trustees in bankruptcy to save something for the United Wireless stockholders from the wreck of their company, whose former President, Christopher C. Wilson, was convicted in the Federal court on fraud charges and is now serving a prison term.

According to the report prepared by Lybrand, Ross Brothers & Montgomery, accountants, the quick assets of the company represented installations on about 500 ships and equipment of land stations on the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts and on the great lakes amount to about $500,000. In addition, the trustees in bankruptcy, represented by Saul S. Myers and by Robert T. Whitehouse, United States District Attorney for the District of Maine, have attached real property at Seattle belonging to George A. Parker, one of the former Directors of the company, now serving a term of imprisonment at Atlanta, amounting to nearly $300,000.

The trustees have also filed a petition in bankruptcy against Mr. Wilson, and hope to be able to get several hundred thousand dollars from him. In the petition submitted to Judge Hough of the United States District Court for the appointment of a receiver of the property of Wilson, the trustees alleged, on information and belief, that he misappropriated nearly $1,500,000.

The trustees are acting on the belief that a large part of this money is still under Wilson's control and that he will make every effort to hold it until his release from prison. In pursuit of what they believe are his hidden assets they have just obtained from Judge Hand an order for the examination next Wednesday before United States Commissioner Alexander in the Post Office Building of Wilson, his wife, Stella Wilson; E. B. Wilson, his attorney, and Frank A. O'Brien, one of the Post Office Inspectors who made the investigations which led to Wilson's arrest. They hope to get on the track of the money which they believe Wilson has put away.

The trustees are also considering an action for damages against a former Director, Frederick I. J. Hanson, a wholesale baker in Philadelphia. Although not convicted with Wilson and Parker, he was a Director during most of the time that Wilson and Parker misappropriated the money of the company, and it is the contention of the trustees that Hanson is liable.

Miss Royden Speaks on Suffrage.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont has invited the public to be present at her headquarters, 15 East Forty-first Street, this evening to hear Miss A. Maude Royden, the English Oxford graduate and University Extension lecturer, speak on suffrage. Miss Royden gave up her university work for woman suffrage in the interest of the working woman, who, she says, needs the vote to get fair wages. Miss Royden is the daughter of a member of Parliament, Sir Thomas Royden. She sails on Dec. 16 on her return trip to England.

STAB POLICEMAN SHACKLED TO THUG

Gang Had Beaten Him Nearly Senseless Before the Commotion Brought Help.

FOUR MORE ROUNDED UP

Had Created Disturbances and Annoyed Residents of a Peaceful District.

Shouts and yells, the sounds of blows and of a scuffle, and finally the reports of two revolver shots, aroused residents in the neighborhood of Stuyvesant and Lafayette Avenues, Brooklyn, shortly after midnight last night. Men and women, among them Deputy Sheriff Peter Hausley of 978 Lafayette Avenue, ran to their windows and peered into the street.

There Policeman Charles H. Dorr of the Gates Avenue Station lay almost senseless on the sidewalk. A man, locked to the policeman's left wrist by a handcuff, was struggling to yank Dorr along. Hausley had been in bed, but jumping into a garment or two, he ran out of the house and grabbed the man made fast to the policeman.

The latter was almost unconscious from loss of blood. He was bleeding from six stab wounds in the head, face, and neck, one of which had missed the jugular vein by a small margin.

The reports which brought Hausley drew other men from nearby houses and several policemen from adjoining posts. A call was sent immediately for the reserves from the Gates Avenue and Ralph Avenue Stations and the men scattered through the neighborhood in search of the other members of the gange.

In a few minutes five had been caught who gave their names as Rocco Frozzo and Frank Ferendi, both of 12 Park Place; Joseph Blasso of 758 Gates Avenue, and Joseph Bedello of 756 Gates Avenue. Bedello, the police say, is the man who stabbed Dorr. Dorr's prisoner said he was Frank Broo of 1,684 Broadway.

The policeman said that he was in Stuyvesant Avenue near Lafayette when he saw the six men approaching him, singing and shouting and occasionally ringing the doorbells of houses they passed. When they reached him he ordered them to be quiet, and they answered angrily. Presently he grabbed Broo and instantly the others set on him. He had snapped his handcuffs around his own left wrist and around Broo's right wist, however, and the young man could not get away. His companions kicked and struck the policeman, however, and presently got his club away from him and beat him with that. He felt himself losing his senses from the beating and from the stab wounds when he drew his revolver.

Secretary Knox to Speak Here To-day.

Secretary of State Knox will come to New York to speak at the Waldorf this afternoon at 4 o'clock, under the auspices of the National Civic Federation. He will speak on the Department of State. For this lecture the federation has engaged a larger room in the Waldorf than it occupied last Monday, when many people were unable to gain admittance. Next Monday Secretary of the Treasury Franklin MacVeagh will discuss the administration of the Treasury Department. A recess will be taken then until Jan. 8, when Secretary of War Stimson will be the speaker.

Two Sales For Men

265 B'WAY
841 B'WAY
42 STREET
125 STREET

Suits

Presenting the most astonishing values ever offered at the height of the season.

No need to wait for January, because here are better values now than you will find in any other store now or next January.

All the season's newest models and patterns.

Overcoats

The greatest and most successful sale of overcoats ever known. Over 8,000 sold since Nov. 1. Stocks are still complete and assortments of styles and sizes intact.

Ask your friend who bought one, about the overcoat values in this sale.

$20 value Suits,	$13.50	$20 value Overcoats	$13.50
$22.50 value Suits,	$15.00	$22.50 value Overcoats	$15.00
$25 value Suits,	$17.50	$25 value Overcoats	$17.50
$28 value Suits,	$19.50	$28 value Overcoats	$19.50
$30 value Suits,	$22.50	$30 value Overcoats	$22.50
$35 value Suits,	$25.00	$35 value Overcoats	$25.00
$40 value Suits,	$27.50	$40 value Overcoats	$27.50
$45 value Suits,	$34.50	$45 value Overcoats	$32.50

Hackett, Carhart & Co. INC. RETAIL

E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice-President

265 Broadway Near Chambers St. | 841 Broadway Cor. 13th Street | 119 W. 42d St. Near Broadway | 125th Street Near 3d Avenue

Harlem and 42d Street Stores Open Evenings

The Coward Shoe

"REG. U. S. PAT. OFF."

Flat-Footed Boys.

If the Assistant Superintendent of Public Schools, who is reported to be worried about the prevalence of flat feet among boys in the public schools, wants to learn all about it he can find out from my old friend James S. Coward, who knows as much about feet, arches, ankles, toes, joints and the hurts that hurt them as a whole academy of orthopædic and surgical experts. If one-third the schoolboys of New York are flat-footed they are liable to be in a bad way when they get heavier, and their spinal columns and backs begin to weaken from the strain. But there is no need of one-third or one-twentieth of the boys to be flat-footed and suffer all the ills such are heir to.

Tearing Down the Arch.

Tip thinks most flat-footedness comes from boys toeing out the way so many of them do, some feet spreading like the oars of a rowboat; that's what Tip thinks, and if he is wrong practical scientist Coward will correct him. But any boy can be taught, or can learn of his own accord, to counteract this by toeing in, and he can have shoes to guide his feet forward, instead of flip-flop sideways, till he acquires the habit of not walking toed out. When you go toed out you walk on the outside edge of the foot, and sooner or later your arch breaks down. Walk flat on your feet—something you can't do if you toe out—and if your arch was any good at all to begin with it will grow stronger, not weaker, and stand up like a stone wall.

No Toe-Out Indians.

Nobody ever saw a flat-footed

Clipping from Tip's Column New York Press, Nov. 16, 1911

Coward Arch Support Shoe and Coward Extension Heel, have been made by James S. Coward, in his Custom Dept. for over 30 years.

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Bring the Children to See the Big Imported Three-Ring Mechanical CIRCUS With Live Ponies and Trained Dogs Subway Entrance from Store, Lower Floor

This Vast, Brilliantly Lighted, Superbly Stocked, Safe, Conveniently Equipped CHRISTMAS STORE Offers Best Service, Broadest Choice and Completest Satisfaction to Holiday Shoppers and Fairest Prices Always

But Don't Delay Your Gift Buying, and Come as Early in the Morning as You Can

A Truly Artistic Piano At a Low Price---$225

The STROHBER

We made a long and serious search and study of the piano field to secure a piano of REAL EXCELLENCE to sell at this popular price. The market is full of unworthy instruments that look fine at first glance. In the STROHBER we have secured a piano of sound musical qualities that will endure. We have compared it exhaustively with other pianos sold at similar prices, and now we will be pleased to have those who have the purchase of a piano in mind to do the same.

IF YOU HAVE A MUSICAL FRIEND, we would like to have you benefit by expert aid in examining and comparing the STROHBER. The investment should not be made lightly, for the piano should serve you for a lifetime, and must have qualities to satisfy the growing musical taste.

WE HAVE TESTED THE STROHBER SO THOROUGHLY OURSELVES that we are confident that its value is unsurpassed by any instrument on the market. It is a magnificent piano in every detail of construction and finish.

We will be glad to demonstrate it to you at your convenience.

SOLD ON EASY CHRISTMAS TERMS.

Your old piano, if you have one, will be taken in part payment for the new instrument.

Piano Store, Eighth Floor

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is due to the number of middlemen handling an article—each is entitled to a profit.

The Cost of Pianos

is similarly increased and by the heavy expenses of separately conducted stores.

Fischer Pianos $350 upward; value $450	**Fischer Players** $650 upward; value $850
Franklin Pianos $185 upward; worth $250	Franklin Players $430 upward; worth $550

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The Provident Loan Society OF NEW YORK

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One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.

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H. B. KIRK & CO. New York N. Y.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE A JOKE, SAYS PASTOR

Denounces the Cult in His Church Near Which a Child Died Under Its Treatment.

SHAKING DICE WITH DEATH

Criminal for the Eddyites to Attempt to Effect a Cure Where There Is Bodily Ailment.

In the shadow of the home where 5-year-old Kathryn Mosbach died from diphtheria on Thanksgiving Day under Christian Science treatment, and within a stone's throw of the residence of the practitioner who treated her, Christian Science was denounced last night as a fraud and quackery.

The denunciation was delivered by the Rev. William Milton Hess, a Ph. D. from Yale, and at one time an instructor of psychology there. He spoke in the Trinity Congregational Church, at 176th Street and Washington Avenue, of which he is pastor.

Many of the clergyman's hearers were in full accord with the Coroner, who held the child's mother on a charge of homicide, and so expressed themselves at the close of the meeting. Others were Christian Scientists who had come to listen to an attack upon their practices and to offer a challenge to debate at a subsequent church gathering. That the attack would be made had been advertised upon placards huch as these: "Can Christian Science Cure Diphtheria?" and "The Truth About Christian Science and Other Frauds."

"I base my right to discuss this subject," said Mr. Hess, after announcing that moving pictures showing the inside of a quack medicine laboratory would conclude the evening service, "on the fact that my study in college was almost wholly in the field of psychology, including abnormal psychology, and my degree of Ph. D. was granted at Yale in that particular field. More than this, I have studied Mrs. Eddy's cult for twenty-five years. The quotations I am going to make from her writings I shall make from a $6 copy of her book. I paid $6 for it to get the genuine, authorized none-other-so-good-as edition. The equivalent in book cost of the $6 volume in Bible publication is 40 cents, for which sum you can buy as well-made a Bible any day."

Mr. Hess proceeded to sketch the history of Christianity from Christ's admonition to pray for the sick and lay hands on them and also "anoint them with oil" to the birth and development of Mrs. Eddy's cult.

"The sad fact is," he said, "that Christianity turned for a time grievously and sinfully away from Christ's teachings. His was a ministry on behalf of health. He made health the keynote of his messages, and gave up most of his time to healing the sick. And he told his deciples to 'anoint with oil,' which meant to practice medicine, for anointing with oil was the standardized medical practice of His day.

"So Christianity, instead of fighting tuberculosis, and demanding a National Bureau of Health as a Christian obligation, drifted off into blind speculations, and let the problems of congestion of population, of the saloon, of germ diseases, and tuberculosis grow up among us.

"And Mrs. Eddy recalled us to our Christianity—in every point where she is right, and is on defensible ground. For it is entirely true that you can cure any disease that you only imagine you have by Christian Science. You can rest your nerves by it, and sooth your troubled feelings. So you can by the teachings of the Bible throughout the New Testament.

"But as to organic diseases, that is where you need to call in a physician. You should call in a physician and trust him as if he had all the responsibility, and then pray to God and trust Him as if he had all the responsibility. Each will care for that over which he assumes jurisdiction. As Benjamin Franklin used to say so often, 'God will not help those who do not bestir themselves in their own behalf.' Or to give the exact quotation: 'God helps those who help themselves.'

"We know to-day through medical science that melancholy and jaundice go together, and that the blues and a bad liver go together, and that proper food and plenty of exercise will cure both. So in our pulpit we preach against melancholy and advise you to go to the doctor for a cure for your jaundice, and thus the sciences of religion and medicine go hand in hand, as they were intended to go by the Redeemer.

"You know all the devils in the land are in league against Dr. Wiley, and so we know—if we are getting back to Christianity—that there is no duty before us so urgent as that we fight with this fighter for good health. If Christianity had been making its proper fight the mental condition would not have been ripe for Christian Science to gain its foothold.

"When Mrs. Eddy gets away from the truths that have been known for two thousand years she talks arrant nonsense. In places her work suggests the ravings of one unbalanced. Its impressive mysticism can only appeal to the uneducated and the mentally undisciplined.

"I have watched for twenty-five years to obtain a single bit of evidence showing that even one case of organic disease has been cured by Christian Science. Dr. S. Weir Mitchell and others have waited and watched for a similar time. We have never found such a case. And I would like any one who has heard of a case to bring an authentic record of it to me.

"You cannot cure diphtheria by Christian Science. All you can do is to drive out the devils in the disease germs by means of modern science, and Mrs. Eddy, who in her hatred of drugs was a monomaniac, only invites her followers to shake dice with death when they apply her teachings to organic ills.

"It was a crime that a foolish person with no mental discipline—a quack—should inflict her treatment on the little girl that died. It was criminal, and the law should be amended to so stipulate in no uncertain tones. Christian Science is not a science. It is a joke."

In a series of running comments while moving picture films illustrated the devastation wrought by patent medicines and quack remedies on the children of the poor, Mr. Hess pointed out those children on the films "who were five years old, as you will observe—just the age of our little neighbor who died."

NEW PLAN AT BRICK CHURCH.

Pastor Inaugurates a Musical Series to Meet Changed Conditions.

The Rev. Dr. W. P. Merrill, the new pastor of the Brick Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, inaugurated yesterday the first of several new plans aiming to make it meet changed conditions. He is an accomplished musician, and has written a number of hymns. One of his compositions was sung at the Thanksgiving service in his church, while in Chicago he was a leader in religious music.

It is the purpose of the Brick Church to give four or five times a season musical programmes, using for the purpose its choir and other singers. The first part of the oratorio of the "Messiah" was sung yesterday afternoon, not solely as a musical work, as was explained, but as one form of public religious worship. The soloists were the regular quartet. The pastor gave something of the history of the great composition.

WOMAN AS A PARASITE.

If She Is One It Is Man's Fault, Says Rabbi Wise.

The Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise of the Free Synagogue, in his address in Carnegie Hall, discussed yesterday morning the question: "Is Woman a Parasite?" Whatever of parasitism there is in the life of woman, he said, it is a part of the general parasitism of the social order and woman is parasitic only in the measure in which man is so.

"Woman is free to do as man pleases, free within the limits of man's pleasure or man's economic determination," he said in part. "Too many women may be divided into two classes, the caged butterfly and the manacled toiler. Let it not be imagined that every woman is a parasite, who is not in the army of industry, who is not nominally a day laborer. Multitudes of women are never-ending toilors. They are wageearners, but not wagegetters, like the woman who is truly wife, mother, and home-maker.

"It is not always the rich woman who is the parasite. There are hundreds of parasitic women among the so-called middle classes, for parisitism is not a matter of possession, but a habit of soul. Lamentable, in truth, is the parasitism of manner, which has its worse results in unwholesome emulation by the so-called lower classes, the daughters of the poor, of the so-called upper classes. Still worse is that parasitism of matter of such women, as a very considerable group in one State, who when urged a few years ago to help abolish the evils of child labor in their State, replied: 'It is our pleasure to please the men.'

"Women toil for the reward of a parasite. The overpaid and underworked parisitism of women, whether wife or mistress, is a blot upon our civilization. But the overworked, underpaid woman toiler constitutes a challenge of the reality and sincerity of our nominally enlightened order. To the underpaid, overworked women we must grant rights, the rights to a living wage, to leisure, to adequate, economic reward, to a normalized life now denied her."

FIRES SET IN BABY CARRIAGES

Harlem Firemen and Police Kept Busy Fighting Flames in Hallways.

The police and firemen of Harlem were kept busy early yesterday morning putting out fires in hallways. Most of the fires had been started in baby carriages that had been left under the stairs.

The first fire was in the hallway at 209 and 211 East 118th Street. A baby carriage was in flames. While the men were fighting this fire, which was put out with slight damage, Patrolman Boudreau, who was on the fire lines, was notified that flames were coming from the hallway at 58 East 119th Street. The firemen rushed to the 119th Street house, and this blaze, also in a baby carriage, was put out with considerable trouble.

The next alarm came from 125 East 118th Street. This house, occupied by twenty families, is a four-story building, and there was some excitement getting the tenants to the street. In the hallway of the five-story tenement at 1,685 Park Avenue a blaze was discovered by Patrick Kelly, a tenant. According to Kelly, he found a stranger in the hall, and Detectives Collaige, Lagarenne, and Farrell of the East 126th Street Station, coming in to fight the blaze, arrested him. In the Harlem Court, where he was held in $2,000 bail for examination to-day on a charge of arson, he said he was Alfred Morris of 2,362 Third Avenue.

The last fire to which the firemen were called in the early morning was at 161 East 118th Street. A baby carriage and hall carpet were destroyed.

ACCUSED OF FIRING FLAT.

Man and Wife Arrested When Police Find Oil-Soaked Rags in a Closet.

Battalion Chief Andrews found the tenement at 2,002 Second Avenue filled with smoke when he reached there in response to an alarm about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. There seemed to be no flames, and he and his men traced the smoke to a flat on the second floor, the door of which they broke down. In a closet opening from a bedroom they found some oil-soaked rags and bedding. They put out the smoldering fire and notified Fire Marshal Prial.

Prial learned that the flat was occupied by Frank De Rossa, his wife, Mary, and their four small children. The family left before noon yesterday to visit friends in Astoria, L. I. Prial notified the East 104th Street Police Station and Detectives Kahn and Bloom visited the house, waiting until about 7 o'clock last night, when Mr. and Mrs. De Rossa returned. Their children were not with them. They said they had left the youngsters with their friends.

The couple were arrested, though they protested their innocence, and were charged with arson. Prial said he had learned that De Rossa recently renewed a fire insurance policy for $1,000, though the contents of their flat was not worth more than $100, said the Fire Marshal.

RUSH WORK ON YACHT ALVINA

Commodore Benedict Delays Start Till Dec. 18—Changes in Party.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Dec. 10.—Two hundred workmen are busy preparing the yacht Alvina for the cruise to South America which Commodore E. C. Benedict is to make this month. Commodore Benedict announced to-night that the trip first planned for Dec. 15 would not be started until Dec. 18 or 20.

The personnel of the party has been changed, also, James McCutcheon being unable to go. The party will consist of L. L. Benedict, nephew of the Commodore; Frank S. Hastings, A. J. Hutter, Colgate Hoyt, Edward Beers, and Dr. Arnold, all of New York City. Mrs. Clifford B. Harmon will also go with her father, and have two women guests.

The Alvina will sail from East Thirty-fourth Street, and be gone four months. A rail trip across the Andes to Valparaiso and a return trip by way of the Madeira Islands are planned.

Suspended Sentence for Dishman.

Magistrate House in the Yorkville Court found David Dishman of 25 West Ninetieth Street guilty of disorderly conduct yesterday for having remained on a Fifty-ninth Street crosstown car after his fare had been returned to him. Dishman accepted his fare back when he discovered that he could not have a transfer to Third Avenue. He did not leave the car, however, and George W. Lynch, General manager of the line, who was on the car, caused his arrest. As he had never been arrested before, Magistrate House suspended sentence.

LAWS MUST CHANGE AS MORALITY DOES

Prof. Kirchwey of Columbia Says That Our Constitution Will Soon Be Out of Date.

COURTS MUST KEEP ABREAST

True Evil in Our Litigation To-day Is That Judges Don't Recognize the Current Idea of Right and Wrong.

Prof. George W. Kirchwey, for several years Dean and at present Kent Professor of Law in Columbia Law School, spoke on the need of changes in the laws before a large and appreciative audience at the Mount Morris Baptist Church yesterday morning.

"While it is true that throughout the country we are constantly hearing the cry against the decisions of certain Judges, the real need for change is not sufficiently felt or understood," he said. "The call for reform is too much at present addressed to some particular bench, or is the result of what is considered a wrong decision in some particular case. This cry is not deep throated enough, for it is against some trivial fault due to the form of procedure, a thing that could easily be remedied. The true evil, and the thing that most needs the attention of reformers, is not the form of procedure, which is easily remedied, but is the seeming inability of the Judges to take into account the prevalent conception or consciousness of what is right and wrong.

"The courts of to-day share all too largely the idea popular both with the profession and with the laity that the law is a thing fixed and unchanging, in its nature static, something of divine origin, not to be tampered with or questioned too severely. In the minds of many who have not been close students of the growth of the social consciousness of right and wrong, who have not watched the standards of morality change time after time in the history of humanity, there is the belief that Judges simply 'find the law,' as did the ancient 'lawfinders' who administered 'justice' under the trees of the German forests. They believe that the law as it exists to-day is of divine origin, as it were, delivered amid the thunders of Sinai, or in dreams to Mohammed, or the founder of Mormonism.

"It is, however, ceaselessly changing, is not fixed or static any more than the heavens are fixed and unchanging, or the earth beneath our feet or the waters under the earth.

"During the past ten years we have advanced to new standards of morality and of conduct, and it is well that we have done so, as long as the new standards are wholesome and conducive to our well-being. In that time we have changed more than our ancestors during the early Christian era changed in an entire century. Conditions are different and demand different standards of conduct. We are growing better constantly, and no law can hinder this betterment. But laws can be changed to meet the new conditions of life only as a result of a change in the social conception of right and wrong.

"This sense of social justice must precede any change in the law. Only by recognizing this fact can the Judges, who, after all is said and done, create most of our best laws rather than the Legislature, keep abreast of the times and command the respect of the people. What the bench needs is a clearer understanding of this fact. The law is not a thing to be reverenced; it is not static or fixed. It should command our respect and the respect of the bench and bar, and that is all. The Supreme Court of the United States is recognizing this fact and is taking cognizance of the prevalent conception of right and wrong, and is finding a construction of the old iron-bound Constitution of the United States which will meet this social conception of right and wrong, and so we are enabled, when we have an intelligent court, to keep fairly abreast of the times and to command in a greater or less degree the respect of the people.

"The time is coming, and that very shortly, when it will be realized that the old Constitution of the United States, framed over 100 years ago, is entirely out of date

"We can no more be bound by the laws of Moses, or of Napoleon, or of Alexander Hamilton, forever than we can bid the sun and moon to stand still. If it were possible to remain fixed and unchanging in either the physical or moral or legal world there would be no hope for Christianity—which offers us hope of betterment through change and struggle.

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Large sizes are represented by the best weaves of India, Persia and Turkey.

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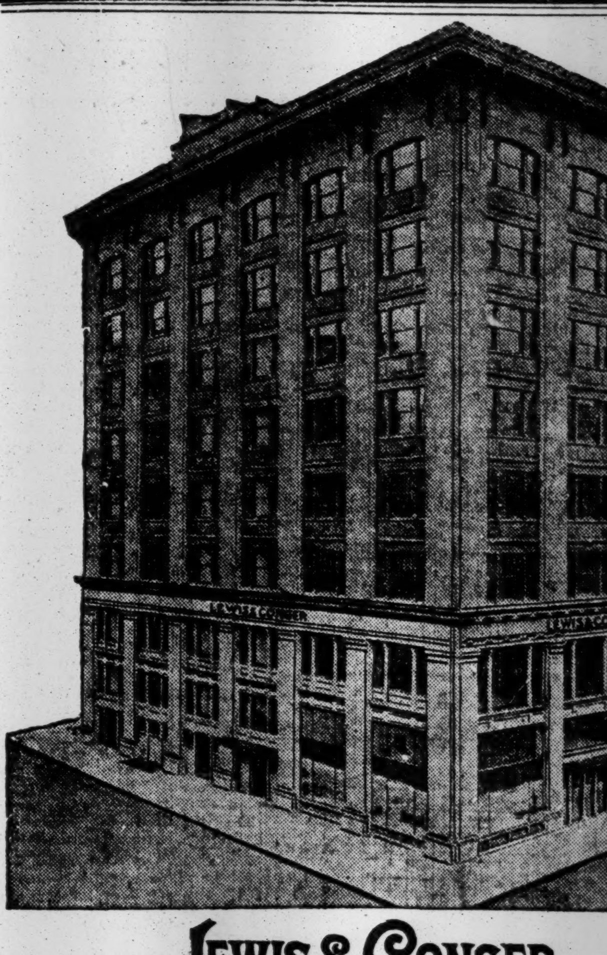

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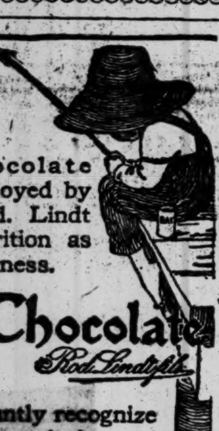

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FINGER PRINT POINTS TO NEGRO AS SLAYER

Impression on Old Jeweler's Cigarette Case Like That of the Accused Prisoner.

CAPT. FAUROT POSITIVE

Says This Evidence Leaves No Room for Doubt of the Elevator Man's Guilt.

Police Inspector Hughes announced yesterday that Capt. Faurot, the finger-print expert at Police Headquarters, had positively established the fact that the finger prints found on the silver cigarette case of Isaac S. Vogel, the old jeweler who was murdered and robbed last Tuesday in the cellar of 125 Canal Street, were those of Joseph Roberts, the West Indian negro elevator operator, Roberts is in the Tombs.

Capt. Faurot and several of his assistants went to the Tombs yesterday and obtained finger prints of the negro. After the impressions had been photographed and developed Capt. Faurot compared them with the prints on the cigarette case, and said they were those of Roberts.

Curiously enough, it was the middle finger of the right hand which first got Roberts in trouble when he left his impression on the metal lining of a safe of a former employer, and it was an impression of this same middle finger that Capt. Faurot found on the old jeweler's cigarette case.

Roberts about eighteen months ago was employed as a porter by A. Steinhardt & Co. of 512 Broadway. One morning the safe was found open and the strong box rifled of $630 and a gold watch. The safe had been opened by some one who knew the combination. Roberts, the police learned, was familiar with the combination. The mechanism of the lock had been hacked and hammered to make it appear as though the safe had been broken into.

On the metal sides of the strong box the police discovered finger prints. They found, however, that only one of these was clear enough to photograph for an impression. The print proved to be that of the middle finger of the right hand. An examination showed that the other marks were little more than smudges.

Roberts was arrested, but it was three days before the police succeeded in obtaining a good impression of his fingers. He refused to allow them to take an impression and fought to prevent it, but in vain.

The negro was indicted for the theft. At the time, however, the taking of finger prints here was in an experimental stage. Roberts was one of the first prisoners to have his finger print taken. The case was based almost entirely on this evidence, and the District Attorney's office, fearing it would not be able to get a conviction in the case, allowed him to go free. He was admitted to bail, but the indictment still stands.

When the police found Vogel's cigarette case on Saturday its polished surface bore several finger marks, one a distinct impression of the middle finger of the right hand. When Capt. Faurot compared it with the impression of Roberts's middle finger taken at Police Headquarters last April 14, after the negro was arrested for the safe robbery, he found the two identical.

Inspector Hughes said yesterday that this middle finger of the negro had characteristics that made the identification simple. It was known, he said, as a "loop" finger. Counting from the core in the centre there was a break at the fifth loop and a very pronounced break at the eleventh loop. Then several of the loops were in the form of staples.

Capt. Faurot said there was not the slightest doubt that the finger print on the cigarette case belonged to Roberts. He said it was one of the most perfect specimens that had come under his observation.

FOSDICK AIDS QUEENS.

He Will Help the Borough to Put Its Affairs on New Basis.

Employes at the Queens Borough Hall, Long Island City, were mystified during the last week by the presence of Raymond B. Fosdick, Commissioner of Accounts of New York City, in consultation with Borough President Connolly, and later by the appearance of accountants from the Commissioner's office, who began an investigation of the books in the office.

"I have asked the co-operation of Commissioner Fosdick for two purposes," Mr. Connolly explained. "His assistants are going to find out for me exactly what conditions are prevailing in all the bureaus. It will take nearly a year to make this examination. In the second place he has agreed to have his assistants prepare a plan of administration for the borough which will put the affairs here on a business basis. We will be able then to keep track of all transactions, and also to have a record of the efficiency of every employe in the borough."

4,000 FOR CANAL TERMINALS.

Only Plan Carried at Last Election, All Amendments Being Defeated.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 10.—Figures sent to the State officers for compilation, on which the State Board of Canvassers will declare the results of the last general election, show that all seven proposed amendments to the Constitution were defeated by from 40,400 in the case of No. 6 to more than 100,000 in the case of No. 1.

No. 6 was advocated by the transportation people for the reason that it provided for the disposition of canal lands, and its enactment was necessary in view of the adoption of the proposition to bond the State further in the sum of $19,500,000 for canal terminals, which was passed by about 4,000 majority.

The amendment most completely buried was that to increase the salaries of members of the Legislature and to give them mileage every week instead of once during the regular legislative session.

Only eleven counties gave majorities for Amendment No. 6, while sixteen counties gave majorities for the terminal proposition.

MRS. EDDY'S SON MAY SUE.

Court Upholds His Right to Attack Christian Science Bequests.

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 10.—A decision affirming the right of Ebenezer J. Foster Eddy of Montpelier, Vt., adopted son of the late Mary Baker Eddy, to bring action to set aside certain large bequests to the Christian Science Church in the will of Mrs. Eddy was announced to-night by Judge Edgar Aldrich in the United States Circuit Court.

The decision overrules an interlocutory motion filed by Henry M. Baker, executor of the will, and other defendants asking for the dismissal of the bill in equity which Mr. Eddy brought in January, 1911. Judge Aldrich rules in favor of Mr. Eddy on the question raised by the defendant as to whether he had a right to enter upon this legal controversy in respect to an estate in which it was alleged he had previously relinquished his entire interest.

The decree orders that an answer to the bill in equity be filed within the customary thirty days.

Gavel for Van Siclen.

Republicans of Queens County are preparing for a large demonstration at the Waldorf on Wednesday evening, when James C. Van Siclen, Justice-elect of the Supreme Court, will be the guest of honor. There will be over 300 guests from Kings, Queens, Nassau, Suffolk, and Richmond Counties, which are included in the judicial district which elected Mr. Van Siclen. Justice Frederick E. Crane will be toastmaster. An ivory gavel surmounted by gold is to be presented to the new Justice as a memento of his successful campaign, and an ebony gavel and gown to be used by him on the bench will also be presented.

PLAN TO TRANSFORM GRAVESEND BAY

Breakwater from Coney Island Point to Fort Hamilton to Provide Safe Ship Anchorage.

SCHOONERS, NOW USE IT

But Big Freighters Need More Riding Berths—Change Would Be a Blow to the Boat Clubs.

Owners of water-front property along Gravesend Bay are pushing a project for a breakwater to be built from Coney Island Point to Fort Hamilton, inside which ocean-going craft might anchor in safety. There is a need, it is argued, for such an anchorage area in this harbor, and Gravesend Bay is the most available. Many schooners now use it, but the larger craft cannot take advantage of its shelter without encroaching on the channel. With a breakwater in position the bay could easily be dredged so as to offer a haven for ships of forty feet draught.

Congressman William M. Calder, who represents the Gravesend Bay district, has taken up the project, and will seek at this session of the House an initial appropriation to cover the cost of a survey and a report from the United States Board of Engineers. Several plans have been suggested for the breakwater, one to include a protective wall along the bay shore from a point near Ulmer Park to Coney Island Point, as well as the one from the point to the Fort Hamilton shore. This double protection would certainly provide easy-riding berths for ships in any storm that might sweep over the bay.

Backers of the plan point out that it is not only in rough weather that the big freighters need convenient and safe anchorage. Many times when they are detained in port, waiting either to load or unload, their owners would welcome such a haven as the breakwater would offer. Lying at a pier along New York's water front is expensive, but is often resorted to because of the lack in the harbor of a suitable waiting place.

It has long been predicted that the piers jutting out into Gravesend Bay, now used only by boat clubs and by coal and brick dealers, would give way eventually to larger structures, as the growth of the port's business demanded more accommodations for coasters and transatlantic freighters. The rapid development of the South Brooklyn water front by the city has encouraged the belief that the time for development of Gravesend Bay property is approaching. Naturally, the building of a breakwater would hasten this time, as it would assure the permanency of the needed depth of water attained by dredging.

Congressman Calder has recommended active campaigning by the business men's associations and the property owners' societies of the district to bring the importance of the project before the proper authorities. Petitions are now being circulated and receiving many signatures of those who believe the breakwater should be built. The cost, it is estimated, will not exceed $750,000.

Dock Commissioner Tomkins, who is waging a vigorous campaign himself for harbor improvements, said last night that he had not given any consideration to the Gravesend Bay project, though he knew of the agitation in its behalf. He said the question of safe anchorage areas was to his mind one of the least important of the problems involved in the port's developments. At any rate, he said, the question of building a breakwater was one for the Federal Government, and was not interesting at this time to his department.

The transformation of Gravesend Bay into a big ship basin would be a blow to the many clubs now grouped along its shores. Chief of these is the Atlantic Yacht Club, which has a fine home on the Sea Gate shore, and which holds many regattas in the bay as well as on the outside run. A breakwater would destroy the inside course. The National Yacht Club, formerly the Brooklyn, also has a big clubhouse at Bensonhurst, on the property once owned by the famous minstrel, "Billy" West. A dozen or more smaller clubhouses dot the curve of the bay, and all would be more or less affected by the change.

WOULD GIVE TARS AN APPEAL

Bill Planned to Enable Them to Lodge Complaints Against Officers.

The marine department of the National Reform Association, which helped to persuade Congress to pass the bill abolishing the use of irons as a punishment on ships of the United States Navy, will draft a Congressional bill this Winter so amending the United States Navy regulations concerning the redress of wrongs that any sailor who feels himself aggrieved by his commanding officer may appeal to a court of civilians. The amendment will also prevent the sailor from subsequent discrimination aboard ship because of his appeal.

According to Director McFarlin of the marine department, the discipline of the navy, as at present conducted, denies sailors the right to a trial.

The organization, according to Director McFarlin, will also try to have a Congressional bill passed placing voting booths on all United States Navy ships, especially for Presidential elections, so that sailors may cast a vote for the President. The association, which is composed of relatives and friends of the enlisted men of the United States Army and Navy, is also working for the twenty-five-year enlistment bill. The association, membership in which is free, is appealing for more members.

COLUMBIA LIBRARY CHANGES.

30,000 Square Feet of Space Added to Reading Rooms This Year.

The reading rooms of the Columbia University Library were visited by 266,431 persons in the first six months of this year. These persons used 555,538 volumes, while 129,875 volumes were lent for outside use. Almost 30,000 square feet of space has been added to the reading rooms during this year. A periodical reading room has been made out of the old law library room, thus adding table space for 600 periodicals, seats for 100 readers, and shelves for 4,000 volumes.

Books added to the Columbia Library this year numbered 28,498 volumes. Ninety-six manuscripts, prints, and maps were added. Many books from the library of Sir Thomas Phillips were added to the Columbia this year, including "The Acta Consistorialia Alexandri Cardinalis Caesasini sub Pontificatu Urbani VII.," a registry of the doings of the Papal Consistories, 1628-1642. The diary of Alexander Andersen, the so-called first American wood engraver, for 1793 and 1794, was purchased.

Ocean Travelers.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

NEW YORK (Southampton)—Miss Theodora Bean, Mrs. Hamilton Bell, Walter Broadhidge, William Hope, Mrs. H. Doscher, Charles Lanetot, K. C.; Leonard Lock, Mrs. T. A. Maitland, J. C. Naegele, Miss E. A. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Moylan Thomas, and Miss Louise Walton.

MINNEHAHA (London)—Dr. W. L. Abbott, Mrs. Mary Bridges, Miss Dorothy Garden, Dr. A. Avery Newton, Mrs. M. S. Tourges, Misses Aileen and Amarette Weaver.

OLD ROCHELLE TO THE NEW.

French City Sends Statue of the Mayor Who Held It for the Huguenots.

The city of New Rochelle is soon to receive from La Rochelle, as a gift from the older city to her namesake, a reduced reproduction in bronze of the recently unveiled statue of Jean Guiton, the Mayor of the French town at the time the Huguenots held it against a Catholic army, nearly 300 years ago.

Henry M. Lester and Charles Pryor were present at the unveiling ceremonies as delegates from New Rochelle, and have made their report to the Huguenot Society of America, the Huguenot Association of New Rochelle, and the Scenic and Historic Preservation Society. They have returned to America, and the bronze fac simile, which is to be set up somewhere in New Rochelle, is to follow them in a short time.

The delegates took with them a loving cup as a gift from the new Rochelle to the old, inscribed with the seals of the two cities, united by an olive branch, and on the reverse side with a scene from Bonnefoi Point, where, says tradition, the Huguenots landed. In his address the Mayor of La Rochelle said:

"Sons of the same mother, the old Rochelle city, we belond to-day to two different nations, it is true, but nations that have always sympathized with each other and which have both had the sentiment of duty and the very strong desire for independence. The inhabitants of New Rochelle have preserved across the ages a pious souvenir of our town, and you have known how to manifest it by attentions so delicate that we have been profoundly touched by them."

The title of citizens of La Rochelle was conferred not only upon the delegates but upon Mayor Colwell of New Rochelle and ex-Mayor Redmond.

John Jameson
Three ★★★ Star
Whiskey
is a revelation to those accustomed to drinking whiskey of the ordinary type.
The Rich Bouquet
The Mellow Flavor
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make Jameson Three Star Whiskey stand out alone and distinctive.
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Pure linen with hand embroidery of the finest quality by Irish Cottage women.
Pure linen with rows of hand-hemstitched tucking.
Sheer Marquisette with delicate embroidery to use over colored silk.
Linen with motifs of real lace.
Bolster rolls to match for single or double beds.
These beautiful hand-made spreads are suggested as holiday gifts of permanent value.
Walpole Bros.
PURE FLAX
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Irish Linen Manufacturers
Established 1766
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1911
1912
1913
1914
1915

LET YOUR CHRISTMAS PURCHASE BE A PERMANENT INVESTMENT
The holiday season seems to be the opportune time to exploit so-called bargains in Pianos.
You have the reduced prices—the deferred payments—the extended time as alluring inducements.
Perhaps it is because the rush of the season makes people more credulous than at other times.
Have you ever seriously thought what these exploits mean—are they really bargains?
A merchant isn't in business for the mere fun of it—and he can't afford to give away his profit.
A really reputable piano priced at a fair legitimate profit *never has to be reduced in price* in order to make it sell.
The so-called reduction in price is made either because the usual selling price is higher than it has any right to be—or there is some skimping in the making—or some withholding of a needed service—in any case you are not getting more than you pay for.
You can't give away something that has never existed.
Sterling Pianos are never sold at a reduced price—in fact they can't be, and allow our business to continue.
The prices are fixed, and fixed on the basis of what the piano actually costs to manufacture with a fair profit added, and nothing more, and this price the same to all.
Over half a century of actual service to the public proves that the value given is genuine and that every purchaser gets full service for every dollar he spends.
The standing that Sterling Pianos and Playerpianos have earned in the art world doesn't come into question—that is an established fact.
Sterling Pianos
Not only has the purchaser of one of these instruments got something of which he may be genuinely proud, but the manufacturer absolutely protects his interests in every way.
We don't say that price shouldn't enter into the purchase of an instrument—*but price is a dangerous basis* to work on if you allow it to influence your judgment of what artistic worth means to your permanent enjoyment of the finest music in the home.
The Sterling Building is filled with the atmosphere of Christmas. It is a pleasant and an educational place to visit whether you are a purchaser or not.
And you are always welcome.
In used pianos we, of course, have many *unusual opportunities.*
Pianos at very little prices that are much safer to buy than the so-called cheap new ones.
Our terms are made to suit any pocketbook. *Easy Monthly Payments.*
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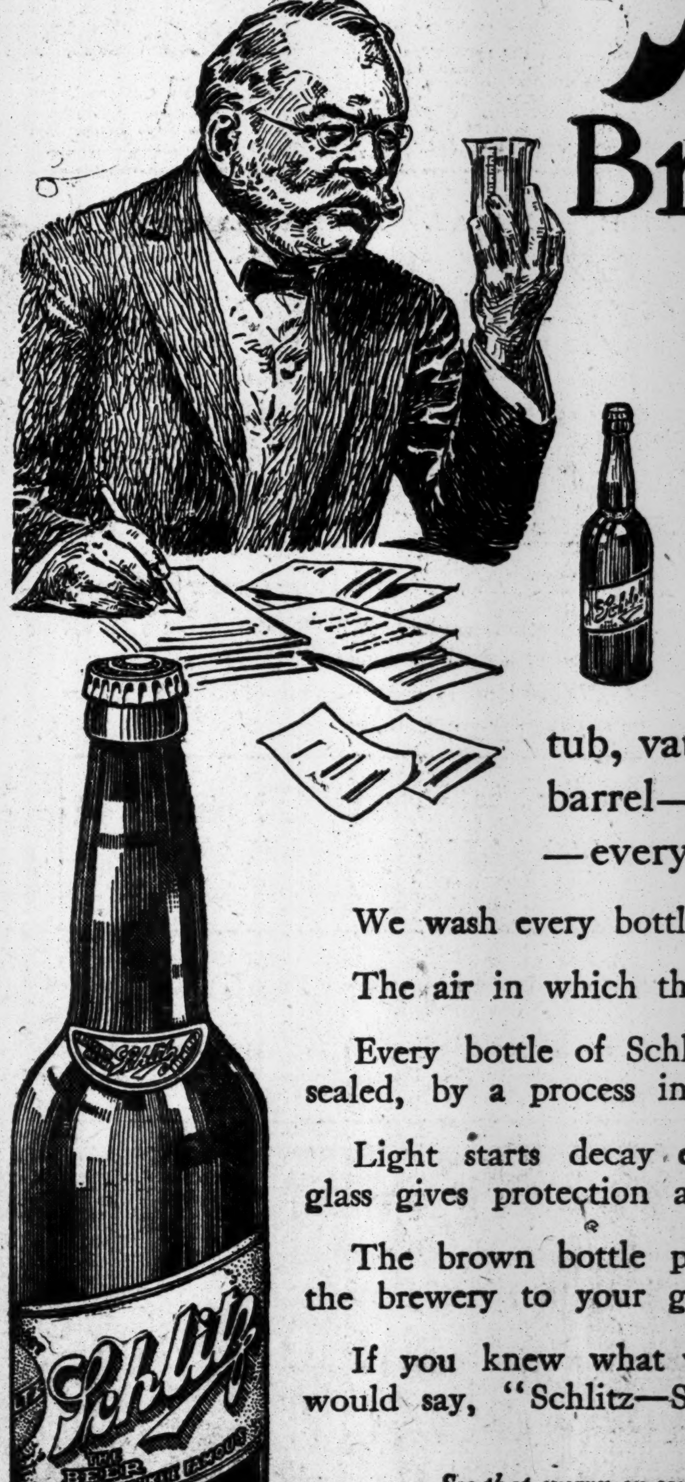
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The air in which the beer is cooled is filtered.
Every bottle of Schlitz is sterilized, after it is sealed, by a process invented by Pasteur.
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Our styles are as up-to-date as those of the most expensive custom tailor—

And we'll fit you perfectly—

Furthermore, we'll save you both time and money.

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Winter Overcoats....$18 to $75

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No gift that costs nearly the same amount of money could possibly give the same amount of satisfaction.

Be sure you make your purchase of **Victor** goods at one of our *three* salesrooms, because we have the widest variety to select from.

We have received **eight carloads of Victrolas and Victor Records** from the factory in order to satisfy the heavy Christmas demand.

When you buy **Victor** goods of us, you can be sure that you'll receive them in *perfect condition;* that the instrument you buy will give *absolute satisfaction;* that the price you pay is the *lowest possible.*

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We have Victrolas from $15.00 up.

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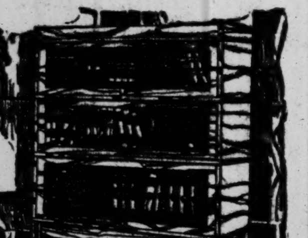

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CYCLISTS START SIX-DAY GRIND

Fifteen Teams Begin Annual Race at the Garden Before 10,000 Enthusiastic Spectators.

SECOND HOUR—TWO O'CLOCK.

	Miles.	Lap.
Kramer and Moran	48	1
Fogler and Clark	48	1
Root and Hill	48	1
Halsted and Drobach	48	1
J. and M. Bedell	48	1
Pye and Collins	48	1
Cameron and Magin	48	1
Demara and Lawrence	48	1
Thomas and Stein	48	1
Galvin and Wiley	48	1
Palmer and Wells	48	1
Lorenz and Saldon	48	1
Gorget and Brocco	48	1
Lapize and Van Houwaert	48	1
Ryan and Cavanagh	48	1

Gorget leading. Previous record, 50 miles 1 lap, made in 1908.

One minute after midnight this morning Sheriff Tom Foley fired the pistol which sent the fifteen teams of six-day bicycle riders off on their long grind of 142 hours over the saucer track at Madison Square Garden. This race, the nineteenth, and likewise the last to take place in the Garden, has lost none of the popularity which has marked the races of other years. Practically every seat in the inclosure which afforded a view of the saucer was occupied when the pedallers started on their way. The arena seats had been slow in filling, but the usual eleventh hour rush filled this section.

Sheriff Foley received an ovation when introduced, and then furnished a bit of comedy for the crowd by tugging in vain at the trigger of a late model revolver which refused to work. The usual flashlight photographs were taken before the riders started on the long journey.

Leon Georget of the French-Italian team jumped ahead of the field at the pistol, and he was in the van at the end of the first lap. He was also setting the pace at the end of the next two laps, and then John Bedell shot to the front. It looked like a "jump" to the crowd, and was greeted with an enthusiastic cheer, but he made no effort to shake the field. Before the first mile had been complet, "Ernie" Pye of the Australian team jumped in front, and he led at the finish of the first mile, which was made in 2:34. He also led during the second mile, and finshed the two miles in 5:01 2-5. Lorenz led at the end of the third mile, his time being 7:27 4-5, and he also led at the end of the fourth and fifth miles, which were covered in 9:43 3-5 and 12:02, respectively.

The bad spot on the northeast turn of the track began to cause trouble early in the race, as it did in the Saturday night sprints, when no less than seven punctures were recorded at the same place. In the third mile Fred Hill's wheel ran afoul of the bad spot in the track, and the first relief occurred, Eddie Root coming to Hill's assistance. Within five minutes John Bedell and Pedlar Palmer had punctured their tires, and shortly after Palmer's accident Jumbo Wells tore his tire by skidding at the same place.

The first spill occurred at 12:20 o'clock. Lapize was relieving his partner, Van Houwaert, and got into the path of Wiley and Fogler. Both went down, but were not injured. Georget, the French rider, attempted to jump away about 12:15, but was unsuccessful. Braccho, the Italian, made an attempt two minutes later, and he also failed. At 12:25 Menus Bedell was a victim at the "puncture" curve, the fourth in the first half hour of the race. Efforts were made during the intervals when the riders were going around the other sides of the track, to find the cause of the trouble, but in vain. The riders had already set up a complaint about this particular part of the track, and were hugging the black line at the lower part of the track as much as possible.

The first ten miles were reeled off in 23:27 1-5, and the first of the field to cross the mark at this distance was Lapize of the French-Italian team.

As was the cast last year, the old-time parade of riders around the track was not held. Up to last year the teams, after being introduced, rode around the track, and then the rider picked to start for his team remained on the track. Last night none of the riders appeared on the track until midnight, and then only the starters for the respective teams appeared. They lost but little time getting in position, and promptly at 12:01 all were ready to answer the starter's signal.

The riders who began the race were as follows: Lorenz of the German team, Georget of the French-Italian team, Van Houwaert of the French-Belgian team, Moran of the champion team, Fogler of the international team, Hill of the New York-Boston team, Palmer of the Australian-New Zealand team, Pye of the Australian-American team, Drobach of the coast-to-coast team, John Bedell of the brothers' team, Ryan of the Jersey team, Cameron of the New York-New Jersey team, Galvin of the farmer-messenger boy team, Stein of the "kid" team, and De Mara of the native son team.

The crowd, when the riders started on the 142-hour grind, was as large as the crowds which witnessed the contests in previous years. The arena seats were but sparsely occupied at 11 o'clock, but practically all these seats had been sold to late comers, and before midnight the arena section held its usual crowd. The balcony and gallery were crowded, as usual, two hours before the riders were sent on their way. The top galleries were filled to capacity within one-half hour after the doors were thrown open at 8 o'clock. Many of these "gallery gods" carried packages of food, and this, together with what they will secure in the Garden, will keep them in rations until Thursday morning, when the weekly housecleaning will take place, all but riders and officials being put out of the Garden at that time.

The "frankfurter man," without whom no six-day race is complete, was on hand as usual in the Garden cellar, and numerous vendors occupied space within the oval, around which the saucer track is built. The inner circle held a crowd which lined the outer rails five and six deep. From 8 o'clock until midnight a band on the main floor furnished a "sacred" concert, which was made up principally of popular airs.

Principal interest in this year's race centres in the work of the German pair, Lorenz and Soldow, who are making their initial bow to New Yorkers in six-day race competition. Both are seasoned performers and will be closely watched by the American riders. Lorenz has already won one six-day race in Germany, and finished second in another, while teamed with his present partner, Soldow. In view of past performances this pair looks the most dangerous of the few new combinations.

Of the American riders Frank Kramer, long noted as the sprint champion but never as a long-distance performer, will attract the most interest. Kramer made but one previous attempt at the long jaunt and on that occasion, when Willie Fenn was his partner, Kramer lasted only six hours. Moran, his present partner, is one of the greatest six-day riders in the game. The fact that he is Kramer's mate lends additional interest to the team.

While a big majority of this year's contestants are seasoned veterans at six-day riding there are two teams which stand out as favorites over the others because of their work in past races. These are the Root-Hill and Fogler-Clarke combinations. All were in the triple tie for first place at the close of last year's race and they have always been up at the front throughout the races in which they have figured unless injuries broke up the teams with which they were identified.

The record for six-day racing since team racing began in 1899 is 2,737 miles and one lap, made in 1908 by the Moran-McFarland, Rutt-Stol and Hill-De Mara teams.

CELTICS MEET FIRST DEFEAT.

After winning eight straight games in the New York District Football League, the Brooklyn Celtics met with defeat for the first time this season at the hands of the Clan McDonalds by the score of 2 goals to 0. A remarkable attendance turned out to witness the battle, fully 3,000 enthusiasts being present, and they deemed it the best game this season.

At Marquette Oval, Brooklyn, yesterday the Brooklyn F. C. met and defeated an eleven from the S. S. Baltic by the score of 5 goals to 3. The feature of the game was the work of Gillette at right half, as he contributed no less than four out of the five goals for the winners.

At McNulty Field yesterday afternoon the Clan McKenzies captured their league fixture of the New York and district league series at the expense of the Camerons by the close score of 3 goals to 2. A remarkable feature was that all of the goals were scored in the first half.

At Van Cortlandt Park yesterday the Cameron Reserves defeated the strong New York Celtics by the one-sided score of 4 goals to 0. This was a league fixture of the New York metropolitan and district amateur league series, and also the first defeat for the Celtics in this series.

Sam McVey Defeats Jack Lester.

BRISBANE, Queensland, Dec. 11.—Sam McVey of California, heavyweight champion pugilist of Australia, defeated Jack Lester of Cleelum, Wash., to-day in the eighth round. McVey had all the better of the fight, which was scheduled to go ten rounds. Lester showed plenty of pluck and took an extraordinary amount of punishment about the head and ribs, but McVey had the better of the contest from start to finish.

In September last McVey defeated Lester at Sydney in a twenty-round bout for the championship of Australia, which Lester had won a few weeks before from Bill Lang.

Hegarty to Lead Georgetown.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—John E. Hegarty, '12, of Boston, Mass., for the past two years left end on the Georgetown University football team and the nominal choice of many for that position on the All-Southern team, was to-day unanimously elected captain for next season. Before coming to Georgetown, Hegarty played with the Holy Cross University team of Worcester, Mass.

Frank Gould's Cavero Wins.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—Frank J. Gould's Cavero to-day won the Prix Marc Antony at the Auteuil race track.

THE IDEAL HOLIDAY GIFT

"Onyx" Hosiery Silk
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Ask for the "ONYX" Brand and accept no other.

A gift of "ONYX" Silk Hose is sure to please.

No selection can be better—Beauty, Luxury, Style and Quality are all combined.

"ONYX" Hosiery was always good but never better than at the present moment.

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Champagne

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Received Highest Award
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BIG BASEBALL MEN FORM NEW COMPACTS

Minor Leagues Get Higher Ratings and Threatened War Is Averted.

The first event of New York's big week of baseball legislation took place yesterday at the Imperial Hotel, when the Board of Arbitration of the National Association of Minor League Clubs met and outlined the new compact which the minors will have with the major leagues. The board will meet this morning with the National Commission at the Waldorf-Astoria, and three of the more important of the minor leagues will get a new Class AA rating. The Eastern League, American Association, and Pacific Coast League are the organizations which will get new classifications and will enjoy more privileges as to drafting rights than they have had in the past.

The Board of Arbitration is made up of John H. Farrell, Auburn, N. Y., Chairman; J. Cal Ewing, San Francisco; W. M. Kavanaugh, Little Rock, Ark.; T. H. Murnane, Boston; James H. O'Rourke, Bridgeport, Conn.; D. M. Shiveley, N. L. O'Neill, Chicago, and Dr. E. R. Carson, South Bend, Ind. With the board were Edward Barrow, President of the Eastern League; Tom Chivington, President of the American Association, while Mr. Ewing represented the Pacific Coast League.

There has been much talk in the past about the Eastern League and the Western Association breaking away from organized baseball and establishing a new major league, but after to-day's meeting with the National Commission, it is expected that the new relations between the major and minor leagues will be so satisfactory that talk of baseball war will rest for all time.

The Eastern League owners and managers are all at the Victoria Hotel, where the Board of Directors will meet at 10 o'clock this morning. The regular league meeting will be held at 11 o'clock. About the hotel last night were dozens of Eastern League men, all very much pleased over the prospect of that organization being promoted to Class A A, which makes it just about as important as a major league. Among the Eastern Leaguers now here are J. J. Stein of Buffalo and also that team's manager, George Stallings, formerly manager of the Yankees. Mr. Stallings emphatically denied last night that he was having any negotiations with the Philadelphia Club of the National League to pilot that team next season.

J. J. McCafferty of Toronto is on hand, and also Jack Dunn of Baltimore, James J. Lillis of Jersey City, Charles Lavis, Secretary and Treasurer of the Providence Club; S. E. Lichtenhein of Montreal, and Joe McGinnity of Newark.

At the Waldorf-Astoria the National League baseball men are sharing attention with the party of Western Governors. Fred Clarke, the Pirate leader, got in yesterday from his Western ranch, and says he is anxious to sell, buy, or trade players; that is, where the deal will benefit the Pittsburg team. The only prominent figure missing in the group along Peacock Alley was Charles Webb Murphy of Chicago, who will not reach town until to-day. Mr. Murphy has sent word ahead of him that he will introduce several little schemes at this meeting.

One of these is to have no more "star chamber" sessions of the National League. Mr. Murphy will suggest that the doors be thrown wide open and the public be given a chance to see just what kind of wrangling goes on at the league meetings. Mr. Murphy is about the only one, however, who takes this suggestion seriously. August Herrmann of Cincinnati says there isn't a chance of there being any open meetings of the league. He says it is bad enough for the league moguls themselves to have to listen to their own verbal scraps without burdening the public with their troubles. The rules of baseball are also a source of much pain to Mr. Murphy, and he wants them all revised and improved. Barney Dreyfuss of Pittsburgh will introduce a new scheme to prevent ticket scalping at the world's series games.

President Thomas J. Lynch of the National League hobnobbed with the club owners at the Waldorf last night. Just as soon as President Ban Johnson arrives in town to-day the National Commission will get together and take up the alleged ticket scandal here during the world's series games. Mr. Lynch said last night he didn't know just what new evidence Mr. Johnson had in his possession, but he declared that the commission would sift the thing to the bottom. As a matter of fact, Mr. Lynch and Mr. Herrmann are not inclined to take the charges of ticket speculation by the New York Club as seriously as Mr. Johnson does. Mr. Herrmann thinks a good deal of evidence which Mr. Johnson says he has is nothing but hearsay. The American League President is all wrought up over the ticket speculation, and threatens to make it warm for the New York Club officials.

Mr. Lynch, when asked if he thought there would be any opposition to his reelection at the league meeting to-morrow, said: "If my case is regarded on strictly business principles, there is no doubt that I will be re-elected. But if personalities are to play a part the result may be different. Perhaps I haven't been much of a President, socially, but from a business standpoint I think my administration has been a success."

One of the happiest individuals about the hotel last night was Clarke Griffith, the new manager of the Washington Grays. "Griff" looks as if he didn't have a grouch left in him, and says he is on a still hunt for young players. He is going to sift out all the dead wood on the Senators, and build up a team of young players. He will not sell Walter Johnson. Among the other baseball men already here are George Tebeau, owner of the Kansas City Club of the American Association; George Moreland of Pittsburgh, Mike Finn of Little Rock, who last season was a scout for the Giants, and many others.

If the National Commission finishes its work to-day the National League meeting will be held to-morrow morning, but if the ticket probe and the conference with the minor leagues takes much time it may be Wednesday before the league will hold its election. The American League managers are making their headquarters at the Hotel Astor this year. Frank S. Navin of Detroit got in last night, and also Jimmy McAleer, the new Boston owner.

Horace Fogel is expected from Philadelphia this morning. Charley Dooin, his manager and catcher, with whom he is having a lively little tilt just at present, will be at the Fifth Avenue this week, but Mr. Fogel will not go to hear Charley warble. Many baseball players harvest Winter wheat on the vaudeville stage. Both Dooin and Rube Marquard have booked their acts for baseball week here, and the dispatch bearers from the seat of war at the Waldorf may be looked for dashing to Dooin at the Fifth Avenue and to Marquard at Hammerstein's with the latest news.

CLOSE SCORES AT TRAPS.

Darkness Prevents Finish of Several Matches at Larchmont.

A score of the crack shots of the Larchmont Yacht Club faced the traps yesterday under almost ideal conditions. There was scarcely any wind to deflect the flight of the clay birds, and consequently the scores of the winners in all of the six contests were high.

Remarkably close was the shooting in the 100-"bird" handicap match, where W. B. Short, T. J. McCahill, and G. H. Abbott broke all but one target out of their hundred. On account of darkness setting in they were unable to shoot off the tie until next week. For the same reason E. A. Ranney and G. H. Abbott, who tied with 49 each in the shoot for the Accumulative Cup, were unable to shoot off yesterday. Nineteen competed in this match and eighteen in the match for the A. B. Alley Trophy. In this J. Henry, Stuart Scott, G. H. Abbott, and A. W. Chance tied, with full scores of 25. In the shoot-off J. Henry won.

Of the nineteen who shot for a twenty-five-target trophy six of them tied, with full scores. They were: B. M. Higginson, W. J. Elias, W. B. Short, T. J. McCahill, R. J. Held, and Stuart Scott. In the shoot-off W. J. Elias won with another full score. The ten and fifteen target scratch contests were won by G. L. Noyle (a guest) and Stuart Scott, respectively. High gun for the day was J. Henry, with 117 out of the possible 125. R. L. Spotts and Scott were the runners-up, with 114 each.

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NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

HELLOWELL LEADS MORNINGSIDE PACK

New York A. C. Distance Runner Captures Four-Mile Chase Across Country.

H. Hellowell of the New York Athletic Club, who finished second in both the junior and senior cross-country championships, carried off the honors yesterday in the four-mile hill-and-dale chase of the Morningside Athletic Club, covering the four miles in 19:21. The pack of harriers that started was one of the best ever collected this season for the Harlem chase, and it proved one of the best contested.

At the word to go they all went out on an easy jog and set only an ordinary pace for the first half of the journey. At the two-mile post the field became strung out, with J. Story of the Irish-American Athletic Club setting the pace.

Story held command for the third mile with a good-sized field on his trail, but Hellowell, after increasing his pace, forced Story to relinquish the lead, and in a nip-and-tuck encounter for the tape the Mercury Foot runner was first to cross, with Story at his heels, being separated only by a two-second margin. Eddie Jordan, the veteran of the Xavier Club, and J. Crowley of the Glencoes were third and fourth, respectively. The entire field all showed better speed than in the past runs, and were all clocked in better time for the course, despite the fact that the roads over which they had to travel were in poor condition. The order of finish:

Name and Club.	Finish. M.S.
H. Hellowell, New York A. C.	19:21
J. Story, Irish-American A. C.	19:23
E. Jordan, Xavier A. C.	19:30
J. Crowley, Glencoe A. C.	20:11
J. Gleason, Pastime A. C.	20:14
C. McCann, Morningside A. C.	30:17
J. Roberts, Harlem Evening High School	20:18
J. Clang, Dominican Lyceum	20:23
J. Maier, Morningside A. C.	21:00
W. Gaver, Dorchester A. A., (Boston)	21:01
J. Bremsen, National A. C.	21:06
P. Lally, Union Settlement	21:08
G. Mazucca, Glencoe A. C.	21:10
N. Nicherson, Yonkers A. A.	21:15
E. Greeley, Italian A. A.	21:17
G. Bartoli, Xavier A. A.	21:27
J. Mitchell, Victoria A. A.	21:28
J. Boscher, Xavier A. A.	21:48
J. Brown, Xavier A. A.	21:50
G. Gorky, unattached	22:11
B. O'Brien, unattached	22:17
G. Blackwood, Claremont A. A.	22:20
W. Burke, Union Settlement A. C.	22:23
A. Costa, Glencoe A. A.	22:27
S. Sand, Ramapo A. C.	22:49

AMERICAN'S DOUBLE EVENT.

Brooklyn Club Holds Road Race and Prize Run.

Keen competition was witnessed yesterday in the weekly cross-country run of the American A. C. of Brooklyn, and in addition to the regular chase over the three-mile course the club promoted a special prize run, open only to athletes having taken first place in former runs of the club.

The regular run was an easy victory for Foster, although he was never seen to have a large advantage. He set the pace from the start, but never extended himself until within two hundred yards of the finish, where he opened up a sprint and led the way to the tape by a safe margin. The order of finish:

M. Foster, Putnam A. C., 16:02; C. Heller, Knights of St. Anthony, 16:08; H. Bauman, Long Island A. A., 16:19; J. Hoffman, St. Bartholomew's A. C., 16:40; W. Leslie, Long Island A. A., 16:45; W. Duvall, American A. C., 16:50; G. Cevasco, Atlas A. A., 16:53; J. J. O'Connell, National A. C., 16:55; E. McCarthy, Long Island A. A., 16:57; H. Abby, Hilton A. C., 17:04.

Special Prize Run Invitation.—S. Leslie, Long Island A. A., 15:04; W. Murray, Long Island A. A., 15:08; W. Schreiber, National A. A., 15:16.

NEW RECORD FOR SMITH.

Pastime Runner Creates New Figures for Pennant A. C. Course.

The pick of the metropolitan harriers were out in the weekly run of the Pennant A. C. of Brooklyn yesterday, and Harry Smith, the Captain of the Pastime A. C., who has been establishing new records for numerous courses about Manhattan, was successful. In addition to taking the honors, he also created new figures for the Brooklyn course.

Smith and Joyce ran neck and neck over the entire course, and the ultimate victor was in doubt until within twenty-five yards from the finish, where Smith put on full speed and with a wonderful sprint managed to get over the finish line the victor by a small margin. A. Algren, who formerly held the record for the course, and Tom Harris, both of the Glencoe A. C., fought a nip and tuck battle for fourth place, with Algren being victorious.

He laughs best who laughs last.

Only the other day one of our fat friends said that to us.

He had always laughed at the idea of wearing ready-to-wear clothes.

His size, his girth! Ha! Ha!

Yet now he's laughing up the sleeve of one of our fine Winter suits and vows and declares he never had a better fitting suit in his life.

To say nothing of the satisfaction of knowing that he got full value for his money—no tailor's label charge.

The minute gradations of proportions in both our suits and overcoats permit of our fitting long and lean men, short and stout men, as well as the normal figure.

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BOUTS OF THE WEEK.

Eddie McGoorty and Bill Hurley in Star Show.

Quantity and quality shine alike in New York's fistic programme for the coming week. The various clubs will be as active as ever, and the pairings of boxers in many instances are of the kind that promise evenly fought battles. While there is nothing on the week's bill that will occasion the furore which attended the work of Mike Gibbons last week, there are plenty of top-notch performers in bouts that will occasion more than ordinary interest.

The appearance of Eddie McGoorty of Oshkosh, one of the most noted middleweights in the game, but a stranger to New York fistic followers, at one of the local clubs stands out as the feature of the week's programme. McGoorty has made quite a reputation for himself in the Middle West, and efforts have previously been made to bring him here, but without success until now.

The bout between Leach Cross, the Fighting Dentist, and Cy Smith of New Jersey at the Olympic Club to-night is another of the important clashes of the week. Cross has shown remarkable form in his recent bouts, and has been winning more regularly than at any time in his fighting career.

Two of New York's leading lightweights, Tommy Maloney of the west side and Jack Dorman of the Bronx, will hook up in the star bout of to-night's show at the Malvern Athletic Club in the Bronx. Dorman returned to the ring last week after a long layoff and made a most creditable showing against Pal Moore. Maloney has been quite active of late, and is in fine shape of a hard bout.

The much postponed fight between Jim Savage, the New Jersey light heavyweight, and Jim Smith of Westchester, is again scheduled for Wednesday night at the New Star Athletic Club. This bout has been postponed twice within the past two weeks.

Fighting Joe Hyland, who has just returned after a busy campaign throughout the West, has been substituted for Young Nitchie as the opponent of Young Ahearn at the American Boxing Club of Brooklyn to-night.

Nitchie, however, will not be idle. He is matched to give Jimmy Kelly of Port Chester a tryout to-morrow night at the Mount Vernon Sporting Club. Kelly has been quite successful in his recent bouts, and his work against the experienced Nitchie is the question of the hour in Mount Vernon sporting circles.

Two of New York's leading featherweights—Joe Coster of Brooklyn and Willie Jones of Brooklyn—are scheduled to mix at to-night's show of the Irving Athletic Club of Brooklyn.

Billy Uvick, the Western middleweight, who made good in his first tryout against Harry Powers a week ago, will have a more difficult time to-morrow night, when he hooks up with Sailor Burke of Brooklyn.

Kid Murphy and Barry Hill, two of the cleverest young stars in New York, will clash at the Long Acre Athletic Association Wednesday night. Murphy was formerly the American bantamweight champion, and Hill held the Metropolitan amateur title.

Soldier Delaney, the Sharkey Athletic Club heavyweight, will be the headliner at that club in the weekly show Wednesday night. His opponent is known as Jumbo Wells, but he is not the English champion of that name.

Ray Simon and Micky McDonough, Brooklyn heavyweights, will oppose each other at the Brooklyn Beach Athletic Club to-night, and Joe Bell will oppose Johnny Dohan at the Carlyle Athletic Club of Brooklyn.

The boxing and wrestling tournament which took up two nights at the Irish-American Athletic Club last week will be concluded Tuesday night. There are five boxing classes and three wrestling classes, and twenty-six bouts will be needed to complete the tourney. Five champions will have to defend their titles in the semi-finals and finals Tuesday night.

The usual Saturday night shows will be put on at the Fairmont, Long Acre, Olympic, and Sharkey Clubs in New York, the Royale, Gowanus, National, and Standard of Brooklyn, the Maspeth Athletic Club of Maspeth, and the Liberal Athletic Club of Staten Island.

STOPS HOCKEY GAME.

Columbia Trustees Stop Practice Contest at St. Nicholas Rink.

Whatever intentions the Columbia University hockey seven may have had of playing a practice game with the Seventh Regiment Armory team yesterday afternoon at St. Nicholas Rink, the game did not come off, for two reasons. One of these was that it would have been impossible to have held an official game, as there were not enough Columbia players present. The other was that the Trustees, hearing of the contemplated game, sent for Prof. Herbert G. Lord, Chairman of the University Committee on Athletics, and requested him to go over immediately to the rink and stop any game that Columbia might have scheduled.

Capt. Trimble was on the ice practicing, with four other members of the Light Blue and White seven and the Seventh Regiment squad, when the professor arrived. He was immediately called off the ice, and he then explained to Prof. Lord that no game was being played or had been scheduled. Some of the Columbia players, he stated, had wished to come down on Sunday to practice, or skate even, but there was not any official team practice on Sunday, and if the men engaged in scrub games at that time it was not as a Columbia team.

The explanation of the Columbia Captain seemed to satisfy Prof. Lord, and he did not call the men off the rink, although he got Trimble to promise that no game would be played. It was evident that the soldiers had come prepared for a game, but they agreed to merely practice together with the Columbia players and let things go at that. No referees were allowed on the ice and no account of goal making was kept.

It has always been the rule that no Columbia team shall play any games on Sunday, and Prof. Lord emphatically stated yesterday that no exception to this hard-and-fast rule was to be permitted because the team might be playing outside of the university or at such a place as a public rink. Any infringement of this rule by a team is sufficient to cause its abolition at the university if the Trustees see fit.

TO PICK OLYMPIC SWIMMERS.

Otto Wahle's Plan to Select Team to be Followed.

Early this Fall Otto Wahle of the Swimming Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union recommended the holding of the aquatic indoor championships of 1912 a few weeks in advance of the usual time in order to allow candidates for the coming Olympic Games in Sweden to have a thorough rest before taking up training for the international events. The plan met with favor, and the schedule has been outlined according to his ideas.

Local and district championships will take place in January. For the metropolitan swimming races both the New York A. C. and the City A. C. have put in bids. The Mercury Foot organization wants the 100 and 500 yard contests, and the City A. C. the furlong. The latter event will be held on Jan. 20. The 100-yard race has been set tentatively for Jan. 6, and the 500-yard one at Jan. 27, but these dates have yet to be passed upon by the Governors of the New York A. C. The National championships will be distributed throughout February, and, as usual, they will be allotted in small parcels to the various clubs applying for sanctions. New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Chicago, and St. Louis all expect to get their share.

Owing to the impossibility of holding try-outs for the Olympic swimming team the championship results will unquestionably influence the choice of candidates, though, of course, there being no distance races held indoors, the open water performances of last Summer will have to be taken into consideration in picking representatives for the 400 and 1,500 meter swims, as well as for the high fancy diving.

Considerable interest has been aroused by the announcement that several college stars will be entered for the championship meets. Yale and Princeton in particular hope that they may be represented at Stockholm. Eben and Frank Cross, the Tiger leaders, will make a strong bid for the relay team, and John Stoddart, the Yale fancy diver, is one of the cleverest men in the country in work off the ten-foot springboard.

College Settlement Team Wins.

The College Settlement basket ball team defeated the Young Men's Hebrew Association team, champions of Bayonne, yesterday, by the score of 42 to 26. Although the score was one-sided, the game was marked by plenty of clever shooting on the part of both quintets and was productive of plenty of fast shooting and passing.

Baumritter and Rosenfeld played the best game of the winners, making seven and six field goals, respectively, while the best work of the defeated team was don by Feinberg, who caged the ball from the field a total of four times.

200,000 COMPETE IN P. S. A. L. SPORTS

Great Strides Being Made by Schoolboys in Athletic Competition.

Under the rules of the Board of Education permitting each school of the greater city to devote one school day each year to field day sports, 100 of the schools held all-day outings in which fully 75,000 children enjoyed the holiday and the athletic events. During this year over 200,000 children have participated in the athletics of the P. S. A. L.

The field days which were inaugurated in 1906 continue to increase in the matter of competitors each year. In 1911 153 schools held meets, in which 47,000 boys competed, an increase of 11,000 over last year, and as against 16,000 entered in the first year; 1,200 teachers acted as officials at these games; 3,420 boys won medals in the year's separate school games, and 157 banners were awarded to the school classes that won the greatest number of points in the games.

The percentage of entries in the year's games, (as compared with the total enrollment of the schools' grammar grades,) was in many cases very high. At School 43, Brooklyn, (which was awarded the all-city plaque for high percentage of entries and high scores in the games,) 943 boys were entered and competed in the school's field day games, out of a total of 1,070 boys in the grammar grades of the school.

Following are some of the schools that had the largest number of boys in their games, the figures given being the actual numbers of competitors:

School 62, Manhattan, 1,070; School 83, Manhattan, 1,000; School 43, Brooklyn, 943; School 34, Manhattan, 850; School 2, Manhattan, 800; School 19, Manhattan, 850; School 10, Manhattan, 602; School 158, Manhattan, 600; School 109, Manhattan, 552; School 147, Manhattan, 548; School 64, Manhattan, 530; School 46, Manhattan, 547; School 160, Manhattan, 586; School 84, Manhattan, 520; School 27, Manhattan, 500; School 27, Brooklyn, 332; School 158, Brooklyn, 330; School 10, Bronx, 393; School 40, Bronx, 337; School 25, Bronx, 317; School 5, Queens, 338; School 34, Queens, 236, and School 14, Richmond, 277.

The final meet was held at the Curtis Athletic Field, with 750 contestants and about 5,000 spectators. In the elementary indoor championship games 624 boys, representing sixty-five schools, entered. In the elementary schools basket ball tournament 107 teams entered. In the elementary schools indoor and outdoor swimming contests 800 boys, representing fifty schools, entered. In the elementary schools outdoor novice and championship games 759 boys, representing sixty schools, participated. In soccer football eight high school teams and eight from elementary schools competed.

In baseball there were seventy teams, and the final games were witnessed by 28,000 spectators. Every high school in the city has entered a team for the 1912 baseball tournament. The league itself has held sixteen championship events and sanctioned five others. The city championship in the elementary schools was won in 1911 for the third time by P. S. 62, John S. Roberts, Principal. This school made 80 points in the different games, as against 70 points made by P. S. 1, Richmond, and 40 points by P. S. 14, Richmond.

Cleveland Releases Four Players.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Dec. 10.—Pitchers "Cy" Falkenberg, Winchell, and Reisigl and Outfielder Dave Callahan were released by Manager Harry Davis of the Cleveland American League Baseball team ysterday. Falkenberg, who has been with the Cleveland Club for three years will go to Toledo, where he may be appointed manager. Winchell goes to Dayton, Callahan to New Orleans, and Reisigl to New Haven.

COLLEGE DIVING RULES.

Many Important Changes Made by Intercollegiate Association.

Important rulings in regard to the fancy dive were made yesterday at a meeting of the Intercollegiate Swimming Association held at Columbia University. The entire afternoon was devoted to a discussion of new rules to govern this event, and the matter was completely thrashed out before a compromise satisfactory to all of the representatives was reached. The task of arranging the schedule was not delved into very deeply, and there are still several changes necessary before it can be given out as authoritative.

It was voted that all dives in this event should be from the low board. All high springboards or stands cannot be made use of in competition, and no dives are to be made from any towers. In the outdoor diving this is the main feature of the fancy diving contests, where the higher a stand a diver chooses to dive from the more credit attaches to the dive. Attempts have been made to carry this feature into the indoor diving trials, but the idea has met with opposition, and the representatives from the Eastern colleges yesterday voted against a high dive.

General dissatisfaction was expressed last season among the college teams in the hapazard manner in which the fancy diving contests were run off when there seemed to be no schedule of dives, no regular fixed system of giving credit, and no very general basis of form on which the divers were to be rated. A schedule of dives was drawn up. This will not take away from the men their usual privilege of working up individual dives, but it will fix the scope of the regulation series of dives which precede the individual ones.

In regard to the form on which the judges are to base their ratings, the intercollegiate body has decided that they are now to take into consideration their form of approach, their confidence, and their spirit. It was contended that this made the task of judging the dives a hazier undertaking than it was before. But Columbia, Yale, and Princeton favored the insertion of these new factors in crediting a dive and they finally prevailed.

The final change in regard to the dive created the greatest discussion of all. When it was proposed that all standing, sitting, and handstand dives be entirely eliminated, there was a storm of opposition, as these sorts of combinations have figured prominently in the individual dives worked up for the meets. But it was argued that this was more a form of acrobatic work than diving, and therefore ought to be checked. The motion was carried. This will mean a very radical change in the diving for the coming season, and will mean that many of the college aquatic men will have to work up entirely new dives.

R. C. Patterson, President of the association, presided at the meeting. Among the representatives were J. Beals, Secretary, Yale; L. Finger, C. C. N. Y.; F. Gosnell, Princeton, and H. M. Barker, E. Colby, and F. Culman, Columbia.

New York in Second Place.

Local billiard enthusiasts are much interested in the New York-Pittsburgh amateur three-cushion series, which begins to-night in the latter city. John Dankelman, who has done more than any other player to keep the local club near the top, left last night for Pittsburgh. Before returning he will have visited Pittsburgh, Chicago, Kansas City, and St. Louis, playing three games in each place. Many persons contend that the Western players outclass their Eastern rivals at the difficult angle game, but this does not worry John Doyle, as he expects Dankelman to get more than an even break on his swing around the circle. Below is the standing of the National Billiard League to date:

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	14	4	.777	Pittsburgh	9	9	.500
New York	11	7	.611	Kansas City	8	10	.444
Philadelphia	10	8	.555	Boston	6	12	.333
Brooklyn	9	9	.500	St. Louis	5	13	.277

De Oro and Daly to Play.

Alfred De Oro, the champion, and John Daly are to clash to-night in the opening game of a three nights' match at Doyle's Forty-second Street room. The men are to play 150 points at three-cushion billiards for a purse of $2,500. Tom Gallagher has been selected to referee.

AUTOMOBILE CLUB WILL DINE TAFT

President to Attend Annual Dinner at Waldorf-Astoria Hotel on Dec. 20.

Reservations are being made for the twelfth annual banquet of the Automobile Club of America, which will be held on Wednesday evening, Dec. 20, at 6:30 o'clock, in the grand ball room and Astor Gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel. President William H. Taft will be the guest of honor, while nearly all the members of his Cabinet are expected to be on hand. Already several hundred applications have been made, and as the number of covers will necessarily be limited, Secretary Fosdick has notified the members to make early application for reservation.

Henry Sanderson, President of the club, will preside at the dinner, with President Taft on his right. It is expected that President Taft will make an important speech dealing particularly with the good roads movement, with the prospect of Federal aid. The other speakers will be of exceptional prominence.

The banquet will be an event of international interest, as the Ambassadors of some of the European nations, as well as the executive heads of the various national automobile clubs in the International Association of Recognized Automobile Clubs, have been invited to attend.

Members and guests will be placed at small tables, and special attention will be given to requests as to seating. Individual members, as well as those who are making up parties, should send in their applications without delay—none can be accepted after Saturday.

Each member subscribing for one or more covers will be entitled upon request to receive, without additional charge, two coupon reserved box tickets, until the supply is exhausted, for the accommodation of ladies in the boxes surrounding the banquet room. Following is the Banquet Committee:

Henry R. Taylor, Chairman; C. Ledyard Blair, George C. Boldt, Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, Hon. John A. Dix, John H. Flagler, Hon. E. H. Gary, Hon. William J. Gaynor, Hon. Myron T. Herrick, Colgate Hoyt, Henry B. Joy, Richard V. Lindabury, Rev. Wilton Merle-Smith, J. Pierpont Morgan, Hon. Levi P. Morton, Henry Phipps, Percy R. Pyne, Thomas F. Ryan, Charles Steele, William H. Truesdale, Henry Walters, Hon. Joseph H. Choate, Jay Cooke, 3d, Walter D. Denegre, H. C. Frick, Charles W. Gordon, Oliver G. Jennings, Alvin W. Krech, Samuel Mather, John G. Milburn, Dave H. Morris, Hon. Truman H. Newberry, Gen. Horace Porter, William C. Reick, Henry Sanderson, Edward T. Stotesbury, Frederick D. Underwood, William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Albert H. Wiggin, Henry Rogers Winthrop, Orrel A. Parker, Secretary.

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The "Cadillac" owes it's selling vogue to it's telling style.
Well-made, because hand-made
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FOR SALE BY
A. Raymond & Co
MEN'S OUTFITTERS
NASSAU AND FULTON STS

NEW REVOLVER RECORD.

John A. Dietz Scores 475 Points Out of Possible 500.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 10.—A new revolver record is announced by Secretary-Treasurer J. B. Crabtree of the United States Revolver Association, in which John A. Dietz of the Manhattan Revolver Club of New York recently scored 475 points out of a possible 500. The record was made with 50 shots at 50 yards, and is considered remarkably high. It was previously held by Dr. I. R. Calkins of this city at 465 until raised a few months ago to 467 by J. E. Gorman of San Francisco.

Giants Down Almendares Again.

HAVANA, Dec. 10.—The New York National League baseball team continued their successful run to-day and defeated Almendares by the score of 6—3.

Buy of the Maker

READY for immediate delivery, Limousine and Landaulet Automobile bodies.

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1 Ton Truck.....$1800.00

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Readers of The New York Times are able to purchase automobiles. Advertisements in this column bring results.

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REAL AUTO BARGAINS!
This Week to make room for new stock —50 FINE CARS, incl. PACKARD, PEERLESS, LOCO, PREMIER, PIERCE (Limousine), HUDSONS, RAMBLERS, MAXWELLS, OVERLANDS, CHALMERS, BUICKS, HUPS, BRUSH, FORDS, REGALS and THOMAS TAXIS, large cars, $650 to $1,850. The smaller ones from $175 to $800.
EASY PAYMENTS when required and Exchanges.
TOPS, all sizes, from $10 to $25.
RADIATORS at ¼ of regular prices.
$50 RUMBLE SEATS, at $12.50.
WINDSHIELDS from $5 upwards.
TIRES & TUBES, lowest prices in City. 34x4, $15; other sizes to correspond.
Send for our "TIRE PRICE WRECKER."
TIMES SQUARE AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1,708-1,718 B'way—54th St. Phone 7366 Col.

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Closing Out 200 New and 2d hand Limousine and Landaulet Bodies
AT ANY FAIR OFFER!
Won't carry them over; so "Get Busy."
A1 Quinby Bodies, $400-$500; Healy's... $800
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New Cole and Woops.....................$1,100
Other New Bodies, (best makes)..$450-$900
60 2d hand...................$100, $150, $200
50 2d hand..............$250, $350, $450, $500
ALL "SNAPS" AND EVERY STYLE.
"ARENA," 124 to 130 West 56th St.
(Body Dept. of Broadway Auto Exchange,)
L. C. JANDORF, President.

AUTOS—LOWEST PRICES "NOW."
New York's Automobile Bargain Establishment "Par Excellence."—PRICES, $200 to $3,000.—
FOR CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS.
Every known make and all styles. Examinations invited; demonstrations cheerfully given. "Square Deals." BODIES, CLOSED, ROCK-BOTTOM, ready for your chassis—whole job complete. TIRES A1—40% to 70% off.
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25—6-cylinder town car, new Quinby body, a rare chance to get a high-grade car at a low price.
45—4-cylinder, 7-passenger touring body, with top, full equipment, almost new, at a bargain.
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For Sale.—Three 1911 Lexington demonstrators: torpedo, roadster, and 5-passenger touring; completely overhauled and guaranteed. C. S. Baeder, 1,993 Broadway.

CHALMERS "FORTY" TOURING car, rebuilt and repainted. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, New York.

Stevens small 6, like new, fully equipped; big bargain; $1,000. Premier Co., 1,759 Broadway.

Closing out new limousine and landaulet bodies. Auto Body and Taxicab Co., 1,700 Broadway.

CHALMERS cars, rebuilt, repainted, and guaranteed. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, City.

REO touring cars, 4-cylinder, fully equipped, in perfect shape. REO CO., 1,768 B'way.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

AUTOMOBILES AND BODIES.
Green's Purchasing Agency, old Brewster Building, 1,587-1,589 Broadway, corner 48th St.: used automobiles of the highest grades can be purchased from us at sacrifice prices; we have the largest showrooms in the city and the greatest variety of cars to select from; all makes, from $125 to $3,000; demonstrations cheerfully given; satisfactory time payments arranged; if you want to sell your car quickly bring it here.

We have a few high-grade used cars of standard makes, which have been taken in trade for Alcos. They have been thoroughly overhauled and are in perfect running order. All are fully equipped.
We also have a few used Alcos. All have been thoroughly overhauled. A new car guarantee will be given with each.
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For hire, Packards, 1910, landaulets, limousines, $3.50, $4 per hour; theatre calls, $5; lowest weekly, monthly rates. BACKUS, telephone 6294—Lenox.

For Hire—Peerless touring; hour, week, month. Verlangier, 165 East 120th St. Tel. 1443 Harlem.

Packards—Limousine, Landaulette, Regular Customers, $2.50-$4.00 hour. Theatre calls $5.00. Murray Hill 610.

Packards, powerful, magnificent, 7-passenger, $3-$4.50 hour. Theatre, $3 hour. Murray Hill 91.

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AUTOMOBILE PAINTING, REPAIRING, AND OVERHAULING, TOPS, SLIP COVERS, WIND SHIELDS, STORAGE, AND AUTOMOBILES TO RENT.
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CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
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KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,922 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.
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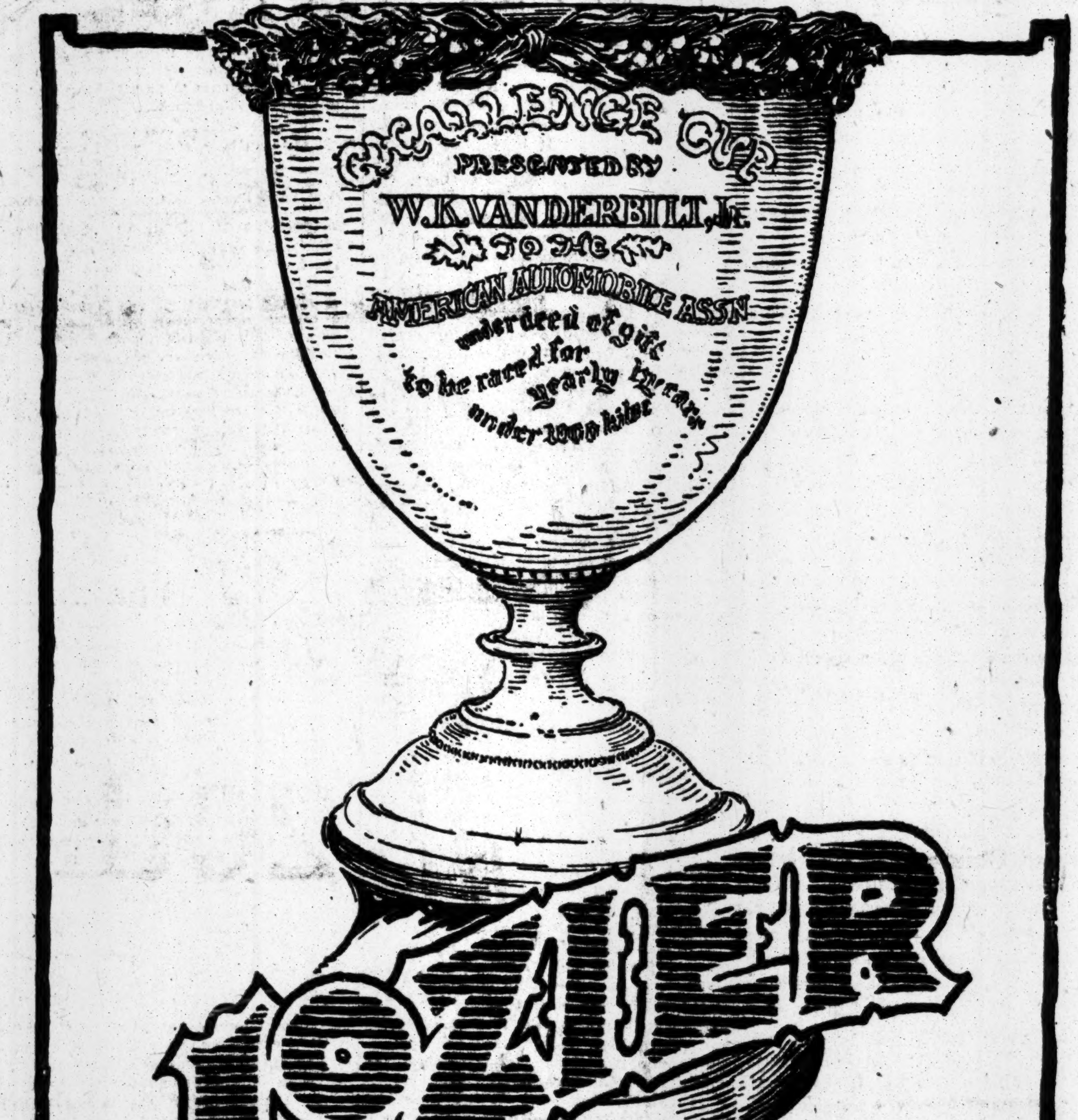

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, DEC. 11, 1911.

THE SENATE AND THE PEOPLE.

We accept the chastening remarks of our respected correspondent, Admiral MAHAN, as to our treatment of the majority of the Senators on the Foreign Affairs Committee, in the spirit in which they are offered. Since our strictures on this little body of gentlemen, who may or may not represent the majority of the Senate, impress the Admiral as unduly severe, there must be some ground for such criticism. We hasten to say, therefore, that nothing could be further from our intentions than to deny to the Senators all proper independence in the exercise of their representative functions or to disturb the impartial working of their minds by appeals to popular sentiment, still less by "popular outcry."

But it remains true that the Senate, in the exercise of its independent judgment, does consider, always will, and ought to consider, distinct manifestations of popular feeling and conviction, when they take a sincere, sober, and authoritative form. We are not sure that "calm discussion and clear conclusions" cannot be advanced even in the "mass meetings and public dinners" which our friend decries. It is to be remembered that these are in part precisely the agencies to which the President of the United States has resorted to inform the public as to the objects of the treaties under discussion and as to the means adopted by the Administration to secure those objects. Mr. TAFT has gone "to the country," in the English phrase, and in all sorts of public assemblies, as large as could be got together, as well as at the hospitable boards of numerous organizations throughout the land, he has pleaded his case. Of course he has done so with dignity and courtesy, but he has done so with great earnestness, not at all coldly, and with very pointed argument addressed to the Senators who disagree with him.

And why should he not? Look for a moment at the essential point of difference which the Senators in the Committee have raised. It is that they cannot surrender their powers and that if they did they might be forced to consent to arbitrate questions that cannot be arbitrated, such as the Monroe Doctrine, the regulation of immigration, the integrity of our territory. Is this true or not? That is a matter as to which the people have a right to as much and as enlightening information as they can get. They ought not to be, and they will not be, shut up to the views of a few Senators on the Committee. The President, with the complete support of the Secretary of State, says that the objection of these particular Senators is without foundation. Mr. KNOX says that the Senate is not asked to give up its powers. He points out that at the last stage of every agreement to arbitrate the agreement goes to the Senate for that body to act on "with all its powers unimpaired." The President has said the same thing in all parts of the land. Both have shown that none of the matters cited by the objecting Senators can come within the scope of the pending treaties.

In plain English, the majority Senators on the committee are holding up treaties, the beneficence of whose purpose they cannot deny, on grounds of objection that cannot stand careful examination, and on a statement of facts which the President and Secretary of State, necessarily fully acquainted with all the facts, declare to be entirely erroneous. The great body of intelligent Americans are immensely interested in the aim of these treaties. They are appealed to by the President to express their feeling in order to overcome obstruction in the Senate. The President's appeal is seconded in the press and by the voices of a great number of citizens to whom the public usually listen with profound respect, even when they are heard in mass meetings and at public dinners. This does not strike us as at all a discouraging thing. It strikes us as a wholesome thing, quite within the rational bounds of public action. We do not see that it hampers or interferes with the function of sound representation in the least. On the contrary, it appears to us to be an admirable instance of the manner in which a free, intelligent, moral, and peace-loving people can rightly influence their representatives. We do not expect, we do not ask, the Senators of the majority of the Committee on Foreign Affairs to surrender their judgment or silence their conscience. We should despise them if they did. But we do ask, and we believe the great body of citizens who have examined this matter with care will ask, that they open their minds to the facts and the reasoning which the President and many others have submitted. If they cannot do this, or if with open minds they still remain in opposition, it will be merely the operation of true, representative government if in time their seats are given to others.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.

Taxicabs and other motor vehicles, including huge drays and trucks, and all manner of contrivances that go on wheels, rush northward and southward on Central Park West, on one side of the road, and often at a high rate of speed. No other street in the city is quite so dangerous as this. A citizen of prominence was badly injured as he alighted from an electric car at the corner of Seventieth Street Saturday night. Many other persons have been hurt in that neighborhood, many have been killed.

A plan is afoot to make Central Park West as nearly safe as other thoroughfares in Manhattan. None is too safe. To get about safely in New York streets one must have all his wits about him. But Central Park West can be made comparatively safe if the northward and southward traffic can be separated. It would be a simple matter to cut fifteen feet from the easterly sidewalk, which is now twenty-seven feet wide, and thus widen the roadway, so that northbound vehicles could travel on the east side of the car tracks, and the westerly roadway be reserved for southbound traffic. A sidewalk of ample width, twelve feet, would be left along the Central Park wall.

No invasion of the Park is threatened. There is no job in this scheme. It is favored by every resident of Central Park West, every owner of property on that avenue, and every citizen who is aware of the dangerous condition that now prevails there.

WHERE IS DOROTHY ARNOLD?

One year ago to-morrow DOROTHY ARNOLD, daughter of a merchant of large means dwelling in this city, a young woman with a host of friends and acquaintances, disappeared suddenly. She was last seen walking on Fifth Avenue. She had made purchases in a bookshop and a grocery store. Many tales supposed to be related to her disappearance have since been told, but not one of them has proved well-founded. All sorts of theories have been advanced, but all have been discredited. Miss ARNOLD vanished and, so far as is known, no trace of her has ever been discovered. The family has been gravely accused of knowing where she is, and refusing to tell. That is natural yet most unreasonable. If the family had desired to keep her disappearance a secret they need not have made the fact known. The common mind always seeks the most commonplace explanation of a mystery. So, it seems, do most of the police detectives.

But DOROTHY ARNOLD, after a whole year, is missing. Trained detectives and alert reporters have followed up every clue, without avail. Where is she? The year that is closing has been prolific in startling and thrilling incidents, in noteworthy achievements, in good deeds and bad, in wars and disasters. But it has developed no mystery comparable with this.

WORKINGMEN'S COMPENSATION.

The situation as to compensation for injuries suffered by workingmen is at present somewhat confused, but there are signs of substantial progress. We are confident that the various plans under discussion or actual experiment in different States will yield, in the long run, practical results of value to both employers and employés.

These plans pursue, in a general way, two principles, one that of compulsory compensation by employers, the other that of State insurance from a fund contributed by employers. There are instances, as in Massachusetts, where it is sought to combine the two principles. In this State the plan of compulsory compensation by employers was embodied in the Wainwright law, some features of which were found to be unconstitutional by the Court of Appeals. Opinions differ as to whether the objectionable features can be removed by amendment. In view of this doubt, it has been proposed to amend the Constitution. This would involve some delay, but if the amendment were voted by the Legislatures of 1912 and 1913, it could be submitted to the people in the Fall of 1913, and a law could be passed to go into effect if, and when, the amendment should be adopted by popular vote.

Other things being equal, it seems to us that direct compensation is preferable to State insurance. Most of the reasons for this preference were clearly and cogently set forth by J. WALTER LORD, Esq., Chairman of the Maryland branch of the Civic Federation, in THE TIMES of Sunday. One of the strongest is that the compensation is paid by the employer in whose business the injuries occur; no one pays for another. A direct consequence of this would necessarily be a definite incitement to the employer to prevent injuries. Plainly this would be far more effective than mere official inspection; in one case there is the powerful motive of self-interest, in the other the far weaker motive of official duty. The former would not only be stronger, but it would be constant and active. Compensation for injuries would become a specific element in the cost of doing business and would be watched with the alertness, foresight, and intelligence shown as to other elements in that cost. Against extraordinary compensation from disaster—fires, explosions, &c.—the employers would naturally protect themselves by insurance.

Meanwhile there is an element in this question which does not, we think, receive quite as much attention as it deserves, the risk of making employés reckless by assuring them compensation only vaguely conditioned. It is, of course, provided in the bills looking to insurance as to compensation, that the employé guilty of "willful" misconduct forfeits his rights. But we think the matter should receive definite treatment. It might not be possible to set forth specific regulations in a statute, but employers might be authorized to make reasonable rules, subject to approval by the proper authorities, the violation of which should bar recovery of compensation. The history of all risky occupations is full of instances of amazing attempts to evade rules made for the safety of workmen. This tendency should clearly be recognized, and as far as possible checked, in the interest of the workingmen as much as of the employers.

THE PENSION BILL DEBATE.

The debate on the Sherwood Pension bill in the House of Representatives has developed more Democratic opposition to this obviously political measure than was expected. The idea has been that the bill to increase the pension lists by about $40,000,000 yearly, more or less, would soon pass the House and probably be "held up" in the Senate. But two Southern members, TRIBBLE of Georgia and DIES of Texas, spoke with vehemence against the measure on Saturday, and on the general subject of pension legislation as political graft were both on safe ground. The strongest objection to the Sherwood bill is that its provision for service pensions is an addition to a vast annual expenditure for pensions which is not likely to be decreased for many years to come.

The payment of pensions to men who served the Republic in the civil war and now, in their old age, lack the means of support, would have the approval of all the people. But before the Sherwood bill can become a law, it will be necessary to revise the whole pension system, cut off the pensions of people who are not entitled to them, and bring the annual appropriation for this account down to a reasonable sum. To pass the Sherwood bill now would mean to increase the annual payments for pensions to $200,000,000, when our total expenditures for the army and navy amount to only $215,000,000 or thereabout. This is preposterous.

SUBWAY DELAY SIGNS.

When there is a blockade in the Subway hereafter the stations along the line will not be crowded by waiting passengers. The Public Service Commission on Saturday issued an order to the Interborough Company to post delay signs in all the stations affected by a block, within ten minutes of the beginning of the delay in the daytime and within twenty minutes through the night hours. Hitherto when trains have been blocked stations have soon been overcrowded. Notice of the delay has frequently been withheld and most persons who have paid five cents for transportation are unwilling to lose their money.

Doubtless the negligence of the officials of the company in this matter has been generally explainable. There has never been a very serious accident in the Subway, and most delays are brief. But there have been a few which have lasted a long while and held hundreds of persons imprisoned in the tunnel who might have taken other conveyances if they had been informed in time of the block. The Interborough Company's employés are trained never to know anything about the condition of the line. Notices of delays have rarely been posted, so that the interference of the Public Service Commission has been made necessary.

A FAMILY AFFAIR.

A recent English writer remarks that an Englishman is by instinct and reason law abiding, but he hates and loathes by-laws and petty regulations, and will fight them more bitterly than he would a substantial oppression. Mr. LLOYD-GEORGE is finding that this is even more true of English women. He has brought upon his head a perfect storm of indignation and threatened revolt by his benevolent attempt to secure insurance for domestic servants.

Mistresses and maids alike rebel. The latter insist that the 7s. 6d. per week (about $1.85) which they would receive, on condition that they are in their own homes, is not worth near what it would cost, and in many cases is not worth anything, since they have no settled homes to go to. The premiums are to be sixpence a week, paid in the first instance by the employer, who buys stamps, and must stick one worth threepence on the servant's card each week, keeping the amount out of the wages when due. The servant and the employer have the right to sue each other if payments are not made. The servant out of a place must buy and paste on her card sixpence in stamps each week. Against these provisions both mistresses and maids are literally in arms. Here is a specimen of the mistress's temper, a letter written to The Daily Mail:

> Sir: I am an English mistress of twenty-six years' experience.
>
> I shall not pay this "mistress and servant tax," and I shall not pay it for my servants.
>
> My orderly home life shall not be interfered with and upset by a tyrannical law.
>
> I lead a busy domestic life, but I am ready to strike and ready to fight.
>
> EDITH R. BUTLER.
> 71 Iverna Court, Kensington, W.

A maid writes:

> Sir: Being a general servant, I find I have quite enough to do to help keep an invalid mother and keep myself respectable on what wage I earn.
>
> Now I find that Mr. LLOYD-GEORGE is going to rob me of 3d. per week to help keep people who will not help themselves and the Inspectors whom he will have to see the stamps are put on the forms. I think it a most cowardly act on his part to rob the poor people, as he will do by this unjust insurance scheme. I for one will not pay, and absolutely refuse to pay the fine, so Mr. LLOYD-GEORGE will have the pleasure of sending me to prison.
>
> DOROTHY D. SMITH.
> 46 Tower Road, W., St. Leonards-on-Sea.

Poor Mr. GEORGE. He has made many a worse blunder in his office than this one, but all combined will not cost him and his party so much.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Another Report on the Maine.

With every frame and plate of the Maine laid bare for convenient and careful inspection, the Vreeland Board reaches a conclusion in all essential particulars identical with that reported by the original Sampson Board, which was based on nothing more than the observations of divers, made when the wreck was deeply submerged in the murky waters of Havana Harbor. The decision, now as then, is that the sinking of the Maine was caused by the detonation of a "low" explosive on the outside, which blew inward and upward the ship's bottom, and thus caused the explosion, certainly of one and probably another, of her own magazines, the greater part of the destruction being the result of these secondary concussions.

Whether this confirmation of the first report was worth the money it cost depends upon how much weight one has ascribed to the doubts of some and the denials of others, in this country and abroad, of the accuracy of the Sampson Board's findings. Every such doubt and denial had for basis, of course, only a willingness to ascribe either incompetency or dishonesty to the naval officers of whom that board was composed. That willingness was comprehensible enough when shown by the foreigners who resented any interference by the United States with what they regarded as the private affairs of a European monarchy. Its manifestation by a small but highly articulate group of citizens of this country is not so easy to understand. One glimpses vaguely in it hatred of war as war, no matter how caused or how well justified—in other words, the wish for peace at any price—and, still further submerged, the irritation that follows a display of fear that afterward turns out to have been groundless, and therefore ridiculous.

The chances are that neither the foreigners nor the Americans who have hitherto rejected the outside explosion theory will even now make public confession that they were wrong. They can still say that, as the bomb or mine used has not been found, the cause of the explosion remains, after all, a matter of opinion, and that the mystery will not be cleared up, that belief or suspicion that the explosion was wholly interior can persist until the identity of the man or men who fired the supposed mine has been discovered and proved. That is in a measure true, but it is a demand for a degree of certainty which the circumstances of the case preclude, and in matters of opinion it is only fair to take the best.

A Princess Promptly Subjugated.

Probably only a few "inner circles," social and dynastic, will ever know just why the Princess EULALIA, after expressing, one day, a lofty indifference to anything the youthful head of her family might do to her, should the next have submitted to the royal will, withdrawn her book from the publisher's hands—presumably, though nothing is said about that in the dispatches—and in effect promised to be, if not a good little girl, at least as good as any little girl could be.

The mysteries in the case are indeed many. The first and largest of them, perhaps, is why the King of Spain, himself a fairly progressive youth, who has broken with not a few ancient customs and restrictions, should have become excited over the printing by his aunt of opinions which, judging by those which were carefully allowed to leak out as advance information, were of an unconventionality so mild that in these days it would pass with as little of notice as of condemnation except as coming from a Princess whom rumor describes as of a particular friskiness. By writing on the subject of divorce much what the Princess is supposed to have written, ELLEN KEY did not gain even the glory of having her "Love and Marriage" excluded from the shelves of the public libraries. At any rate, there has been no news of any such exclusion.

Poor EULALIA, however, was only too lucky in exciting antagonism, and it turned out to be antagonism which, in spite of all her haughty utterances about courts and etiquette, and her determination to be a free woman, promptly brought her into humble submission to the authority she had scorned. There are plausible hints that the King's power lay in his ability to deprive the Princess of her income, or a large part of it. That often does give power. The Princess herself says that the appeal to which she listened was in the name of Spain—the country she loves so much, though she obviously prefers to live in another. That explanation sounds well, especially if uttered in a loud voice and rapidly, but what harm EULALIA's book could have done to Spain or to the Spanish Government it would be hard to tell. Both have endured and survived much larger royal scandals than the book could have possibly produced by its belated heresies—its amusing beating of the bones of the dead.

And, of course, sooner or later, that book is going to come out. Its permanent suppression now would be a waste of free advertising not to be tolerated in a country where everything is utilized as carefully as in France.

THE COST OF LIVING.

Should Farmers Increase Production at a Loss to Themselves?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The address of Prof. Holden, reported in a recent issue of THE TIMES, suggests a few questions the pertinence of which, perhaps, depends on the point of view.

Why is it that when "the cost of living" is to be "reduced" the farmer is always selected as the "goat"? Why is he always asked to produce more and sell for less, that others may reap the benefit of his labors?

Why does not some political economy sharp suggest that the shoemaker manufacture more shoes, the tailor make more clothes, and the landlord build more houses, until the market for these "necessities of existence" is overstocked and the producer compelled to dispose of his product at a loss? Can you imagine the shriek of protest that would rend the air?

Why should the farmer be especially interested in reducing the cost of living in New York, especially when the reduction is expected to come out of his own pocket? Why should he try to raise more corn to the acre, when the more he raises the less he receives for it, both per unit and in the aggregate? Take Prof. Holden's own figures for Iowa. The farmer raises 340,000,000 bushels of corn and sells it for 38 cents per bushel—$129,000,000. He raises 270,000,000 and receives 60 cents a bushel—$162,000,000. For a crop of 70,000,000 less corn he is paid $33,000,000 more. In the South he produces 10,000,000 bales of cotton and sells it for 15 cents a pound—$750,000,000. On practically the same acreage he raises 12,000,000 bales, and the price drops to 9 cents a pound, (less than the cost of production,) and he gets for his crop $540,000,000—$210,000,000 less cash for 2,000,000 bales more cotton!

Is farming a business or a philanthropic enterprise? If the former, does it not behoove the farmers to get together and keep production on a level with consumption, as other business men do, so that he may receive an adequate return for his labors? If the latter, why not carry it to its logical conclusion and "reduce the cost of living" by giving away all he produces, except what is absolutely necessary for his own sustenance, and trusting to some other philanthropic agency to provide for the education of his family and pension himself when he is no longer able to work for the general good?

THOMAS W. BROADHURST.
Robertsdale, Ala., Dec. 5, 1911.

Liquor Selling in the Parks.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am reminded by reading your editorial article on "Taverns in Public Parks" that a year or more ago in print I called the attention of the W. C. T. U. to the fact that in the public parks in the city liquor was for sale, and that it was up to that organized foe of liquid immorality to confine the liquor traffic at least to private individuals. Judging from recent and other events, the W. C. T. U. must have overlooked my admonition in the rush. Be that as it may, it is not too late now for the W. C. T. U. to read your able editorial and go after the city authorities for permitting the sale of liquor on city property. The W. C. T. U. will not, perhaps, indorse my sentiments to the extent that if the city does permit liquor to be sold on its property it should regulate the price of a drink to cost, and not permit Waldorf prices for a simple little tonic like a highball when a man is thirsty and there is danger of microbes in the public water fountains, but these are my sentiments, and I hope if the city continues to provide means of getting a jag in the parks it will compel popular prices.

By the way, I notice that the cab rate in the parks is $3 an hour, and I would like to know if, when the patrol wagon goes into a park after a jag victim, he is charged the extra rate in his subsequent court costs?

New York, Dec. 5, 1911. INQUIRER.

Accepters of Librarians' Salaries.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Emerson Literary Club is so insistent in maintaining that library workers are underpaid that a person with no direct interest in the matter might fairly conclude that the Emerson Club consists mostly of librarians who want more—in which case they should join the Interborough Association, becoming the Literary Branch thereof.

As a further interesting thought in the matter, they should inform us what compulsion, if any, induced them to take up the "miserably underpaid" work, also why they stay at it, also how many persons are on eligible lists or waiting lists, to whom the work would be very welcome. These begging letters, for they are nothing else, are monotonous from high school or college graduates who "accept" library positions.

New York, Dec. 6, 1911. JUNIUS II.

MILADY GOES AWAY.

Now don't forget the cat, my dear; his meat is on the shelf; give Dick fresh water—see it's clear; be careful of yourself; be sure to lock the cellar door before you leave the house; go all around and look things o'er; see if there is a mouse in any of the traps I've set; don't let the furnace go too fast—the pipe is apt to get red hot and burn, you know; you'd better keep the curtains drawn—the rugs are apt to fade; you won't be home much while I'm gone, so draw the parlor shade; be sure the big front door is fast before you go downtown; and fix the furnace fire to last by banking it well down; be sure to air the bedroom, dear—you know the proper way; I always feel a little fear when I am gone away!

Be sure to leave the milk crock out so they can leave the milk; observe if there are tramps about or any of their ilk; make all the downstairs windows fast so tramps can't get inside—I think there's bread enough to last—it's that new yeast I tried; don't let the tin pan overflow beneath the icebox, dear; it's emptied twice a day, you know; I hope I make that clear; be careful of the kitchen sink; don't let the drain pipes clog; be sure to give Old Tray a drink—he's such a faithful dog. Don't let the water faucet freeze—cold weather's apt to crack the pipes, so watch them closely, please, dear, until I get back.

And water my big fern, please, dear—it's just begun to grow; be careful of the jardinière, don't let it overflow; don't let the goldfish bowl go dry; please keep this on your mind; I know you've lots to do, but try to do what I've outlined; don't leave the windows up too long and let the house get chilled; the butter might get soft and strong, so keep the icebox filled; don't let the cat go roaming through the front part of the house, as he is very apt to do if he should hear a mouse; keep the piano closed, my dear—Jane's a good girl, 'tis true, but when her Mistress is not here, no telling what she'll do; be sure to snap the swing door lock that leads into the hall; don't fail to wind the big hall clock; and—there, I think that's all. If Jane goes out be sure to see that she comes in right soon. Good-bye, now, dear, I think I'll be back home to-morrow noon!

J. W. FOLEY.

ROOSEVELT BOOM IN JERSEY.

Ex-Gov. Stokes Sees a Way to Triumph Over His Political Enemies.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 10.—Ex-Gov. Edward C. Stokes's pronunciamento a few days ago in favor of the nomination of Roosevelt instead of Taft at the approaching Republican National Convention has aroused wide interest among the leaders of that party here. Mr. Stokes is not in accord with the organization, especially since the defeat of his bank clerk, Leavitt of Mercer, for Senate floor leader, and the fact that all who were potential in that deal are for Taft seems to have suggested to his mind that a reprisal they would feel would be the organization of a counter Presidential movement.

In whatever plans he may be formulating for the spread of his Roosevelt propaganda he expects to be assisted by the provisions of the new election law, and goes on the assumption besides that Roosevelt's is as good a name as ever to conjure with. By the terms of the Geran law he can get up a petition bearing 1,000 names in favor of Roosevelt. Then in each of the counties he can put Roosevelt delegates in the field. The law permits the grouping of his set of delegates on the official ballot and their labeling, on the ballot, as favoring Roosevelt for President. If he sets the machinery in motion he assumes that the popular devotion to Roosevelt will do the rest, and that the State delegation will be turned against Taft easily.

Franklin Murphy, ex-Governor and New Jersey's member of the National Republican Committee, is devoted to President Taft's renomination. So is ex-United States Senator John Kean. These two are the absolute masters of the Republican machine in the State. If a labeled Roosevelt ticket is put in the field by Stokes they will see that an official ballot declaring for Taft is ready for use at the primaries. Ex-Gov. Murphy says that Stokes is counting without his host in assuming Roosevelt to be as strong as he was; that there is, on the contrary, no Roosevelt sentiment of any account in the State. He declares that the rank and file of the party believes in President Taft, and believes, too, that he should have the second term nomination to which party usage entitles him.

Ex-Gov. Murphy has no doubt that in a contest at the polls between Taft and Roosevelt, particularly at a time when Roosevelt is supposed to be unwilling to consent to the use of his name, Taft would beat the Stokes game in every election precinct, and that the State will send to the National Convention a solid delegation committed to the President's renomination. Those who see the situation only as onlookers think, however, that there is to be a considerable sprinkling of Roosevelt men among the delegates, and that the outlook for a warm time in the State Convention is pretty good if Stokes actively pursues his plans in Roosevelt's behalf.

The Democrats of the State look upon the division among the Republican leaders with indifference. Gov. Wilson's friends say that the Governor can beat one as easily as the other. At the same time even Gov. Wilson's friends admit that the revelation of his application to the Carnegie fund for a pension has dampened the popular ardor for him.

SECEDERS FROM CHURCH WIN

The Rev. Mr. MacNeil of Ridgefield Park Explains His Stand.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Dec. 10.—"Everybody Come to the Union Church Sunday Morning to Hear the Truth," said an advertisement in The Ridgefield Park Bulletin yesterday, and the Union Church was crowded at the morning service. Those who came were not disappointed.

A serious split occurred in the church a year ago, when a certain element demanded that the pastor, the Rev. Allan MacNeil, resign. This element, unable to make the minister resign, seceded, and established a separate organization. They are meeting every Sunday in the Masonic Hall. They bitterly assailed the pastor. For several months the Union Church and the seceders have endeavored to join the Jersey City Presbytery. Last week the Presbytery decided to accept the seceders, and for this reason Mr. MacNeil asked for a hearing.

"The responsibility of the action of the Presbytery now rests with those selected to represent them here, and with the Presbytery," said A. F. Ward, clerk of the church. "The report of the Presbytery sets forth in way of explanation, that our church has a building, free of debt, and is in a flourishing condition, whereas the seceders have neither organization nor a church building."

Mr. Ward said he and others had been turned out at the Presbytery session without a chance to be heard.

"I challenge the makeup of this special Presbytery committee," he said. "As to the Chairman, the Rev. Dr. Howe of Paterson I have nothing to say at this time, but I will say that the Rev. Dr. Herr of Jersey City has been prejudiced against our pastor for twenty years, and he could not honestly give a verdict according to the weight of evidence. He says our pastor has been a 'free lance' for twenty years, but thank God for a man who can stand alone before the world and work for those things he thinks are right, instead of through bodies of men. He says that no congregation ruled and governed by a man like Mr. MacNeil, with his broad principles, for twenty years, would make good Presbyterians. Though the Presbytery has decided against us we still have the result of twenty years' labor, and my word to you all is that the next twenty years will be even better."

"I question the judgment of the Presbytery in establishing in this little community another denomination church," said Mr. MacNeil, "for it can do nothing but intensify the strife. These people will remain rivals forever. If this sort of thing is helping the Kingdom to Come, then I'm through praying for it."

Mr. MacNeil was criticized for his absence during the greater part of the last two years, owing to illness. His opponents thought he should resign. Despite the split in the Union Church, which led to the withdrawel of about seventy-five members, eighty new members were received at the last communion, and twenty-five will be received at the next session. The seceders will have their first communion next week, and their church will be known as the First Presbyterian Church of Ridgefield Park.

Children's Aid Society Needs Help.

Announcement was made yesterday that unless the public sustains the Children's Aid Society in maintaining the Italian school at 155 Worth Street this institution, which has done good work for years in aiding helpless aliens, will have to be abandoned at once.

"Unfortunately, the rental charge of the building, which belongs to the Five Points House of Industry, is so large that we fear we may not be able to continue the school, important as it is," said C. Loring Brace, Secretary of the Children's Aid Society, yesterday. "We are convinced that one of the best works of social betterment in the city is carried on in this building, but unless the public sustains us in maintaining it we shall have to abandon it and remove the school to a smaller building elsewhere.

"The school is one of the most important and interesting efforts in behalf of the Italians in this country. Some 600 attend the day school, and as many more older children attend the afternoon and evening social and vocational classes. Noon meals are provided for the children who need them; visitors and nurses are employed to help the families; there are mothers' meetings to show them how to live, and cooking classes and a model flat in which to teach them housework. Power sewing machines, a printing office, a sign-painting shop, typewriting classes, many clubs for boys and girls, and a dancing hall for proper amusement are some of the attractive features. The Italian school is a centre of helpfulness, advice, and encouragement, day and night, for all the people of that crowded Italian colony."

The Little Red Schoolhouse.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With such methods of instruction as obtain, no wonder the little red schoolhouse, with its solid "three R's," out of which grew educational America, is a thing of the past and "exceptional" children a result of the present.

GRACE V. HALSEY.
Newark, N. J., Dec. 6, 1911.

WANT CITY SCHOOLS TO TEACH BUSINESS

Chamber of Commerce Committee Urges Courses to Fit Pupils for Work.

GAYNOR AGAINST THE IDEA

But Leading Bankers and Business Men Begin Campaign to Add Practical Studies to Curriculum.

In spite of Mayor Gaynor's expressed opposition to extension of public school courses beyond the essentials of an English education, and his skepticism about the value of the courses in French and German now provided, a campaign backed by the Chamber of Commerce, having the support of leading bankers and business men, is under way to provide a system of commercial education for the youth of the city which will be second to none in other cities of the country or of Europe.

The Chamber of Commerce, after accepting the report of a committee which had been investigating since last May the opportunities for commercial education offered by the principal cities of Europe and the United States, announced at its meeting last week the appointment of a permanent committee which includes Mortimer Schiff of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.; Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co.; Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank; Lewis Nixon, Clark Williams, President of the Windsor Trust Company; Lionel Sutro, Alexander C. Humphreys, R. A. C. Smith, Edward D. Adams, Edward Holbrook, J. Louis Schaefer, James H. Post, William Hull Wickham, Frank H. Scott, P. Brett, who is Chairman, and Sereno S. Pratt, Secretary.

The committee will endeavor immediately to put in force the recommendations of the special committee, which include some of the features of the plan in force in London for many years under the auspices of the chamber of that city. One of the immediate purposes of the committee is the establishment of a commercial scholarship fund to aid meritorious graduates of public schools in taking courses in commerce and foreign language; to establish examinations, after the London Chamber of Commerce practice, for the awarding of certificates of proficiency, and to arrange with employers to give preference to the holders of these certificates. A free employment bureau is part of the examination plan.

Of more gradual development, however, will be other projects. The scholarship fund is to be an inducement to pupils to demand courses in commerce and commercially important languages, and, as the report states, "thus lead the universities, high schools, and elementary schools to give such courses." Part of the plan to broaden the opportunities for commercial education is to have the committee co-operate with the Board of Education and other educational authorities, and the report suggests that the committee invite Columbia University, New York University, and the College of the City of New York to collaborate with it.

A more important recommendation outlines a plan by which boy and girl pupils in the public schools would begin commercial training at the age of 12, after six years of school life, instead of at 14, after eight years, the idea being that the first six years should be given over to elementary studies and the next six years to subjects which will help them earn a living. This second period is now for the majority a preparation for high school and college, but it is designed that it might be made a period of training for commercial work which would make those who must begin to earn their livings early more efficient.

Another recommendation is the establishment of evening schools in which adults could receive training for the commercial work in which they are engaged.

The plan considers the case of those who are able to take a high school course of from four to six years, and for these high schools of commerce or departments of commerce in the existing high schools are recommended, in which students should be trained in foreign languages and in the theory and practice of commercial life.

In this connection it is recommended that opportunities for higher commercial training in the universities should be increased.

The report says that school authorities are, as a rule, too far removed from commercial life and too little acquainted with the needs of a practical commercial life to manage such courses and schools successfully without the assistance of business men. It declares that there should be urged upon bankers and exporters the advantages of a mastery of the Spanish language, and the difficulty of competing for the trade of Mexico and other Spanish-speaking countries without a knowledge of their tongue.

New York already has a High School of Commerce, but President Hepburn of the Chamber of Commerce has expressed the belief that this school is not working on the right lines, because it lacks contact with business men.

SUN ENDS SNOW REMOVAL.

With Its Aid City Escapes with Expenditure of Only $180,000.

The weather was so warm yesterday that the last of the dripping piles of snow succumbed and trickled into the gutters. Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards anounced, after he had looked over the work of the sun, that the total cost of the snowfall's removal had amounted only to $180,000. This, he said, was $152,253 less than the cost of removing the first snowfall of 1910—which, by the way, was .8 of an inch less in depth.

Besides doing good work as snow removers, Mr. Edwards said, the sun and the Weather Clerk had also, so to speak, proved themselves fairly efficient as strike breakers. He ventured the opinion that the union drivers would find that they had lost so much on account of refusing to work this time that they would hardly venture to boycott the next snowfall.

There were two assaults on strike breakers yesterday. In West Fifty-second Street members of the Gas House gang stabbed Dominio Mango, a helper attached to Stable B. Besides stabbing him in the face the gangsters beat him up badly, and he had to be removed to the Flower Hospital. George Dordell, a driver, who attempted to leave Stable B shortly after Mango, was knocked to the sidewalk, kicked in the face, and beaten until he was unconscious. It was feared at the Flower Hospital that he had received a fracture of the skull.

J. P. Mitchel Has a Favorable Day.

John Purroy Mitchel, President of the Aldermen, who is confined to St. Luke's Hospital with typhoid fever, spent a favorable day yesterday, according to the hospital authorities. Mrs. Mitchel was his only caller, but many friends inquired over the telephone and were told that he was doing well and was in no danger.

Words That Trip Wellesley Students.

Special to The New York Times.

WELLESLEY, Mass., Dec. 10.—The instructors in the English courses who read the Wellesley girls' theses report the undergraduates very weak on certain words. The majority of them are absolutely helpless before the words "receive" and "believe." The vowels in the second syllable of both these words are invariably transposed. Another word that puzzles Wellesley is "separate."

OLD SMILES TAKES TO SLEEP-WALKING

Somnambulistic Tendencies of the Park Rhino a Source of Care to Mr. Snyder.

HE HUNTS IN HIS DREAMS

And Tackles Hereditary Foes He Never Saw—Park Nature Notes on a Goose and Pelican Battle.

Billy Snyder, the Central Park zoo keeper, is rather afraid that Old Smiles, the mild-mannered Park rhinoceros, has developed the sleep-walking habit. Mr. Snyder said as much yesterday as he stood in the animal house and watched Old Smiles contentedly chewing a loaf of bread Mr. Snyder had passed in through the bars of his cage.

Mr. Snyder, it should be explained, did not make this assertion to enlighten the reporter upon the habits of the wild animal, but as voicing the result of his observations as a particular friend of Smiles, whom he called "a thick-skinned old sinner," the animal all the time regarding him with friendly eyes and rubbing a horn against the bars as a signal that he wanted another loaf.

Mr. Snyder first observed what he believes to be the somnambulistic tendency of his old friend when in the dusk of the evening a few days ago, he was making a last round to see that everything was well with his charges. Right here it may be mentioned that Smiles is about 40 years old and came to this country in 1873. He was acquired by the Park in November, 1886, from the W. W. Cole collection when it was sold in New Orleans, so that Smiles has seen little of life in the wild. Mr. Snyder is of opinion, however, that somewhere back in Old Smiles's head there is a sort of sub-conscious longing for the free life of his native state, the heritage of his ancestors, and that on this particular evening when he visited the animal's house the rhino in his sleep was hearing the call of the wild.

It may be, and Mr. Snyder admits the doubt, that Old Smiles was merely suffering from an attack or nightmare after an unusually good meal. The keeper knows what that means, for on more than one occasion since he began to care for animals he himself has awakened believing for the instant that he was pursued by the Burmese tuktoo bird crying "Beckie" in shrill tones, when there wasn't a tuktoo any nearer than the zoo. In much the same way a sleeping pug dog will hunt jack rabbits he never saw.

On this occasion the somnambulistic rhinoceros had eaten much bread, mash, and crushed oats for dinner. When Mr. Snyder reached his cage the animal, his little eyes tight closed, was slowly swaying his head from side to side and grunting, as though dreaming of the life he will never know. As Mr. Snyder watched in surprise, Old Smiles started slowly toward the side of his inclosure. Then, as he got almost to it, he turned suddenly as if to ward off the attack of a foe and went charging across the narrow space. He turned before reaching the side wall and took a course sedately in the opposite direction.

Mr. Snyder pressed close against the bars and called softly to his friend, but Old Smiles paid no attention. Continuing his way, he circled the inclosure slowly, then turned with a grunt and went loping across it, turned again in a short circle as though throwing off another invisible foe, and on a run went full tilt at the partition. This time he did not turn out, but brought up head first with a bang.

"Smiles, Smiles!" called Snyder again and louder.

The animal opened his eyes, blinked for a few seconis and then lumbered over toward the bars. He rubbed his horn against them in recognition of Mr. Snyder's presence, and went back to his feeding place.

"I am positive Smiles was walking in his sleep," said Snyder yesterday, "though I could not prove it. The old fellow, I believe, was far away from Central Park in mind, when I saw and watched him fighting perhaps his hereditory foes. Who can tell? I have never seen Smiles so active before. He's a lazy beast as a rule, and sleeps much of the day away. I have not seen him sleep-walking since."

The good weather brought a crowd to the Central Park Zoo yesterday, and early comers witnessed a ludicrous combat between the arctic goose and the African pelican. The fight began when Doll, the goose, became offended because the pelican took a piece of bread which both happened to see at the same minute. They started for it, but the pelican, being nearest, reached it first and gobbled it up.

Doll lost no time in attacking. With wings outstretched she launched herself at the pelican. The larger bird side-stepped while he deposited the bread in his pouch, and when the goose came at him again, he was ready. Back and forth went the birds, advancing and retreating. Finally, the long bill of the taller bird dived downward and the head and neck of the goose disapeared, and its body fluttered, hanging down from the end of the pelican's bill. Robert Hurton, the keeper, arrived at this interesting period, and as the two were near the side bars of the inclosure he lost no time, but reached in and succeeded in getting the pelican to open his bill.

The head and neck of a very discomforted goose dropped out, and as its body struck the ground it went fluttering away across the miniature lake in the small inclosure.

"That ends the fight," said Hurton to a park policeman.

He was mistaken. The goose turned, preened itself for a short time on the other side of the inclosure, and then went charging back to where the pelican, sharing the opinion of the keeper, had resumed its thoughtful pose on one leg. Goose and pelican went at it again, with many angry squawks, the goose ever attacking, with the pelican on the defensive. Finally the goose got hold of the pelican's tail feathers, and the big bird could neither reach her nor shake her off. Hurton came running back when the policeman's warning, "They're at it again," reached him. When he got there, he saw a sight that moved him to mirth. The goose, with hold unbroken, was giving the struggling pelican the spanking of his life, beating him with her wings.

Hurton laughed so much he could not go at once into the cage. When he did get inside, the birds had worked their way into the house at the west end of the cage, and Doll was still whiping the big bird. It took some minutes to separate them. The goose was satisfied with the chastisement administered, and as the pelican had had enough, hostilities were not resumed. In the afternoon the fighters made up and shared the evening meal in peace.

Midshipman to Give a Dinner.

Midshipman Elmer Langwortley will give a dinner this evening on board the United States steamship Delaware for Miss Katharine M. Rising, the débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Rising. There will be twenty-seven guests.

The Bronx to Have a New Theatre.

Frank Gersten, one of the owners of the Prospect Theatre, the Bronx, has announced that he has completed arrangements for a new Bronx theatre in Southern Boulevard, near Westchester Avenue. Construction work will be in charge of the American Real Estate Company. The theatre will have a seating capacity of 2,500, and will play the higher-class Broadway attractions at popular prices. The managers will be Freidenrich, Gersten & Baer, proprietors of the Prospect.

MUSIC NOTES.

A memorial concert will be held on the birthday of Julian Edwards, the composer, next Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock in Rumford Hall.

An invitation concert will be given at the New Amsterdam Theatre next Friday afternoon to introduce the new organ installed in that theatre for the production of "Ben Hur." Those who will appear are Charles Gilbert Spross, organist; Shanning Cumming, soprano; Rosa Linde, contralto; Paul Duffault, tenor; Gardner Lamson, bass-baritone, and George W. Needham, pianist. The new overture to "Ben Hur," by Edgar Stillman Kelley will be played for the first time.

MME. NORDICA ENTERTAINS.

Reception for Mrs. John G. A. Leishman and Her Daughter.

Mme. Lillian Nordica-Young gave a reception yesterday afternoon at her home, 8 West Ninth Street, for Mrs. John G. A. Leishman, wife of the Ambassador to Germany, and her daughter, the Countess de Goutant-Biron.

The guests were asked for 4 o'clock. The music room and library were decorated with American Beauty roses and gardenias. A short musical programme was rendered, Mme. Nordica-Young singing several selections. Myron W. Whitney, Bridewell Benedict, Miss Duffield, and Master Harry Ross also gave numbers.

Among those who attended the reception were Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Guinness, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Flagler, Miss Louise Ward McAllister, Miss Maria de Barril, Gen. and Mrs. J. Frederick Pierson, Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Miss Anne Morgan, Mrs. H. Lawrence Keene, Mr. and Mrs. George Lauder, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hastings, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, Mr. and Mrs. Russell Colt, Baron Schlippenbach, Baron and Baroness de Meyer, Count Sala, Cosmo Gordon Lennox, T. Sandford Beatty, Miss Elsie de Wolfe, Mr. and Mrs. Jules Bache, Mr. and Mrs. William Salomon, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel, Mrs. George Sheldon, Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Gary, Mrs. Joseph Stickney, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Horace Harding.

SPECIAL SHOW FOR ORPHANS.

Marie Dressler to Give Performance for 3,500 Children.

About 3,500 orphans and crippled and homeless children have been invited to the Manhattan Opera House next Monday afternoon, when Marie Dressler will give a special performance of "Tillie's Nightmare" for their bentfit. No tickets will be sold for the performance and only the children and their guardians will be admitted.

Among the institutions that will be represented at this performance are the Drumgoole Mission, the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, the New York Home for Destitute Crippled Children, the Sheltering Arms, the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, the Orphans' Home of the Protestant Episcopal Church, the New York Home for Homeless Boys, the Five Points House of Industry, the Half-Orphan Asylum, the Crippled Children's School, and the industrial schools under the direction of the Children's Aid Society.

There are still a number of seats to be distributed, and Superintendents of other institutions for children have been requested to write Frank O. Miller, manager of the Manhattan Opera House, stating how many seats they require, and tickets will be apportioned among them.

THE PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.

Liszt Centenary Again Celebrated at This Extra Concert.

The Philharmonic Society gave a concert outside of its regular series yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall. The only number on the programme which had not been heard before this season was Liszt's "Wanderer Fantasie," arranged for piano and orchestra after Schubert melodies. The Liszt Centenary up to date has many things to be responsible for, but how much longer will it be necessary to hear a continuous stream of compositions and transcriptions by the Abbe Franz?

The "Wanderer Fantasie," which doubtless was played to allow the E flat concerto a brief respite, is not a work into which much interest can be infused, except by a very great pianist. Yesterday it was played by Paolo Gallico, who performed portions of the work admirably, especially those which required delicacy of touch and refinement of feeling. A more solid tone and more force were called for at times than the pianist had at his command.

The programme also included Smetana's symphonic poem, "Vysehrad," the "Prelude und Liebestod" from "Tristan und Isolde," and Beethoven's third symphony. All of these works have been conducted recently by Mr. Stransky, and further comment on their performance is therefore unnecessary.

PIANIST AT OPERA CONCERT.

Arthur Friedheim, Renowned as Liszt Player, at the Metropolitan.

Arthur Friedheim, a pianist who is renowned as a Liszt player, appeared at the Sunday night concert at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening, playing Liszt's E flat concerto, which he has already performed here once this season, a Rubinstein bacarole, and a Chopin polonaise. After the concerto he added a Liszt rhapsodie.

Riccardo Martin sang Mario's air from the third act of "Tosca," which he was forced to repeat. Mrs. Gluck sang the "Ave Marie" from "Otello," and "Caro Nome" from "Rigoletto." Mrs. Orridge sang Adriano's air from "Rienzi," and "Ah, mon fils" from "Le Prophète." The orchestra, under Josef Pasternack, was heard in several selections.

NEW RUSSIAN DANCER HERE.

Katerina Geltzer Comes to Take Pavlowa's Place at the Metropolitan.

Katerina Geltzer, the Russian dancer who is to replace Miss Pavlowa this season at the Metropolitan Opera House, arrived yesterday on the American liner New York. It was the first time she had been on the ocean. The dancer comes from the Imperial Opera House in Moscow. She has permission from the Czar, it was declared, to be absent from Russia until January. She has to appear on the 15th of that month at the annual benefit performance for the dancing school in Moscow in a ballet called "Le Corsaire."

Miss Geltzer will make her début in this country at a special matinée at the Metropolitan on Tuesday, Dec. 19, in a four-act ballet, "Le Lac des Cygnes," by Tschaikowsky. The prima ballerina is a sylphlike blonde, with gray eyes and a small nose and pleasant expression.

ELMENDORF TALK ON NAPLES

Last of Lectures on Italy Will Be Repeated This Afternoon.

Dwight Elmendorf gave the last of his series of lectures at the Carnegie Hall last night on Italy, taking "Naples and Environs" for his subject. The city of Naples, its churches and museums, occupied the first part of the evening, and then the lecturer took his audience on short trips to Herculaneum and Pompeii, Capri, Sorento, Salerno, Amalfi, and Ravello.

The same lecture will be repeated this afternoon. Next Sunday Mr. Elmendorf will talk on the Desert of Sahara, "The Garden of Allah."

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HONOR THE MEMORY OF NOTED MERCHANT

Abraham Abraham's Deeds of Charity Praised at a Brooklyn Service.

MANY CREEDS REPRESENTED

Father McCarty Says No Man Ever Worked Harder for the Public Good.

Preachers of many creeds and representative men from different fields of business and professional life met in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon to pay tribute to the memory of Abraham Abraham, one of the foremost merchants and philanthropists of the borough. The occasion was a memorial service, held under the joint auspices of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, Temple Israel, and the Federation of Jewish Charities. Before the exercises began every seat was taken.

The Arion Singing Society of 250 voices opened the services with "Du Bist die Ruh." This was followed by an address by A. Augustus Healy, President of the Institute of Arts and Sciences, who acted as Chairman of the meeting. Mr. Healy spoke of the dead merchant as a man whose energy was unceasing in doing what he believed to be right in spite of his physical disability. He referred to Mr. Abraham's philanthropy, and said that those present were there not only to pay a tribute to him, but to gain a stimulus from the recital of his good deeds.

Magistrate Alexander H. Geismar of Brooklyn said of Mr. Abraham:

"To him may well be applied the saying of the prophet, 'A good man was the noblest work of God,' for he filled every qualification," said the speaker. "He was lord, master, architect, and builder of his fate, and he builded well."

The Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, D. D., pastor of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, told of the sorrow felt in the asylums and charitable institutions the great merchant had founded when the news was received there of his death.

"Old people and little children stood about the corridors, weeping and sorrowing for the loss of a great, true-hearted, whole-souled man," said Dr. Hillis. "The truest mark of Mr. Abraham's greatness was the fact that after his death the business and the institutions which he had founded continued their work the same as when he was living, showing that his system of organization was perfect and that he had builded well."

The Very Rev. Mgr. Edward W. McCarty, pastor of St. Augustine's Roman Catholic Church, Sixth Avenue and Sterling Place, Brooklyn, was the next speaker. He told about the struggle for success in the business world which Mr. Abraham made, although he was hampered by physical ills.

"With his millions he might have chosen for himself a life of ease and plenty," said the priest, "yet he bent his neck to the yoke, and no man ever pulled and strained harder to bring about the great good which he had achieved."

"Mr. Abraham was never active in politics," said Rabbi Nathan Krass, "but he strove to use his power to purify the political ventures of the city. He respected other people's faith, and so won their respect for his creed. In the conflict between capital and labor he saw through his sturdy optimism the dawn of a better day."

PROF. SHORTLIDGE STRICKEN.

Principal of Maplewood Institute Found Dead in Small Stream.

MEDIA, Penn., Dec. 10.—Prof. Joseph Shortlidge, founder and Principal of Maplewood Institute, Concordville, Delaware County, was found dead in a small stream about a mile from the school grounds to-day. The body was attired only in pajamas and shoes.

Prof. Shortlidge had been in poor health and was under the care of a nurse whom he eluded early to-day. No water was found in the lungs, and a physician who examined the body believes that death was due to a stroke of apoplexy.

Prof. Shortlidge was 79 years of age and founded the school, of which he was Principal in 1860.

John Joseph Fitz Randolph.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Dec. 10.—John Joseph Fitz Randolph, 64 years old, a prominent grain and flour merchant in New York for many years, died at his home in Madison Avenue to-day. Mr. Randolph was a descendant of Edward Fitz Randolph, who, with his family, came to New Jersey in 1669, and who was of an ancient Norman line, coming to Yorkshire, England, with William the Conqueror in the eleventh century. Mr. Randolph traveled extensively throughout this country and abroad. He is survived by a wife, who was Miss Lucy Ogden Evans, and a son, Alan Fitz Randolph.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES E. MACKEY, chief clerk in the Martin Tax Act Bureau of the Newark City Law Department, died yesterday afternoon in St. James's Hospital, Newark, following an operation for appendicitis. He was 52 years old. He was a printer by trade and was foreman of the composing room of the old Newark Daily Advertiser. About fifteen years ago he became a clerk in the City Controller's office. When the Martin Tax Act Bureau was created Mr. Mackey was placed in charge of it. He leaves a widow and one son.

HARRIET FRANCISCO EHLERS, wife of Herbert H. Ehlers, one of the oldest business men of Newark, died yesterday at her home, 18 East Kinney Street, Newark. Her death was due to pleurisy and pneumonia. She leaves a husband and a daughter, Miss Jetta Ehlers. She was 67 years old.

The Rev. HENRY JOHN QUICK is dead at the age of 35, following an operation on Friday in St. Luke's Hospital. He was formerly canon of All Saints' Cathedral in Albany. He graduated from Trinity College and the New York Theological Seminary. He had been rector of the Episcopal Church at Burnt Hills, N. Y., and St. Mary's Episcopal Church at Springfield Centre, N. Y. A widow and two daughters survive him.

THOMAS J. FARRELL, formerly Deputy Sheriff, died on Friday at his home, 321 Pulaski Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 48. He was President of the Seward Republican Club of the Sixth Assembly District, and was born in the Fifth Ward of Brooklyn. He was a printer by profession and belonged to many political clubs.

The Rev. D. A. ZETTERSTRAND, pastor of the Salem Lutheran Church of Naugatuck, died suddenly on Saturday night at Naugatuck, Conn. He was 45 years old, and leaves a widow and seven children. He came from Rock Island, Ill., and was Secretary of the New York Conference of the Augustana Synod. He was also a Director of Upsala College of Kenilworth, N. J.

Mrs. JULIA D. CRANE, a daughter of the late James Van Wick Gibson, one of the founders of the old Commercial Advertiser, died on Saturday of old age in her apartments in the Tennessee, 514 West 114th Street. She was 87 years old, and was the mother of Walter Beverly Crane.

JAMES VAN BUSKIRK, a retired piano manufacturer, died on Saturday of heart disease at his home, 2,138 Seventh Avenue, at the age of 86. He was born in Paterson, N. J., and was once a member of the Guardian Fire Engine Company. He married sixty-two years ago, and retired from business fifteen years ago. He leaves a widow, three sons, and two daughters.

FERDINAND NEUMER, who has been connected with the Ehret Brewing Company for thirty-four years, died on Saturday at his home, 20 West Ninety-fifth Street, at the age of 62. He was born in Frankfort, Germany, and came to this country at the age of 16 after a voyage lasting forty-eight days.

THOMAS A. BOYNE, Superintendent of the Smith Paper Company in Lenox, Mass., dropped dead on Saturday in his office. He was one of the best known specialists on tissue paper making in this country.

ELGAR'S SECOND SYMPHONY.

New Work of the English Composer Played by the Symphony Society.

Mr. Walter Damrosch was the first to introduce to New York Sir Edward Elgar's new symphony, his second, as he was to introduce his first, now nearly three years ago. The new composition was played by the New York Symphony Orchestra at its concert in the Century Theatre yesterday afternoon. There was a large audience, which listened with great attention to the symphony—it is within a few minutes of an hour in length—and to Mr. Damrosch's detailed introductory and explanatory remarks, which he illustrated at the piano.

The ney symphony was first performed in London last May; it has already been heard in this country in Cincinnati and in Boston. Sir Edward Elgar does not make haste in the production of symphonies. This one follows the first at an interval of three years; and he had waited to bring forth that till he had produced many important choral works, by which his reputation was first made, and several orchestral works in less elaborate forms. And this new symphony, whatever may be thought of its value as music, bears every evidence of thoughtful consideration, of carefully elaborated plan, of finished workmanship.

The score bears this motto from a poem of Shelley's, of which it is the opening phrase:

> Rarely, rarely, comest thou,
> Spirit of Delight.

The composer has definitely disavowed any intention of writing to a "programme," of illustrating the contents of the poem in music; but the temptation to find its interpretation there is strong, and Mr. Damrosch yielded to it, forming a theory which he developed at some length yesterday. In this he lays stress upon the poet's complaint of the rarity of the Spirit's coming. Others have found the prevailing note of the symphony to be joyousness; he finds it to be the reverse, and points out that the second movement is a funeral dirge and the third movement, called by the composer a rondo, is the expression of a desperate seeking for happiness not found. He would make the second movement suggest the lines:

> Wherefore hast thou left me now,
> Many a day and night?

and the third the lines:

> Let me set my mournful ditty
> To a merry measure.

Mr. Damrosch further wishes to see in this symphony an embodiment of a Hellenic spirit, pagan, in contrast to the Gothic Christianity which he finds in the first. All this is rather wide of the mark, in view of the composer's ideas as to a programme for his symphony. Is it not better to listen to it as music simply, and to let the composer have his own way?

It is music wholly characteristic of Elgar, in matter and manner. Its musical material has the physiognomy that is familiar as his. He is prodigal in his use of material, and there are many themes and groups of themes entering into the symphonic tissue, sometime closely packed and so knit together that attention and concentration are demanded of the listener. It cannot be denied that many of Elgar's themes in this as in other of his larger works, plastic though they are under his hands, lack absolute and innate musical beauty and freshness, the quality of poignantly stirring the soul and transporting the fancy. They sometimes seem, indeed, like mere collocations of notes that are given a meaning only by the adept devices of their employment.

Elgar has made some use of the modern device of "community of theme," the use of one and the same melodic kernel in various developments and transformations through all the four movements of the work, in different combinations and contexts. It is a device of large possibilities in unifying power, the establishment of a strong logical connection between the several divisions of a symphonic work. It also involves the danger of turning homogeneity into monotony.

Sir Edward has not employed a central "motto" theme, as he did in his first symphony, recurring significantly in all four movements; but certain phrases fulfil a similar though less important function, and the resourcefulness and skill with which they are made to do so has in large measure obviated the danger.

But there is another danger to which he seems to be increasingly exposed; that is the incessant use of short sequential thematic passages up or down the scale; passages such as the Germans call "Rosalien," which arrive at no particular issue. It has been a mannerism of Elgar's in most of his larger compositions, and in this symphony it is carried to an excess that is wearisome. Another mannerism that appears frequently and increasingly is his frequent use of passages in thirds or in sixths.

And yet there cannot be denied the work a certain nobility and richness of expression, passages of rare beauty and poetical suggestion. The power it displays is not sustained, and there are many pages where the stimulus flags, but its finest moments are truly impressive. The opening of the first allegro is of splendid vigor and buoyancy, and in this movement there is a striking and poetical episode in slower time, a passage of mystery, of veiled meanings. There is much effectiveness in the measured rhythm of the beginning of the larghetto, in subdued colors, as a funeral march, and the quiet and sustained elucidation of the themes of this movement has a beauty that culminates in a coda of real impressiveness. We would like to spare some of the sonorities in the middle of this movement that are loudly proclaimed sentimentalities.

For the symphonic Scherzo a "rondo" has been substituted in the third movement, full of rhythmic caprices, and syncopations; and it works into a passage of wild Dionysiac fury, in which all the instruments of percussion are beating rhythmically—a passage in which Mr. Damrosch conjured up a vision of an orgy of rushing Maenads. The last movement has a less noteworthy character on the whole; there is a telling fugato here; and the long and reflective close is an effective conclusion to the symphony.

The work is especially notable for the beauty and often splendor of its instrumentation. Although the orchestra is not greater or more elaborate than that usually employed by modern composers, the coloring is uncommonly varied, the tone uncommonly rich and sonorous; and the orchestration is probably the finest, the most skillful, that this master of the orchestra has as yet achieved. It cannot be denied, indeed, that he has often given a factitious value, by his effective presentation of them, to musical ideas not in themselves potent or genial in expressiveness. Undoubtedly, too, there is much that is labored in the symphony, much in which calculation and skill are made to do duty in place of true inspiration; much that is not warmly communicative or kindling to enthusiasm. It seems, on the whole, less the product of such influences than Sir Edward Elgar's first symphony; although in its finest portions it may stir the listener more directly, its level is not so high, its total value not so great.

The performance was remarkably fine. Mr. Damrosch conducted it with great ardor and conviction; he had evidently penetrated deep into its complexities and had wrought out a conception of it that presented it in its best light and showed forth all there is in the music. The playing of the orchestra was of splendid brilliancy, finished and adjusted in all its details. The music in many places is of great technical difficulty; and this difficulty was mastered.

The last part of the programme was devoted to Rachmaninoff's first piano concerto in F sharp minor, played by Mr. Arthur Shattuck. It is inferior in interest to the second concerto, that has frequently been heard in New York; there is, indeed, a good deal of empty pretentiousness in it. But, like most of Rachmaninoff's music, it is written with a keen sense of effect and is a brilliant exploitation of the possibilities of the piano. In this sense, and there could hardly be another, Mr. Shattuck played it, with a brilliant technique and a somewhat hard tone. He is a newcomer in New York concerts; he showed such a sure command of the instrument that it seemed a pity he should not have had an opportunity to develop qualities of deeper import.

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John T. Young.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Dec. 10.—John T. Young, a prominent resident of New Rochelle, died last night at his country house, Crest Lawn, in North Avenue. He was 63 years old. Mr. Young had been ill for quite a long time, and his death was not unexpected. He had for a number of years occupied the Col. Henneberger mansion, which is one of the finest places in New Rochelle. He was a member of the firm of Calhoun, Robbins & Co. of New York. Mr. Young is survived by a widow and one son. He leaves a large estate.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

WICKWARE.—On Dec. 10, to Mr. and Mrs. Francis G. Wickware, of 28 West 63d St., city, a son.

BLEEKER.—Dec. 8, 491 Clinton Av., Newark, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. L. Bleeker, a son.

GOODMAN.—Dec. 5, 220 West 11th St., to Mr. and Mrs. A. Goodman, a son.

Married.

GRAY—ZIPORKES.—On Dec. 9, 1911, Esther N. Ziporkes to Jacob M. Gray, by Rev. Dr. Lublin.

ZIPORKES—RUZIN.—On Dec. 10, 1911, Lillian Ruzin to Dr. Joseph Ziporkes, by Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise.

VAN SINDEREN—WHITE.—On the afternoon of Saturday, the 9th of December, 1911, at the Church of the Saviour, Brooklyn, N. Y., by the Rev. John Howland Lathrop, assisted by the Rev. L. Mason Clarke, Annie Jean White, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Tredway White, to Adrian Van Sinderen.

LUSTIG—KLEINBERGER. — Dec. 5, Edith Kleinberger to Jerome B. Lustig.

MOES—KASKEL.—Dec. 5, Regina Kaskel to Louis Moes.

REDDING—SMITH.—Dec. 8, Mary E. Smith to Frank W. Redding.

Died.

ALLEN.—On Thursday, Dec. 7, Col. Ethan Allen, in the 80th year of his age. Funeral service will be held at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Thomas H. Van Tine, 567 West End Av., Monday, Dec. 11, at 10 A. M. Interment Washington, D. C. Washington papers please copy.

BURRELLE.—Nelle Moore Burrelle. Funeral THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building.)

CONSTANT.—At Milford, Penn., on Dec. 3, 1911, Clemence Constant, wife of Prof. S. C. Constant, in her 77th year.

DENNISTON.—On Dec. 9, 1911, Maria Louisa Denniston, aged 68 years. Funeral from her late residence, 2,087 Washintgon Av., New York City, on Monday, Dec. 11, at 2:30 P. M.

DENZER.—On Sunday, Dec. 10, at the Hotel Marseilles, Rosa, beloved wife of Denzer. Funeral at convenience of the family.

FABBRICOTTI.—At Paris, France, Aug. 19, 1911, Adele A., widow of Octaviano Fabbricotti. Funeral services at St. Patrick's Cathedral, 5th Av. and 50th St., on Monday, Dec. 11, at 10 A. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

FISH.—On Dec. 9, Catherine M. Lawrenson, beloved wife of John Fish. Funeral from her late residence, 1,947 Seventh Av., Monday, Dec. 11, at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Joseph's Church, 125th St., Morningside Av. San Francisco (Cal.) papers please copy.

HATHAWAY.—Entered into rest Dec. 9, Emma T., beloved wife of James L. Hathaway. Funeral services Tuesday, Dec. 12, at 2 P. M., from her late residence, Grand St., Elmhurst, L. I. Interment private.

HOLLY.—At Stamford, Conn., Saturday, Dec. 9, 1911, John Isaac Holly, in his 68th year. Funeral will be held from his late residence, 50 North St., on Tuesday, at 2 P. M.

HOWELL.—Caleb Tappen, at his residence, 3d St., Woodside, L. I., departed this life on Dec. 9, 1911. Services at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Woodside, on Sunday, Dec. 10, 1911, at 2 P. M. sharp. Interment private.

JENKINS.—Entered into rest on Thursday, Dec. 7, in the eighty-sixth year of her age, Sarah E., widow of Henry T. Jenkins and daughter of the late Capt. William C. and Sarah M. Barstow. Funeral services at her late residence, 440 West 57th St., on Monday, Dec. 11, at 11 o'clock. Boston papers please copy.

KELLY.—Margaret T., beloved wife of Thomas Kelly, on Sunday, Dec. 10, at her residence, 19 West 75th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

KONVALINKA.—On Friday, Dec. 8, 1911, at her late residence, 208 Park Place, Brooklyn, Eliza, widow of the late John Konvalinka. Funeral from St. Augustine's R. C. Church, 6th Av. and Sterling Place, at 9:30 A. M., Monday, Dec. 11. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

MELICK.—Saturday, Dec. 9, 1911, J. Alonzo Melick, second son of Cora F. Melick and the late Jacob A. Melick, in the 22d year of his age. Funeral service at his late home, 3 Bank St., Monday evening, Dec. 11, 8 o'clock.

MILLER.—Catherine Nevarre Miller, at Denver, Dec. 8, daughter of Gen. Morris S. Miller, in her 62d year. Funeral, Denver, Tuesday. Interment, Utica, Saturday.

MOFFAT.—At Portland, Oregon, on December 4th, 1911, George Barclay Moffat, aged 57 years. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 6 East 70th St., on Monday, December 11, at four o'clock. Interment private. It is requested that friends do not send flowers.

NEUMER.—Suddenly, on Friday, Dec. 8, Ferdinand Neumer. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, 20 West 95th St., on Monday, Dec. 11, 1911, at 1 o'clock P. M. Kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

PEARSONS.—Sarah Elizabeth Taylor, widow of W. B. C. Pearsons, at the residence of her son-in-law, George A. Plimpton, 61 Park Av., on Dec. 8, in the 77th year of her age. Funeral at her residence in Holyoke, Mass., on Tuesday, Dec. 12, at 2 P. M.

POUND.—Suddenly, on Dec. 10, 1911, at his home, 247 West 107th St., Thomas, beloved husband of Mary A. Pound. Interment Rossie, N. Y.

RANDOLPH.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Sunday, Dec. 10, 1911, John J. F. Randolph. Services at his late residence, 908 Madison Av., Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, Dec. 12, at 2 P. M. Carriages will meet 2 o'clock express from foot of Liberty St., New York, C. R. R. of N. J.

Died.

ROBIE.—At his residence, Bath, N. Y., on Dec. 9, 1911, Reuben Edward Robie, son of the late Hon. Reuben Robie and Nancy Whiting, in his 68th year.

ROBINS.—On Saturday, Dec. 9, H. Fannie, wife of Francis F. Robins. Funeral services at late residence, 777 Madison Av., Tuesday morning, Dec. 12, at 11:30. Please omit flowers.

RUNDEL.—On Saturday, Dec. 9, 1911, at 83 Madison Av., Thomas James Rundel of Greenville, N. Y. Funeral services and interment at Greenville on Tuesday, Dec. 12.

SCOFIELD.—Suddenly, Dec. 8, at New York City, Thomas Paine Scofield, in his 66th year. Funeral services at his late residence, No. 7 Sterling Av., White Plains, N. Y., Monday, Dec. 11, at 11:30 A. M.

SHAPTER.—Rebecca, widow of the late William Shapter of Milburn, N. Y., on Sunday, Dec. 10, of pneumonia. Funeral at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Sarah Keeney, 48 West 94th St., N. Y. City, Tuesday morning, Dec. 12, at 10 o'clock.

STEVENS.—At her residence, Newport, R. I., on Thursday, Dec. 7, 1911, Margaret A. widow of John Austin Stevens and daughter of the late William Lewis Morris. Funeral services will be held at Grace Church, Chantry, Monday morning, Dec. 11, at 11 o'clock.

STONE.—Friday, Dec. 8, Madeline Post, widow of George Eliot Stone and daughter of the late Jotham William Post, M. D., in her 76th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 49 West 11th St., on Monday, Dec. 11, at 10:30 A. M.

TALIAFERRO.—On Saturday, Dec. 9, 1911, Annie Penny Taliaferro, widow of Felix Taylor Taliaferro, in her 65th year. Funeral from her late residence, 552 Jefferson Av., Elizabeth, N. J., Tuesday morning, at 10:15 o'clock. Interment at Plainfield, N. J.

TREACY.—At the Presbyterian Hospital on Dec. 8, Mary Treacy, daughter of Francis and Anne Treacy of Galway, Ireland. Solemn requiem mass at St. John Chrysostom's Church, Bronx, Tuesday morning, Dec. 12, at 10 o'clock.

WHITLOCK.—At New Brighton, S. I., Dec. 10, 1911, Adelia Maud, daughter of Uriah C. and Catherine Schanck Whitlock. Interment, Rochester, N. Y.

YOUNG.—At New Rochelle, Dec. 9, John T. Young. Funeral service at his late residence, Crest Lawn, North Avenue, New Rochelle, New York, on Tuesday, Dec. 12, 1911, at 3 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting on North Avenue Bridge, on arrival of 2:15 train from Grand Central Station.

ADDIS.—Mary, 920 Kelly St., Bronx, Dec. 8, aged 74.

ATKINSON.—William, Dec. 8, aged 57. Funeral 415 1st Av., to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

BEEMAN.—Wandell G., 1,977 Crotona Av., Bronx, Dec. 9.

BURKE.—John, 523 East 16th St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CARROLL.—William E., Jr., 334 East 58th St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

CONNOR.—Margaret M., West New Brighton, Dec. 8. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

CURTIN.—John H., 800 East 160th St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

DONOVAN.—Thomas, 363 West 36th St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DU BOIS.—Henry P., Richmond, S. I., Dec. 8. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

ENRIGHT.—John P., 104 West 75th St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

FABIEN.—Remy, Dec. 8, aged 50. Funeral, 171 8th Av., to-day, 8:30 A. M.

FOLEY.—Peter J., 419 East 87th St., Dec. 8. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

GEIGER.—Anna M., 916 East 176th St., Dec. 9, aged 35. Funeral private.

GREEN.—Leo, 228 West 25th St., Dec. 8.

GRIFFIN.—Gertrude M, 1,046 Amsterdam Av., Dec. 9. Funeral private.

HAESSLER.—Ernest H., 1,541 3d Av., Dec. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

HEATHER.—Jessie E., 25 East Tremont Av., Bronx, Dec. 8. Funeral to-morrow.

HOLLANDER.—Saul, 677 Beck St., Bronx, Dec. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

KELLER.—Frank, 2,271 2d Av., Dec. 8, aged 38.

LALLY.—Martin, 179 East 96th St., Dec. 9.

MAISNER.—Anna, 292 East Broadway, Dec. 8.

MONTFORT.—Jane A., 357 Lenox Av., Dec. 9. Funeral service to-day.

MORRIS.—Charles L., Stapleton, S. I., Dec. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

NATELSON.—Moses, 834 Kelly St., Bronx, Dec. 9.

NAUE.—Max, 1,672 2d Av., Dec. 9, aged 54. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

O'HAIRE.—Joseph F., 357 East 135th St., Dec. 8.

PARSONS.—George W., 1,333 Washington Av., Bronx, Dec. 8, aged 64.

REHM.—Adolph, 82 Stanton St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

RICHY.—Georgia, 162 East 46th St., Dec. 8. Funeral private.

RUMPF.—Louis, 402 East 146th St., Dec. 9, aged 46. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

SICHEL.—Mathilda, 253 West 111th St., Dec. 9.

TAYLOR.—William H., 349 West 17th St., Dec. 8, aged 62.

TRACY.—Mary, 1,046 Fox St., Bronx, Dec. 8.

VAN BUSKIRK.—James, 2,148 7th Av., Dec. 9, aged 86. Funeral service to-day.

WHITTEN.—Margaret, 2,060 8th Av., Dec. 8. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

BAUER.—Elizabeth, 191 Ainslie St., Dec. 8. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BELLOWS.—Henry M., 731 Macon St., Dec. 9, aged 79.

DALY.—Winifred F., 632 Court St., Dec. 8. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

DOUGHERTY.—Mary, 134 York St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

DUFFEE.—Margaret, 279 Vanderbilt Av., Dec. 9, aged 80.

FARRELL.—Thomas J., 321 Pulaski St., Dec. 8. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MAGEE.—Charles E., 349 New Lotts Av., Dec. 9, aged 82. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

OAKLEY.—William, 2,715 Newkirk Av., Dec. 9, aged 83. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

O'BRIEN.—Mary I., 536 17th St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

PALMER.—Ida J., 207 Eldert St., Dec. 9. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

ROHDENBURG.—Elizabeth, 503 St. John's Place, Dec. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SHEERAN.—Peter J., 249 Hoyt St., Dec. 8, aged 41. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

STEINERT.—Marie F., 187 Meserole St., Dec. 8, aged 63. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

THAKE.—Mrs. M. E. C., 151 Rutland Road, Dec. 9.

TRAVERS.—Dennis, 563 Henry St., Dec. 9. Funeral service to-morrow.

New Jersey.

BALLAGH.—Wilbur N., Tenafly, Dec. 9, aged 37. Funeral private.

BISCHOFF.—Wilhelmina, 340 Garden St., Hoboken, Dec. 9, aged 70. Funeral to-day.

DENIS.—Dr. Herbert B., Highwood Park, Dec. 9, aged 36. Funeral to-day.

DONOVAN.—Annie L., Hoboken, Dec. 9. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

RICHARDSON.—George E., Westfield, Dec. 9. Funeral private.

New York State.

WINTER.—Mary, 59 South 3d Av., Mount Vernon, Dec. 9. Funeral to-morrow.

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In Memoriam.

ABRAMS.—Rose, unveiling monument, Washington Cemetery, Dec. 17, 2:30 P. M.

ALKUS.—Rachel, in memory of, died Dec. 15, 1907.

BAUER.—Christiana F., in memory of, died Dec. 12, 1909.

BLOCH.—Regina, unveiling monument, Machpelah Cemetery, Dec. 17, 2 P. M.

BODENHEIMER.—Abraham, unveiling monument, Union Fields Cemetery, Dec. 17, 2:30 P. M.

COHEN.—Rosalind, in memory of, died Dec. 11, 1909.

CONNOR.—Johanna, in memory of, died Dec. 11, 1909.

DREIFUSS.—Leopold, in memory of, died Dec. 14, 1909.

FISHER.—Adolph, unveiling monument, Mount Neboh Cemetery, Dec. 17, 3 P. M.

FRIEDMAN.—Samuel, unveiling monument, Linden Hill Cemetery, Dec. 17, 3 P. M.

GENTLE.—Charlotte E., in memory of, died Dec. 11, 1910.

HELMKE.—Otto, in memory of, died Dec. 13, 1910.

LEHRKINDER.—Emma M., Jr., mass St. Francis Xavier's Church, Dec. 16, 9 A. M.

LEVY.—Anna, in memory of, died Dec. 12, 1910.

LEVY.—Janet L., in memory of, died Dec. 12, 1909.

MAXCY.—Thomas F., mass Immaculate Conception Church, to-day, 11 A. M.

ROSENTHAL.—Sarah, unveiling monument, Union Fields Cemetery, Dec. 17, 2:30 P. M.

STICKLEY.—Annie E., in memory of, died Dec. 14, 1904.

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

Uncertainty characterized last week's price movements on the Stock Exchange, and throughout the irregular day-to-day movements a gradual declining tendency was shown. Traders found a lack of support in the market which encouraged them to operate on the bear side, and it was apparently to ventures of this kind that was due the expansion in trading which accompanied some of the sharper downward movements of the week. This much, at all events, was suggested by the facility with which prices recovered, as on Friday afternoon the improvement of the final hour of that day being carried somewhat further in Saturday's short session. Except for the continuance of relatively high money rates and the unfavorable impression created by the announcement of the proposed reorganization of the Wabash Railroad and of the Allis-Chalmers Company, the influence of both of which were somewhat restricted, the news of the week included a number of satisfactory developments. The convening of Congress on Monday was followed during the week by no important developments in that quarter, and as for the President's message, transmitted to Congress on Tuesday, Wall Street derived a more favorable impression from it than it had gathered in respect to the Administration's attitude toward the trust question from some of the less comprehensive comments which the President had made on this question during his recent Western trip. In particular, the approval which the President so fully extended to the decree of the Circuit Court in the Tobacco case helped to confirm the favorable expectations in respect to the actual application of such anti-trust decisions which had been formed at the time of the handing down of that decree. The President's recommendation in regard to Federal incorporation was naturally not regarded as of any great influence at presenut upon corporation affairs, from the point of view of the financial community, for the reason that it merely repeated a previous proposal of the President, and for the further reason that the President recommended that a Federal incorporation law, if enacted, should be permissive and not compulsory. When the discussion in Congress in respect to corporation and tariff legislation has been carried further Wall Street will doubtless find greater reason for close attention to developments at the Capitol, but the first week of the Congress's deliberations failed to arouse much interest. From some of the preliminary manoeuvring in the tariff matter the inference was drawn that the divided political faith of Congress might throw even greater difficulties in the way of an agreement on this matter than seemed probable before the opening of the session.

In other directions were found a good many indications of a continuance of the improvement in business, which, though slow, as it has been, has afforded a basis for genuine satisfaction in respect to the outlook. Further improvement in the iron situation was reflected in the advance in prices for some products which became more general last week. Following the lead of the Republic Iron and Steel Company, which was first to cut the price of bars last May and first to name a higher price a fortnight ago, a number of other bar manufacturers have found it possible to name more remunerative prices. The change for the better which the steel trade has witnessed in recent weeks is further emphasized by the exceptionally large increase of 447,000 tons during November in the unfilled steel orders of the United States Steel Corporation reported on Saturday. The large reduction in the stocks of copper in the hands of consumers and the rise in the price of that metal furnished another indication of better demand, and the Government's cotton ginning figures, showing a total of 12,814,000 bales ginned up to Dec. 1, confirmed the expectation that the Government's preliminary estimates of this year's cotton crop, to be issued to-day, will promise a yield which will probably assure low-priced raw material to the cotton spinners of the world despite the shorter crop of other cotton-producing countries. So far as general trade is concerned improvement was also inferred from the increase in bank clearings throughout the country, and from the generally favorable conditions reported by the commercial agencies.

In the face of this general situation the financial community learned from an interview with President Vanderlip of the National City Bank, published in The Outlook, that Mr. Vanderlip believes that business has ahead of it the most serious situation of a generation, with the exception of the troublous days of the free silver agitation in 1896. This is a view which was much more common in Wall Street three or four months ago than it is to-day. Mr. Vanderlip is quoted as saying that there is pretty general agreement regarding the seriousness of the situation, but it is doubtful if this was ever literally true, and, moreover, there are many who now look much more hopefully upon the future than they did last September. The working out of the Supreme Court's decisions in the Trust cases did something to bring about this improvement, but a gradual change to the belief that the problems which the country faces can be worked out without the hardships which were pictured by the financial community some months ago has created a more hopeful atmosphere, in which the view expressed by Mr. Vanderlip regarding the seriousness of the situation seems to be the exception rather than the rule.

Railroad affairs contributed several interesting incidents of the week, noteworthy among them being the announcement of a proposed reorganization of the Wabash Railroad, which is to be accomplished without an appeal to the courts if this is found possible, and the news of the New Haven's sale to the New York Central of the control of the New York, Ontario & Western. The New York Central, in addition to seeking the Public Service Commission's approval of this purchase, is asking that body's permission to purchase the stock of the New York & Harlem Railroad, which the Central operates under lease. The latter is another step in the direction of bringing about the merger of all the New York Central lines in New York State which has been proposed as a preliminary to the comprehensive financial plan upon which the road's management has been working for some time. The need of a readjustment of the Wabash's affairs, it may be said, has been suggested for some time by the price to which the road's refunding bonds have declined, and the proposal to readjust the finances of the Allis-Chalmers Company had been similarly foreshadowed.

The continuance all last week of relatively high call money rates, and hardening time money rates as well, were given increased importance as an adverse influence in the stock market because of the doubt which it helped to create of the efficiency of the secondary reserve which our banks have built up in the shape of credits in foreign markets, in providing against a high money market here. As a matter of fact, the rates which prevailed last week seemed high only because of the abnormally low rates of the earlier months of the year, with which they were compared. Moreover, the bank statement on Saturday, showing, as it did, an increase of over $10,300,000 in the actual surplus reserves of the Clearing House institutions, indicated clearly the ability of the banks to recover readily from the effect of the special demands which they were called upon to meet during the closing week of November. The bank return failed to bear out the misgivings which somo had entertained following the appearance of a deficit in the actual reserves of the Clearing House banks the previous week. On the contrary, the showing was one which was of a kind to strengthen the expectation very widely held that this market is likely shortly, particularly after the January disbursements, to return to much easier rates than the average for the last two weeks.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE

BOERSE NERVOUS.

Due to Fear of More Anglo-German Friction and Russian Designs.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—The uncertainties of the international situation, notably the fear of a revival of Anglo-German recriminations, and Russian activity in connection with the Dardanelles, kept the Berlin market in a state of nervous unrest last week.

The reception of President Taft's message by the New York market also affected the local situation. Liquidation was the net result of these various factors, and prices of practically all issues declined in consequence.

BOURSE CLOSES STRONG.

European Situation and London's Recovery Create Optimism, Though Business Lags.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—Slightly uncertain at the beginning of the week, the Bourse closed under favorable conditions, and a strong tone prevailed. Contributory factors were an optimistic feeling as to the general international situation, the declarations of the Russian Foreign Minister, who is now in Paris, and an increased activity and more cheerful outlook after recent days of depression on the London Stock Exchange.

A scarcity of money at the November settlement is generally taken as due to momentary causes, and is in no way alarming. Business, however, continues to be far from brisk, although it is likely to increase greatly after the first of the year. Rios were the most active features of the market.

MONEY TIGHT IN LONDON.

Loan Issues of Nearly £15,000,000 Make This Condition Marked.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—As the result of the issues of loans to the amount of nearly £15,000,000, tightness of money, which usually begins at this period, was marked last week. These issues are regarded as a highly satisfactory indication of returning confidence.

The Stock Exchange remained stagnant.

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1911 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s..J. J.	....	....	111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914....J. J.	99 May 12	99 May 12	99 May 12, 1911
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958.	103¾ Oct. 20	103¾ Oct 20	103¾ Oct. 20, 1911
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1960.	....	....	105¼ Oct. 28, 1910
N. Y. State 4s, June, 1961....M. S.	103¾ Oct. 10	101⅜ Nov 21	101½ Dec. 9, 1911
N. Y. Canal 4s, July, 1960....J. J	106¼ June 2	101½ Nov 27	101½ Nov. 27, 1911
N. Y. Canal 4s, Jan., 1961....J. J.	104 Sep. 28	101 Nov 21	101½ Dec. 8, 1911
North Carolina 6s, 1919......A. O.	....	....	114¾ Mar. 28, 1910
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910..J. J.	....	....	99⅝ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small.....	....	....	100¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax......A. O.	....	....	117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4½s, 1933.....J. J.	....	....	103½ July 27, 1910
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913........J. J.	98 Oct. 5	96 Jan 18	98 Oct. 5, 1911
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913, small.....	97¼ Oct. 6	97¼ Oct 6	97¼ Oct. 6, 1911
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs	67½ Mar. 6	40 Jan 13	46 Dec. 8, 1911
Virginia fund debt, 2-3s, 1991.J. J.	88 Aug. 30	86½ Mar 4	87¼ Nov. 6, 1911
Virginia Riddleberger............	....	....	90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg.........Q. Jan.	101⅛ Feb. 15	100¼ Nov 21	100¼ Nov. 21, 1911
U. S. 2s, coupon..........J. Jan.	101¾ Apr. 3	100⅛ Dec 6	100⅛ Dec. 6, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg...........Q. F.	116 Feb. 21	113½ Dec. 5	113⅝ Dec. 6, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon........Q. F.	116¾ Feb. 17	113¾ Aug 2	113¾ Oct. 23, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon.Q. F.	102¾ Apr. 17	100¾ Sep 25	101¾ Dec. 6, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg......Q. F.	103 Feb. 7	101⅝ Aug 30	101⅞ Sep. 8, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small........	....	....	102½ Nov. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1936, reg........Q. F.	100½ Jun. 6	100½ Jun 6	100½ Jun. 6, 1911
Panama 2s, 1938, reg......Q. Nov.	....	....	101⅛ Aug. 11, 1910
Panama 3s, 1961..........Q. Mar.	103 June 22	101¾ Dec. 9	101¾ Dec. 9, 1911
Panama 3s, 1961, reg............	102½ Oct. 10	102½ Oct 10	102½ Oct. 10, 1911
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925.F. A.	....	....	110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931......Q. F.	....	....	111 May 3, 1906
Phil.Isl.p.w.& imp.reg.4s,1935.Q. M.	....	....	108¾ Feb. 26, 1908
Phil. Isl. land pur. 4s,1914-45.Q. F.	....	....	100½ July 14, 1910
Argentina 5s....................	99 Jan. 18	96¾ Sep 18	97 Dec. 1, 1911
Republic of Cuba 5s........M. S.	104 Feb. 20	102⅛ Apr 4	102¾ Dec. 5, 1911
Republic of Cuba 4½s............	100 Feb. 2	97½ Sep 26	98 Nov. 24, 1911
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p.c., 1919.	97¾ July 20	96⅞ May 24	97⅛ Dec. 5, 1911
U. S. of Mex. s. f. 5s........Q. J.	97¾ Jan. 6	95½ Jun 26	97 Nov. 21, 1911
U.S.of M.4s, Ser. A,Dec.1,1953.J.D.	94½ Jan. 6	89½ Aug 23	92½ Nov. 20, 1911
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series B........	....	....	96¾ May 2, 1910
Imp Chinese Gov. rects, full paid for Hukuang Ry. 5% sterling bonds and interest...............	99 July 31	96 Nov 2	96 Dec. 7, 1911
Imp.Jap.Gov.4½s,Feb.15,1925..F. A.	95¾ Jan. 6	92 Dec 8	92 Dec. 8, 1911
I.Jap.Gov.4½s,2dser.Jy.10,1925.J. J.	95¼ Jan. 9	92½ Dec 4	92½ Dec. 5, 1911
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan., 1925.F. A.	90 Jan. 5	86⅝ Sep 23	88¼ Nov. 22, 1911

NEW YORK CITY SECURITIES.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Corporate stock 3½s, 1954..*MN.	89 Aug. 10	87¼ Dec 4	87¼ Dec. 4, 1911
Corp. stock 3½s, 1954, reg..M. N.	87½ Jan. 18	87½ Jan 18	87½ Jan. 18, 1911
Corp. stock 3½s, 1955......M. N.	....	....	88¼ Nov. 2, 1910
Corp. stock 3½s, 1959..............	89½ Jun. 6	89½ Jun 6	90½ Jun. 6, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1936...M. N.*	99⅛ Oct. 4	97½ Mar 27	99⅛ Oct. 4, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1955....M. N.*	99¾ Sep. 19	98¼ Jan 21	99⅜ Nov. 21, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1956...M. N.*	100⅛ July 1	97⅞ Mar 2	99⅝ Nov. 1, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1957........*M. N.	100¼ June 5	98¾ Jan 11	100⅛ Dec. 7, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1957, reg..........	100⅛ June 21	99⅞ May 2	100 Nov. 15, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957......*M. N.	109⅝ May 12	106½ May 12	107⅞ Dec. 9, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957, reg........	108⅞ Jun. 6	108¼ Sep 22	108½ Oct. 18, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957.......M. N.*	109⅛ June 13	106¾ June 7	107⅝ Dec. 8, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957, reg.........	108½ Sep. 22	107½ Jan 5	107¾ Nov. 13, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1958........*M. N.	104¼ July 10	98½ Jan 11	100 Dec. 8, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1958, reg..........	99¼ Mar. 21	99¼ Mar 21	99¼ Mar. 21, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1959........*M. N.	100¼ July 13	98 Jan 11	100 Dec. 8, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1959, reg.........	99⅞ May 3	99 Feb 15	99⅞ Nov. 13, 1911
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960.......*M. S.	103 May 13	100¾ Jan 11	102⅛ Dec. 8, 1911
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960, reg........	102¾ Nov. 14	101⅝ Apr 4	102¾ Nov. 14, 1911
Assessm't b'ds, 3½s, 1914....M. N.	98¼ Sep. 7	98¼ Sep 7	98¼ Sep. 7, 1911
Assessm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917..*M. N.	103 Jan. 5	102 Jan 25	102½ Nov. 29, 1911
Ass'm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917, reg.*M. N.	102¾ Jun. 20	102¾ Jun 20	102¾ July 10, 1911
Assessm'nt b'ds, 4½s, 1917..M. N.*	103 May 22	101⅞ Mar 29	102½ Oct. 24, 1911

BIG STEEL ORDERS OPEN IDLE PLANTS

New Year's Demands, Following Accelerated Calls for Pig Iron, Stimulate Pittsburgh District.

CAR BUILDERS RAISE RATE

Heavy Contracts for Structural Tonnage Made—Week's Transactions for Bessemer Steel Cover 70,000 Tons.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 10.—Results of heavier buying of steel products for deliveries immediately after the opening of the year, first apparent in the accelerated demand for pig iron that has been a feature of the Pittsburgh market for two weeks, are now evidenced in orders for resumptions at long idle plants.

The Carnegie Steel Company is resuming at its only remaining idle open-hearth plant in this territory, in the Shenango Valley, and orders have gone out to put its Bessemer steel mills at Columbus, Ohio, which have been idle snice May, in shape for operation. Two independents in the Pittsburgh district have preparations to put in operation idle open-hearth steel capacity—one of these, the Aliquippa plant of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company, meaning an added tonnage of steel of 1,000 a day. The Standard Steel Car Company will resume this week at its six open-hearth furnaces connected with the Butler car works.

Finishing mills show gains in operation. The entire Sharon (Penn.) plant of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company will resume to-morrow. The operatnig capacity of the Martin's Ferry (Ohio) sheet mills of the same company is to be doubled the coming week. Demand for iron is compelling the operation of more blast furnaces in the valley and Eastern Ohio districts. The Wheeling Steel and Iron Company ordered open its blast furnace at Martins Ferry, Ohio, for this week, and the M. A. Hanna interests will resume operation of their Canal Dover (Ohio) stack. Both these plants have been idle since last May.

The present is the first distinct forward movement in steel since the Winter months of 1910. For months buyers have been ordering for immediate requirements only. As the mills were able to make unprecedentedly prompt shipments, frequently in less than a week against fresh specifications, jobbers and manufacturing consumers allowed their stocks to decrease to almost nothing. The condition of such quick shipment was altogether abnormal in the steel business. It became almost an axiom in the buying trade that the capacity of the country in all lines of finished steel products had become so greatly increased that it would no longer be necessary to specify for forward delivery, even when the business of the entire country was running at top speed. The answer is seen in the present development of a distinct forward market, with quotations at $1 to $2 a ton above those made for prompt delivery—a development that has come with the first suggestion of the quickening of the business pulse.

Merchant bar and plate business already on the books of the mills assures steady operation at the present rate, about 85 per cent. of maximum, for three to four months. One independent steel interest in this district is known to have contracted for its whole capacity of merchant bars up to April 1. The Carnegie Steel Company has not an idle department in Allegheny County, aside from a part of the Edgar Thomson rail mills, which have been partially dismantled for some time preparatory to turning a part of the plant into another line of product. Car plants will not promise further deliveries of steel cars prior to Feb. 15. In addition, it is understood that the car builders have advanced quotations on the standard type of car by $100 per car, which is in part responsible for the past six days' lull in car buying by the railroads.

Plain structural material is in only fair demand for prompt shipment, but contracts closed the past fortnigth assure a heavy demand for large tonnages in the early part of the first quarter of next year. The fabricating companies have been quietly accumulating a great mass of forward business, on some of which the specifications are not entirely complete. The Carnegie Steel Company has begun turning out the plain material for the great Hell Gate Bridge at New York; shipments are going out from independent mills for two large dock improvements along the Atlantic Coast. Last week independent interests in this district announced foreign contracts for export aggregating over 10,000 tons of structural material, including 2,000 tons for a new plant for the Mond Nickel Company in Northern Ontario, 3,000 tons for oil tankage in Mexico, a large power plant at Rio Janiero, and two Cuban railroad bridges. The structural steel contract of 1,000 tons for a new pipe foundry at Tuscaloosa, Ala., which must be completed and in operation by March, also came to a Pittsburgh company. Shipments have started on 10,000 tons of plates for the riveted pipe aqueduct for the City of Los Angeles, and the shipment of 6,000 tons of line pipe into the Texas oil fields will start about the first of the year.

Steel companies have tentative inquiries out for pig iron tonnages needed for the first quarter of 1912, showing greatly increased estimates from those made a month ago. The American Rolling Mill Company of Middletown, Ohio, which recently purchased 25,000 tons of basic iron for the first quarter, and was thought at that time to have filled its requirements for the early part of the quarter at least, is in the market with another inquiry for 10,000 to 15,000 tons, for shipment in January and February. The Pittsburgh Steel Company, a heavy producer of wire, whose sliding scale contracts usually cover its needs at least for the early months in the year, has put out "feelers" for quotations on at least 30,000 tons of Bessemer iron, for deliveries through January and February.

The purchase of 40,000 tons of Bessemer iron by the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company was the heaviest single transaction in pig iron in this district during the week. The week's transactions were over 70,000 tons. Although quotations on finished steel call for premiums on present prompt prices for deliveries into the new year, producers still quote substantially the same prices on iron, up to May 1. Bessemer pig iron is quoted at $14.25, Valley furnace; basic has steadied somewhat, and now stands at a minimum of $12.50 Valley furnace, or $13.40,, delivered Pittsburgh, for any delivery, as against the minimums ten days ago down to $12 furnace. Foundry iron has not improved in price tone. The largest sale of the week, 6,000 tons to a sanitary manufacturing interest, showed a minimum at $13, Valley furnace, for No. 2 iron for the first four months of 1912, as against the minimum of $13.15, Valley, maintained up to about the opening of last week. Cleveland district furnaces have been shading foundry iron prices, forcing new low minimums.

MINNESOTA WANTS NO AID OF GOVERNORS

Doesn't Need Special Plea Before the Supreme Court, Says Gov. Eberhart.

STANDS BY ITS RATE LAW

But Court's Ruling Will Be Cheerfully Accepted Either Way—Not in Sympathy with Harmon Committee.

When the Minnesota rate case comes up before the United States Supreme Court upon appeal, early in January, and the special committee of the House of Governors, headed by Gov. Harmon of Ohio, makes its appearance before the Court to urge upon it the rights of the separate States to regulate purely intra-State traffic and fix rates to suit themselves, as against the ruling of the Circuit Court that State-made rates are illegal if they indirectly interfere with inter-State schedules, Minnesota will be in the unique position of having too many friends at Court. Gov. Eberhart of Minnesota, although keen for fighting the case up to the highest Court, and hopeful that the contentions of the State will be upheld by the Supreme Court, is not particularly in favor of the appearance of the Governors' Committee in his State's case.

"The case of Minnesota, in her fight to regulate the service and the rates of the railroads within her borders," said Gov. Eberhart last night, "has been ably represented with good facts and good argument through the regularly constituted legal department of the State. I sincerely hope that we will be able to convince the Supreme Court of the legality and advisability of Minnesota's taking care of these affairs up to her State borders, and there meeting the Inter-State Commerce Commission and coöperating with it.

"We hope to win, but you may state from me that if the Supreme Court decides that it is right that the Commerce Commission should be left alone, and that our rate-making is illegal, Minnesota will cheerfully abide by the decision. That will settle the question. We believe that the subject will best be decided through the regular processes of the Courts, and are not going to make a political matter of it at all."

Although the action of the House of Governors was provoked by the Circuit Court's decision and annunciation of the theory of non-interference of the States in the Minnesota case, Gov. Eberhart is not a member of the Harmon Committee that will go before the Supreme Court, and does not favor the committee's appearance before the Court.

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illustrating the attractiveness of Gas Securities as a profitable and conservative investment have just been compiled by the Census Bureau of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

The Bulletin shows, among other things, that net earnings of all companies manufacturing gas for illuminating and heating purposes during five years increased 62%, while gross output gained only 34%. The earnings available for dividends in 1909 amounted to 5.82%, as against 4.64% in 1904.

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LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Mourning Buckles Used on Women's Belts Not Jewelry—Other Decisions.

In sustaining a protest filed by Gutham, Solomons & Co., the Board of United States General Appraisers has decided that mourning buckles used on women's belts are not to be regarded under the present tariff act as articles of personal adornment, nor as jewelry. Collector Loeb returned the merchandise for duty under the above designations, as being composed in chief value of gun metal. He imposed a tax of 85 per cent. on the value, whereas the importers allege that the buckles are entitled to enter at 45 per cent. as manufactures of metal. Judge Sharretts holds that the paragraph under which assessment was made does not include the articles in controversy. The Collector is reversed.

The Morris European and American Express Company failed to obtain a reduction in the assessment imposed on spark plugs, insulators, and collars of porcelain, all of which were returned under the china paragraphs of the act of 1909. The decorated goods paid 60 per cent., and the plain merchandise 5 per cent. less. Several claims for duty lower than that assessed were made, but they are deemed without merit.

An automobile brought into this country by E. V. Wilbern was held to be dutiable. The contention that it is a "household effect" within the meaning of the present law was overruled.

Three Little Rock Banks Merged.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Dec. 10.—The German National Bank absorbed the American Bank and the newly organized Merchants and Planters' Bank of this city yesterday. The new institution will have a capital of $1,000,000. Organization will be completed at a meeting of the stockholders on Jan. 9, when John D. Goldman of St. Louis, who has large investments in Arkansas, will be elected President.

Chicago to Quote Subway Receipts.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—The Chicago Stock Exchange has admitted to quotation in its unlisted department the negotiable receipts of the National City Bank of New York for deposits of stock of the Chicago Subway Company.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED DECEMBER 9. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 1,925,642.

Range for Year 1910.		Range for Year 1911.				Closing Saturday, Dec 9.		Week's Net Change.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid.		Period.	Range for Week Ended Dec. 9.				Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended Dec. 9, '11.
High	Low	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Bid.	Ask					Date.	Per Cent		First	High	Low	Last		
54¾	27	34	Feb. 3.	7	Oct. 7.	2	2⅛	— ⅞	**Allis-Chalmers Co.**	100	$19,820,000	....	..	..	3	3	2⅛	2⅛	8½	3,100
15	7½	9¾	May 31.	2	Dec. 7.	8¼	8⅞	— 3¼	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	16,050,000	Feb. 1, '04.	1¾	..	11	11	7	8⅛	27½	2,650
90¾	55⅝	71⅝	June 19.	44¾	Sept. 25.	61½	61⅝	— 1½	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,887,900	Nov. 27, '11.	50c	Q	63⅛	63¼	58⅝	61⅛	64⅝	75,000
49½	35	60½	May 18.	46	Jan. 3.	54½	55	..	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,215,600	....	..	..	55	56	54½	55	47	1,800
47¼	24	59¾	Oct. 20.	39¾	Jan. 12.	53½	53⅝	— ½	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	Nov. 15, '11.	1¼	Q	53½	53½	51¾	53½	39	3,900
95½	89	101	Oct. 11.	92½	Jan. 9.	99½	100½	..	American Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	5,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	98	99½	98	99½	94	300
13⅞	6⅞	12½	May 9.	8⅞	Jan. 6.	10⅞	11	— 1⅛	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	....	..	..	11⅞	12	10¾	10¾	9	15,650
82¼	62	93⅛	Dec. 2.	77	Jan. 5.	91	91¼	— 1½	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300	Oct. 2, '11.	1¼	Q	92⅝	92¾	90	91	77⅞	23,605
72⅞	39½	58¼	July 19.	42⅝	Sept. 28.	52⅞	53½	— 2	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	½	Q	53½	54¾	52	53	50½	3,000
120	109	120	May 23.	113	Oct. 24.	116½	118¼	+ ¾	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	116½	117	116½	117	115⅝	330
69¾	52⅛	62⅜	Feb. 28.	41⅝	Oct. 2.	43½	44	— ⅞	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	June 1, '11.	2½	..	44½	44½	43½	43⅝	59	1,100
301	237	245	Mar. 27.	201	Sept. 26.	210	215	..	American Express Co.	100	18,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	3	Q	215	215	215	215	..	16
8⅛	4	5	June 15.	3⅛	Sept. 22.	3⅜	3⅞	— ⅜	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	....	..	..	3¾	3¾	3½	3½	4	300
29¼	16⅜	25¾	July 11.	16½	Aug. 28.	18	19¼	+ ⅛	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,045,100	July 20, '07.	1¾	..	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	17½	300
17¾	10⅛	12⅜	Feb. 14.	8	Aug. 11.	9⅜	9½	+ ⅝	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	....	..	..	8⅞	9⅝	8⅞	9⅝	11⅛	820
46⅞	25½	34	Feb. 14.	26⅛	Oct. 27.	28½	29	+ 1⅛	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾	..	28½	28⅞	28½	28⅞	30	300
62½	29	43¼	May 22.	32⅛	Oct. 27.	34	35½	— 1¼	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08.	1¼	..	35⅛	35⅛	34½	34½	37	300
115	102¼	110¾	Mar. 1.	102	Oct. 24.	102¾	103¾	— ¼	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Oct. 21, '11.	1¾	Q	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	105	110
6	3¼	5⅜	June 21.	3	Sept. 25.	4	4½	— ½	American Malt Corp.	100	5,640,700	....	..	..	4½	4½	4¼	4¼	3½	200
48	28½	43⅝	July 22.	31½	Mar. 8.	41	44	— 1⅛	American Malt Corp. pf.	100	8,696,800	Nov. 2, '11.	2	SA	41	41	41	41	84	100
104	61⅜	83¾	June 15.	56⅝	Sept. 25.	70¾	71	— 2¼	American Smelt. & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1	Q	72¾	73⅛	68⅝	70⅞	74¾	45,000
112¾	98¼	108½	June 15.	98¾	Sept. 27.	102¾	103	— ⅜	American Smelt. & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	103½	103½	102⅞	102⅞	103¾	1,610
90⅞	82	89⅛	July 19.	82	Sept. 26.	84½	85½	— ⅞	American Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	30,000,000	Dec. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	85¾	85¾	85⅛	85⅛	85¾	300
102	95½	104	May 8.	96	Aug. 18.	103	105	+ 1	American Snuff Co. pf.	100	12,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	104	104	104	104	101¾	100
66	38	52½	Feb. 9.	25	Sept. 25.	32	33	— ¾	American Steel Foundries.	100	16,218,000	May 15, '11.	1¼	..	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	43	100
127½	111⅛	122½	Feb. 27.	112¼	Sept. 25.	114½	115½	— ¾	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	116¼	116¼	114½	115½	115⅛	1,950
143⅜	126¾	153⅛	June 8.	131½	Aug. 30.	138⅝	138⅞	— 1⅛	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	262,914,000	Oct. 16, '11.	2	Q	139⅝	139⅝	138	138⅝	141½	9,150
99¾	90½	105	Dec. 7.	87	Aug. 24.	104⅛	104½	+ 3¾	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	78,689,100	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	100¾	105	100¾	104¼	94¼	42,880
..	..	105	Dec. 6.	92½	Sept. 1.	104⅛	104½	+ 3⅝	American Tobacco Co. pf., tr. rcts.	100	....	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	101	105	101	104⅛	..	18,200
39½	25⅛	36½	Mar. 21.	27	Sept. 14.	26	27½	— ½	American Woolen Co.	100	29,501,000	....	..	..	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	32	110
104	90⅛	96¼	June 15.	85¼	Oct. 27.	87	89	— ¾	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1¾	Q	88	88	87	87	91	400
..	..	34¼	Feb. 7.	24½	Sept. 26.	26½	27	— ¾	American Writing Paper pf.	100	12,500,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1	SA	27½	27½	26¼	26⅞	..	830
54	33½	41⅛	June 13.	29	Sept. 25.	37⅝	37¾	— ⅞	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	108,312,500	Oct. 18, '11.	50c	Q	38	38	36¼	37¾	40¾	5,900
124⅛	90¾	116⅝	June 5.	99⅞	Sept. 27.	105	105⅝	— 1¼	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe.	100	169,329,000	Dec. 1, '11.	1½	Q	106½	106½	104¼	105⅛	100⅜	15,310
104¼	97	105½	June 12.	100¾	Jan. 3.	103⅝	103⅞	+ ¼	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Aug. 1, '11.	2½	SA	103⅞	103⅞	103¾	103⅞	102¼	700
137½	102½	139¼	Nov. 23.	117	Jan. 8.	135	136	— ¾	Atlantic Coast Line.	100	57,046,100	July 10, '11.	3	SA	136¾	138¼	135	136	117½	4,200
119⅛	100¼	109⅜	July 14.	93½	Sept. 29.	100½	100¾	— 1⅝	**Baltimore & Ohio.**	100	152,306,800	Sept. 1, '11.	3	SA	102	102	100¼	100⅜	106	5,050
94	87¼	91	Jan. 4.	85½	Aug. 30.	88	89	— ⅞	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Sept. 1, '11.	2	SA	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾	..	150
34⅞	21	38⅛	Aug. 1.	26	Sept. 21.	28	29	— 1¼	Bethlehem Steel Corporation.	100	14,862,000	....	..	..	29	29	29	29	29	500
65	49	66¾	July 31.	54	Sept. 25.	53¼	58	+ ¼	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07.	¾	..	58½	58¾	58½	58¾	59	200
82⅜	68½	84⅝	July 30.	72	Sept. 13.	75⅝	75⅝	— ⅞	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¼	Q	77½	77¾	75¼	75½	74¼	5,775
33	28	31	Mar. 30.	28	Feb. 16.	29	30	— ⅝	Butterick Co.	100	14,647,200	Dec. 1, '11.	¾	Q	29	29	28⅞	28⅞	29¼	230
202⅜	176¾	247	July 21.	195⅝	Jan. 3.	238¼	238½	— 3½	**Canadian Pacific.**	100	179,999,600	Oct. 1, '11.	2½	Q	241	241½	236⅛	238⅜	192⅜	26,750
48¾	25¼	33⅜	Feb. 2.	18¾	Sept. 25.	20	21	— 1	Central Leather Co.	100	39,574,100	....	..	..	21	21	19⅜	20¼	30⅜	2,100
109¼	99¼	105	Feb. 10.	91⅞	Nov. 4.	93¼	94½	..	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	33,264,100	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	93½	94	93⅛	94	104	900
312	248	310	Nov. 21.	260	Aug. 24.	295	320	— 12	Central Railroad of N. J.	100	27,436,800	Nov. 1, '11.	2	Q	298	298	298	298	..	175
92	65	86⅜	Feb. 8.	68⅝	Sept. 25.	71½	71¾	— 1⅜	Chesapeake & Ohio.	100	62,793,700	Sept. 30, '11.	1¼	Q	74⅝	74⅝	70¾	72	80⅜	6,620
66¾	23⅞	31⅛	May 23.	15	Aug. 28.	18	24	+ 5	Chicago & Alton.	100	19,537,800	Feb. 15, '10.	2	..	24	24	24	24	..	100
36⅛	19	25¼	June 5.	17¼	Sept. 14.	19¾	20	— ¾	Chicago Great Western.	100	45,129,500	....	..	..	20⅛	20⅛	19¼	19¼	22	400
64⅛	40	49¼	Feb. 6.	36	Sept. 14.	36¾	37½	— 1¼	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	40,992,000	....	..	..	37½	37½	36¼	37	44½	800
158⅜	113¾	133½	Feb. 7.	105⅜	Oct. 4.	109¼	110	— 1⅝	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.	100	116,348,200	Sept. 1, '11.	3½	SA	110⅞	110⅞	108⅜	109¼	122¾	28,175
172¼	143	155½	Feb. 6.	141	Sept. 14.	146	147	— 1	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,000	Sept. 1, '11.	3½	SA	147⅛	147⅛	146½	146½	145⅝	430
182½	137¼	150½	June 12.	138¼	Sept. 1.	142¼	143	— 1	Chicago & Northwestern.	100	130,121,700	Oct. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	143	143	142	142	141⅛	900
162½	140	144	June 12.	130¼	Apr. 30.	137	142	+ 5½	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha.	100	18,556,200	Aug. 21, '11.	3½	SA	137½	137½	137½	137½	..	100
5⅜	2⅛	3¾	Feb. 9.	1⅝	Sept. 30.	2	2½	..	Chicago Union Traction, tr. rcts.	100	8,523,000	....	..	..	2	2	2	2	..	100
12¼	4⅞	7¼	Feb. 6.	4¾	Sept. 11.	5	5½	— ¼	Chi. Union Traction pf., tr. rcts.	100	4,571,700	....	..	..	5¼	5¼	5	5	..	200
..	..	25¾	May 19.	16¼	Sept. 25.	22½	23	— ½	Chino Copper.	5	3,500,000	....	..	..	23⅝	23⅝	22½	23⅛	..	8,050
109	99	98	Feb. 1.	94¼	July 8.	95	110	+ 1½	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis pf.	100	10,000,000	Oct. 20, '11.	1¼	Q	96	96	96	96	..	100
50	22½	36⅞	Feb. 6.	23	Sept. 23.	25	26½	— 1	Colorado Fuel & Iron.	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02.	1¾	..	26½	26½	25¼	26	31½	1,050
65¾	46	60	Jan. 18.	43	Sept. 23.	47	50	— 1½	Colorado Southern.	100	30,345,000	Dec. 31, '10.	2	A	47	47	47	47	56	100
83	70	82	Jan. 30.	70	Sept. 25.	76½	77	— ½	Colorado Southern 1st pf.	100	8,500,000	Oct. 2, '11.	2	SA	76½	76¾	76½	76¾	..	200
160⅞	122½	148½	June 6.	128¾	Sept. 25.	136¾	137	— 2¼	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,816,500	Sept. 15, '11.	1½	Q	139¼	139¼	136¼	136¾	133⅛	3,350
23¼	11½	15¾	May 17.	9⅞	Oct. 10.	10½	11¼	— ⅜	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	....	..	..	11	11	10½	10⅝	15⅛	900
86⅝	70⅜	85	May 29.	75	Sept. 27.	75½	76½	— 1½	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	29,818,600	Oct. 16, '11.	1	Q	75⅝	76½	75⅝	76½	78½	600
90	90	97	Dec. 7.	88½	Jan. 19.	95	97	+ ½	Cuban American Sugar Co. pf.	100	7,893,800	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	97	97	97	97	..	100
185	149¼	174⅞	June 8.	159¼	Sept. 20.	166¼	167	— 2	**Delaware & Hudson.**	100	42,503,000	Sept. 20, '11.	2¼	Q	165¼	166	165¼	166	163¼	200
52	23¼	35	Feb. 15.	19¾	Dec. 8.	20½	21	— 2⅞	Denver & Rio Grande.	100	38,000,000	....	..	..	22⅝	22⅝	19¾	20⅜	28⅜	4,050
84	62⅝	74	Feb. 21.	42⅝	Dec. 8.	44	46	— 4½	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	49,773,600	Jan. 15, '11.	2½	..	46¾	47⅛	42⅞	44	69	1,850
36¾	25¼	38¼	Mar. 1.	29	Sept. 26.	31	31½	— 1	Distillers' Securities Corporation.	100	30,791,900	Oct. 31, '11.	½	Q	31½	31½	31¼	31¼	32½	200
18¾	10	15⅝	Mar. 30.	9	Nov. 27.	8	10	..	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	9	9	9	9	11	15
34⅝	17	30⅛	Mar. 30.	17½	Dec. 7.	17	19	— 1⅜	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	18¼	18⅛	17½	17½	21	350
34⅝	19½	38⅜	July 1.	27¼	Jan. 11.	30¼	30⅜	— 1⅝	**Erie.**	100	112,378,900	....	..	..	31¾	31¾	30	30¼	27⅞	21,500
52¾	35	61¼	July 1.	49½	Jan. 12.	50	50½	— 1½	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	52	52¼	50	50½	45	3,900
42	26¼	49¾	July 1.	35	Jan. 9.	40½	41	— 3	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	43	43	40½	41	34	500
60	12	36	Feb. 16.	13	Dec. 7.	13	18½	— 2½	**Federal Mining & Smelting.**	100	6,000,000	Jan. 15, '09.	1½	..	15	15	13	13	..	800
88	37	66½	May 19.	37	Dec. 6.	39½	43	— 8⅞	Federal Mining & Smelting pf.	100	12,000,000	Sept. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	46¾	46¾	37	39⅛	..	2,330
38	30	67½	Dec. 5.	35	Jan. 19.	..	..	+ 3½	Federal Sugar Refining Co.	100	6,677,200	....	..	..	67½	67½	67½	67½	30	100
107	101⅛	108	Apr. 5.	103⅝	Jan. 11.	105	107⅝	..	**General Chemical Co. pf.**	100	12,500,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	107½	107½	107½	107½	103½	20
160⅞	134	168⅜	May 29.	142	Sept. 22.	151	153	— 1½	General Electric Co.	100	77,282,700	Oct. 14, '11.	2	Q	152¼	153⅜	151½	151½	154	1,900
..	..	51¾	Aug. 4.	35	Nov. 18.	34	35	— 1	General Motors.	100	14,904,000	....	..	..	36	36	35	35	..	500
9¼	7¾	7⅞	Jan. 3.	3½	Oct. 18.	4⅝	4¾	+ ¼	Goldfield Consol. Mines.	10	35,591,480	Oct. 31, '11.	50c	Q	4¼	4¾	4¼	4⅝	8¾	13,520
143⅛	118	140	June 8.	119	Sept. 25.	126¾	127	— ¼	Great Northern pf.	100	209,989,900	Nov. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	127¾	127¾	125½	127	122⅝	6,387
80½	45	63¾	Feb. 2.	36	Dec. 9.	36	37	— 6¼	Gt. Northern cfs. for ore prop.	..	1,500,000	Mar. 1, '11.	50c	..	42	42	36	36½	55¼	12,622
140	102	134	Apr. 29.	124	Nov. 15.	..	..	+ 1	**Hocking Valley.**	100	11,000,000	July 17, '11.	2	SA	125	125	125	125	..	200
89	81	85¾	Mar. 20.	81¾	Sept. 27.	85	87½	..	Homestake Mining.	100	21,840,000	Nov. 25, '11.	50c	M	86½	86½	86½	86½	..	20
147	124	147	July 31.	132	Jan. 3.	141	142½	— ½	**Illinois Central.**	100	109,294,000	Sept. 1, '11.	3½	SA	142¾	143	142	142	131	500
25½	14¼	20⅞	Feb. 10.	13⅛	Sept. 22.	14¼	14½	— 1⅜	Interborough-Met. vot. tr. cfs.	100	60,419,500	....	..	..	15¼	15¼	13⅞	14¼	19½	6,400
..	..	56⅝	July 19.	39¾	Sept. 25.	46½	46¾	— 1¾	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	16,955,900	....	..	..	47½	48	45⅛	46½	54¼	6,245
62⅞	41½	55½	July 19.	39½	Sept. 14.	44½	45¼	+ ¼	Interborough-Met. pf., vot. tr. cfs.	100	28,784,100	July 1, '07.	1¼	..	45	45½	43¾	45	..	1,075
125⅞	83⅛	129⅞	May 5.	99⅞	Sept. 20.	104½	106	— ⅞	International Harvester.	100	79,999,700	Oct. 14, '11.	1¼	Q	104½	105	104½	104½	111½	400
16	9	13⅝	Jan. 31.	9	Sept. 9.	9⅝	10¼	— ⅜	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	....	..	..	9⅞	9⅞	9½	9½	13	600
61½	41½	56⅞	Jan. 16.	44⅝	May 15.	46	47	— ½	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,539,700	Oct. 16, '11.	½	Q	46	46½	46	46	55¾	600
54⅝	36⅝	44	Feb. 8.	23	Oct. 20.	32½	33	..	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	..	33	33	32	33	41	1,500
30	15	22	Sept. 7.	15	May 12.	16	17	..	Iowa Central.	100	8,524,400	....	..	..	16½	16¼	16½	16¼	18¼	100
54¼	25	42	Sept. 7.	28	Apr. 24.	30	32	— 2½	Iowa Central pf.	100	5,673,700	May 1, '00.	1½	..	30	31½	30	31½	32⅛	710
44¼	23	37⅜	June 13.	25¼	Sept. 25.	28	29	— 1	**Kansas City Southern.**	100	30,000,000	....	..	..	29⅛	29⅛	28	28	31¼	600
71	58	69¾	June 13.	61½	Sept. 25.	64	66¾	— ¼	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	21,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1	Q	66½	66½	66½	66½	65	100
116½	93¾	114½	Jan. 20.	101½	Sept. 25.	102½	103½	+ ⅛	**Laclede Gas Co.**	100	9,500,000	Sept. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	102¾	104	101½	102⅛	104	1,300
*375	*350	*350	Dec. 8.	*350	Dec. 8.	325	450	..	Lake Shore.	100	49,466,500	July 29, '11.	6	SA	350	350	350	350	..	9
186	173¼	181¼	Nov. 13.	151	Sept. 14.	176⅝	176⅞	— 1⅛	Lehigh Valley.	50	60,501,700	July 15, '11.	5	SA	178	179⅛	175⅝	176⅞	179¾	115,300
70¼	60	63	Jan. 14.	45	Nov. 27.	44	52	..	Long Island.	50	12,000,000	Nov., 1896.	1	..	45	45	45	45	62	190
159¾	131½	160¾	Nov. 24.	136½	Sept. 14.	154¾	155½	— ⅞	Louisville & Nashville.	100	60,000,000	Aug. 30, '11.	3½	SA	156¼	158¾	153	155	143	11,200
98	79	95	Feb. 2.	81½	Dec. 9.	81	85	— 2¼	**Mackay Companies.**	100	41,380,400	Oct. 2, '11.	1¼	Q	81½	81½	81½	81½	88	100
78¾	71	77	Mar. 7.	72	Aug. 11.	71¼	73	— ⅝	Mackay Companies pf.	100	50,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1	Q	72½	72½	72⅜	72⅜	74	330
..	..	87	June 26.	70	Apr. 28.	71	73	— 1½	May Dept. Stores.	100	15,000,000	Dec. 1, '11.	1	Q	72	72	72	72	..	100
..	..	113¼	July 6.	107⅞	Sept. 21.	111	112	— ¾	May Dept. Stores pf.	100	5,000,000	Oct. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	111	111	111	111	..	100
7½	4¼	5⅞	Jan. 30.	3¼	Sept. 9.	4¼	4½	..	Mercantile Marine.	100	49,921,800	....	..	..	4¼	4½	4¼	4½	5⅛	800
24⅝	12⅝	19¾	June 17.	14	Aug. 30.	16¾	17	..	Mercantile Marine pf.	100	51,731,000	....	..	..	17⅛	17⅛	16½	17	..	1,400
..	..	23	Nov. 24.	16⅝	Sept. 28.	21¾	22	..	Miami Copper.	5	3,322,625	....	..	..	22	23	21⅝	22	..	9,210
53¾	23	42½	Sept. 6.	21½	Apr. 26.	32	34½	— ¼	Minneapolis & St. Louis.	100	6,000,000	July 15, '04.	2½	..	33	33	33	33	26	200
80	40	68½	Sept. 6.	35	Mar. 13.	58	59¾	..	Minneapolis & St. Louis pf.	100	4,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	..	56	59	56	59	..	2,950
145	114	152¼	Mar. 30.	124¾	Sept. 22.	133	133⅛	— 1¼	Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie.	100	25,131,900	Oct. 16, '11.	3½	SA	134¼	134¼	131¼	133	128⅝	1,090
92¾	86¼	90½	Mar. 15.	87½	July 15.	87⅝	90¼	— ¼	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M., leased line.	100	11,145,000	Oct. 1, '11.	2	SA	87½	87½	87½	87½	89½	200
51⅛	27	38⅜	June 14.	27	Sept. 26.	29⅛	29⅝	— 1⅝	Missouri, Kansas & Texas.	100	63,300,300	....	..	..	31	31	28¾	29⅞	31½	4,600
74⅝	57	70	Oct. 17.	62⅝	Sept. 25.	63	65½	— 2	Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf.	100	13,000,000	Nov. 10, '11.	2	SA	66½	66½	64½	64½	62	600
73⅞	41	63	Feb. 15.	33¼	Sept. 13.	38¼	38¾	— 2¼	Missouri Pacific.	100	83,112,500	Jan. 30, '08.	2½	..	40¼	40½	37⅞	38⅝	45½	10,702
119½	100	143¾	Nov. 14.	117¼	Jan. 16.	138	140¼	— 2¼	**National Biscuit Co.**	100	29,236,000	Nov. 29, '11.	2	Ex	138¾	138¾	137½	137½	111	700
125	118¾	130	Feb. 4.	124	Jan. 20.	124	128	+ ⅞	National Biscuit Co. pf.	100	24,804,500	Nov. 29, '11.	1¾	Q	127	127¾	127	127¾	122	300
28½	14	22	July 24.	13¾	Oct. 30.	13½	15	— 1¼	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co.	100	15,591,800	July 15, '05.	½	..	14	14⅞	14	14⅞	..	300
96½	84	100¾	July 22.	85	Jan. 6.	93	96½	— ½	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co. pf.	100	8,546,600	Oct. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	96	96	96	96	..	100
89⅝	46½	59	Feb. 2.	42½	Sept. 25.	49	49¾	+ ⅝	National Lead Co.	100	20,750,000	Sept. 30, '11.	¾	Q	50¼	51⅞	48½	49⅞	51½	4,900
110½	101¾	109¾	Aug. 15.	104	Sept. 22.	104¼	105¼	— ¼	National Lead Co. pf.	100	24,463,600	Sept. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	104¼	104¾	104¾	104¾	105	148
37½	23½	38⅜	Feb. 15.	25⅞	Aug. 28.	34¼	34⅝	..	National Rys. of Mexico 2d pf.	100	124,459,800	....	..	..	34	34¼	34	34¼	35⅝	1,700
22⅞	17½	21¼	June 14.	15⅝	Sept. 25.	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅜	Nevada Consol. Copper Co.	5	9,991,855	Sep. 30, '11.	37½c	Q	18⅝	18⅝	17⅝	17¾	19	2,650
128	105⅛	115½	Feb. 3.	99⅞	Sept. 21.	105⅝	105⅞	— ½	New York Central.	100	222,729,300	Oct. 16, '11.	1¼	Q	106¼	106⅜	104⅞	105¾	112⅝	3,800
68⅞	55½	65	Jan. 19.	48	Sept. 14.	53½	55	— ¼	New York, Chicago & St. Louis.	100	14,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	3	A	53⅞	53⅞	53¾	53⅞	63	200
..	..	*340	Dec. 7.	*340	Dec. 7.	330	400	..	New York & Harlem.	50	8,638,650	July 1, '11.	5	SA	340	340	340	340	..	50
162	149	151⅛	Feb. 23.	126⅞	Sept. 14.	137	138	— ½	New York, New Haven & Hartford.	100	178,907,300	Sept. 30, '11.	2	Q	140	140½	137½	137½	158	1,200
50	38½	46⅞	July 22.	37⅝	Sept. 25.	39⅞	40	— ⅝	New York, Ontario & Western.	100	58,113,900	Aug. 14, '11.	2	A	40¼	40¼	39½	39⅝	40½	2,050
..	..	60	Mar. 9.	45¼	Oct. 2.	..	..	..	Norfolk & Southern.	100	16,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	½	Q	52½	52½	52½	52½	..	500
108⅝	88½	111¼	Nov. 24.	99¾	Sept. 25.	106⅝	107	+ ¼	Norfolk & Western.	100	80,146,000	Sept. 18, '11.	1¼	Q	109	109	106	106⅞	97	9,875
84	60⅛	76¾	May 18.	64	Jan. 10.	72¾	73¼	— 1⅞	North American.	100	29,779,700	Oct. 2, '11.	1¼	Q	73¾	73¾	72¾	73	62⅝	1,820
145⅝	111½	137⅞	June 8.	110¾	Sept. 25.	116½	116¾	— ¼	Northern Pacific.	100	247,998,300	Nov. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	118⅞	118⅞	115¾	116½	114⅝	31,270
43¼	22⅞	33⅜	Nov. 24.	23⅛	Apr. 24.	31	32	— 1¼	**Pacific Mail.**	100	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '99.	1	..	31¼	32	30½	30½	31¼	1,700
46¼	30	54⅜	Jan. 31.	35	Sept. 22.	46¼	48	— ⅞	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph.	100	18,000,000	....	..	..	47¾	47¾	46¾	47½	43	3,930
138½	122½	130¼	Feb. 2.	118⅜	Sept. 25.	121⅝	122	— ¾	Pennsylvania Railroad.	50	453,857,400	Nov. 29, '11.	1½	Q	122¼	122⅜	121⅝	121⅜	129	12,220
116⅞	103	109	Jan. 19.	101⅛	Aug. 25.	103¼	103½	— 1½	People's Gas, Chicago.	100	35,000,000	Nov. 23, '11.	1¾	Q	105	105	103¼	103¼	..	2,806
106½	84	118½	June 3.	99	Sept. 23.	..	..	— 1½	Philadelphia Co.	50	38,896,000	Nov. 1, '11.	2	Q	106½	106½	106½	106½	104⅞	100
27¾	13	23¼	June 5.	17	Dec. 6.	17⅛	17½	— 1⅛	Pittsburgh Coal Co., N. J.	100	31,856,000	....	..	..	18	18	17	17	18	1,300
85	60¼	90⅞	July 26.	67¾	Jan. 4.	81½	82	— ½	Pittsburgh Coal Co., N. J., pf.	100	27,071,800	Oct. 25, '11.	1¼	Q	88	88	83	83	66½	300
51⅞	25	37⅞	July 21.	25	Sept. 25.	32	33	— ½	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04.	1	..	33	33	32	32	30	376
107½	90	102⅞	June 16.	91	Sept. 21.	99	100	..	Pressed Steel Car Co. pf.	100	12,500,000	Nov. 22, '11.	1¾	Q	99	99	99	100	..	20
..	..	120	Feb. 7.	108	Oct. 27.	107½	113	+ ⅞	Public Service Corp., N. J.	100	25,000,000	Sept. 30, '11.	1½	Q	108⅝	109	108⅜	109	..	250
200	155	163	Jan. 30.	154	Sept. 28.	156	157	— ⅝	Pullman Company.	100	120,000,000	Nov. 15, '11.	2	Q	158½	158½	158	158	159⅞	817
3⅞	2	4½	Nov. 24.	2	Apr. 8.	3¼	4	..	**Quicksilver.**	100	5,708,700	....	..	..	3½	3½	3½	3½	3⅛	100
5⅞	2⅞	5⅜	July 26.	2¼	June 26.	3½	5½	..	Quicksilver pf.	100	4,291,300	May 8, '01.	½	..	5	5	5	5	5⅜	100
51⅞	28	39	June 14.	26	Oct. 27.	30	31	— ⅜	**Railway Steel Spring Co.**	100	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08.	1	..	31	31	31	31	31	100
107	90¼	103	June 15.	92	Jan. 3.	99	105	— 2¼	Railway Steel Spring Co. pf.	100	13,500,000	Sept. 20, '11.	1¾	Q	102⅞	102⅞	98½	98½	92¾	200
..	..	18½	May 18.	12	Sept. 25.	15	15¼	..	Ray Consol. Copper.	10	11,991,750	....	..	..	15	15⅝	14⅞	15	..	8,300
172¼	130⅝	161⅞	June 3.	134	Sept. 25.	148¼	148⅜	— 2⅜	Reading.	50	70,000,000	Aug. 1, '11.	3	SA	150⅞	151	146½	148¼	147¾	805,800
45⅞	27	35¼	Feb. 6.	18	Oct. 27.	22⅞	23⅞	..	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	27,352,000	....	..	..	23¼	23¼	22⅞	23	31	5,110
104½	82¾	99⅝	Feb. 1.	74⅛	Oct. 27.	81½	83	— 1⅛	Republic Iron & Steel Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Oct. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	83½	83⅜	81	82	93	2,280
57¼	22⅞	34⅝	June 14.	22¾	Sept. 22.	24⅜	24½	— 1⅝	Rock Island Co.	100	90,874,200	....	..	..	26¼	26¼	23	24⅝	30⅜	15,620
92½	54	68⅞	June 14.	44	Sept. 25.	45⅝	46⅛	— 4	Rock Island Co. pf.	100	49,937,600	Nov. 1, '05.	1	..	49	49	45	45⅝	60	2,700
..	..	27	Oct. 16.	24¾	Nov. 6.	22	25	..	**St. Louis & San Francisco.**	100	29,000,000	....	..	..	25	25	25	25	..	200
60	34½	49½	July 19.	37	Sept. 25.	40⅜	41	— ½	St. Louis & San Francisco 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05.	1	..	42	42¾	40¼	41¼	39	1,400
77½	51½	72	June 26.	59⅜	Jan. 3.	70½	72	— ⅝	St. Louis Southwestern pf.	100	19,893,700	July 15, '11.	2	SA	71⅛	71⅛	71	71	61⅞	200
190	150	192	Feb. 6.	125½	Sept. 21.	139	141	..	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	100	40,000,000	Nov. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	142	142	142	142	179	330
121½	120	122	Mar. 15.	119½	Jan. 13.	121	125	+ ¼	Sears, Roebuck & Co. pf.	100	8,800,000	Oct. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	121¼	121½	121¼	121½	..	300
86½	48¼	56¼	Feb. 6.	34	Sept. 25.	38	40	— 8¼	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.	100	10,000,000	Sept. 1, '10.	1¼	..	40	40	39	39	50	300
91	81	90	Jan. 7.	82	Apr. 25.	81	92	..	South Porto Rico Sugar.	100	3,371,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1	Q	88	88	88	88	..	130
114	110	113	Jan. 16.	110	Nov. 28.	108¼	115	..	South Porto Rico Sugar pf.	100	3,672,500	Oct. 2, '11.	2	Q	110	110	110	110	..	100
138¼	103¼	126⅝	June 26.	104½	Sept. 25.	110⅝	110⅞	— 1¼	Southern Pacific.	100	272,672,400	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	111¼	112¼	109¼	110⅝	118⅞	23,990
33¾	18	33⅜	July 19.	24⅞	Sept. 28.	29¼	29⅜	— ⅜	Southern Railway extended.	100	119,900,000	....	..	..	29⅞	30⅜	28½	29⅞	25	14,900
75	43	75¼	July 20.	61¼	Jan. 11.	70⅝	70¾	— 1½	Southern Railway pf. extended.	100	60,000,000	Oct. 30, '11.	1	SA	71⅛	71¾	70	70	59¾	3,200
..	..	52¼	Oct. 11.	50	July 27.	50	52	— 2	Standard Milling pf.	100	6,900,000	Oct. 31, '11.	2	SA	51	51	51	51	..	200
40⅝	19⅜	44	June 13.	30¼	Sept. 26.	35⅝	35⅞	— 2	**Tennessee Copper.**	25	5,000,000	Jan. 26, '11.	$1.50	..	37	37	34¼	35⅛	35	2,800
144	134	136½	Feb. 1.	74½	Nov. 23.	85	86½	+ 4	Texas Co.	100	27,000,000	Sept. 30, '11.	1¼	Q	81	87½	81	85	136¼	4,037
36¾	22⅛	30¼	Feb. 21.	22¼	Sept. 22.	22⅝	23	— 1	Texas Pacific.	100	38,760,000	....	..	..	23⅜	24½	22¼	22⅞	25½	1,800
95	83	92	June 24.	84	Sept. 11.	90	..	..	Texas Pacific Land Trust.	100	4,884,700	....	..	..	89	90	89	89	90	300
19½	5½	14½	June 9.	2⅝	Nov. 27.	5⅛	5⅝	— ⅝	Third Avenue.	100	16,000,000	July 30, '07.	1½	..	6	6	4½	5	10¼	7,130
..	..	37⅞	Dec. 2.	31	Nov. 27.	36	36⅞	— 1½	Third Avenue, when issued.	..	....	....	..	..	37⅝	37⅝	35	36¼	..	11,160
15⅜	5⅛	8½	Jan. 17.	4	Nov. 16.	4⅞	5	— ½	Toledo Railways & Light Co.	100	18,875,000	May 1, '07.	1	..	5⅛	5⅛	4½	4½	7¾	1,000
54⅝	19	24¾	Feb. 8.	15	Dec. 6.	14⅜	15	— 2⅜	Toledo, St. Louis & Western.	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	17⅛	17⅝	15	15⅛	22	1,600
72¼	42⅜	53⅞	Jan. 5.	36	Dec. 7.	37	38	— 3⅜	Toledo, St. Louis & Western pf.	100	10,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1	Q	42⅞	42⅞	36	38⅜	53⅞	3,800
111½	103	111	Feb. 2.	104	Sept. 15.	104⅞	105¼	..	Twin City Rapid Transit.	100	20,100,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	105	105	105	105	106½	500
..	..	111	June 26.	63	Mar. 29.	105	107	+ 1⅞	**Underwood Typewriter.**	100	8,500,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1	Q	106	110¼	106	107	..	5,880
..	..	118⅞	July 28.	103	Mar. 31.	112	120	+ ½	Underwood Typewriter pf.	100	5,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	112	112	112	112	..	270
13¼	6	9	Feb. 9.	4⅞	Dec. 8.	4⅞	5	— ⅝	Union Bag & Paper Co.	100	16,000,000	....	..	..	5½	5½	4⅞	4⅞	..	2,700
73	52⅛	59¼	Jan. 30.	50⅝	Nov. 1.	50	55	..	Union Bag & Paper Co. pf.	100	11,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1	Q	51½	51½	51	51	52¼	48
204⅞	152¼	192⅝	July 22.	153½	Sept. 25.	170⅝	170⅞	— 3⅜	Union Pacific.	100	216,645,200	Oct. 2, '11.	2½	Q	174⅜	174⅞	169⅜	170⅞	170¼	263,150
103⅞	88¾	96	July 24.	89	Sept. 18.	92⅝	93¼	— ½	Union Pacific pf.	100	99,569,300	Oct. 2, '11.	2	SA	93	93⅛	92⅞	92⅞	92	702
100½	100	106⅛	June 19.	100¼	Sept. 15.	102	106	+ 2	United Cigar Manufacturers pf.	100	5,000,000	Dec. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	106	106	106	106	..	140
42⅜	23⅜	49	Feb. 20.	28½	Sept. 25.	31½	32	— 2¼	United Railways Investment Co.	100	20,400,000	....	..	..	33¼	33¼	30⅛	31	25	700
72⅞	47	76¼	Mar. 22.	52	Sept. 25.	60	60½	— 1	United Railways Investment Co. pf.	100	16,000,000	Jan. 10, '07.	2½	..	61	61	58	60	51½	2,630
32	14⅛	19	Feb. 23.	11	Sept. 25.	14⅝	15⅛	+ ¼	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & F'dry Co.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07.	1	..	14⅞	15½	14⅞	15	15½	1,700
84	49	61	Feb. 23.	40¼	Sept. 25.	48½	50	+ 2¼	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & F'dry Co. pf.	100	12,106,300	June 1, '11.	1¼	..	47½	48⅜	47½	48⅜	54	400
145	94	104	Feb. 1.	84	Dec. 6.	81	86	— 3	United States Express Co.	100	10,000,000	Nov. 15, '11.	3	SA	86	86	84	84	..	235
84¼	64¾	79¾	May 29.	65⅛	Jan. 25.	68	68½	— ⅜	U. S. Realty & Improvement Co.	100	16,162,800	Nov. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	68	68¼	68	68¼	69	200
..	..	30	May 26.	24	Aug. 2.	25	29	+ 2⅛	U. S. Ind. Alcohol.	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	26½	26½	26½	26½	..	100
..	..	97⅝	May 29.	90	Sept. 18.	92	99	— 1⅝	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	100	6,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1¾	Q	93½	93½	93½	93½	..	110
52½	27	47⅞	Mar. 1.	30½	Sept. 25.	45¾	46	+ ¼	United States Rubber Co.	100	23,666,000	Oct. 31, '11.	1	Q	46	46¼	45¾	46	33	8,700
116½	99	115¼	July 7.	104	Sept. 25.	108⅝	109	..	United States Rubber Co 1st pf.	100	39,824,400	Oct. 31, '11.	2	Q	109⅜	109⅜	109	109	110	1,200
91	61¼	82⅛	Feb. 6.	50	Oct. 27.	62	62⅛	— 1⅜	United States Steel Corporation.	100	508,495,200	Sept. 29, '11.	1¼	Q	63⅝	64	60½	62	78⅝	350,600
125⅝	110¼	120⅞	Feb. 4.	103	Oct. 27.	108⅝	109	— ½	United States Steel Corporation pf.	100	360,314,100	Nov. 29, '11.	1¾	Q	109⅜	109⅝	108⅞	108⅞	116	6,100
60¼	39⅜	52⅝	Nov. 22.	38	Sept. 25.	49¾	50	— ½	Utah Copper.	10	15,693,490	Sept. 30, '11.	75c	Q	51⅜	51⅞	48½	50	46½	26,400
66⅛	47	70⅜	Feb. 28.	43⅛	Sept. 25.	52½	53	— ⅝	**Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co.**	100	27,984,400	Aug. 15, '11.	1½	SA	53⅞	54	52½	53	62⅞	2,000
129¾	117	128½	Mar. 15.	114	Sept. 25.	118	120	+ ⅞	Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co. pf.	100	20,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	2	Q	118⅞	118⅞	118⅞	118⅞	121	120
73	50	97	July 7.	52	Jan. 6.	68	74	+ 10	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.	100	9,073,600	....	..	..	64	76	64	70	..	950
..	..	45	Apr. 24.	37	Sept. 28.	..	41½	— 2	Virginia Railway & Power.	100	11,858,700	Oct. 20, '11.	1	SA	41½	41½	41½	41½	..	200
..	..	81¼	Nov. 24.	77	Sept. 20.	80¾	81	— ¼	Virginia Railway & Power pf.	100	7,651,900	July 10, '11.	2½	SA	81	81	81	81	..	800
27⅞	12½	18⅞	Feb. 23.	5⅞	Dec. 8.	6⅝	6⅞	— 3¼	**Wabash.**	100	53,200,000	....	..	..	10	10⅝	5⅞	6⅞	16¼	63,500
61	28⅝	40⅝	Feb. 23.	16½	Dec. 7.	18	18½	— 4½	Wabash pf.	100	39,200,200	....	..	..	22¾	24¼	16⅝	18¼	33	51,840
54⅝	40	66	July 8.	48⅞	Apr. 18.	59	60¼	— 2½	Western Maryland.	100	39,505,900	....	..	..	61½	62¼	59	59	45½	1,750
78¾	56	84¼	May 24.	71⅝	Apr. 28.	77¼	78¼	..	Western Union Telegraph.	100	99,730,000	Oct. 16, '11.	¾	Q	78½	78½	77¼	77½	71	800
82½	49⅛	79	May 29.	58⅞	Sept. 25.	64½	64⅞	..	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	36,629,500	Oct. 10, '07.	2½	..	65	65	64	64	67⅞	1,000
10	3	6¼	Feb. 3.	2½	Sept. 28.	4¼	4⅜	+ ¾	Wheeling & Lake Erie.	100	20,000,000	....	..	..	4½	5⅜	4¼	4⅜	..	1,700
23	8	17⅞	Feb. 3.	7	Sept. 28.	10½	12	..	Wheeling & Lake Erie 1st pf.	100	4,986,900	....	..	..	11	12½	10⅛	10½	12	800
13½	4	8	Feb. 7.	3	Aug. 23.	5	6	+ ½	Wheeling & Lake Erie 2d pf.	100	11,993,500	....	..	..	6¼	6⅜	5⅜	5⅜	..	1,100
[illegible]	[illegible]	72¼	May 1.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Wisconsin Central.	100	[illegible]	....	..	..	55⅛	55⅛	54⅛	54⅜	[illegible]	400

STATE OF NEW YORK

4 Per Cent. Canal Improvement Gold Bonds

EXEMPT FROM TAXATION

Dated July 1, 1911 Due July 1, 1961

AMOUNTING TO

$10,000,000

Issued in Coupon or Registered Form

For the Improvement of the Erie, Oswego and Champlain Canals

WILL BE SOLD THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1911

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.

AT THE STATE COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, N. Y.

THESE BONDS ARE LEGAL INVESTMENTS FOR TRUST FUNDS

No bids will be accepted for less than the par value of the bonds nor unless accompanied by a deposit of money or by a certified check or bank draft upon a solvent bank or trust company of the cities of Albany or New York, payable to the order of the Comptroller of the State of New York, for at least two per cent of the par value of the bonds bid for.

All proposals, together with the security deposits, must be sealed and endorsed "Loan for Canal Improvement" and enclosed in a sealed envelope directed to the "Comptroller of the State of New York, Albany."

All bids will include accrued interest.

The Comptroller reserves the right to reject any or all bids which are not in his opinion advantageous to the interests of the State.

Circular descriptive of these bonds and of outstanding State bonds, sinking funds, etc., will be mailed upon application to

WILLIAM SOHMER, State Comptroller, Albany, N. Y.

Albany, November 20, 1911.

CHICAGO SUBWAY COMPANY
ILLINOIS TUNNEL COMPANY
CHICAGO WAREHOUSE AND TERMINAL COMPANY
ILLINOIS TELEPHONE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY

To the holders of the bonds of the Illinois Tunnel Company, the holders of the bonds or stock of the Chicago Subway Company, and the holders of Certificates of Deposit of said securities issued by The National City Bank of New York, as Depositary.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Committee has declared operative the Plan of Reorganization of above named Companies, as set forth in the Modified Plan and Agreement, dated November 14, 1911, and has filed a declaration in writing to that effect with The National City Bank of New York, as Depositary, and that said Plan has thereby become and is effective and binding upon the Depositors.

Payment of the assessment of $100 in respect of each $1000 bond, and of $5 in respect of each share of stock, represented by Certificates of Deposit, is hereby called to be made at the office of the Depositary in instalments as follows: 25% on or before the 28TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1911; 25% on or before the 29TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1912; 25% on or before the 28TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1912; and 25% on or before the 28TH DAY OF MARCH, 1912.

As provided by the Plan all payments must be receipted for by the Depositary on the Certificates of Deposit in respect of which such cash is paid, upon presentation of such Certificates of Deposit to the Depositary.

Dated, New York, December 8, 1911.

HENRY W. de FOREST,
L. C. KRAUTHOFF,
WILLIAM S. TOD,
Committee.
CALVERT BREWER, Secretary,
55 Cedar Street, New York.
KRAUTHOFF, HARMON & MATHEWSON, Counsel.
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, Depositary.

Directory of Directors
In the City of New York
1911——1912
Eleventh Edition

Contains, in the first part, a complete alphabetical list of Directors or Trustees having New York City addresses, followed by the names of Companies with which each is connected. The name of the Firm or Company with which each Director is most closely associated is given, in all cases where the facts were obtainable, directly on the line with the name and address.

The second part of the book (Appendix) contains selected lists of corporations in Banking, Insurance, Transportation, Manufacturing and other lines of business, alphabetically arranged, accompanied in each case by the names of the Company's principal Officers and all its Directors or Trustees.

The book forms a comprehensive directory of the large business interests of New York City. The files of the Directory Department may be referred to at the office of the publishers at any time by subscribers.

Price $5
For sale by
Metropolitan Advertising Company
6 Wall St. New York

Nevada-Utah Mines & Smelters Corporation
No. 100 Broadway, New York.
December 9th, 1911.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE NEVADA-UTAH MINES & SMELTERS CORPORATION

Plans have been completed for a readjustment of the affairs of this Company, approved by your Board of Directors, by a majority of the creditors and by stockholders owning a large number of shares. These plans call for the organization of a New Company, shares of the capital stock of which will be issued in exchange for the stock of this Company deposited by stockholders who subscribe to the First Mortgage, Collateral, Convertible Bonds to be issued by the New Company in order to provide funds for the development and improvement of the mining properties and for the payment of the indebtedness of this Company. A syndicate is being formed by Mr. T. Gross, New York Manager of the Hirsch Syndicate, Ltd., of London, for underwriting a substantial amount of these Bonds, the Syndicate agreeing to offer the Bonds to the stockholders of this Company *pro rata* before disposing of the same to other persons. Mr. Willard V. King, President of The Columbia Trust Company, Mr. William J. Palmer, of Trippe & Company, and Mr. L. Vogelstein, of L. Vogelstein & Company, all of New York City, have consented to act as a nominating committee to select the personnel of the management of the New Company and its first Board of Directors. Arrangements are being made with Mr. Allen H. Rogers, a well-known mining engineer of New York, to take full charge of the development work on the properties.

An original of the Plan of Readjustment will be filed with The Columbia Trust Company, No. 135 Broadway, New York City, and copies will be mailed to stockholders in due course. Notice of the filing of the Plan will be published in this newspaper, and it is requested that stockholders, who do not receive a copy of the Plan within a few days after the publication of said notice, communicate with the office of this Company, giving their correct present addresses. By order of the Board of Directors, the transfer books of this Company will be closed from December 23d, 1911, to February 5th, 1912.

Yours very truly,
ROBERT G. MEAD, President.

ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY.
TO HOLDERS OF FIVE PER CENT. SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS
DATED JULY 2, 1906.

The undersigned have been asked and have agreed to act as a Bondholders' Committee to represent and protect the interests of the holders of the Five Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the Company. A Deposit Agreement has been prepared under which the **CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK** will act as Depositary, and copies thereof will be furnished on application to any of the undersigned. Bondholders are urged to communicate at once with the Committee or the Depositary and to deposit their bonds under the agreement in order that the Committee may act promptly on their behalf.

Application will be made in due course to the New York Stock Exchange for the listing of Certificates of Deposit.

New York, December 8, 1911.

JAMES N. WALLACE, Chairman.
(President Central Trust Company of New York;)
R. WALTER LEIGH,
(of Maitland, Coppell & Co., Bankers, New York;)
CHARLES W. COX,
(of Robert Winthrop & Co., Bankers, New York;)
FRED. VOGEL, JR.,
(President First National Bank, Milwaukee;)
JOHN H. McCLEMENT.
F. L. BABCOCK, Secretary,
54 Wall Street, New York.
GUTHRIE, BANGS & VAN SINDEREN,
Counsel to Committee.
CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Depositary.

What are the **"OFFICIAL"** ? Stock and Bond Card-Descriptions

THEY are an accurate financial library in card form. They give you all the advantages and facilities of the manuals, periodicals, reports and newspapers put into one compact form, with the added superiority of brevity, accuracy, convenience and variety of uses. In the case of stocks, the card descriptions furnish a brief outline of the incorporation, capitalization, history, property, etc.; a condensed analysis of the last annual report with comparisons for several years, put in such simple form that any one can easily understand it, and a resume of all the latest news pertaining to the corporation or its securities. Crop and copper output reports, monthly earnings and daily dividend sheet are also supplied. (Service includes about 500 listed stocks.)

With bonds, the card-descriptions furnish an analysis of the original mortgage with all superfluous data eliminated and only the vital facts shown. The service includes descriptions on over 2200 listed and unlisted issues. Both services are revised daily and are constantly enlarged.

Babson System
Official Information Service
Willis D. Porter, Pres.
24 Stone Street, New York.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society
A savings institution organized under the N. Y. State Banking Law. You can take out a pass book with $1 or more. Write for Booklet A. Or start at once. 38 Park Row, N. Y. C.
4½%

The United Rico Mines Co.
FINAL REORGANIZATION NOTICE

The reorganization having been completed by the transfer of the property to the new company, stockholders are given until JANUARY 1, 1912, to deposit their stock, after which date no deposits will be received.

REORGANIZATION COMMITTEE.
CARL M. OWEN, Secretary,
54 [illegible] St., New York City.

¶ The services of the Long Island Loan & Trust Co. are commended to women who own individual estates and who for any reason wish to transfer the responsibility of the care and management of their property to a trustworthy and capable organization.

¶ The accounts of women receive special attention.

LONG ISLAND LOAN & TRUST COMPANY
TEMPLE-BAR, 44 COURT ST.
BROOKLYN

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY

Wall Street corner Nassav
Member N. Y. Clearing House

Authorized to act as Executor under Wills, Administrator, Guardian.
Trustee for Individuals, Corporations and Municipalities. Fiscal Agent.
Transfer Agent and Registrar of Stocks and Bonds.
Receiver, Assignee or Committee.

Temporary Offices
113 BROADWAY

THE MECHANICS TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
Bayonne, N. J.

Commenced Business March 1st, 1886.
STATE, CITY AND COURT DEPOSITARY.
Only Trust Company in New Jersey Clearing Through New York Clearing House.
Accommodations based on balances and responsibility.
Accounts maintained in principal cities.

OFFICERS.
DeWitt Van Buskirk, President.
C. B. Zabriskie, V. Pres. Wm. R. Wilde, Treas.
Frederic C. Earl, Sec'y. T. J. Kitts, Asst. Treas.
Chas. S. Noé, Chairman Board of Directors.

The Washington Trust Co
of the City of New York.
253 BROADWAY.
Allows Interest on Deposits.
Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Administrator.

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY
of the City of New York
49 Wall Street
Transacts banking and trust business

United States Mortgage & Trust Co.
New York
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $6,000,000.
Personal and Business Accounts Invited

Guaranty Trust Co. of New York
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N.Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus. $23,000,000
Deposits........ 161,000,000

Mortgage Bonds
Offered at Par (100) and Interest 6% DENOMINATIONS $1000 - $500 - $100

A SAFE, conservative investment, secured by high-class, income-producing residential and business property in Manhattan, New York City.

This security always remains stable.

Bonds are tax exempt in New York State and interest is paid semi-annually January and July.

Write for Circular 5.

New York Real Estate Security Company, 42 Broadway, New York City
CAPITAL $3,950,000

WE HAVE FOR SALE
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
Netting to the Purchaser
5½%
in the following amounts:

2500	3750	5000	25000
2500	5000	45000	5000
7000	7500	2500	5000
3250	1000	2500	5000
5000	3500	2500	3750
3500	3750	3500	3750
3500	3750	3500	3500

FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO
Bridge Plaza-North, Borough of Queens, New York City.
Booklet "A" sent free upon request.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

LEE, KRETSCHMAR & COMPANY.
CERTIFICATE OF CONTINUED USE OF COPARTNERSHIP NAME.

Whereas, The partnership existing between JOHN BOWERS LEE, CHARLES A. WHITEHOUSE, WILLIAM R. TALBOT, ISAAC L. MACARTHUR, and HORATIO C. KRETSCHMAR, which had business relations with foreign countries, and has carried on business in this State for over three years, was dissolved by the death of Horatio C. Kretschmar, and said business continues to be conducted by the undersigned;

Now, therefore, we, the undersigned, do hereby, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, certify and declare that we are the only persons now and hereafter dealing under such partnership name of LEE, KRETSCHMAR & COMPANY, and that we intend to deal under such partnership name in the conduct of such business in the future; that our principal place of business is in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.; that the place of residence of said John Bowers Lee is Southampton, Suffolk County, N. Y.; that the place of residence of said Charles A. Whitehouse is the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.; that the place of residence of said William R. Talbot is Greenwich, Connecticut; that the place of residence of said Isaac L. MacArthur is the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, N. Y.

New York, December 5th, 1911.
J. BOWERS LEE,
CHARLES A. WHITEHOUSE,
WILLIAM R. TALBOT,
ISAAC L. MACARTHUR.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
On this fifth day of December, 1911, before me personally came and appeared JOHN BOWERS LEE, CHARLES A. WHITEHOUSE, WILLIAM R. TALBOT, and ISAAC L. MACARTHUR, to me known and known to me to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they severally acknowledged to me that they executed the same.
WILLIAM C. BOWERS,
Notary Public, New York County, No. 85,
New York Register No. 2090.

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information at hand. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. *Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 9, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Albany So. 5s..	$1,302,000	2½s	S	M. & S.	96	99
Am. Cities Co..	V	V	V	V	25¼	26
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	79½	80½
Am. Gas & El...	2,500,000	V	V	V	65	67
Do preferred	1,537,500	V	V	V	42½	43¼
Am. Lt. & Trac	10,395,400	2½s	Q	Aug 1, 11	293	295
Do preferred	14,236,200	1½	Q	Aug 1, 11	106	108
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,593,800	..	..	....	75½	78
Do 6% cum.pf.	2,798,100	1½	Q	July 1, 11	82½	83½
Appalach. Pow.	6,000,000	V	V	V	20	23
Do preferred	2,180,000	1¾	Q	V	65	72
Ariz. Power....	3,000,000	..	..	....	15	20
Do preferred	825,000	..	..	....	56	60
Do 1st 6s, '31	1,793,000	3	S	M. & N.	82	87
Aub'n & Syr. E. R.R. 5s, tax ex.	1,450,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99½	101½
Aug.-Aik. R. & E. s. f. 5s, '35.	2,400,000	2½	S	J. & D.	92	94
Do pf. stock	1,500,000	V	..	....	77	78
Do common..	2,250,000	V	..	....	22	25
Aug. R. & E. 5s, '40	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	..
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Apr 10, 11	36	38
Do preferred	3,100,000	1½	Q	Apr 10, 11	83	84
Do 1st 5s, '41	3,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	100½
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	917,000	2½	S	M. & N.	96	..
Benton Har.-St. Jo. 1st 5s.....	810,000	2½	S	M. & N.	88	90
Bing'mt'n 5s,'31	1,204,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co. 4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	91½	93½
Buf. Cr't'n 1st5s	2,974,000	2½	S	M. & N.	104	..
Buff. Gen. El.5s	2,375,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101	..
B. & Lac. Tr. 5s	V	V	V	V	87	92
B. & Lockp. 5s.	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B. & L.E. Trac. 5s, '36........	7,005,000	2½	S	M. & N.	..	70
B. & N. Falls E. L.& P.1st5s.'42	500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	99	100
Butte E. & P. Co.	V	V	V	V	115	120
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	..	..
Capital Trac...	12,000,000	1½	Q	July 1, 11	126½	127¾
Do 1st 5s, '47	4,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	111	112
Central Maine Power 1st 5s..	1,100,000	..	S	M. & N.	96	98
Charleston Con. R.,G.& E.($50)	1,500,000	2	S	V	40	45
Do con. 5s,'99	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	98
Chas. City Ry. 5s, 1923.......	750,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102½	..
Chattan'ga Rys 1st 5s, '56.....	1,857,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95	97
Chi.-Terre H. & S. E. 1st 5s...	3,100,000	2½	S	J. & D.	..	98
Cit'z L,H.&P.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	102
Clev. El.R.5s,'13	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	100½
Clevel'd Ry. 1st 5s, '31......	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	100	101
Columbia Ry. G. & El. 1st s.f.5s	2,454,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	95
Col., Nwk. & Z. 5s, '24........	1,250,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97	99
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble..	10,782,000	2¼	S	J. & D.	101½	102½
Do unstamp..	1,709,000	2½	S	J. & D.	101½	..
Con. Gas, E.L.& P. (Balt.) 4½s	11,564,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	88⅝	88¼
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jul 15, 11	75	75½
Do1st 5s,1933	15,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	104½	105
Consum. Power (Mich.) 5s	6,388,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95½	97½
Dallas Electric Corp. 1st 5s..	V	V	V	V	94	96½
Detroit & Flint 5s, '21	1,400,000	V	V	....	93½	..
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, '31	1,103,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96	..
D'th S. Ry.1st5s	2,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	..	101½
E. Liverpool L. & Tr. 5s, 1925.	V	V	V	V	..	68
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s,'56	1,621,000	2½	S	J. & D.	95	98
Elmira W., L. & R. R. con. 5s.	2,166,000	2½	S	M. & S.	92	95
El Paso El.5s,'32	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	99½
Emp. Dist.El.Co	1,756,500	V	V	V	50	..
Do preferred	501,100	V	V	V	81½	82½
Do 5s.......	1,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	79½	80½
Do 6% notes, '12	V	V	V	V	99½	100
Gas & El.Sec.Co	1,000,000	..	..	....	100	101
Do preferred	1,000,000	7	A	Monthly	86	87½
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,300,000	2½	S	J. & J.	83½	84½
Hamburg Ry. 5s	V	V	V	V	..	86
Harwood El. 5s, '39	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	99
Hyd. Pow.5s,'50	2,205,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102
Int. Ry. of Buf.: Buf. Div.5s,'31	4,706,000	2½	S	F. & A.	104¾	106
Do deb. 6s,'17	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	103½	105
L.&O.Div.1st5s	800,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	98¼
B.&L.Div.1st5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B & N F D1st5s	[illegible]	2½	S	J. & D.	103½	104½
Int. Trac. 4s,'49 receipts flat..	18,315,000	2	S	J. & J.	69½	..
Jer. Central Tr. 5s, '54	750,000	2½	S	J. & D.	87	94
J. C., H. & P.4s	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	75½	76
Joplin & Pit.Ry. 5s ...	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94½	96½
Kan. C. R. & L.	9,543,080	..	..	....	20	20
Do preferred	9,407,500	1¼	Q	Mar 1, 11	51	51
Do 1st 1.r. 5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90½	90⅝
Do cv. 6s, '12	5,478,000	3	S	M. & S.	95	96½
K. C. Belt L. 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	106½	106½
K. C. Elv. 4s,'22	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	76	78
Kan. C. West.5s	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	79	83
K.C. Met. St.Ry ch.ex.1st 5s.'13	7,243,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94	95
K. C. & Westpt. 1st 5s, 1926	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	93
Knoxv.R. & L.5s	1,932,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	97
Knoxv. Trac. 5s	824,000	2½	S	A. & O.	104¼	..
Leavenw'th L., H. & P. 5s	V	V	V	V	89	91
Lit. Rock Ry. & El. 1st 5s. '33.	1,972,000	2½	S	A. & O.	104¾	..
Lockp't L., H. & P. 5s, '38	V	V	V	V	91	95
L. R., H. S. & W. 4s, '39	V	V	V	V	82¾	84½
Los A.G. & E.5s	2,920,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96½	98½
Met.Elec.(Reading) 1st 5s. '39.	2,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	96½	97½
Min'p's Gen. E. 1st con 5s. '33.	5,486,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99½	100½
Min. St.Ry.6s,'13	600,000	3	S	M. & N.	102½	..
Mobile El. 5s,'46	1,581,000	2½	S	M. & N.	86½	89
Nash. R.& El 5s	4,054,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	103
Do stock	4,000,000	1¼	Q	July 1, 11	72	73¼
Do preferred	2,500,000	1¼	Q	July 1, 11	92	93
Nassau L. & P. 1st 5s, '27.....	619,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99½	102½
Nat. L., H. & P. col. tr. 5s,Ser.B	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	100
Do Series C..	405,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97⅛	99
Nev.-Cal. Pow. Co. 6s, '27....	2,896,000	3	S	A. & O.	94½	96
N.Y. & Q. Elec. Lt. & P. ...	1,250,000	..	..	....	54	56
Do preferred	1,250,000	1	Q	Sep 1, 11	73	77
Do 1st 5s....	2,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101	103
N. Y. State Rys	3,862,500	1¼	Q	....	..	81½
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes. 1912....	1,922,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	100½
N.F. Pow.5s,'32	10,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101¼	102
Niag., L. & O.P 5s, '54	4,910,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90	94
NY & Westch'r Ltg G M4s.2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	83½	85½
Do 5s........	V	V	V	V	..	103¼
Northam't'n—E. & W. Tr.5s,'50	550,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92	96
Nor. El. Ry. Co	1,200,000	1½	S	J. & J.	22	24
Do 1st 5s....	1,200,000	2½	S	J. & D.	71	74
N.Hud.Co Ry.5s	1,201,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
Nor. Jersey Ry. 1st. 4s. 1948..	15,000,000	2	S	M. & N.	77½	78¼
[illegible] Ohio Tr.5s, '19	2,700,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99¾	100¼
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	101
Okla. Ry. 5s...	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95½	97½
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28.	6,814,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	100
Ont. P. stock..	8,119,000	V	V	V	50	53
Ontario Pow. 5s	6,949,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	96
Do deb. 6s,'21	8,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	94½	95¼
Ont. Transmis. 1st 5s, 1945...	1,556,000	2½	S	M. & N.	89	92½
O. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s,'28.	1,657,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	100
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	..
Oreg. W. P. & Ry. 6s, '32....	3,931,000	3	S	J. & J.	103	105
Pacific Lt. & P. (Los Ang.) 1st 5s, '42	88,827,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	100
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30.	8,220,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99⅞	100
Port. R., L. & P. 5% notes,'12	4,273,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
Port. Gen. El.5s	7,178,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99½	101½
Pot'm'c El. Pow con. mtg.5s,'36	4,391,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101⅞	102⅛
Do 1st 5s, '29	1,700,000	2½	S	J. & D.	108⅝	109⅛
Pub. S. Cor.ctfs	19,970,440	2¾	S	May 1, 11	105	106
Roch. Gas & El. 1st 5s, 1912...	2,000,000	2½	S	V	100	100¾
Roch. Ry. 1st con. 5s........	2,700,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103	..
Do 2d 5s, '33	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	102¼	..
Do pf. stock.	V	V	V	V	89	91¼
Roch.Ry.& L.5s	9,401,000	2½	..	J. & J.	100	101
Same bond, tax exempt N. Y.	....	..	..	....	100½	101½
Roch., S & E..	6,000,000	V	V	V	15	17
Do preferred	2,500,000	V	V	V	65	76
Do 5s, '45...	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	87	88
Rockld.L.& P.5s	555,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	..
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st 6s,'46	1,702,000	2½	S	M. & S.	92	96
St. Jos.(Mo.)R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	99½
Sagn. Val.Tr.5s	813,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	100
St. Lou. Ry.4½s (B'y Cable)'20	1,948,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	97¼	97½
Salt L. & Ogd. 1st 5s........	1,000,000	..	S	F. & A.	96½	98½
San Diego Con. G. & E.......	727,400	1¾	Q	Jun 15, 10	100	..
Do preferred	1,505,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 11	95	..
Do 1st 5s, '39	2,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	99
San Joaquin Lt. & P. 1st 5s,'45	2,695,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98½	99¼
Savan. E. 5s,'52	2,051,000	2½	S	J. & J.	72	75
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23....	1,600,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Scranton El. 5s	2,271,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	103½
Scran. Ry. ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	50	..
Do pf., ($50).	1,500,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	62½	70
Do con.5s,'32	1,100,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	102
Seattle Elec. Co	6,427,200	3	S	Apr. 1, 11	106	107
Do preferred	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 11	101	102
Do 1st 5s, '30	V	V	V	V	103¼	104½
Do con. 5s,'29	7,271,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97½	..
Seattle Ltg. 5s.	3,623,000	2½	S	A. & O.	95½	97½
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25....	1,963,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	..
Sierra & San F. Pow. 1st 5s...	6,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	94	96
So.Cal.Ed's'n 5s	7,633,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	96
South'n Pow. 5s	4,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s..	4,035,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	100
Spgfld. (Mo.) R. & L.F.L.5s,'26	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92½	95
Superior W.,L.& P. 1st 4s, 1931.	1,600,000	2	S	M. & N.	82	85
Syrac. Rap. T.	1,169,872	V	V	V	70	..
Do preferred	2,748,200	V	V	V	..	98½
Tampa El.1st 5s	932,500	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	99½
Tex. Trac.1st 5s	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	95	97
Tri-City R. & L.	9,000,000	..	..	....	30½	32
Do preferred	2,826,200	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 12	95	96
Do 5s, '23...	8,207,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97¼	98⅝
Twin City R. T. 5s, '28.......	V	1¼	Q	Jan. 2, 12	105	105¼
Unit. Elec. N.J.	18,617,500	2	S	J. & D.	90	95
Do 4s, '49....	18,617,500	2	S	J. & D.	78½	79
Unit. E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s...	4,368,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	93½	95
U. Ry. & Elec. (Balt.)	15,000,000	V	V	V	19¾	20
Do 1st 4s	26,450,000	2½	S	M. & S.	86¾	87
Do fdg. 5s...	V	V	V	V	88½	89
Do inc. 4s...	14,000,000	2	S	J. & D.	64¼	64½
UG & E of N J.5s	V	V	V	V	94	99
Utica & M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s,'41	2,268,000	..	S	M. & S.	96½	98
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	10,345,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95	97½
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s.	2,450,000	2½	S	M. & S.	90	95
Wash., Balt. & A. 1st 5s.	V	V	V	V	77	79
Wash. R. & El.	5,500,000	2	S	J. & D.	46	47
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	June 1, 11	87¾	88½
Do con. 4s,'51	10,244,000	2	S	J. & D.	86¾	87
Wash.-Va. Ry..	1,378,000	2	S	M. & S.	41	44
Do preferred	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	67	69
West'n Power..	12,000,000	..	..	....	30	32
Do 6% cum.pf	5,220,000	..	..	....	60	62

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Astor Trust....	$1,250,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 11	350	360
Bankers' Trust.	5,000,000	6	Q	Oct. 2, 11	700	705
Broadway Tr...	700,000	1½	Q	Nov. 1, 11	140	146
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Oct. 2, 11	445	455
Central	3,000,000	9	Q	Oct. 2, 11	1000	1015
Citizens'	500,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 11	120	130
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	300	305
Commercial ...	500,000	V	V	V	100	105
Empire	1,000,000	2½	Q	Sep 30, 11	300	310
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	6	Q	Sep 30, 11	485	492
Farmers' Loan. & Trust ($25)	1,000,000	12½	Q	Nov 1, 11	1375	1425
Fidelity	1,000,000	3N	S	July 1, 11	217	222
Flatbush	300,000	4	S	July 1, 11	200	215
Franklin	R1,500,000	4	S	Jun 30, 10	270	290
Fulton	500,000	5	S	July 1, 11	300	310
Guaranty	5,000,000	8	Q	Dec 30, 11	800	805
Guardian	500,000				100	115
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Nov 1, 11	265	275
Home	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	105	115
Hudson Trust..	500,000	3	S	July 1, 11	145	155
Kings County..	500,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 11	520	535
Knickerb. Trust	3,181,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	290	295
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	112	115
Long Island....	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	345	350
Manhattan ($30)	1,000,000	6	S	July 1, 11	375	400
Metropolitan ...	2,000,000	6	S	Sep 30, 11	405	415
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1½	Q	Jun 30, 11	104	108
Mutual Alliance	700,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	127	135
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 11	..	155
New York......	3,000,000	8	Q	Sep 30, 11	590	600
People's Trust..	1,000,000	1	M	Nov 1, 11	285	295
Realty Assoc..	4,000,000	3	S	Jul 15, 11	110	114
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Sep 30, 11	350	380
T. Guar. & Tr..	4,375,000	5	Q	Sep 30, 11	482	488
Tr. Co. of Am..	2,000,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	320	330
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Oct 10, 11	1300	..
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jun 30, 11	465	470
United States..	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 2, 12	1140	1170
Washington Tr.	500,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	360	385
Windsor§	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 20, 10	185	195

§New stock. N—Paid on old capital of $750,000.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 9, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat.....	$300,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	175	185
America	1,500,000	13	S	July 1, 11	610	615
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 11	247	252
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	3	S	July 1, 11	135	150
Bowery	250,000	‡8	Q	Nov 1, 11	390	415
Bronx Borough.	150,000	10	S	July 1, 11	300	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)...	300,000	3	S	July 1, 11	130	140
Century	200,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	140	145
Chase National.	5,000,000	5	Q	Oct. 2, 11	550	575
Chat.-Phen.Nat.	2,250,000	..	..	....	170	173
Chelsea Exch..	200,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	185	200
Chemical Nat..	3,000,000	2½	B	Nov 1, 11	435	445
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	153	158
City (National).	25,000,000	s5	S	May 1, 11	415	420
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	155	160
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	440	..
Columbia	300,000	8	S	July 1, 11	370	375
Commerce (Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	198	198
Corn Exchange.	3,000,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 11	310	315
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	July 1, 11	115	125
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	Nov 1, 11	165	175
Fifth Avenue..	100,000	25	Q	Oct. 2, 11	4100	4350
Fifth National..	250,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	300	350
First National..	10,000,000	7	Q	Oct. 2, 11	965	975
Fourth Nat.....	5,000,000	2	Q	July 1, 11	202	205
Gal'tin Nat.($50)	1,000,000	7	S	Oct. 6, 10	335	350
Garfield Nat...	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	287	295
Ger.-Am. ($75)..	750,000	3	S	Aug 1, 11	140	145
German Exch..	200,000	10	S	July 1, 11	460	490
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	Oct 21, 11	525	550
Gotham Nat....	200,000	4	S	July 1, 11	155	155
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	Nov 1, 11	245	255
Hanover Nat...	3,000,000	4	Q	Oct. 2, 11	625	630
Harriman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	290	..
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	July 1, 11	575	585
Internat. B'k'g..	3,250,000	2	S	Oct 10, 07	85	91
Irv. Nat. Exch..	2,000,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	213	220
Jefferson	500,000	4	S	July 1, 11	135	150
Liberty Nat....	1,000,000	5	Q	July 1, 11	565	575
Lincoln Nat....	1,000,000	2½	Q	Nov 1, 11	390	410
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	7	S	July 1, 11	340	350
Mar.& Fult.Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	250	255
Mechanics and Metals	6,000,000	3	Q	Nov 10,11	265	268
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 12	148	155
Merch.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	July 1, 11	180	190
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	July 1, 11	160	170
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 11	375	400
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	195	202
Mount Morris..	250,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	250	260
Mutual	200,000	4	S	July 1, 11	275	295
Nat. Nassau....	500,000	4	S	Nov 1, 11	300	325
Nat. Reserve...	1,200,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 11	90	95
N. Netherland..	200,000	2½	S	Oct. 2, 11	210	225
N. Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	7	S	July 1, 11	310	320
N.Y.County Nat	500,000	20	S	July 1, 11	850	..
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	4	S	Apr 15, 11	170	175
Pacific ($50)....	500,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 11	270	285
Park National..	5,000,000	4	Q	Oct. 2, 11	370	372
People's ($25)..	200,000	2	S	July 1, 11	250	275
Plaza	100,000	10	S	July 1, 11	675	..
Seaboard Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	415	450
Second Nat.....	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	395	425
Security	1,000,000	3	S	Aug 1, 11	140	150
Sherman Nat...	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	July 1, 11	250	275
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Aug. 1, 11	160	..
Union Ex. Nat..	1,000,000	4	S	July 1, 11	160	170
Wash. Heights.	100,000	2	Q	Sep 30, 11	275	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	July 1, 11	600	650
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	July 1, 11	525	575

s—Also special dividend 40% paid July 10
¶ Result of special inquiry of six leading bank-stock specialists the individual bid and asked quotations being 165-170, 165-173, 165-175, 165-172, 167-173, 170-175.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Bank Note Co. ($50)......	4,495,650	1	Q	Nov 15,11	38½	40
Do pf. ($50)..	4,495,650	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 12	49½	51½
Amer. Chicle...	6,000,000	‡2	M	Nov 20,11	225	230
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	V	103	105½
Am. Gluc. Co...	800,000	2	S	M. & N.	108½	110½
Do preferred	1,600,000	4	S	F. & A.	146	149
Am. Graphop's.	2,627,500	1¼	Q	Sep 15, 07	5	..
Do preferred	2,095,630	1¾	Q	Nov 15,08	28	35
Am. Malting 6s	3,078,000	3	S	M. & N.	99	101
Am. Screw.....	3,000,000	2½	Q	Sep 30, 11	160	165
Am. Typefd....	4,000,000	1	Q	Oct 16, 11	43	46
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 16, 11	98	100
Do deb. 6s,'39	1,900,000	3	S	Nov 1, 11	99½	100
Am. Writ. Pap.	9,500,000	..	..	....	2	2½
Ast. V'neer Mls. & Dock 6s, '41	500,000	3	S	J. & J.	100	105
Atl. Port. Cem. 1st 6s, '25....	4,400,000	3	S	M. & S.	101	104
Do stock....	......	..	..	....	62	71
Bab. & Wilcox.	15,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct. 4	99½	102
Bald. Loco. pf..	V	V	V	V	105½	106
Barney & Smith Car 5s of '36..	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	80	100
Bliss, E.W., Co.	1,250,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	80	100
Do preferred	1,250,000	2	Q	Oct. 1, 11	122	126
Bord. C. Milk...	21,250,000	4	S	Aug 15,11	127	127
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Dec 15, 11	109	109
Case Th. Mach. 1st 5s.........	2,300,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100
Celluloid	5,925,000	‡3½	Q	Dec 30, 11	139	140
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	500,000	$10	Q	Jan. 5, 12	700	800
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,485,800	1	Q	Jul 26, 11	46	46½
Con. Cot. Duck.	7,000,000	V	V	V	2½	4
Do preferred	6,000,000	V	V	V	16	18
Con. Rub. Tire.	4,000,000	..	..	....	3¾	4¼
Do preferred	1,149,500	1½	Q	Dec., 1909	20	29
Do deb. 4s...	2,850,000	3	A	J. & J.	40	45
Crocker-Wh'ler.	1,700,000	1½	Q	Oct 16, 11	90	94
Do preferred	500,000	1¾	Q	Oct 16, 11	104	106
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,525,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99⅝	99⅞
Dodge Mf. Co.pf	695,800	1¾	Q	Oct. 1, 11	96	100
Empire St. & I.	1,254,770	..	..	....	10	15
Do preferred	2,500,000	1	S	July 1, 11	40	43
Hav. Tobacco..	30,000,000	..	..	....	5	7
Hav. Tob. pf...	5,000,000	..	..	....	10	11
Houston Oil cfs.	......	..	..	....	7½	8
Do preferred		..	..	....	72	73
Int. Nickel.....	11,582,626	2½	S	Sep. 1, 11	242	240
Do preferred	8,912,626	1½	Q	Aug 1, 11	101	101
Do 5s, '32....	8,475,000	2½	S	V	99¾	100
Internat. Salt..	18,231,39[illegible]	..	Q	Dec. 1, 06	2½	5
Do 1st 5s....	3,990,500	2½	S	A. & O.	47	49
Internat. Silver	685,362	..	..	....	65	70
Do preferred	6,028,587	‡2	Q	Jan. 2, 12	113	118
Do 1st 6s, '48.	3,399,000	3	S	J. & D.	[illegible]	112
Do deb. 6s,'33	1,867,000	3	S	J. & J.	100	102
K. C. Stocky'ds	8,250,000	1½	Q	Nov 1, 11	97	98
Do cv. 5s, '13	619,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100½
Lake Sup. Corp.	40,000,000	V	V	V		
Lan. Monotype.	5,000,000	1½	Q	Sep 30, 11	94½	94¾
Mergenth. Lino.	12,797,800	‡6	Q	Dec 30, 11	221	222
Otis Elevator..	6,371,500	1	Q	Sep 30, 11	70	72
Do preferred	6,451,100	1½	Q	Oct 16, 11	96	99
Proc. & Gamble	12,000,000	3	Q	Nov 15,11	395	405
Do preferred.	2,250,000	2	Q	Oct 15, 11	185	200
Producers' Oil.	3,000,000	1.50	Q	Dec 30, 11	92	102
Do conv. 6s..	2,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	86	93
Rice - Stix Dry Goods pf......	2,000,000	3½	S	July 1, 11	110	113
Rogers-Brown..	5,000,000	V	V	V	95	96
Royal Bak. P..	10,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	195	200
Do 6% cum.pf	10,000,000	1½	Q	Sep 30, 11	108	108½
St. Jos. Lead...	10,000,000	1½	Q	Dec 20, 11	9¼	10
Schwarz. & S. 6s, '16........	5,251,000	3	S	J. & D.	101	102
Shredded Wht..	8,750,000	1	Q	Oct. 1, 11	70	70½
Do preferred	1,250,000	1½	Q	Oct. 1, 11	..	98
Singer Mfg....	60,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,11	290	295
Stand. Coupler.	1,200,000	2	S	Dec 30, 10	38	45
Do preferred	300,000	4	S	Dec 30, 10	105	115
Standard Oil...	100,000,000	$6	Q	Sep 15, 11	635	660
Do subs. stks	V	V	V	V	300	360
Do ex-subsid.	V	V	V	V	325	330

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 9, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Stern Bros. pf..	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Dec. 1, 11	90	92
Street's West'n Stable Car 5s..	1,850,000	2½	S	J. & D.	9½	10½
Studeb'kr Corp.	30,000,000	..	..	....	55½	56
Do preferred	13,500,000	1¾	Q	Dec. 1, 11	102⅜	101
Un. Typewriter.	10,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 07	37	39
Unit. Cig. Mfrs.	15,000,000	1	Q	Nov 1, 11	47	48
U. S. Env. 5s,.	1,950,000	2½	S	J. & D.	102½	102¾
U. S. Motors..	8,000,000	..	..	....	13	16
Do preferred	8,000,000	1¼	Q	Nov 10,11	64	60
U. S. Play. Cd.	350,000	2¼	Q	June 1, 11	148	152
U. S. Ptg. Co..	8,500,000	1¾	Q	June 1, 11	90	..
U.S.Worsted pf.	2,340,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 11	..	87½
West. Elec. 1st. 5s, '22........	8,750,000	2½	..	J. & J.	102	102¼
Worth'n H.R. pf	2,000,000	3½	S	May 1, 11	105	107

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 9, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cities Co.	V	V	V	V	24¼	25
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	80⅝	81
Auburn 1st 5s..	300,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99	..
Binghamt'n Gas 1st 5s, 1938...	750,000	2½	S	A. & O.	98	101
Borough Gas....	V	V	V	V	65	90
Buffalo Gas....	7,000,000	..	..	....	4	5
Buffalo Gas pf.	1,713,000	..	..	....	..	20
Buf.G. 1st 5s,'47	5,900,000	2½	S	A. & O.	61	63
Cent. Un.5s.1927	3,500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	102	103½
Cities Service..	4,887,620	½	M	Dec. 1, 11	79½	80½
Do preferred	8,661,240	½	M	Dec. 1, 11	81½	82
Colum. G. & F.	2,750,000	1	M	Aug 1, 10	29	33
Do preferred	5,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 11	70	73
††Con. G. of N.J. 1st con.5s,1936	971,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	98
Dayton Gas 5s.	1,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99	..
Denver G. & E.	2,500,000	¼	M	Nov 1, 11	200	..
Do gen. 5s...	5,691,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94	95
Gd. Rap. G.L.5s	1,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	99¾	101
Houston G.5s,'20	825,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97½	99½
Hud. Co. Gas...	10,500,000	4	S	June 1, 11	132	134
Do 1st 5s...	10,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	104¼	105
Indiana Ltg. Co	4,500,000	..	..	....	36	39
Do 1st 4s,1958	8,000,000	2	S	F. & A.	67	69
Ind'apolis ($50).	2,000,000	..	..	....	..	20
Do 1st5s,1952	4,250,000	2½	S	A. & O.	70	80
Ind. Wat. 5s, '26	2,431,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
J'ksonville5s,'37	1,148,000	1¼	Q	Sep, 1911	92½	97½
Kansas Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	14	15
Do 1st 6s, '16	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	99½	100
Do 2d 6s, '18	2,800,000	3	S	J. & J.	83	84
Lincoln G. & E.	2,250,000	3	S	J. & J.	29	30
Madison (Wis.) 1st 6s, 1926...	400,000	3	S	A. & O.	104	109
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27.	7,032,000	2	SA	M. & N.	90	90½
Mich. Light pf..	2,144,000	1½	Q		95	99
Minneapolis 5s.	5,490,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99	100
Nashville Gas..	1,380,000	1	Q	V	80	85
N. Ams'm 5s,'48	10,635,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	101½
New'k 1st 6s,'44	3,999,700	1¼	Q	J,A,J,O	126	127½
Newark Con. G. con. 5s, '48....	6,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	105	106
N. Y. & E. R. con. 5s, 1945..	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	103
N.Y. & Q. G.Co. 1st 5s, "T. E."	816,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98½	..

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 9, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Ogden 5s, '45...	6,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94½	..
Okla. G. & El..	1,118,900	2	Q	Jun 15, 11	110	..
Do 7% cum.pf	1,500,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 11	95	..
Do 5s, '29....	2,125,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	99
Omaha 6s......	300,000	3	S	V	102	..
Pacific G. & E.	19,272,000	V	V	V	46½	47½
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 15,11	89	89½
Do deb. 6s,'37	3,651,000	3	S	J. & D.	98	101
Portl'd G.&C.5s	3,207,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	100
St. Joseph (Mo.) 1st 5s, 1944...	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	95
St. Paul G. Lt. gen. 5s, 1944..	3,439,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	98¾
Scranton Gas & Wat. 1st 5s,'23	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102½	104½
Do deb. 5s,'35	600,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	103
Do deb. 5s,'39	550,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	103
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	J. & D.	128	130
Do 1st 5s, '53	12,378,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98½	99
Sp'brook Wat.5s	4,490,000	2½	S	A. & O.	102	104
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	¾	S	Dec 31, 06	60	..
Do preferred	4,295,700	V	V	V	90	..
Do 1st 5s,1930	1,362,000	2½	S	M. & N.	104	106
Syrac. Gas 1st 5s, 1946	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103
Syrac. L. & P. col. tr.5s,g.,'54	5,506,490	2½	S	J. & J.	80	82
Syracuse Lt. 1st mtg. 5s, '51...	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100¼	101
U. G. I. stock...	V	2	Q	Oct 14, 11	85⅝	85¾
Washington G., ($20)	2,600,000	V	V	V	87½	87⅝
Do 5s, 1960..	2,860,000	2½	S	M. & N.	110¼	..
West. N.Y.Wat.	5,600,000	V	V	V	..	8
Wilkesbarre G. & E. 1st 5s,'55	3,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock..	900,000	V	S	V	17	22
Do 1st 4s, 1950	700,000	2	S	J. & J.	60	65
B'way& 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	V	140	..
Do 2d 5s, 1914	500,000	V	V	V	102	..
B'way Surface guar. 1st 5s,'24	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	..
B., B. & W. E gen. 5s, 1933..	121,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	100
B'klyn C.R.($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	162	167
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	15	25
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	100	120
Coney Isl. & B.	2,983,900	2	Q	Feb., 1907	45	55
Do 1st con 4s	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	78	83
Dry D., E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	950,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	..
Eighth Av.R.R.	1,000,000	V	V	V	290	310
42d St. & Gr.St.	748,000	12½	N	V	215	250
42d St., M. & St. N.Av.1st 6s,'10	1,200,000	V	V	V	98	100
Do inc.6s,1915	1,600,000	..	..	....	50	60
Hud Tunnels: Hud. & Man..	39,994,800	..	..	....	12	14
Do 4½s of '57..	64,379,000	2¼	S	F. & A.	74	75½
Hud. Cos. pf..	5,242,151	..	..	....	45	60
Met. St. Ry....	52,000,000	1¼	Q	July 1, 07	..	..
Ninth Avenue..	800,000	2	Q	....	165	175
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 09	8	12
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	V	120	130
23d Street.....	600,000	[illegible]	Q	V	210	250

TELEPHONE COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 9, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Un. Telph. (H's'g) 5s, '57	1,244,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	16	23
Cen. Un. Telph.	5,450,927	1	Q	Apr., 1896	55	65
Do 5s........	3,500,000	2½	Q	J. & J.	98¼	99
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	8,595,200	..	..	....	10½	12½
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 1st 5s, '31.....	2,292,500	2½	S	A. & O.	30	40
Cumb. T. & T..	19,680,150	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	156¾	156
Cuyah'a Tel. 5s	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	90
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000	..	..	....	71	71
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	65¾	67
Kan.C.HomeTel	3,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	91¼	92
Do 5s, '23....	3,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	91¼
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25....	1,199,500	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	87¼	87½
Kinloch Tel.(St. Louis) 6s, '28	2,000,000	3	S	F. & A.	105¼	105½
Mo. & Kan. Tel.	13,627,700	1½	Q	Nov 5, 06	60	65
N. Eng. T. & T. deb. 6s, '15....	500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	101	102
Do deb 4s,'30	1,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	92½	95
Do deb. 5s,'19	500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	101	102
U. S. Tel. Co. (Clev.) 1st 5s.	2,156,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	88
West. T. & T.	16,000,000	..	..	....	25	27
Do preferred	16,000,000	2½	S	F. & A.	106	108
Do 5s, '32....	9,958,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	99¾

INSURANCE AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Surety...	$2,500,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	263	270
City of N. Y...	500,000	2½	Q	Oct. 1, 11	..	185
Commonwealth.	500,000	5	S	July 1, 11	325	..
Continental	2,000,000	25	S	July, 1911	985	995
Empire City....	400,000	5	S	July, 1911	180	..
Fidelity & Cas.	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	475	..
Fidelity-Phenix.	2,500,000	5	S	July, 1911	294	298
Germ. Alliance.	400,000	7½	S	Jul 12, 11	285	295
Germ.-Amer....	2,000,000	15	S	Jul 12, 11	520	580
Germania ($50).	1,000,000	10	S	July 5, 11	295	310
Germania Life.	200,000	8½	S	July 1, 11	210	225
Glens Falls ($10)	200,000	15	S	J. & J.	1700	..
Globe & Rutgers	400,000	10	Q	Jul 31, 11	500	..
Hanover ($50)..	1,000,000	4	Q	Oct. 2, 11	205	215
Home Fire.....	3,000,000	‡17½	S	Jul 11, 11	715	720
Home Life.....	125,000	6	S	M. & N.	275	..
Manhattan Life	100,000	‡13	S	F. & A.	400	425
Metro. Casualty	200,000	5	S	Jul 20, 11	185	..
Metrop. L. ($25)	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	150	170
Nassau ($50)...	200,000	5	S	J. & J.	145	150
National Surety	1,500,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 12	250	260
N.Y. Life I.&T.	1,000,000	25	S	Dec 11, 11	1000	1010
Niagara ($50)..	1,000,000	10	S	July 6, 11	295	310
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	Apr 10, 11	150	160
Pacific ($25)....	200,000	‡7	S	Jul 12, 11	175	..
Prudential ($50)	2,000,000	10	A	Jan. 3, 11	400	450
Stuyv's'nt($100)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	150	160
Un. States ($20)	400,000	6	A	V	80	..
U. S. Casualty..	500,000	2½	Q	July 1, 11	210	..
U. S. Life......	264,000	7	A	J. & J.	90	105
[illegible] City($50)	250,000	10	S	Jul 21, 11	[illegible]	[illegible]

Appoint This Corporation Your Executor and Trustee

Created by the State of New York and organized for the purpose of transacting trusteeship business, this corporation is better equipped, is more permanent and affords more factors of safety for the performance of a trust than an individual—and the cost for its expert service is no greater.

Our Officers will be glad to discuss these points with persons who contemplate making their Wills or creating other forms of personal trusts.

Trustee for Personal Trusts
Astor Trust Co.
FIFTH AVENUE & 36TH STREET, NEW YORK

CAPITAL $1,000,000 | **Confidence** | SURPLUS $1,000,000
DEPENDS ON CHARACTER OF MANAGEMENT
Windsor Trust Company

DIRECTORS
AUGUST BELMONT, JR. August Belmont & Co.
STEPHEN N. BOND Bond & Goodwin
FRANK O. BRIGGS Treasurer Roebling Construction Co.
VERNON C. BROWN Vernon C. Brown & Co.
ALONZO N. BURBANK President International Paper Co.
JAMES A. BURDEN President Burden Iron Works
EMORY W. CLARK President First National Bank, Detroit
FREDERICK L. ELDRIDGE Vice-President of the Company
H. WARD FORD Pres. First National Bank, Morristown, N. J.
JAMES GAYLEY New York
AUGUST HECKSCHER New Jersey Zinc Co.
ALFRED W. HUDSON Vice-Pres. of the Company
CHARLES MACVEAGH Stetson, Jennings & Russell
JOHN MARKLE Anthracite Coal Operator
ROBERT H. McCURDY McCurdy, Henderson & Co.
A. GORDON NORRIE New York
HENRY T. OXNARD American Beet Sugar Co.
ROBERT P. PERKINS President Hartford Carpet Cor.
WILLIAM LOWELL PUTNAM Putnam, Putnam & Bell, Boston
JORDAN J. ROLLINS Rollins & Rollins
JOHN H. STORER Treasurer Wood-Harmon Trusts
ARTHUR TURNBULL Post & Flagg
CORNELIUS VANDERBILT New York
CHARLES D. WETMORE Warren & Wetmore
EGERTON L. WINTHROP, JR. Winthrop & Stimson
CLARK WILLIAMS President of the Company

Downtown Office Number 65 Cedar Street
Uptown Office Fifth Avenue and 47th Street

Custody and Supervision of Securities

The Trust Department of this Company receives stocks, bonds and other securities of individuals and corporations, holding them for safe keeping, collecting dividends and coupons, making transfers, attending to deposits under reorganization plans and agreements and to all other matters which may arise in connection with such securities.

THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
25 BROAD ST. NEW YORK CITY

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
358 Fifth Ave. | 60 Broadway
Lenox Ave. & 125th St. | Third Ave. & 148th St.

Transacts a General Trust Company Business.
Issues Letters of Credit.
Accepts Management of Real and Personal Property,
Collecting Income and Remitting as Directed.
Safe Deposit Vaults at All Offices.

CAPITAL-SURPLUS - - - - - - $9,000,000

The Union Trust Company of New York (established in 1864) has for many years made a specialty of Personal Trusts—under Will or under Agreement—and maintains a carefully organized department for handling them.

Many millions of dollars' worth of property—real and personal—have been entrusted to the company by conservative people, residents not only of New York State but of other states in which the Union Trust Company is authorized to transact business.

Correspondence or interviews with persons considering the formation of trusts of any kind—for themselves or for others—are solicited.

UNION TRUST COMPANY, 80 Broadway
CAPITAL and SURPLUS - - - - - - $8,900,000

DIVIDENDS.

Union Pacific Railroad Company

A Quarterly Dividend of $2.50 per share on the Common Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable at the Treasurer's office, 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on January 2, 1912, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on Friday, December 1, 1911.

The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend.

Stockholders who have not already done so are requested to promptly file mailing orders for dividends with the undersigned, from whom blank orders can be had on application.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., Nov. 9, 1911.

OFFICE OF
AMERICAN SMELTING & REFINING COMPANY,
165 Broadway, N. Y. City, Dec. 6, 1911.
QUARTERLY COM. STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 33.

The Directors of the American Smelting & Refining Company have this day declared a dividend of one per cent. on the Common Capital Stock of the Company, payable Jan. 15, 1912, to stockholders of record Dec. 27, 1911. The books of the Company for the transfer of Common Stock will be closed at three o'clock P. M., Dec. 27, 1911, and will be reopened Jan. 4, 1912.
W. E. MERRISS, Secretary.

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILWAY CO.,
No. 52 Broadway, New York, December 7, 1911.

A dividend of One and Five-eighths (1⅝%) per cent. on the Common Stock, and a semi-annual dividend of Two (2%) per cent. on the Preferred Stock has been declared out of the surplus net earnings of the Company, payable on and after December 29th, 1911, at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., No. 23 Wall Street, New York, to Stockholders of record at the close of business December 15th, 1911.
J. A. HILTON, Secretary.

50TH CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND
MECHANICS' TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY.
Bayonne, N. J., Dec. 7th, 1911.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, the regular quarterly dividend of five per cent. (5%) on the paid in Capital of the Company was declared, payable on the second day of January, 1912, to Stockholders of record at the close of business Dec. 28th, 1911.

Transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., December 28th instant, and reopened at 9 A. M., January 3d, 1912.
WM. R. WILDE, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

NORTHERN SECURITIES COMPANY,
26 Liberty Street, New York.
8th December, 1911.

The Directors have declared a dividend of three per cent. (3%) on the capital stock of this company, payable Jan. 10, 1912, to holders of certificates for full shares of stock of record on the books of the company on that date. For the purpose of this dividend, the stock transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, Dec. 27, 1911, and will be re-opened at 10 o'clock A. M., on Thursday, Jan. 11, 1912.
E. T. NICHOLS, Secretary.

Detroit & Mackinac Railway Company

40 WALL STREET, N. Y. City,
November 13th, 1911.

A dividend of Two and One-half Per Cent. (2½%) on the Preferred Stock and a dividend of Two and One-half Per Cent. (2½%) on the Common Stock of this Company, have this day been declared, payable January 2d, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 15th, 1911. The stock transfer books of the Company will close December 15th, 1911, and reopen January 4th, 1912.
C. B. COLEBROOK, Treasurer.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY.
51 Wall Street, New York City.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of four per cent. (4%) on the common stock of the Company, payable January 2d, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business, December 23, 1911.
CHARLES B. POND, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF MEETING OF THE TEXAS LAND TRUST.

To the certificate holders under declaration of trust made by Amos R. Duncan and Alexander J. Mayer, dated January 21st, 1889, referring to certain lands in Texas in said declaration described:

You will please take notice that pursuant in said declaration of trust, a meeting of the certificate holders thereunder has been called by the surviving trustee for Monday, January 15th, 1912, at 2 o'clock P. M., in the Directors' room of the Harris Safe Deposit Co., No. 111-117 West Monroe St., Chicago, Illinois. Said meeting may be adjourned from day to day, and from place to place. The purpose of the proposed meeting is to elect a Trustee to succeed the late Alexander J. Mayer, and to act on such methods as may be desirable in prosecuting the future business of the Trust.

By order of WM. H. SUMMERS,
Surviving Trustee.

WHEAT GOES DOWN AS STOCKS PILE UP

Low Prices, Stimulating Exports, and Bad Weather in the Argentine Only Retard Decline.

OTHER GRAINS TREND LOWER

But Hogs Are Still Forced to Market by High Cost of Feed—Vast Cotton Yield Meets Growing Demand.

WHEAT.

The conditions which have prevailed during the last week have been very trying for wheat holders. Prices have steadily given way, and the loss in the market was 3 to 4 cents a bushel from the closing quotations of the previous week. The decline in the market was the result of the continued pressure of the large accumulations of wheat, not only bringing about speculative liquidation by discouraged holders, but there was distinct pressure on the cash market at times, with rather wide carrying charges forced. The decline in the market carried the seaboard near a working basis for export on red Winter wheat, and some business was effected at Baltimore, where quotations were lower than at Chicago for December wheat and about 3 cents under New York.

The foreign markets during the week displayed a very steady tone, and several of them showed decided firmness, due to the less favorable weather conditions in the Argentine and a let-up in the Argentine offerings of wheat. Although the estimates for the Argentine crop indicate an outturn of slightly above the previous record of 1907, the freedom of the movement will depend largely on the weather for harvest, and the weather has been quite unsatisfactory. Cables were received that dry weather was urgently needed, and as a result of the rains these developed a good deal of covering on the part of shippers who had sold freely and were uncertain to what extent the weather would delay the movement. On Saturday Buenos Aires was up 2¾ to 4⅛ cents from Thursday on bad weather.

CORN.

The tendency of the corn market has been slowly downward, but the decline in values has not been rapid, although it has been quite general. The weakness in the market has been more pronounced in spot corn than in the future. This has possibly been due to the increasing movement of corn. Western receipts of corn for the week were 5,045,000 bushels compared with 4,595,000 bushels the preceding week and 4,657,000 bushels last year. The quality of the new corn is quite unsatisfactory, and there is a very high percentage of moisture in the corn. This will make necessary extra care in handling the corn and extra risk incurred by the handlers. It will also mean a relative scarcity of good corn for contract delivery.

OATS.

The trade in oats has been very quiet the past week, with prices suffering to some extent with other grain. Trade continued small, and without much feature. The Western receipts have shown considerable falling off, compared with last year, but the demand upon visible supply points seems to be correspondingly reduced, and the visible supply is decreasing very slowly. The visible is large and continues in excess of last year, notwithstanding the smaller crop.

PROVISIONS.

The trade in hog products has been quite active the past week, and prices have shown a decline from the high point of the past month of about $1 a barrel on pork, and ½c. a pound on ribs and lard. This decline is not important, but has in part been brought about by the heavy movement of hogs and the disappointment felt by the trade at the comparatively slow distribution of product.

COTTONSEED OIL.

Conforming with the general belief, the amount of crude at the South caused unmistakable pressure during the week, and to this feature was the decline in the future market attributed. Prices were weaker than for some time, with considerable speculative liquidation, but paramount was the pressure against crude purchases at the south. This appeared to readily satisfy inquiry from all sources, and rallies were extremely feeble. Sentiment continues very bearish, in the main, and although there is a disposition to express more conservative views as prices recede, the amount of new buying is not impressive, the bulk of support seemingly emanating from interests which have been bearish for several months.

COTTON.

There is practically no revulsion in sentiment noticeable, and it is apparent that the trade is adapting itself to anticipate a cotton yield this season of over 15,000,000 bales. Various estimates have been submitted, and with but comparatively few exceptions extremely optimistic ideas are favored. Due to the issuance of the Government report to-day, there will probably be some further readjustment, but with the bearish sentiment permeating nearly all quarters, it is evident that in the event of the Government failing to substantiate the big crop estimates the tendency will be to add several hundred thousand bales to official figures. The popular belief at present is that the Government report will be about 14,800,000 bales, which will not take into account linters, repacks, &c. These can conservatively be placed at from 500,000 to 750,000 bales.

The report of the Census Bureau during the week, showing 12,814,000 bales ginned to Dec. 1, seemed to strengthen opinions of an enormous crop this year, the fairly rapid rate of ginning per diem, as compared with the previous period, leading to assertions that there was little confidence to be placed in reports of crop exhaustion. Undoubtedly, picking is rapidly nearing completion in many localities, but in others there is no indication as yet of such operations approaching the end. The analysis of recent ginning reports can only be construed as bearish. Assuming that the crop has been picked and ginned as rapidly as in 1909, when 88.1 per cent. was ginned to Dec. 1, the outturn, exclusive of linters, would be 14,400,000 bales minimum. With these facts before the trade, the tendency has been to give more attention to the probable disposition of the promised huge production.

The South continues to partly defeat its own purpose in the desire to obtain higher prices for cotton at this time, with offerings unabated. There has been no demoralization reported; in fact, there is no change observable in the general attitude as a whole, but cotton moving from first hands is sufficient, in the aggregate, to readily supply requirements at practically the low prices of the season. Speculative interests seemed to relax their energy toward enforcing lower levels during the week, but judging by aggressiveness of bear operators on the small advances, their stand has not been materially altered. Profit taking by shorts has been in larger volume, predicated on the uncertainty as to the Government crop report to-day, but in many instances the ease with which contracts were recovered, and the failure of offerings from the South to impressively subside, encouraged the replacing of short lines at the close of the week.

[No. 4,645.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE LIBERTY NATIONAL BANK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business December 5, 1911:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$12,885,633.66
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		417.56
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		500,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		1,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand		293,010.00
Bonds, securities, &c		2,683,427.04
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)		1,205,593.35
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks		131,260.0[illegible]
Checks and other cash items	$96,818.81	
Exchanges for Clearing House	1,690,090.89	
Notes of other National banks	50,880.00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	2,204.23	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	3,111,508.00	
Legal-tender notes	775,300.00	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)	15,000.00	
Due from U. S. Treasurer	65,170.00	
		5,806,471.93
Total		$23,506,813.63

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		770,645.15
National banknotes outstanding		480,400.00
Due to other National banks	$4,915,005.51	
Due to State and private banks and bankers	832,218.82	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	3,994,837.85	
Individual deposits subject to check	9,027,279.59	
Demand certificates of deposit	6,738.50	
Certified checks	426,636.43	
Cashier's checks outstanding	23,176.78	
United States deposits	1,000.00	
		19,226,893.48
Reserved for taxes		28,875.00
Total		$23,506,813.63

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, CHARLES W. RIECKS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CHARLES W. RIECKS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of December, 1911. H. M. CLEAVER, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

FRED'K B. SCHENCK,
HENRY C. TINKER,
H. P. DAVISON, } Directors.

New Orleans, Mobile & Chicago

BONDS AND STOCK

DOUGLAS FENWICK & CO.

84 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

New York, December 2d, 1911.

The annual election of Directors of the MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York will be held at its banking house, No. 42 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, January 9th, 1912, from 12 noon to 1 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board of Directors.

JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

The Hanover National Bank
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

New York, December 9, 1911.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nassau and Pine Streets, Tuesday, January 9th, 1912, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M. ELMER E. WHITAKER, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL MEETING, ALSO ELECTION of officers and trustees, of the Retail Coal Exchange of the City of New York will be held at No. 131 East 58th Street, Manhattan, Friday, December the 15th, 1911, at 8:30 P. M.

HENRY BREUNICH, [illegible]
A. F. KECKEISSEN, Sec'y.

New York Stock Exchange Quotations

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

Total Week Ended Dec. 9, $22,461,000.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	87	87	87	1½
Albany & Susq. 3½s	92¾	92	92⅛	20
Allis-Chalmers 5s	56¼	52½	52½	153
Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	102¼	102	102	16
Am. Cotton Oil 5s	95	95	95	3
Am. Hide & Leather 6s	99	98½	99	3
Am. Smelt. Secur. 6s	103⅛	102⅝	102⅝	122
Am. T. & T. col. 4s	90⅝	90	90⅛	27
Am. T. & T. conv. 4s	109½	108½	108½	8
Am. Tobacco 4s	91	90⅜	90⅞	1,401
Am. Tobacco 4s, tr. r.	90⅞	90¼	90⅞	984
Am. Tobacco 4s, reg.	90⅝	90⅛	90⅝	9
Am. Tobacco 6s	117½	116½	116⅞	1,159
Am. Tob. 6s, tr. r.	117¼	116¼	116⅝	416½
Am. Tobacco 6s, reg.	116½	116¼	116½	16½
Am. Writing Paper 5s	89¼	89	89	5
Ann Arbor 4s	80¾	80	80	6
Armour 4½s	92⅜	91½	91⅛	82
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	99⅜	98⅞	99¼	117½
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s, reg	98¼	98¼	98¼	8
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s	91¾	91¼	91¼	8
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s, stamped	91⅜	91⅜	91⅜	5
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s	107¼	106¾	107¼	15
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s, 1960	101½	100½	100¾	575
A., T. & S. F., East. Okla. 4s	96	96	96	5
A., T. & S. F., Trans. S. L. 4s	93¼	93¼	93¼	3
Atlanta & Birm. 4s	89	88½	88½	3
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	96	95¾	95¾	60
A. C. L., L. & N. 4s	95	94½	94½	92
Baldwin Loco. 5s	103¾	103¾	103¾	10
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s	98½	98⅛	98⅛	139
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s, tax ex	98½	98⅛	98⅛	2
B. & O. prior lien 3½s	92¼	92	92	6
B. & O. prior 3½s, tax exempt	91¾	91¾	91¾	2
B. & O., P. L. E. & West Va. 4s	92	91⅛	91⅛	17
B. & O., So. Div. 3½s	90½	90½	90½	9
Bethlehem Steel 5s	93⅞	92¾	93⅜	25
B'way & 7th Av. 5s	104	103	104	6
Brooklyn City 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼	1
Brooklyn R. T. 4s	84⅝	84	84	34
B'klyn Union El. 5s	101½	101½	101½	2
B'klyn Un. El 5s, sta.	101¾	101¾	101¾	4
B'klyn Union Gas 5s	107	107	107	1
Bush Terminal 4s	92	91	92	5
Bush Terminal 5s	98	98	98	1
Cal. Gas & Elec. 5s	95	94½	94½	14
Canada So. 1st 6s	102	101⅝	101⅝	6
Canada So. 2d 5s	100⅜	100¼	100¼	12
Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	109⅛	109	109⅛	27
C. of Ga. 1st inc. 5s	103	101	103	17
C. of Ga. 1st inc. t. r.	103	103	103	10
C. of Ga. 2d inc. 5s	105	102¾	105	5
C. of Ga. 2d inc. 5s t.r.	104⅞	103	104⅞	3
C. of Ga. 3d inc. 5s	107	104	107	61
Central Leather 5s	96½	96¼	96¼	29
Central Pacific 3½s	90½	90⅜	90½	3
Cent. New England 4s	93½	93	93	82
Central Pacific 1st 4s	96⅞	96½	96½	23
Ches. & O. conv. 4½s	93¼	92⅞	93	53
Ches. & O. fund. 5s	103½	103½	103½	10
Ches. & O. gen. 4½s	101⅞	101¾	101¾	29
C. & O., R. & A. 1st 4s	95½	95½	95½	6
C. & O., P. C. 4s	87	87	87	1
Chi. & Alton 3s	71	71	71	10
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	96⅞	96¼	96¼	124
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96⅝	96½	96¾	351
C., B. & Q., I. Div. 3½s	87¾	87⅝	87¾	2
C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 4s	99⅞	99½	99⅞	82
C., B. & Q. deb. 5s	101	101	101	3
C., B. & Q., Neb. 4s	98½	98½	98½	1
C., B. & Q. Denver 4s	99½	99⅜	99⅜	7
Chi. & E. Ill. gen. 5s	109⅜	109½	109⅜	6
Chi. & E. Ill. ref. 4s	81	80½	80½	5
C. & E. Ill. con. 6s	124	123¾	124	3
Chi. & Erie 1st 5s	112½	112½	112½	1
Chi. G. L. & C. 5s	103	103	103	4
Chi. Gt. West. 4s	83½	83	83	16
Chi. & Ind. Coal 5s	109⅜	109⅜	109⅜	2
Chi., Ind. & L. ref. 6s	127¾	127¾	127¾	1
C., M. & St. P. gen. 4s	99⅛	98⅞	99	54
C., M. & St. P. 4s, '34	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	77
C., M. & St. P., C., P. & Wn. 5s	106½	106½	106½	2
C., M. & St. P. Dub. 6s	113¼	113¼	113¼	4
C., M. & Puget Sd. 4s	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	1
C. & N. W. con. 7s	107¾	107¾	107¾	2
Chi. & N. W. gen. 4s	98½	97½	98	75
C. & N. W. gen. 3½s	87½	87⅛	87⅛	7
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	96⅝	96½	96⅝	17
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s	73⅝	72½	72½	133
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	89⅝	89½	89½	162
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s, tax exempt	89½	89¼	89¼	2
Chi., St. P. & M. 6s	123⅝	123⅝	123⅝	3
C., St. P., M. & O. 6s	123½	123½	123½	1
Chino Copper 6s	110	110	110	10
Cin., Ham. & Day. 4½s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	1
C., I., St. L. & C. 4s, r.	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	10
C., C., C. & St. L. 4s, Cairo 4s	94	94	94	8
C., C., C. & St. L g 4s	93½	93	93	2
Col. & South. 1st 4s	96¼	96	96	19
Col. & South. ref. 4½s	97¼	97	97	104
Col. Industrial 5s	73	73	73	5
Col. & Hock. Val. 4s	94½	94½	94½	2
Col. & Gloversville 6s	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	3
Consol. Tobacco 4s	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	1
Cub.-Am. Sugar 6s	97	97	97	1
Del. & Hud. conv. 4s	98	97½	98	103
Del. & Hud. ref. 4s	98¾	98⅜	98½	84
Den. & R. G. con. 4s	91½	90⅞	90⅞	5
Den. & R. G. ref. 5s	87	85½	85½	88
Detroit Edison 5s	101¾	101¾	101¾	1
Distillers Sec. 5s	76⅝	76	76	6
Det. United 4½s	80	80	80	4
Du Pont Powder 4½s	85½	85½	85½	3
E. T., V. & G. con. 5s	111	110⅞	110⅞	13
Erie consol. 4s	87⅝	87¼	87⅜	14
Erie gen. 4s	79½	78⅝	78⅝	27
Erie conv. 4s A	85⅛	84½	84⅝	13
Erie conv. 4s B	76⅝	75⅝	75⅝	55
Fla. East Coast 4½s	97	97	97	10
Ft. Worth & D. C. 6s	111½	111½	111½	1
Gal., H. & S. A., M. & P. 5s	107½	107½	107½	4
Gen. Motors 6s	98½	98⅜	98⅜	48
Great Nor ref. 4¼s	101½	100⅝	100⅝	148
Gulf & Ship Island 5s	93	93	93	1
Green Bay deb. B	12	12	12	1
Hocking Valley 4½s	103	102½	102½	9
Hudson Co. Gas 5s	105	105	105	2
Ill. Central ref. 4s	96⅝	96¼	96⅝	29
Ill. Central 4s, 1951	103	103	103	1
Ill. Central 4s, 1953	99½	99½	99½	2
Inter.-Met. 4½s	79½	78¼	79	255
Int. Rapid Transit 5s	103⅝	103	103½	112
Int. & Gt. N. 1st 6s	109½	109½	109½	1
Int. Steam Pump 5s	92½	91½	91½	11
Iowa Cent. 1st 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	1
Iowa Cent. ref. 4s	66⅝	66½	66⅝	13
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	80½	80	80	16
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6s	118	118	118	1
Kansas City S. 5s	100⅛	99⅞	99⅞	61
Kansas City S. 3s	73¾	73½	73½	9
Kent. Cent. 4s	94½	94½	94½	1
Kings County E. L. & P. P. M. 6s	116	115½	115⅞	6
Kings Co. El. 4s, sta.	86	86	86	1
Lake E. & W. 1st 5s	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜	1
Lake Shore 3½s, reg	89	89	89	10
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	93⅝	93½	93⅝	14
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	93⅝	93¼	93⅝	84
Lack. Steel 5s, 1915	91⅜	91	91	43
Lack. Steel 5s, 1923	97	97	97	1
Lack. Steel 5s, 1950	77¾	77	77¾	19
Laclede Gas 1st 5s	103	103	103	3
Long Island gen. 4s	93¼	93¼	93¼	1
Long Island ref. 4s	96	95¼	96	30
Louis. & Nash. gen. 6s	115½	114⅞	115½	9
L. & N. unif. 4s	99⅜	99¼	99¼	81
L. & N., A., K. & C. 4s	92½	92⅜	92⅜	40
Louis. & Jeff. Bridge 4s	91¼	91¼	91¼	1
Manhattan con. 4s	97½	97	97¼	4
Man. con. 4s, tax ex.	97	97	97	21
Mercantile Marine 4½s	66½	65½	65½	21
Met. St. Ry. gen. 5s	94½	91⅝	92⅝	57
Met. St. Ry. 5s, t. cfs.	94¼	91⅝	94	521
Met. St. Ry. ref. 4s	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛	6
Met. St. Ry. ref. 4s, t.r.	56	54½	56	44
Met. St. Ry. ref. 4s, t. r. stamped	57	53½	56½	286
Met. Tel. & Tel. 5s	103	103	103	2
Mich. Cent. deb. 4s	91¼	91¼	91¼	1
Mil. El. Ry. & L. 4½s	93½	93⅛	93⅛	8
Mich. State Tel. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
M., [illegible] P. & S. S. M. con.	97¾	97	97	8
Minn. & St. L. con. 5s	104	104	104	2
Minn. & St. L. 4s	70	70	70	5
M., K. & T. of T. 5s	104	104	104	2
M., K. & Ok. 4s	106¼	106⅛	106¼	10
M., K. & T. ext. 5s	101	101	101	7
M., K. & T. 1st 4s	97⅜	97	97	16
M., K. & T. 1st 4s, tax exempt	97⅜	97¼	97¼	4
M., K. & T. 2d 4s	84⅞	84	84½	8
M., K. & T. s. f. 4½s	88⅞	88	88	45
Mo., K. & Tex. ref. 4s	80⅞	80⅜	80⅛	5
Mo., Pacific conv. 5s	88¼	87	87	28½
Mo. Pacific con. 6s	108	108	108	6
Mo. Pacific 5s, '17	100⅛	100	100	4
Mo. Pacific 5s, '20	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	5
[illegible] new 6s	120½	120½	120⅜	1
[illegible] L. 5s	109½	109½	109½	1

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Nassau Elec. 4s	78½	78	78¼	28
Nat. Enam. & St. 5s	94⅞	94	94	32
Nat. Rys. of M. prior lien 4½s	92⅜	92¼	92¼	26
New Orleans Term. 4s	88½	88	88	22
N. Y. Air Brake 6s	99⅝	99	99¼	33½
N. Y. Central gen. 3½s	88½	88½	88½	1
N. Y. Central deb. 4s	93⅞	93¾	93¾	125
N. Y. C., L.S. 3½s, reg.	77¾	77¾	77¾	3
N.Y.C., M. C. 3½s, reg	76	76	76	2
N. Y. & E. 4th ext. 5s	105¼	105¼	105¼	1
N.Y. G., E. L. & P. 5s	103⅞	103¼	103¼	49
N.Y. G., E. L. & P. 4s	88⅝	88½	88½	2
N. Y., L. & W. term. 4s	98½	98	98	6
N.Y., N. H. & H. c.3½s	93¼	92⅞	93	52
N. Y., N. H. & H. 3½s, 1954	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	1
N. Y., N.H. & H. cv. 6s	132	131½	131½	13
N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 6s, reg	131	130½	130½	11
N. Y., O. & W. ref. 4s	94⅞	94⅜	94½	32
N. Y., S. & W. gen. 5s	88	88	88	2
N. Y., S. & W. ref. 5s	103½	103½	103½	1
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	100⅜	100¼	100⅜	22
Norf. & West. con. 4s	98½	98	98	16
Norf. & West. conv. 4s	108	107¼	107¼	45
Norf. & West. Div. 4s	94⅛	94	94¼	15
Nor. & W. P. 5s	91½	91	91¼	12
Nor. Pac. Term. 6s	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝	2
Northern Pacific 4s	100¼	99¼	99¼	68
Northern P. 4s, tax ex.	99⅜	99¼	99¼	22½
Northern Pacific 3s	69⅝	69½	69⅝	15½
Northern Pac. 3s, reg.	68½	68	68	3
Oregon R. & N. 4s	95⅜	95¼	95⅜	12
Oregon S. L. con. 5s	111	111	111	1
Oregon S. L. 6s	114	113½	113½	13
Oregon S. L. ref. 4s	94⅜	94⅛	94¼	82
Ozark & C. C. 5s	99½	99	99	2
Pacific T. & T. 5s	99¼	98⅞	99	82
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1912	99½	99½	99½	21
Penn. Conv. 3½s, 1915	97	96⅞	96⅞	58
Penn. 4s, 1948	102¾	102	102⅜	27
Penn. 3½s, 1916	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	2
Penn. gtd. 4½s	104	103⅝	104	13
Peoria & East. inc. 4s	40½	40¼	40¼	13
Peo. Gas, Chi., con. 6s	116¼	116¼	116¼	2
P., C., C. & St. L. 4½s, A	106¼	106¼	106¼	8
P., C., C. & St. L. 4½s, B	106½	106½	106½	1
P., C., C. & St. L. 4s, D	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	1
Pub. Service s. f. 5s	92⅝	92½	92⅝	25
Reading gen. 4s	98¼	98⅛	98¼	189
Reading gen. 4s, reg	97¼	97¼	97¼	2
Reading, J. C., col. 4s	97½	97½	97½	7
Rens. & Sara. 1st 7s	122	122	122	10
Rep. I. & S. 5s, 1940	91	90⅞	91	18
Rich. & Dan. deb. 5s	104½	104½	104½	1
Rio Gr. Wn. col. 4s	81	81	81	5
St. L., I. M. & So. gen. 5s	106½	106	106¼	4
St. L., I. M. & So., R. & G. 4s	84¼	83½	84	10
St. L., I. M. & S. ref. 4s	81	81	81	5
St. L. & S. F. Ry. gen. 5s	107	107	107	4
St. L. & S. F. Ry. gen. 6s	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝	1
St. L. & S. F. R. R. ref. 4s	80½	80	80	34
St. L. & S. F. ref. 4s, tax exempt	80	80	80	1
St. L. & S. F. R. R. gen. 5s	89	88⅝	89	50
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s	92	91½	91½	5
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s, tax exempt	91½	91½	91½	5
St. L. S. W. con. 4s	79⅝	79½	79½	41
St. L. S. W. 2d inc. 4s	82	82	82	5
San A. & A. Pass. 4s	87½	87⅜	87½	8
Sav., Fla. & W. 6s	125½	125½	125½	4
St. P., M. & M. con. 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	2
S. P., M. & M., Mon. 4s	97½	97½	97½	1
Seab. Air Line ref. 4s	82	81⅝	82	80
Seab. A. L. adj. 5s	81½	81½	81½	35
Seab. A. L. g. 4s. sta.	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	15
Scioto V. & N. E. 4s	98	98	98	1
So. Pacific col. 4s	92½	92	92	86½
So. Pacific conv. 4s	97¼	96⅝	97¼	81
So. Pacific ref. 4s	95½	95	95	82
So. P., S. F. Term. 4s	91½	91	91	3
Southern Ry. 1st 5s	108	107½	107½	100
Southern Ry. gen. 4s	79½	78½	78⅝	866
So Ry., M. & O. col. 4s	86½	86	86	7
Standard Milling 5s	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	1
Tenn. C. & I. gen. 5s	101⅝	101½	101½	20
Texas & Pac. 1st 5s	110⅞	110½	110½	9
Texas Co. conv. 6s	95	94½	94⅝	51
Third Av. ref. 4s, w. i.	86½	85⅝	85⅞	685
Third Av. adj. 5s, w. i.	76¼	74½	75½	797
Third Av. con. 4s	76½	76½	76½	1
Third Av. con. 4s, t. r.	77¼	75½	75⅝	126
Third Av. con. 4s, t. r., stamped	75½	73¾	74¼	744
Third Av. con. 4s, t. r., stamped, registered	73	73	73	20
Tol., Peoria & West. 4s	92½	92½	92½	2
T., St. L. & W. 4s, 1950	68½	68	68	10
Underground El. 4½s	96	95½	96	5
Underground El. inc. 6s	65½	65	65	8
Union Bag & Paper 5s	94	94	94	2
Union Pacific 1st 4s	101⅛	100½	100⅝	102½
Union Pac. 1st 4s, reg.	99	99	99	3
U. Pac. 1st 4s, tax ex.	101	101	101	3
Union Pacific conv. 4s	103⅜	101⅝	102¼	496½
Union Pacific ref. 4s	97⅝	97½	97½	72
U. Rys. of St. L. 4s	77	77	77	1
United R. of S. F. 4s	69	69	69	1
U. S. Rubber 6s	104¼	104	104¼	23
U. S. Steel 5s	101⅞	101⅝	101⅞	254
U. S. Steel 5s, reg	102	101½	101½	5
Va.-Car. Chem. 5s	100½	100	100½	21
Va. Southwest. con. 5s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	2
Wabash eq. 5s	100	100	100	5
Wabash 1st 5s	106	104½	105	44
Wabash 1st 5s, tax ex.	105½	105½	105½	3
Wabash 2d 5s	94½	93	93	80
Wabash ref. 4s	56⅝	49½	51⅝	4,933
Wab. Pitts. T. 1st 4s	44⅜	40¼	40¼	2
Wab. Pitts. Term. 1st 4s, Cent. tr. ctfs	45¼	38⅝	40¼	447
Wab. Pitts. Term. 1st 4s, col. ctfs	45¼	40½	41	31
W. Pitts. Term. 2d 4s	1½	1½	1½	7
Wab. Pitts. Term. 2d 4s tr. r.	2¼	1½	1½	59
West Shore 4s	101¼	101	101	37
West Shore 4s, reg	98	98	98	1
Westchester Light 5s	105½	105½	105½	5
Western Maryland 4s	88	87½	87½	84
Western Electric 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼	11
West. Elec. & Mfg. 5s	98	92⅞	98	14
West. Union Tel. coll. tr. 5s	101½	101½	101½	10
W. U. Tel. R. E. 4½s	97⅞	97½	97½	27
W. & L. E. 1st 5s	104½	104½	104½	4
W. & L. E. con. 4s	85½	85½	85½	26
Wilkes. & Eastern 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	2
Wis. Cent. gen. 4s	93	92⅞	92⅞	81
W. C., Sup. & Dul. 4s	92½	92½	92½	3
Total sales				$21,588,500

United States Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Fours, registered	118⅝	118½	118⅝	22
Threes, coupon	101¾	101¾	101¾	1
Twos, coupon	100¼	100¼	100¼	13
Panama 3s	102½	101¾	101¾	29
Total sales				$65,000

Foreign Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Chinese Ry. 5s, full pd.	96	96	96	2½
Japanese 4½s	93¾	92	92	8½
Jap. 4½s, 2d series	92½	92½	92½	11
Republic of Cuba 5s	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	2
Rep. of Cuba 5s, tax ex.	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	3
San Paulo 5s	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	1
Total sales				$28,000

State Securities.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1961	102	101½	101¾	224
New York 4s, 1961	101⅞	101½	101½	167
Virginia def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs	48	46	46	137
Total sales				$528,000

New York City Issues.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
3½s, 1954	87¼	87¼	87¼	1
4s, 1957	100½	100	100½	6
4s, 1957, reg	98½	98½	98½	½
4s, 1958	100	99¾	100	18
4s, 1959	100	99⅞	100	90
4½s, 1960	102⅝	102¼	102¼	42
4½s, 1957	107⅞	107½	107⅞	69
4½s, 1957, new	107⅝	107½	107⅝	80
Total sales				$251,500
Grand total				$22,461,000

Third Avenue Railroad Co. Reorganization.

TO HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT OF THE CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK FOR CONSOLIDATED FOUR PER CENT. BONDS OF THE THIRD AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY:

The delay in consummating the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization of December 2, 1909, has been caused by protracted litigation with the Public Service Commission of the First District, resulting from its refusal to authorize the issue of the securities provided for in the Plan of Reorganization. Both the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals have unanimously upheld the contention of your Committee and ruled that the Commission should have granted the order applied for.

A notice is being published offering stockholders the privilege of availing of the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization as in said notice stated, and the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY of New York as Syndicate Manager has agreed to take the place of non-assenting stockholders and to guarantee the sum of $7,200,000 for the purposes of the reorganization.

$37,258,000 Consolidated Bonds, out of a total issue of $37,560,000, have been deposited under the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, being over ninety-nine per cent. of the outstanding bonds.

Interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum from January 1, 1910, to January 1, 1912, on the Refunding Bonds of the new company will be paid in cash to holders of certificates of deposit at the time of the delivery of the new securities, and the Refunding Bonds will bear the coupon maturing July 1, 1912, and subsequent coupons.

New York, November 22, 1911.

JAMES N. WALLACE, Chairman;
ADRIAN ISELIN,
EDMUND D. RANDOLPH,
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,
JAMES TIMPSON,
HARRY BRONNER,
Bondholders' Committee.

WILLIAM D. GUTHRIE,
JOHN M. BOWERS,
Counsel to Committee.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
Depositary,
54 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

TO HOLDERS OF

Outstanding Consolidated Four Per Cent. Bonds

OF THE

Third Avenue Railroad Co.

Referring to above notice addressed to holders of certificates of deposit, notice is hereby given to holders of the remaining outstanding Consolidated Bonds that they are granted the privilege of depositing their bonds under the Bondholders' Agreement and Plan and Agreement of Reorganization with the same effect as if heretofore deposited and without penalty, provided their bonds, with all coupons maturing after July 1, 1907, are deposited with the Depositary prior to **DECEMBER 23, 1911.**

New York, November 22, 1911.

By order of Bondholders' Committee,
JAMES N. WALLACE, Chairman.

Third Avenue Railroad Co. Reorganization.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

STOCKHOLDERS OF THE THIRD AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY are hereby offered the privilege of participating in the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization dated December 2, 1909, on the following terms, viz.:

1. Stockholders must on or before **SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1911,** deposit the certificates for their respective shares, duly stamped and endorsed for transfer, with the **CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK** as Depositary, at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City, to be held by said Depositary for account of and subject to the order and direction of the undersigned Bondholders' Committee.

2. At the time of such deposit, stockholders must pay to said Depositary the sum of fifteen dollars ($15) per share, and thereafter the additional sum of fifteen dollars ($15) per share on or before **JANUARY 15, 1912,** and the further sum of fifteen dollars ($15) per share on or before **FEBRUARY 15, 1912,** making in the aggregate the sum of forty-five dollars ($45) per share, which sums are to be held for the account and use of the undersigned Bondholders' Committee. Stockholders may anticipate installments, and on all prepayments interest will be allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum to the respective dates when such installments are payable.

3. All deposits and payments are to be made subject to the terms and conditions of this notice and of the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization dated December 2, 1909.

4. Holders of certificates of deposit representing deposited stock upon which the sum of forty-five dollars ($45) per share has been duly paid, on or before the respective dates aforesaid, will receive, upon surrender of such certificates of deposit, if and when the reorganization shall be completed, at the rate per existing share of forty-five dollars ($45) par value in stock of the new Third Avenue Railway Company, being the corporation organized pursuant to such Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, and forty dollars ($40) face value in first Refunding Mortgage Fifty-Year Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of said Railway Company, with all coupons maturing after January 1, 1912, thereto attached. Bonds will be of the denomination of $1,000 and $500, and convertible Scrip will be issued for fractional amounts of shares and of bonds to which depositors may be entitled.

Suitable certificates of deposit indicating the deposit of shares and payment of the first installment of fifteen dollars ($15) per share will be issued by the Depositary, and the receipt of subsequent installments will be stamped by the Depositary upon such certificates of deposit, which must be presented to the Depositary for that purpose at the time of payment. Application will be made to the New York Stock Exchange for the listing of the certificates of deposit.

Any stockholders who shall fail, on or before **DECEMBER 23, 1911,** to deposit the certificates for their stock duly endorsed for transfer as aforesaid, and to pay the sum of fifteen dollars ($15) per share at the time of such deposit, or who shall fail on or before the respective dates aforesaid to make the additional payments in cash, or either of them, will not be entitled to participate in the reorganization or to share in the benefits thereof, and at its option will forfeit to the Bondholders' Committee any payments theretofore made.

The attention of stockholders is called to the Bondholders' Agreement dated November 6, 1907; the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization dated December 2, 1909; the Agreement of Readjustment dated February 23, 1910, entered into for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization; the deed dated April 18, 1910, executed by the Special Master on the foreclosure sale conveying the property and franchises of the Third Avenue Railroad Company to James N. Wallace, Adrian Iselin, and Harry Bronner, as a Purchasing Committee; the order of the United States Circuit Court confirming such sale, dated April 13, 1910; the Certificate of Reorganization of the Third Avenue Railway Company dated April 19, 1910, and duly filed pursuant to Sections 9 and 10 of the Stock Corporation Law, and the agreement entered into between the undersigned Bondholders' Committee, the Purchasing Committee, and the new Third Avenue Railway Company, dated May 20, 1910, providing, among other things, for the issue and delivery to the undersigned Bondholders' Committee or its nominees of the stock and bonds of the Third Avenue Railway Company. Copies of each of these documents should be inspected by any stockholders at the office of said Depositary.

Dated New York, November 22, 1911.

JAMES N. WALLACE, Chairman;
ADRIAN ISELIN,
EDMUND D. RANDOLPH,
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,
JAMES TIMPSON,
HARRY BRONNER,
Bondholders' Committee.

WILLIAM D. GUTHRIE,
JOHN M. BOWERS,
Counsel to Committee.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF [illegible]
Depositary, 54 Wall Street, New [illegible]

Houston & Texas Central Consolidated Mortgage Bonds.

Notice of Bonds Drawn for Payment

The Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company, having in its possession cash proceeds from sales of lands covered by Trust Indenture between Frederic P. Olcott, The Farmers Loan & Trust Company of New York, and the Southern Pacific Company, dated April 1, 1890, which are applicable to the purchase of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company's Consolidated Mortgage Bonds, secured by such indenture to an amount sufficient at the price limited in said Trust Indenture to purchase and retire 219 of such bonds, and, it having been found that such bonds cannot be purchased at or below 110 per centum of the par value thereof and accrued interest thereon, there have been drawn by lot, under the provisions of such Trust Indenture, Bonds secured thereby bearing the distinguishing numbers hereinafter stated, to be paid for out of such proceeds of such land sales at the said rate of 110 per centum of the par value thereof and accrued interest thereon.

The distinguishing numbers of the bonds so drawn are as follows, viz.:

8	377	843	1180	1569	1940	2406	3382
9	382	844	1193	1572	1945	2450	3495
14	384	846	1231	1582	1947	2463	3591
23	388	861	1240	1592	1954	2468	3599
27	401	865	1245	1598	1969	2471	3626
48	415	869	1268	1605	1975	2564	3634
61	418	875	1277	1642	1981	2608	3645
66	425	889	1290	1648	1986	2634	3650
75	451	895	1297	1667	1990	2650	3681
90	453	899	1305	1684	1995	2658	3682
125	466	905	1329	1692	2001	2661	3685
126	531	919	1353	1696	2011	2672	3699
130	536	923	1367	1698	2014	2729	3700
160	548	929	1386	1707	2024	2730	3701
161	703	939	1390	1709	2044	2824	3728
190	713	952	1394	1755	2068	2933	3757
201	717	958	1414	1756	2070	3019	3812
228	741	963	1435	1757	2158	3024	3839
245	750	978	1438	1765	2176	3038	3840
260	756	1019	1439	1771	2182	3042	3851
282	766	1044	1450	1781	2234	3060	3864
309	768	1046	1457	1782	2242	3072	3869
318	772	1060	1463	1784	2246	3080	3919
331	774	1079	1475	1786	2254	3142	
332	808	1097	1492	1886	2363	3208	
338	811	1128	1508	1889	2381	3272	
346	828	1139	1520	1905	2388	3328	
353	836	1169	1567	1939	2395	3344	
							219

The bonds bearing such distinguishing numbers will be paid for at the rate above mentioned, viz., 110 per centum, and accrued interest, upon presentation thereof, with all unmatured coupons attached thereto, at the office of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company, 120 Broadway, New York City.

The bonds so drawn will cease to bear interest from and after sixty days' published notice of such drawing, viz., from and after the sixth day of January, 1912.

Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company
By THORNWELL FAY,
President.

New York, November 7, 1911.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

31 Nassau Street,
New York, December 8, 1911.

To the Shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York:

Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the Shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of Directors to serve the ensuing year will be held at its Banking House, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York, on Tuesday, the 9th day of January, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on said date.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
NEILSON OLCOTT, *CASHIER.*

Office of The American Coal Company of Allegany County.

No. 1 Broadway, New York, December 9th, 1911.

The annual election for Directors of The American Coal Company of Allegany County, (New Jersey,) will be held at the Company's office, No. 83 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., on Thursday, the 28th of December, 1911, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock P. M. The Transfer Books will be closed on Monday, December 18th, at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopened on the morning of Friday, December 29th, 1911. H. B. WALBRIDGE, Secretary.

IRVING NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK.

New York, December 5th, 1911.

The Annual meeting of shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held at the banking rooms, No. 92 West Broadway, Tuesday, January 9th, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon. Polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close January 6th, 1912, at 12 noon and re-open January 10th, 1912, at 10 A. M. HARRY E. WARD, Cashier.

THE UNITED STATES LIGHT & HEATING COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The United States Light & Heating Company will be held at the office of the company at 281 St. John Street, Portland, Me., on Wednesday, December 13th, 1911, at 11 A. M. Stock books close November 20th and open December 14th.

W. S. CRANDELL, Secretary.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

SONOMA

BROADWAY AND 55TH ST.

Apartments of 5 and 8 Rooms

Extra large rooms and high ceilings; will decorate to suit; special concessions; these apartments must be seen to be appreciated; all light. Supt. on premises.

JUST COMPLETED.
An Innovation in Small Apartments.
Living Rooms Are About 19 Ft. Square.
THE STANWOOD
New Building. Absolutely Fireproof. Containing Apartments of 3 and 4 rooms and bath. Rentals $65.00 to $90.
321 W. 55th St., just west of 8th Av.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Hague Apartments
547 Riverside Drive
overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.
High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.
APARTMENTS, $700 to $1,200.

240-246-254 Manhattan Ave., and 320 West 111th St.
OPPOSITE MANHATTAN PARK,
one block from 8th and 9th Av. elevated stations, two blocks from Subway station.
APARTMENTS OF 4-5-6 ROOMS AND BATH.
RENTS, $25 TO $50.
Concessions to Desirable Tenants.

East Side.

39 EAST 27th STREET — High Class KITCHENETTE Fireproof Apartments
2 or 3 attractive rooms, large kitchenette and bath; maid service.
RENTS FROM $600.
Housekeeping Suite 6 rooms, $1,250.

GRAMERCY COURT
152 East 22d St., near Lexington Av.—High-class elevator apartments, 4 rooms; latest modern improvements; baths and showers; rents moderate.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

BRONX.

N. W. Corner 182d & Bathgate Av.
Block to 183d "L" Station; 5-room corner apartments; steam, all improvements; $25 upward.

1,018 EAST 179th
Block 180th Subway Station; 5 extra large rooms; steam, hot water; near Bronx Park.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

One 2 Room [illegible]

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

The cheapest Title Insurance is that which affords Real Estate owners the greatest protection. There is none better than that issued by

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

Geo. R. Read & Co.
REAL ESTATE
20 Nassau St. 3 East 35th St.

West Side.

All kinds properties, sale, exchange, lease, dealt with; call or write wants and offers. Cyrille Carreau, agent, 796 6th Av., (45th.)

East Side.

Four-story and basement brownstone, 323 East 17th St., opposite park; good location for doctor, dentist, furnished rooms, or residence; $23,000. Chas. Bohlen, corner 23d St., 3d Av.

FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE.
Brownstone private dwellling; 10 rooms; all improvements; only $9,000; mortgage $7,000. 228 East 115th.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HENRY MEYER BUILDING CO

Offer FOR SALE OR RENT to select families their ONE-FAMILY LIME and BROWNSTONE houses in the finest section of FLATBUSH; 8 rooms and bath; LAUNDRY in cellar. Here we have every imaginable improvement, from PARQUET FLOORS to SHOWERS, ELECTRIC LIGHTED and BURGLAR PROOF DOORS. Street asphalted. This is positively the best proposition in the city and should warrant your inspection. RENT ONLY $50 per month.
OFFICE AT THE BUILDINGS, corner Avenue D and E. 25th St. Flatbush, Nostrand, Rogers and Flatbush Av. trolleys.

FOR THE HOMESEEKER.

AN IDEAL HOME in the Park Section of Brooklyn, 30 minutes from N. Y. City Hall; 5c. fare; $100 DOWN, BALANCE SAME AS RENT: a perfect house, finely finished, handsomely decorated, pleasant surroundings, on a beautiful boulevard, built of brick and stone; 7 rooms, tiled bath and vestibule, parquet floors, hardwood trim; water, sewer, gas, electricity; large piazza; on the line of the new Subway, one block from express station; certain of rapid increase in valuation. Send for particulars and inspect the property at once. Box M 166 Times.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

LARCHMONT, bungalow; 7 rooms, 2 baths; $6,250. C. Blatchly, 105 East 22d St., N. Y. C.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

DAINTY COTTAGE
Price $4,250; small cash payment, balance as rent; Summer and Winter home; healthful mountain air; 750 feet elevation, beautiful chain of lakes; contains 7 rooms, tiled bath, porches, half-acre of shaded land; near railroad station, less than one hour from Broadway. Write for picture and floor plans. Address Bargain, P. O. Box 527, N. Y. City.

5, 10, 20 and 40 ACRE TRACTS
of good productive fruit and vegetable land with a perfect title for sale in the mild, delightful climate of beautiful Southern New Jersey; price $25 per acre, worth $100. Easy terms if desired. Dept. 6, American Land Co., Metropolitan Building.

Bungalows and bungalow sites on very easy terms at Fanwood, N. J.; also large plots suitable for chicken farms; a postal card will bring you full particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Bargain.—8 acres, delightfully situated, fine view; abundance shade; house, 8 rooms, bath; barn, hennery; particulars, photographs. Quackenbush, 212 Broadway, New York.

Commuter's farm, 20 acres, near Hackensack trolley; big frontage macadam road and Saddle River; $225 per acre. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

Morristown, N. J., properties for sale or rent. Eugene V. Welsh, Morristown, N. J.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

BEST CHRISTMAS PRESENT
SEASHORE BUNGALOW OR PLOT AT
SALTAIRE
FIRE ISLAND BEACH,
in restricted colony famous for its boating, bathing, fishing, hunting, and all water sports; plots 60 feet front, $450; easy terms. restrictions demand house of the value of $800; Summer home, including plot, would cost as little as $1,250; gas, water, and sewer; commuting distance; no agents. SALTAIRE, 616 Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., New York City. Telephone 1697 Murray Hill.

Waterfront Plots $50 only above cash, balance to suit, buys 3 plots, all improvements, 225 feet waterfront, on Great South Bay, short distance to station and trolley, 47 minutes from New York; act quick; must sell this week. Owner, L 307 Times.

COUNTRY HOME, 7 ACRES.
Good house, 7 rooms; 2 barns, hennery, granary; rich soil, cultivated; stone road; details mailed. Owner, Box 68 East Northport, L. I.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE IN NEW HAMPSHIRE, THE SWITZERLAND OF AMERICA.
One of the finest estates in this lovely section. Comprises 130 acres tillage and woodland. Two dwellings, 8-room, two-story house with wide piazzas, and bungalow of 5 rooms. Oudoor sleeping porches. Magnificent view of mountains for 45 miles. Never-failing water; modern plumbing. Large trees, wide lawns. Apply to D. M. White & Co., Real Estate, Peterborough, N. H.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Manufacturing concern in Greater New York wishes to change their one-year first mortgage to one of 5 years. Value of plant, $85,000, value of land $25,000. Wanted, a first mortgage of $25,000. Parties can communicate with Counsellor F. N. Smith, 24 Jackson Ave., Long Island City, N. Y.

Capital wanted in small and large amounts for first and second mortgages; no brokers. Address Profitable, Box 345 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted Tenement Houses on Lease.
I have a number of good clients who desire to lease tenement houses; good section. Will pay reasonable prices; good security. K Box 88 Times.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

New two-story one family stone houses, containing 8 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat, all improvements; 72d St., near shore road, Brooklyn; price $7,500; title company mortgage $3,750; for slightly encumbered lots or second mortgages. Realty Dealers, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

$130,000 equity, six new buildings, Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn; acreage, farms; some cash required; particulars. R. Geugelin, 508 West 132d St.

Will trade fine residence in Long Branch, with large stable, large lot of land, for New York City or Far Rockaway property. Paul Goldberg, 1,030 Lexington Av.

$7,000 equity in 2-family house, near Tremont Av., will exchange for lots. Aldhous, 2,339 7th Av.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

CORNELL IRON WORKS
Jobbing and Repairs
Chelsea 550. 26th St. & 11th Av.

Help Wanted advertisements in The New York Times appeal to the highest grade employees in every line.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Madison Ave.
S. W. corner 33rd St.
STORE
AND BASEMENT
also
FLOORS
New Building. Excellent Light
Immediate Possession
Suitable for
OFFICES & SHOWROOMS
RENT REASONABLE
Apply to
H. L. Moxley & Co., Agt.
On premises or
320 Broadway. Tel. Worth 618
FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS.

LOFTS
in the location of
Centre, Broome, Lafayette and Grand Sts.
SPACE VARIES FROM 650 TO 5,000 SQ. FEET.
PASSENGER AND FREIGHT ELEVATORS, STEAM HEAT AND STEAM POWER ON THE PREMISES.
Moderate Rents.
Full Commission to Brokers.
Estate of A. Trenkmann,
181 Lafayette St., near Grand.
Telephone 7369 Spring.

49&51 West 23
NEAR 5TH AV. AND BROADWAY, NEW 12 STORY STORE AND LOFT, FIREPROOF, STEEL CONSTRUCTION, 50x100; FINISHED DEC. 1; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; 10,000 GALLON AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER; NO EXTRA HAZARDOUS BUSINESS; YOUR BROKER; AGENT ON PREMISES.

Very Moderate Rent
5 Exceptionally Light Lofts
5500 Square Feet Each
Elevators, Heat, Power
Long Term Leases if Desired
Nos. 221—223—225 West 17th St.
Apply
MONAHAN EXPRESS CO.,
Seventh Ave. and Eleventh St.
Tel. Chelsea 4640.

FACTORY SPACE TO LET
About 40,000 square feet of floor space in new concrete building now being erected on one of the finest manufacturing sites in greater New York; fronting 176 feet on Nassau St., facing the Manhattan Bridge Plaza, Brooklyn site; about 13,000 square feet to a floor. Exceptionally fine light building, having a frontage on the Plaza, Flatbush Av. extension, and Jay St. Stories 13 feet 6 inches in height, with every modern improvement. Shipping platform inside of building for the receiving and shipping of goods. Ten minutes from New York City Hall or Broadway and Canal St. Cars pass door from Brooklyn and Manhattan Bridges; also proposed subway station at building. Apply to Spencer C. Cary, Cary Manufacturing Company, 19 and 21 Roosevelt St., New York.

STORES TO LET
237-241-243 6th Av. nr. 16th St.
with L to 15th St.
S. E. JACOBS 115 Broadway
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

To Sublet at a Sacrifice
Bargain price, only 37 cents sq. ft.
Fifth Floor, 28 to 30 West 20th
Cheapest rent below 23d St.
Regular price of similar lofts 70 cents sq. ft. Apply to Superintendent on premises.

LIGHT LOFTS.
Several fine lofts for printers and manufacturers, steam heat, elevators; reliable power (electric; live steam; 50x90 and 70x90. Also large dry basement. Location and facilities unequalled. Apply to your broker or at 312 East 23d St.
E. W. BLISS BUILDINGS.

Three Modern Lofts to Let.
The second, third, and sixth at 59 Bank St., 300 feet east of Hudson St. Light and air on four sides. Building 25x98; elevator 6x8; steam heat, electric light. Rent low. C. S. Robinson, owner, 15 Old Broadway, City.

Unusual floors for business purposes, 11 East 55th St. Large drawing rooms, suitable for physician, first floor. Also bachelor apartments. Rooms for interior decorator or studios. Elevator. Open for inspection beginning Sunday, December the tenth.

Broadway & 39th St. Bldg.
SMALL AND LARGE LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
HARRIS & VAUGHAN, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

Attractive Lofts, Low Rents
21st St., 48-50 West.—Store, basement, lofts; permanent light four sides; immediate possession; free to February. Duross, 155 West 14th.

All or part of space 100 by 100; will divide; ground floor under cover; suitable for storage or other business purposes; day and night watchman free; also four stalls to rent. Apply, 308 Avenue B.

LOFT, 88-90 Walker St., 25x90; steam power, heat, and elevator service; block from Canal St. Subway station. Inquire S. Hellinger, 309 Broadway; 'phone 4945 Worth, or engineer.

$15 Month Up — Exceptionally light and cheerful offices in modern fireproof building. — 109 Broad St.

Loft, modern bldg., 236 5th Av.; passenger and frgt. elevators; moderate rent. Apply Supt. or A. J. Rich & Co., Singer Bldg.

Desk room to rent in well-established real estate office; Yorkville. 1,030 Lexington Av.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

HOTEL ROLAND
59th St., Between Madison & Park Avs.
Block from Grand Plaza
Entrance to Central Park.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY UP.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY UP.
American Plan at Reasonable Rates.
Temperance Hotel for Permanent and Transient Guests.

WHERE TO DINE.
Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 2472 Murray.

LÜCHOW'S
106 to 112 East 14th St. Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE. TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.
Pilsener Genossenschafts-Brauerei
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910.

Herald Square Hotel 34 St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

Port Arthur Chinese Restaurant, Alc., Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

21-2-3 W. 35 St. [illegible] MORETTI [illegible]

STAUCH'S [illegible]

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Leinbach & Co., Lancaster, Penn.; W. S. Leinbach, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; J. Isba, cloaks and suits; 684 Broadway; Hotel Wellington.
Robinson, J. M., Norton Company, Louisville, Ky.; D. Barclay, domestics; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Grand.
Conch, W. W., & Co., Lynchburg, Va.; W. W. Conch, furnishing goods; The Breslin.
Chandler & Co., Boston, Mass.; H. G. Cloyes, notions, ribbons, and leather goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Wasson, H. P., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; Miss C. Gramman, cloaks and suits; 69 Fifth Avenue.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; J. A. Reynolds, trimmings; 454 Broome Street.
Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. Schultz, cloaks, suits, and waists; 4 Washington Place.
Maim, L., Albany, N. Y.; cloaks and suits; Elks' Club.
Rice, S. M., & Co., Wheeling, West Va.; H. L. Rice, millinery; Elks Club.
Rindskopf & Loeb, Schenectady, N. Y.; J. C. Rindskopf, ladies' garments; Hotel Cadillac.
Baer Brothers, Hoosick Falls, N. Y.; D. Baer, general dry goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Simons, M., & Co., Providence, R. I.; M. Chatkoff, furs; The Breslin.
Emigh & Straub, Troy, N. Y.; W. J. Straub, collars; 15 East 16th Street.
Morehouse-Martens Company, Columbus, Ohio; Miss A. Altmaier, notions and laces; 315 Fourth Avenue.
Gross Dry Goods and Clothing Company, Troy, N. Y.; M. Gross, clothing, Elks Club.
Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; R. Aal, cloaks and suits; basement; 114 Fifth Avenue.
Hunter-Tripen Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss R. Livingstone, cloaks, suits, and waists; 221 Fourth Avenue; The Breslin.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss M. Ryan, cloaks; S. J. Dame, cloaks and suits; 104 Worth Street.
Pittsburgh Dry Goods Company, Pittsburgh, Penn.; W. F. Dalzell, dress goods and prints; 43 Leonard Street.
Bacon, J., & Sons, Louisville, Ky.; M. Mayer, furnishing goods, hosiery, gloves, and boys' clothing; 214 Church Street.
Worden Manufacturing Company, Salem, Va.; E. M. Worden, piece goods; 56 Worth Street. Hotel Latham.
Samuels, J., & Brother, Providence, R. I.; T. Loebenberg, dress goods and silks; 41 Union Square; Hotel Latham.
Rothschild Brothers, Ithaca, N. Y.; D. Rothschild, dry goods; Hotel Victoria.
Miller & Hadley Company, Toledo, Ohio; W. H. Miller, millinery; Hotel Victoria.

SALESMAN.—For Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Detroit, Indianapolis, &c., by veiling and netting importers. We have an established trade in this territory, and will offer a good proposition to a high class man with a strong following among our buyers. Write full particulars. Veilings, Y 76 Times.

SALESMAN
for city and vicinity to sell our line of kimonos and house dresses; only those that can show results in the past need apply. Shapiro Brothers, 514 Broadway.

CITY SALESMAN wanted to represent silk waists house and lingerie dresses; a hustler; those who control trade need apply. K 98 Times.

Will look at coats, cloth and linen dresses; write price of goods you make. K 103 Times.

Guide for Buyers.

1 line, 1 year, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 122 5th Av.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 43 Franklin.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CITY OF NEW YORK.
BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT.

Public notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, held November 29, 1911, the following petition was received:

TO THE BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT:

THE BRONX TRACTION COMPANY, a street surface railroad company, hereby applies for the consent of the City of New York to the construction and operation of a double track extension of its road on the following route in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York:

Commencing at the present terminus of its road at Westchester Square, in the Village of Westchester, Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, extending with double tracks in, upon, and along the surface of Westchester Avenue to the intersection of said avenue with the Eastern Boulevard or Pelham Bay Park, also situated in said Borough of the Bronx, City of New York.

The proposed extension is to be operated by an overhead current of electricity, and will connect the Company's lines now terminating at Westchester Square with the Pelham Bay Park, thus affording a new line of transportation to the Park from the Southern and Western portions of the Borough of the Bronx.

Dated November 24, 1911.

[Seal.] BRONX TRACTION COMPANY,
By EDWARD A. MAHER, President.

City and County of New York, ss.:

EDWARD A. MAHER, being duly sworn, says that he is the President of the Bronx Traction Company, the petitioner herein. That he has read the foregoing petition and knows the contents thereof and that the same is true to his knowledge, except as to those matters which are therein stated on information and belief, and as to such matters he verily believes it to be true.

EDWARD A. MAHER.

Sworn to before me this 24th day of November, 1911.

JAS. S. WILLIAMS,
Notary Public, N. Y. Co.

and the following resolutions were thereupon adopted:

Whereas, the foregoing petition from the Bronx Traction Company, dated November 24, 1911, was presented to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at a meeting held November 29, 1911;

Resolved, that in pursuance of law this Board sets Thursday, the 21st day of December, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and Room 16 in the City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, as the time and place when and where such petition shall be first considered, and a public hearing be had thereon, at which citizens shall be entitled to appear and be heard; and be it further

Resolved, that the Secretary is directed to cause such petition and these resolutions to be published for at least fourteen (14) days in two daily newspapers in the City of New York, to be designated by the Mayor, and for at least ten (10) days in the "City Record" immediately prior to such date of public hearing. The expense of such publication to be borne by the petitioner.

The New York Press and The New York Times designated.

JOSEPH HAAG, Secretary.

New York, November 29, 1911.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
STATE OF NEW YORK,
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION,
SECOND DISTRICT.

Albany, December 7, 1911.

A petition, under section 54 of the Public Service Commissions Law, having been filed with this Commission by The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company for authority to purchase, at $175 a share, the whole or any part of the common and preferred capital stock, amounting together to $10,000,000 divided into shares of $50 each, of the New York and Harlem Railroad, NOTICE is hereby given that a public hearing on said petition will be held by this Commission at the hearing room of the Commission in the Capitol, Albany, on Tuesday, December 19, 1911, at two o'clock P. M.

By the Commission,
J. S. KENNEDY, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
STATE OF NEW YORK,
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION,
SECOND DISTRICT.

Albany, December 7, 1911.

A petition, under section 54 of the Public Service Commissions Law, having been filed with this Commission by The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company for authority to purchase from The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company 22 shares of the preferred capital stock and 291,600 shares of the common capital stock ($100 shares) of the New York, Ontario and Western Railway Company and to pay therefor $13,108,397.62 in its 50 year debenture bond bearing $580,332 annual interest; NOTICE is hereby given that a public hearing on said petition will be held by this Commission at the hearing room of the Commission in the Capitol, Albany, on Tuesday, December 19, 1911, at 2 o'clock P. M.

By the Commission,
J. S. KENNEDY, Secretary.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

POORE, CHARLES T.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Charles T. Poore, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Howe, Smith & Howe, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of March next. Dated New York, the 15th day of August, 1911. GERRIT SMITH, HELEN T. POORE, Executors. HOWE, SMITH & HOWE, Attorneys for Executors, 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

KERR, THOMAS B.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Thomas B. Kerr late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Wilmer, Canfield & Stone, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of February next.

Dated New York, the 3rd day of August, 1911.

FREDERICK M. KERR, Administrator.

WILMER, CANFIELD & STONE, Attorneys for Administrator, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

AUCTION SALES.

OVER 2,500
OVERCOATS and SUITS

At Peremptory Auction Sale, on Tuesday, Dec. 12th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., in our Wholesale Auction Department, (by order and for account of whom it may concern,) comprising the entire balance of this season's production of a prominent Broadway firm whose name appears on every garment. This offering includes the finest handtailored Overcoats and Suits, and the manufacturers' label is sufficient guarantee of superiority of manufacture. This assortment contains almost every novelty in worsteds and cassimeres, kerseys and meltons of this season's designs.

An unrivaled opportunity is here presented to fill in for special holiday sales.

Terms: 60 days' approved notes.

A. Schaap & Sons, Auctioneers, 394 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 2953-2954 Franklin. Catalogues at sale.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Please take notice that by virtue of a lien held by the undersigned against the following described property, namely, bust portrait in oil, life size, 25x31, of Mrs. Alexander Cameron, Jr., (nee Maude Wolf,) painted by Aime Dupont and framed in a 3½-inch gilt frame, belonging to Alexander Cameron, Jr., residence unknown, and now in possession of the undersigned, a sale of such personal property will be held at Public Auction to the highest bidder to satisfy such lien, at the Fifth Ave. Auction Rooms, No. 341 Fourth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th day of December 1911, at three o'clock on the afternoon of that day.

THE WYLLYS COMPANY,
No. 37 Madison Avenue, New York City.

INVENTORY $22,500.
ENTIRE STOCK & PLANT
OF REX GARMENT MFG. CO.
Cloak & Suit Manufacturers
Will be Sold TO-DAY, MONDAY, 10 A. M., at premises 6-8 West 18th St., (10th floor.)
P. FINKELSTEIN & SON, Auctioneers

AUCTION SALE.

Peremptory and absolutely without reserve, consigned stock of Daly & Schaefer, Inc., consisting of high-class imported and domestic silks, laces, trimmings, dress goods and robes, on December 18th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., at 8 West 36th Street. James Talcott, Mercantile Banker, New York City.

RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD, N. J.

an attractive Fall, Winter, and Spring resort among the Pines, offering a dry, healthful climate, social advantages, and every opportunity for outdoor recreations. The ideal place to seek freedom from the cities' discomfort.

THE LAUREL HOUSE
Now Open. A. J. MURPHY, Mgr.
The Laurel in the Pines
Now Open. FRANK F. SHUTE, Mgr.
Booklets. Information on request.
Reached from New York City via
New Jersey Central R. R.

BARTLETT INN
THE ONLY EUROPEAN PLAN HOTEL IN LAKEWOOD, N. J.
Write for illustrated booklet and rates.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Marlborough-Blenheim
Atlantic City, N. J. Josiah White & Sons Co.

ATLANTIC CITY
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Individual Instruction.
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SURROGATE NOTICES.

BERNHEIMER, SIMON E.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SIMON E. BERNHEIMER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers in support thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Benjamin G. Paskus, No. 128 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 1st day of March next. Dated New York, August 18th, 1911.

MAX E. BERNHEIMER,
ABRAHAM STEINAM,
WILLIAM R. ROSE,
Executors.

BENJAMIN G. PASKUS, Attorney for Executors, 128 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

Machine shop of A. W. Johnson, (deceased,) manufacturer of beef slicing machines, 243 Burnet St., New Brunswick, N. J.—A. C. Clement, auctioneer, will sell Tuesday, Dec. 12th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., the entire shop of the above, all practically new tools of latest pattern, having been installed since 1910, consisting of the following: Fay & Scott screwcutting lathes, Steptoe shaper with milling attachment, Barnes and other improved single and double spindle drills, emery grinders, American gas furnace, oil and water tempering tanks, high pressure blower, 7 H. P. Hudson gas engine, Buffalo electric forge, cutting shears, vises, anvils, and large quantity new small tools, pulleys, shafting, belting, hangers, direct connected electric double coffee grinder. Trains Penn. R. R. leave New York City 8:30 and 9:30 A. M.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EUGENE WALTER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Dec. 11, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 26 South William St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of pictures, paintings, fixtures, tables, chairs, glassware, and other articles appurtenant to and used in a restaurant, together with the good-will of the said Eugene Walter's business.

FRANCIS H. GRIFFIN, Receiver.
HENRY L. RUPERT, Attorney for Receiver, 1 Madison Av., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. BYRNES, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Dec. 11, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 95-97 Mamaroneck Av., Mamaroneck, N. Y., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of groceries, canned goods, coffee mill, counters, ice box, fixtures, &c.; also horse and wagon.

CLIFFORD G. LUDVIGH, Receiver.
CARELL & HENKEL, Attorneys for Receiver, 64 William St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX ALBERT, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Dec. 19th, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 2,059 Second Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of oilcloths, beds, bedding, office fixtures, &c.

WALTER CARROLL LOW, Receiver.
MORRISON & SCHIFF, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of OWEN TREANOR, Bankrupt.—No. 15,436.

To the Creditors of Owen Treanor of the City, County and State of New York and District aforesaid, Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1911, the said Owen Treanor was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated December 9th, 1911.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS. | TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

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ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS

THE LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD
NEW S. S. OLYMPIC SAILS FROM NEW YORK DEC. 30

Zeeland, Dec. 13, 10:00 A. M.
Baltic, Dec. 14, 12:00 Noon
New York, Dec. 15, 9:30 A. M.
Oceanic, Dec. 16, 12:00 Noon

American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
New York. (Fri.) Dec. 15 | Philadelphia ... Dec. 23
†Oceanic.. Dec. 16, noon | †Olympic. Dec. 30, noon
†White Star Line Steamer, Pier 59.

Atlantic Transport
NEW YORK—LONDON Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnehaha.. Dec. 16, 8 AM | Minneapolis. Jan. 6
Min'waska. Dec. 23, 10:30 AM | Minnetonka. Jan. 13

Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
LONDON, PARIS VIA DOVER—ANTWERP.
Zeeland .... Dec. 13 | Kroonland ...... Dec. 27
Lapland (new).. Dec. 20 | Finland .... Jan. 3

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
Oceanic... Dec 16, noon | Olympic, (new). Dec. 30
*Phila.. Dec. 23, 9:30 AM | *New York ...... Jan. 6
*American Line Steamer. Pier 62.
NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
Baltic.... Dec. 14, noon | Celtic .... Dec. 28
Laurentic. Dec. 20, noon | Arabic .... Jan. 4
NEW YORK & BOSTON RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria.
Canopic. Dec. 12, 3 PM | Cedric .... Jan. 24
Adriatic.. Jan. 10, noon | Canopic ...... Feb. 3

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31 DAYS SOUTH AMERICA Jan. 20 Feb. 24
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To The RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers and Villefranche
The Largest British Mediterranean Steamers
"ADRIATIC" ☆ "CEDRIC"
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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

AT A STATED TERM OF THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, held at the Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of December, 1911.—Present, Hon. Learned Hand, District Judge.—In the matter of CHRISTOPHER C. WILSON, Alleged Bankrupt.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court by the petition of Saul S. Myers, verified November 21st, 1911, that an involuntary petition was filed in this Court on November 16th, 1911, praying that the above named Christopher C. Wilson be adjudged a bankrupt, and that a subpoena directed to said alleged bankrupt was duly issued out of this Court to a marshal of this district and that the said marshal has been unable to serve the same, and that said alleged bankrupt is not now within this district, so that personal service may be made upon him, and that the said alleged bankrupt is not now within the jurisdiction of this Court,

Now, on motion of Saul S. Myers, and Woodman & Whitehouse, attorneys for the petitioning creditors, it is

Ordered, That the above named alleged bankrupt plead, answer or demur on or before December 28th, 1911, to the petition herein filed in the office of the clerk of this Court on November 16th, 1911, and in case of his failure to plead, answer or demur thereto, adjudication shall be made according to the prayer of the said petition.

And it is further ordered that this order be published in The New York Times once a week for two successive weeks, said publication commencing not later than December 11th, 1911, and that a copy of this order be mailed to said alleged bankrupt at the Federal Prison, Atlanta, Georgia, on or before the date of the first publication.

LEARNED HAND,
United States District Judge.

NO. 15,789.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of IGNATZ SCHNITZLER and GEORGE SCHNITZLER, individually and as co-partners under the firm name of SCHNITZLER NOVELTY WORKS, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Ignatz Schnitzler and George Schnitzler, individually and as co-partners under the firm name of Schnitzler Novelty Works, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of November, A. D. 1911, the said Ignatz Schnitzler and George Schnitzler, individually and as co-partners under the firm name of Schnitzler Novelty Works, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 21st day of December, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may property come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

December 9th, 1911.

NO. 15,621.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX SCHACK and HARRY SCHACK, doing business as M. SCHACK & SON, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1911, the said Max Schack and Harry Schack, doing business as M. Schack & Son, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver Street, City and County of New York, on the 21st day of December, A. D. 1911, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Dec. 8, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CHARLES O'CONNOR, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Charles O'Connor, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 7th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 15th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, December 9, 1911.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THOMAS S. MORAN CO., Bankrupt.—No. 15,845.

To the Creditors of Thomas S. Moran Co., of the City, County and State of New York and District aforesaid, Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 2d day of December, A. D. 1911, the said Thomas S. Moran Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated December 9th, 1911.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Bathing in the soft sea water of the Tropics is a glorious sport.

You can enjoy it at the favorite beaches in Jamaica with no thought of danger and with perfect comfort throughout the winter.

Leave New York any Thursday on one of our magnificent new steamers and reach Jamaica the following Tuesday morning—a five-day trip on a perfectly appointed steamer, with the glamour of the Tropics at the journey's end.

To Jamaica and Back, $85.50, or you can extend your trip to the Panama Canal.

21-Day Cruise every Thursday from New York until Jan. 1, $125.00
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NEW HAVEN LINE Lv. Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M.; week days only. Str. CHESTER W. CHAPIN.

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PEOPLES LINE To Albany — Str. C. W. Morse and Adirondack, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M. daily (Sunday excepted.)
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16,000 tons, fine, large, unusually steady
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February 8 to April 19, 1912.
Seventy-one days, costing only $400.00 and up, including shore excursions. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, Athens, Constantinople. 19 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, Rome, the Riviera, etc. F. C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of BENJAMIN NATHANSON, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Benjamin Nathanson, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated November 20, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 15th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, December 9, 1911.

UNITER STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JACOB GREEN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Green, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 10th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 15th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, December 9, 1911.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS. | TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

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Hamburg-American Line Cruises
We notify the recipient now, withhold the name of donor, until the delivery of ticket Christmas morning.

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To the West Indies
Five Delightful Cruises to the WEST INDIES, PANAMA CANAL, VENEZUELA, AND BERMUDA, LEAVING NEW YORK by the Palatial Twin Screw Steamers
"Moltke" (12,500 tons). 28 days Jan. 23, Feb. 24, 1912... $150 and up
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Every Luxury of Travel.
Every Refinement of Service Insured.
Also Cruises to the Orient, South America, Around the World, Italy and Egypt, etc.

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To HAMBURG via PLYMOUTH and CHERBOURG.
S.S. KAISERIN AUG. VIC. (25,000 TONS)
SAILS DEC. 12, 11 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC.. Dec. 12, 11 A. M.
*PRES. LINCOLN...... Dec. 21, 9 A. M.
*PRES. GRANT........ Dec. 28, 11 A. M.
†AMERIKA............ Jan. 6, 11 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
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Special Trip to Italy and EGYPT S. S. Kaiserin Aug. Vic. February 14
Calling at FUNCHAL (12 h'rs), GIBRALTAR (4 h'rs), ALGIERS (8 h'rs), VILLEFRANCHE (14 h'rs), GENOA (20 h'rs), NAPLES (8 h'rs), PORT SAID (5 days), Returning to New York via NAPLES and GIBRALTAR.
Passengers carried to any of these ports. Ample time for sightseeing.
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Special Christmas Sailing of the
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CANADIAN SERVICE—PORTLAND, LONDON
Regular sailings of Steamers Carrying One Class Cabin (II) and Third Class Passengers only.
CRUISES to EGYPT
CALLING AT MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, VILLEFRANCHE or GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE, FIUME, ALEXANDRIA
Write for itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
PANNONIA Dec. 16 | FRANCONIA Jan. 20 | CARONIA Feb. 20
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Our 10-day cruise to Havana gives you a six-days' ocean voyage and four days ashore—plenty of time to see the many points of interest in and around this fascinating city.
New 10,000-ton twin-screw steamships, especially built for tropical travel, leave New York each Thursday and Saturday. Write for booklet and descriptive matter.
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Recall old friends and make new ones; visit the old places; plan a family re-union for this Christmas. Book for the last Christmas Sailing of the

North German Lloyd
"KRONPRINZ WILHELM"
Dec. 14 will land you in good time to reach any point in England or Continental Europe.
Cruise to Black Sea and Caucasus. From Genoa April 28 to May 29, 1912—$200 up.
Cruise to Polar Regions. From Bremen July 18 to Aug. 15, 1912—$125 up.
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THREE SHORT CRUISES
WEST INDIES
on the RED CROSS LINE
new Tourist Steamship STEPHANO
13 DAYS Dec. 23d Jan. 10th $75.00 UP
To Bermuda, Nassau and Havana.
19 DAYS Jan'y 27th $100.00 UP
To Nassau, Havana, Kingston & Colon.
For the first time you may cruise among the West Indies in a limited time and cost. Electric fans in rooms and forced ventilation from deck. Sea sports, swimming pool, excellent cuisine, orchestra. Ship goes to dock in port. As a limit of 150 Passengers Is Set an Early Booking Is Advised.
Send for Handsome Booklet 53.
BOWRING & CO., 17 State St., N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
Christmas Sailing
New York to Glasgow & Londonderry
New Twin Screw Steamship
CAMERONIA
Saturday, Dec. 16, 3 P. M.
Average Ocean passage 7 days.
Splendid Accommodations. Excellent Service. Cabin Passage, $75 and upwards. Second Cabin, $50; 3d Class, $32.50
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URANIUM S.S. CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON AND PARIS.
1ST CABIN, ALL OUTSIDE, $50.00 & UP.
Uranium...... Dec. 21 | Campanello... Jan. 18
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Go to Bermuda
$10 UP ROUND TRIP FROM NEW YORK.
Tours Include Hotels, Excursions, Lowest Rates. Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 10,518 tons Displacement, sails Dec. 13th, 23d, Jan'y 3d, 13th, 24th, 31st. SUITES DE LUXE, WITH PRIVATE BATH; ORCHESTRA; bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy; no steerage. Fastest, newest and only steamer landing passengers at the dock in Hamilton. Golf, Tennis, Fishing, Bathing, Sailing and Cycling.
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Exceptional opportunities to visit the
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PERU-CHILE EXPRESS SERVICE TO AND FROM PANAMA
16 Days New York to CALLAO.
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Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
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Sailing Every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Touraine..... Dec. 14 | *La Lorraine..... Jan. 4
*La Provence..... Dec. 21 | *La Touraine..... Jan. 11
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*Twin Screw Steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3:00 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
‡ROCHAMBEAU (New)........................ Dec. 23
‡Quadruple Screw Steamer.
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BERMUDA ROUND TRIP Berth & Meals $15 UP
Avoid Seasickness by Traveling on The Magnificent, Fast, Twin-Screw
Transatlantic Liner "OCEANA"
14,000 Tons; 535 Feet Long.
Largest, Fastest, Most Luxurious and Only Exclusively First-Class Passenger Steamer to Bermuda. Beautiful booklet, Itinerary, Tickets, etc., of Bermuda-Atlantic Line, 290 B'way, N. Y.

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ANCHOR LINE
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Cameronia. Dec. 16, 3 PM | Caledonia.. Jan. 6, 10 AM
California. Dec. 23, 10 AM | Columbia.. Jan. 20, 9 AM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
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FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES LISBON NAPLES NICE MARSEILLES
Weekly Sailings (approx.) Special Winter Voyages.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises.. 7:14 | Sun sets.. 4:33 | Moon rises.. 11:06

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	11:55	12:00	5:42	6:22
Governors Island	12:10	12:10	6:20	7:00
Hell Gate	2:00	2:00	8:00	8:40

Arrived—Sunday, Dec. 10.

SS Touraine, Havre, Dec. 2.
SS New York, Southampton, Dec. 2.
SS Minnehaha, London, Nov. 30.
SS Cameronia, Glasgow, Dec. 2.
SS San Mateo, Colon, Nov. 29.
SS Carmania, Liverpool, Dec. 2.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, Dec. 7.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, Dec. 7.
SS Pawnee, Philadelphia, Dec. 9.
SS Warrior, Philadelphia, Dec. 9.
SS Prins Willem V., Gonaives, Dec. 4.
SS Nuenfels, Boston, Dec. 9.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Birma	Libau	Nov. 21
Themistocles	Algiers	Nov. 26
Marengo	Hull	Nov. 24
Giulia	Palermo	Nov. 25
Lapland	Antwerp	Dec. 2
Antonio Lopez	Cadiz	Nov. 30
Belfast	Huelva	Nov. 25
Carolina	San Juan	Dec. 6
Bermudian	Bermuda	Dec. 9
Eastern Prince	Trinidad	Dec. 9
Hawaiian	Puerto Mexico	Dec. 4
Bayamo	Manzanillo	Dec. 1
Albingia	Kingston	Dec. 5
Creole	New Orleans	Dec. 6
El Mundo	Galveston	Dec. 5
El Dorado	New Orleans	Dec. 6

DUE TO-MORROW.

Oceanic	Southampton	Dec. 6
Bovic	Liverpool	Dec. 2
President Lincoln	Hamburg	Dec. 2
Oranium	Rotterdam	Nov. 30
Allianca	Cristobal	Dec. 7
Main	Bremen	Dec. 2
Californian	Liverpool	Nov. 29
Coppename	Trinidad	Dec. 5
Saratoga	Havana	Dec. 9
Otto	St. Lucia	Dec. 3
Yumuri	Tampico	Dec. 5
Vigilancia	Santiago	Dec. 6
El Paso	New Orleans	Dec. 7
San Jacinto	Galveston	Dec. 6
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Dec. 9

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Noordam	Rotterdam	Dec. 2
Florizel	Halifax	Dec. 11
El Rio	Galveston	Dec. 7

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Ancona, Naples	—	11:00 A.M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick	—	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
K.A. Victoria, Hamburg	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Guiana, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Chala, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Nieuw, Amsterdam, Rotterdam	—	1:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
El Occidente, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	—	5:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Carmania, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Maracaibo, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Chinese Prince, Argentine	9:00 A.M.	11:00 P.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Jolando di Giorgio, Jamaica	1:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Zeeland, Antwerp	—	10:00 A.M.
Lampasas, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Harry Luckenback, Ponce	—	12:00 M.
Naronia, Barbados	11:00 P.M.	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

BY WIRELESS.

Sandy Hook, N. Y., Dec. 10—(Marconi.)
SS Lapland, Antwerp to New York, 820 miles E. 8:00 A. M.; due 11th, 8:30 A. M. Red Star Line.
SS Cameronia, Glasgow to New York, 193 miles E. 10 A. M.; due 11th, 9 A. M. Fabre Line.
SS Noordam, Rotterdam to New York, 785 miles E. 4:30 P. M.; due 13th, 9 A. M.

Scotland Lightship, Dec. 10—(United.)
SS Saratoga, Havana to New York, 724 miles S. 7 P. M. Ward Line.
SS Allianca, Cristobal to New York, 1,000 miles S. 8 P. M. Panama R. R. S. S. Co.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda to New York, 164 miles S. E. 7 P. M. Quebec S. S. Co.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, 740 miles S. 7 P. M. Clyde Line.
SS Carolina, San Juan to New York, 202 miles S. 7 P. M. Porto Rico S. S. Co.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah to New York, 350 miles S. 7 P. M. Savannah Line.
SS Lucy Neff, Seville to New York, 675 miles S. 7 P. M. Tillamook Navigation Co.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston to New York, 554 miles S. 7 P. M. Mallory Line.
SS Vigilancia, Nassau to New York, 359 miles S. 7 P. M. Ward Line.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, 142 miles S. 7 P. M. Morgan Line.
SS Alamo, Brunswick to New York, 517 miles S. 7 P. M. Mallory Line.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	Dec. 11 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Minnesota	Dec. 11 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina	Dec. 15 6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, and New Zealand (via Vancouver)—Makura	Dec. 22 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti and Marquesas (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Dec. 23 6:30 P.M.
New Zealand and Australia, (via San Francisco)—Belle of Scotland	Dec. 25 6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. transport	Dec. 31 6:30 P.M.
Marquesas, Australia and New Zealand (via San Francisco)—Tahita	Jan. 5 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Corea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Japan	Jan. 5 6:30 P.M.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, Nov. 7; Hongkong, Nov. 10; Sydney, Nov. 11; Shanghai, Nov. 13; Auckland, Nov. 16; Wellington, Nov. 17, and Yokohama, Nov. 21—which arrived at San Francisco per steamers Siberia and Aorangi, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. on Dec. 7, and 10:20 A. M., Dec. 8. Due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, Dec. 12.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The storm that was over Oklahoma Saturday night has moved to Lake Superior, with a further increase in intensity, leaving a slight secondary snow over extreme Western Arkansas. It was attended by general rains in the West Gulf States, the great central valleys, the upper lake and western lower lake regions, and by high winds except from the Ohio Valley southwestward. There were also local snows in the Rocky Mountain region, Northern Utah, North Dakota, and Western Montana, and rains in Western Washington. There is a disturbance of considerable intensity in the vicinity of Turks Island, the West Indies, and reports received to-night indicate that it is apparently moving slowly northward. Abnormally high temperatures continue east of the Mississippi River.

There will be rain Monday in the east Gulf States, and Monday night in New England and the Middle Atlantic States.

In the South Atlantic States fair weather will continue. It will be colder Tuesday in New England, the Middle Atlantic, and the east Gulf States.

The winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coasts, moderate to brisk, south and southwest. South Atlantic Coast, moderate East.

Steamers departing Monday for European ports will have moderate to brisk south and southwest winds; generally fair Monday; unsettled Tuesday.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York—Increasing cloudiness and continued warm Monday, rain by night; Tuesday rain or snow and colder, brisk south and southwest winds, becoming northwest Tuesday.

New Jersey—Fair Monday, rain at night or Tuesday; colder Tuesday; brisk south and southwest winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Increasing cloudiness and continued warm Monday, rain by night; Tuesday colder and fair, except local snows north portion; brisk south and southwest winds shifting to northwest Tuesday.

New England—Fair Monday, rain at night or Tuesday, colder Tuesday in west portion; brisk south and southwest winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	..	47	4 P. M.	23	56
6 A. M.	16	45	6 P. M.	23	55
9 A. M.	17	48	9 P. M.	23	54
12 M.	21	56	12 P. M.	25	50

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 52; for the corresponding date last year it was 21; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 35.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 47; at 8 P. M. it was 54. Maximum temperature, 58 degrees at 1:50 P. M.; minimum, 45 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 70 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 59 per cent. at 8 P. M.

Lost

70c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Diamond crescent pin, Saturday, from 5th Av., 28th St. to Broadway car, to 34th St.-6th Av. car, to 59th St., then 6th Av. car down to 46th St. to Gaiety Theatre; liberal reward. Mrs. E. C. Millett, 40 West 59th St.

LOST—Between 15th St. and Flatiron Building, New York City Training School for Nurses gold pin with owner's name on back and date. Reward if returned to Mrs. Post, 825 East 69th St.

LOST—Lady's diamond and pearl ring, between 111th and 97th Sts., Broadway, Columbus Av., Wednesday evening; suitable reward if returned. Address M. L., advertising agency, 262 Grand St.

LOST—Three-diamond lady's ring, Tiffany setting, in or near Hotel Schuyler; liberal reward for ring or pawn ticket and no questions asked. Mme. Luez, 57 West 45th St., Hotel Schuyler.

LOST—In New York Theatre Saturday evening, gold seal ring; reward equal to its value in gold, "$5 or more," will be given for its return; communicate C. R. Haskell, 25 Belmont Av., Jersey City.

LOST—Pocketbook with diamond ring, Tiffany setting, on Broadway and Columbus Av. car, between 42d and 24th Sts., Dec. 5; marked "J. P. B. to K. V. R., Dec. 25, 1910"; liberal reward. Dr. Wambold, 241 West 42d St.

LOST—On Wednesday, Nov. 29, on Broadway or Claremont Av., between 121st and 129th Sts., lady's gold open-face watch with initials "E. L. S." in back of case; reward. Speyer School, 94 Lawrence St.

LOST—Friday, somewhere between 27th St. and 4th Av. and 8th St., University Place, Oriental lavallieres; reward. W. A. Gardiner, care of Victoria Hotel, 27th and Broadway.

LOST.—Between 7:30 and 8 P. M., Saturday, from 79th St. Subway Station to 80th St. and Broadway, a mink scarf. Liberal reward if returned to Miss Stearn, 165 West 80th St.

LOST.—Overcoat from new building, 50th St. and Lexington Av.; owner's name, McAllister; tailor's name, Maguire, on inside breast pocket. Reward if returned Room 319, 44 East 23d St.

LOST.—ON 5TH AV., BETWEEN 42D AND 47TH STS., A GOLD WATCH, WITH THREE STONES, ATTACHED TO GOLD FOB; LIBERAL REWARD. Y 85 TIMES.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, hunting case, initials "B. M."; 116th St. to 125th, Morningside Av., Lexington, Dec. 6. May, 27 Morningside Av.

LOST—Thursday, gold locket, engraved with pond lilies, set with small diamond; finder please notify Mrs. G. L. Johnson, 501 West 121st St.

LOST—On 84th St., between 8th and Columbus Avs., an extension bracelet watch, black enamel and silver, marked "D. K., 1906"; liberal reward. E. D. Kohn, 2 West 88th St.

LOST—Waldorf-Astoria, oval shape emerald ring, surrounded 10 diamonds; liberal reward for return of pawn ticket; no questions asked. Mrs. Brunswick, 230 Riverside Drive.

LOST—$500 in bills between 115th St. and Metropolitan Opera House, Saturday afternoon; reward. E. E., 104 Times.

LOST—Tuesday evening, 8th Av., southbound car, double case gold watch; reward. Miss L., 275 Central Park West.

LOST—$10 reward for return of small mink collar piece left in taxi Saturday night. Nicklas, 104 West 84th St.

LOST—Diamond circle Monday night between 100th St. and Fulton Theatre; $100 for return to S. B. Hillier, 158 West 45th St.

LOST—At Sherry's, Ledyard dance, pearl and diamond horseshoe. Suitable reward if returned to Miss Siegfried, 165 West 58th St.

LOST.—Gold bracelet, with three small diamonds, between Hamburg-American Line and 64th St.; reward. Nosworthy, 62 Cedar St.

LOST. — Between "The Playhouse" and Churchill's, diamond lavalliere; $100 reward to finder. D. Lion, 170 Broadway.

LOST.—Near Columbia or 125th, Phi Delta Theta pearl-set pin; "R. B. P." on back; reward. Phillips, 565 West 118th St.

LOST.—Diamond crescent pin, set platinum and gold; suitable reward. Mrs. W. E. Green, 635 Park Av.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch on pin from Staten Island to Macy's; reward. H. A., Room 719, 24 State St.

REWARD will be furnished for silver cups won as trophies by Frank Hart and taken from 1,014 Broadway; no questions will be asked upon return of cups.

$500 REWARD.—Dec. 1, lost en route from Waldorf-Astoria Hotel to Garrick Theatre and Hotel Astor, chamois bag containing lady's three-stone diamond ring and diamond necklace set in platinum, with bowknot, diamonds supporting diamond pendant, containing several diamonds and large diamond in centre. M 141 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

70c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Liberal reward offered, King Charles spaniel; answers name "Sport"; 8th Av., 123d, 124th Sts. No questions. Mrs. Spritz, 505 West 124th St.

LOST.—Reward for the return of white sheep dog, bob tailed, clipped like French poodle. 221 West 57th St. Don't bring any other dog.

LOST.—Irish terrier dog; Williams, 48 East 49th, on collar. Five dollars reward for return to 48 East 49th St.

REWARD for Scottish terrier, lost Sunday afternoon, 3d Av. and 82d St. Return Aldrich, 142 East 33d St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

70c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, Dec. 8—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St. 2D AV. "L": Umbrella, bag, purse, book, letter, pillow, chisels. 3D AV. "L": Umbrella, bag, purse, mesh bag, spectacles, eyeglasses, books, cards, gloves, slippers, underwear, shawl, corset, muff, metal. 6TH AV. "L": Books, purses, mesh bag, opera glasses, rubber. 9TH AV "L": Book, umbrella, gloves. SUBWAY: Muff, umbrella, suit cases, satchel, bag, case, pin, ring, button book, purse, mesh bag, opera glasses, music, gloves, neckpiece, clothes, waist, overalls, shield, shears, stamp card, pipe, bottles.

FOUND, Dec. 8—BROOKLYN R. T. Apply 168 Montague St. SURFACE AND ELEVATED: Muffs, photos, books, mop and handle, pipe cutter, powder box, underwear, derby hat, package of books, fur neckpiece, eyeglasses in case, receipt book, package, scouring powder, dressmaking materials, vest, trousers and shoes, box of tobacco, shirt, trousers, package of receipts, tin horn, blue book, handbags, pocketbooks, umbrellas.

FOUND, Dec. 8—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City, L. I.: One pair rubbers, 1 package.

FOUND, Dec. 8—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Five umbrellas, 4 packages.

FOUND, Dec. 8—NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Muff, mileage book, pocketbook, earring, 3 packages, pair of gloves.

FOUND, Dec. 8—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Spectacles, jewelry, gloves, necklace, box, keys, suspenders, socks, tobacco, lunch box, 3 purses, 2 umbrellas.

FOUND, Dec. 8—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Box of toys, package of pictures, dress suit case, box of writing paper, lady's gown, handbag, pair of rubbers, package of laundry, box of tools, lantern, umbrella, pair of gloves.

FOUND, Dec. 8—NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av. ON PULLMAN: Overcoat, scarfpin, soap box, nightshirt, package, razor, muff, books, rubbers, cuff buttons, rubbers, tie clasp, two pairs of bedroom slippers, mug. LONG ISLAND DIVISION: Three packages, brooch, fraternity pin, muff, pair of gloves, beer tray.

Personal

40 cents per agate line each insertion.

LIFE INSURANCE.
If you want insurance and have ever been declined consult me; costs you nothing unless policy is secured. K 77 Times Harlem.

For Sale

80c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

25 telephone booths, double sound proof oak and mahogany; also 3 directors' tables, several roll-top desks; office partitions. Budd & Co., 78 Spring St., near Subway Station.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man for out of town; $75 monthly. Girl, American, addressing and office work. Stenographer, young lady, American; $10. Boy, American, run typewriter; $6. American man, represent good house; expenses advanced. Middleton's Agency, 143 West 65th St.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A YOUNG WOMAN competent to fit ladies' garments may secure permanent position with opportunity for advancement. Apply to-morrow morning to H. G. Millard, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

A YOUNG WOMAN with good figure, 36 bust, may secure permanent position. Apply H. G. Millard, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts.

CANVASSER for business school; fine opportunity. Y. Box 75 Times.

FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS and chambermaid, age 25; Scotch or English; must be neat and clean; two in family; apartment; wages $30. N 157 Times.

FORELADY.—Men's neckwear; a thoroughly experienced forelady to take charge of men's neckwear factory; party must be thorough in all departments and know how to take charge of about 100 girls; references required. Address Baer, Kronacher & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

LADIES.—Reliable home work; transferring; $1 to $4 dozen. 49 West 36th St. Trieber's.

LADIES.—Reliable home work; transferring; $1 to $4 dozen. 49 West 36th St. Trieber's.

SALESLADIES.—Experienced millinery salesladies wanted. Apply Mamie, 398 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER. — A good and permanent position for one of the in every way best woman stenographers in New York can be obtained. Address P. O. Box 339, Madison Square Branch, city.

WANTED—Experienced lady stenographer of the highest ability in large life insurance office. State wages desired, references, experience, &c. K 62 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOY, neat appearance and intelligent, by large embroidery importer; permanent, with advancement. L. M., Box 142 Times Downtown.

CANVASSER for business school; fine opportunity. Y. Box 75 Times.

CAPITAL STOCK SALESMAN WANTED; previous experience not necessary. Y 245 Times Downtown.

CITY SALESMAN wanted to represent silk waists house and lingerie dresses; a hustler; those who control trade need apply. K 98 Times.

DRAFTSMEN.—Thoroughly familiar with machine-shop practice on small interchangeable parts of electrical apparatus; position only for first-class men capable of earning the top market price; no others need apply. Write stating age, nationality, experience and salary expected. "Draftsman," care of Allen Agency, 45 West 34th St.

FACTORY HAND.—Young man for metal work. State age, and experience, if any; want steady man. L 295 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN for suitcase department of a large trunk, bag and suitcase manufacturer; thoroughly experienced and young man wanted. L 250 Times Downtown.

HOMEWORKERS and contractors on fine underwear. Apply by letter. H. C., 322 Times Downtown.

INTERIOR DECORATIONS AND FURNISHINGS.
A prominent decorative concern requires the services of a salesman to handle a high-class trade, with a thorough knowledge of taking special orders for interior decorations and upholstery. Address, Decorator, Box K 101 Times.

Publisher of high-grade engineering periodical has vacancy for man to assist in preparing, editing, and proofreading material for publication; technical education, preferably in electrical engineering, desirable; state age, qualifications in detail, and salary expected. Address K 96 Times.

REAL ESTATE hustler to sell most active high-class suburban proposition in New York City; write full details of experience and present employment; confidential. 290 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—BIG MUSLIN UNDERWEAR CONCERN, MAKING GOWNS AND DRAWERS, IS OPEN FOR TWO EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD SALESMEN TRAVELING SOUTH AND EAST; ONLY THOSE ABLE TO SHOW RESULTS NEED ANSWER; STRICTLY COMMISSION BASIS. ADDRESS, GIVING FULL DETAILS, BOX 21, 352 6TH AV.

SALESMAN.—Traveler; one of Maiden Lane's up-to-date wholesale jewelry houses has an opening for experienced traveler with established trade in nearby States with jewelers and department stores; to such a man first-class opportunity is offered. Z 202 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with a number of years' experience in the umbrella and parasol line; one who has covered the Middle Western and surrounding territory and can show good results; will make exceptional inducement to the right man. Y 84 Times.

SALESMAN
for city and vicinity to sell our line of kimonos and house dresses; only those that can show results in the past need apply. Shapiro Brothers, 514 Broadway.

SALESMEN like our proposition; 5 acres of good productive land with a perfect title for 25c per acre per week for 100 weeks. American Land Co., Metropolitan Bldg.

SALESMEN.—$3 will equip you with sample electric sidewalk advertising sign; with flasher, $4.50; sells on sight; big profits. Rex Ad-Lite Co., 136 Liberty St.

SALESMEN WANTED TO SELL ELECTRIC SIGN PROJECTORS; $4 WITHOUT FLASHER; $5 WITH FLASHER. APPLY 105 WEST 40TH ST., ROOM 301.

SALESMAN.—Real, live, energetic salesman for general real estate business; big commission; leads furnished. 501 5th Av., Room 308.

SALESMAN WANTED BY A LEADING OSTRICH MANUFACTURER; SALESMAN WITH EXPERIENCE AND FOLLOWING. OSTRICH, 140 TIMES.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted, to handle a fine line of dresses for the Western territory; state references. L 282 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Responsible man calling on railroad, machine shop, and hardware trade to sell cotton and wool waste as a side line. Z 11 Times.

SEGAR SALESMAN for city; must be acquainted with liquor trade. M 170 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in office of well-known scientific organization; accuracy and good general education essential; state age, education, experience in detail, and salary expected. Address K 95 Times.

TEACHERS.—A private high school requires the services of an instructor in chemistry, biology, and physical geography for late afternoon and evening work; must have college degree and classroom experience. Address, giving degree, experience, age, height, &c., M 167 Times.

Vacancy for accurate, well-educated man in office of high-class scientific publication; general office work; experience in proofreading or similar work essential. Address K 94 Times.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—Salesmanager for Northwestern branch office of large established firm manufacturing ornamental iron and bronze; only men of executive ability and practical ornamental iron experience need apply. In answering state full qualifications and present position. Z 13 Times.

WANTED—Two men of ability to handle high-class proposition which will sell on its merits and appeals to those of considerable means; if you can interview this class, call for a personal interview, 9 to 12 A. M. Mr. Caldwell, Room 226, 9 East 26th St.

WANTED, by New York Stock Exchange house, man to take charge of Grain Department; must be absolutely proficient in every respect and business standing and integrity of the highest. Answer Box L 301 Times Downtown.

WANTED — Thoroughly experienced custom clothing salesman to solicit in New York City. Answer by letter, giving references and experience, Brooklyn Trousers Co., 583 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A few bright, energetic, well-educated men for special work among a selected list of refined people. Mr. Spain, 156 5th Av., Room 528.

WANTED.—Physician registered in California for advertising medical office; state age and experience. M 160 Times.

YOUNG MAN to assist in sample department of large importer of dress suit linens; must be a good penman; one with experience preferred; excellent opportunity; in applying give age, experience, and salary expected. N 12 Times.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ASSIST CHILDREN or students with lessons evenings. Address L. Richmond, 14 Irving Place.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER makes and remodels; children's specialty. Alice, 126 East 12th St. 'Phone 408 Stuyvesant.

COMPANION.—Refined elderly lady going to Europe middle January, wishes to act as companion to lady or family. L 292 Times Downtown.

COOK, &c.—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Two competent women, sisters, Protestants, together; cook, coarse washing; chambermaid, waitress; small family; country. Address L., Advertising Office, 200 East 23d St.

DRESSMAKER.—First-class, $2.75 daily; perfect cutter, fitter; reference. Hanush, 394 St. Nicholas Av.

DRESSMAKING.—Few additional customers; satisfaction guaranteed. E. Halligey, 131 West 61st St. Tel. 5710—Col.

LADY, elderly, Catholic, speaks German, Hungarian, desires position in household; takes charge of children. Apply St. Francis's Hospital, 142d St., Bronx.

MASSAGE. — Swedish movements; $1 hour; ladies' references; experienced, professional woman. Graduate, 309 West 116th St.

MILLINER.—Experienced French milliner makes and remodels ladies' and children's hats; latest Paris styles; home or out. Telephone 30 Columbus.

PROFESSIONAL—Are you troubled about details? Put them in the hands of a capable trustworthy woman accountant, who can relieve you of all responsibility in regard to the arrangement of the office and the care of your personal household accounts; efficient correspondent, filing, inventory, stenography, and all office details; engagements by hour or day; high-class testimonials. S. M., 442 Columbus Av.

SECRETARY.—Educated, experienced business woman, stenographer, bookkeeper, all secretarial duties; temporary or part time position; highest references. Exceptional, N 11 Times.

SECRETARY. — Honors graduate of U. S. School of Secretaries; can take entire charge of secretarial details; stenographer and typist. Address Miss N., 509 5th Av., Room 402.

STENOGRAPHER and Underwood operator, competent, desires position; long public stenographic experience. Interview, L 303 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 4½ years' experience, thoroughly competent, accurate, and painstaking; references. L 268 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; bright; some experience; no clock watcher. Box 245 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bright beginner; neat, refined. Accurate, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 E. N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, intelligent, energetic young lady; good references; salary reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, experienced; thorough knowledge office work; willing, conscientious; salary $15-$18. Y 242 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Cultured, very rapid, publishing, architectural, literary experience; $15; or part time. M 82 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years' experience in accountant's office; statement work; wide carriage machines. K 91 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Rapid, accurate, first-class reference, desires permanent position; $15. L 272 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, good education, wishes position. Read. 540 West 158th St.

VACUUM CLEANING.—Carpets, rugs, and furniture by the hour or day; best references. Brodnax, 12 West 135th. 'Phone 3253—Harlem.

WIDOW, reliable, wants light housework; reference. G. L., 223 East 41st.

WINDOW AND HOUSE CLEANER, day, hour. Acmen, 148 West 53d. Phone 7987 Columbus.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, and opens books, prepares certified balance sheets, executor's accounts, organizes or improves office and factory system, &c.; long experience; reasonable. Telephone 3001—Broad. Y 241 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT. — Books opened, written up, examined, closed; statements of profit and loss and financial condition; investigations, Federal tax reports, estate, and other legal accounting. Certified, L 217 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT: examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up; makes up profit-loss, business statements. George Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988—Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT (degree) opens, closes corporation, partnership, single proprietorship books. P. O. Box 225 Madison Square.

ACCOUNTANT (degree) desires additional work, any books, any time; moderate. P. O. Box 225, Madison Square.

A YOUNG MAN with two years' bookkeeping experience desires position where advancement is assured; is high school graduate; can use typewriter and furnish references. L 308 Times Downtown.

A1 DEPARTMENT HEAD. — Active, able, adaptable young man (20) seeks connection with house where interestedness and energy are appreciated, in the capacity of department head or assistant; both clerical and executive experience; is acquainted with shipping, etc.; best of credentials. Fidelity, L 305 Times Downtown.

BALTIMORE.—A high-grade business man of ability and integrity is open to represent there a firm of unquestioned standing. Baltimore Branch, Y 68 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thorough accountant; 15 years' experience with large corporation; desires position; best of references; age 39; salary $30. K 64 Times.

BOY, (16,) intelligent, one year's high school education, desires position with chance for advancement; indoor work. Address (S. S.) F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOY, 16 years old, honest and willing, desires position without Saturday work; willing to work Sunday instead. Address (M. H.) F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOY, 17, school graduate, seeks permanent position; city or country. Lipman, 288 Monroe St.

BUTLER.—First-class, 4 years' personal references; 7 years previous. Coleman, 401 West 56th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—German, 25, single; can drive any car; strictly sober; careful driver; private or commercial; city or country; if necessary, cash security. W. D., 856 9th Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young Frenchman wants position in good private family; references. Charles, care of Standard Auto Renting Co., 186 East 78d St.

CHAUFFEUR MECHANIC.
Clean cut, experienced young American; expart driver, repair man; valuable knowledge modern farming, care of stock; go anywhere; indorsements. N 25 Times.

COACHMAN.—Can work around stable; not afraid of work. George Harris, 715 Lexington Av.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 23, desires inside position offering opportunity to learn business; rapid correspondent, accurate figurer, two years' experience, credit and collection works; exceptional references. H. L., 263 West 125th St.

COUPLE, English, no family; chauffeur, coachman, or useful butler; cook, laundress and housekeeper; best personal references; city or country. James, care of Otto, 118 East 88th St.

COUPLE, Belgians, wish position as first-class butler and cook, taking entire charge of bachelor's apartment. H. M. Doms, 257 West 24th St.

CREDIT MAN, who has had ten years' experience in banking and commercial credits, desires interview where careful credit and prompt collection work would be appreciated. N 22 Times.

EDITOR, WRITER, NEW YORK NEWSPAPER, WOULD ENTER MAGAZINE, ADVERTISING OR OTHER FIELD REQUIRING LITERARY TALENTS; APPOINTMENTS TUESDAY; EMPLOYED. 144 TIMES.

EXPERT BOOKKEEPER.
Private and business accounts needing regular but not steady attention; balances weekly or monthly. Bogart, 1,253 Ogden Av., New York City.

GERMAN man servant, (30,) having excellent recommendations from the highest aristocratic houses in Austria and Germany, wants position; speaks but little English; his expectation of salary is modest. Address Kauffmann, 148 East 18th St.

HOUSECLEANER; floors, windows, walls, cleaned; furniture polished, made to look like new; hardwood floor waxed and polished; vacuum cleaning; hour or day; best references. Brodnax, 12 West 135th St. Phone 3253—Harlem.

MAN AND WIFE wish cleaning; [illegible]

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

LINOTYPE OPERATOR.—Young man, (19,) rather deaf, 3,000 ems per hour, desires position in city or country. (M. J.) F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

MASSEUR.—Competent Swedish masseur, with doctor's references, wishes to travel with gentleman; linguist; used to travel; can act as secretary. N 9 Times.

MASSEUR.—Young European desires few patients; at their residences preferred. K 79 Times.

MIDDLE-AGED GENTLEMAN capable of taking entire charge of office desires position; references the best. Address American, L 304 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, (16;) neat, willing, and ambitious to advance, seeks position in an office. Address (D. M.) F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

REFINED young Englishman is open for immediate engagement as traveling companion or tutor; excellent references. Experienced, Y 83 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 24, college education, 3 years' business experience, desires inside position as salesman. Address A. Lord, Irvington, N. Y.

SALESMAN wishes line possessing selling merit for department store and large trade on commission; no advances expected. K 105 Times.

SALESMAN, well posted in dress trimmings, embroideries, with trade among city manufacturers and department stores, would like to connect with first-class house. D. T., 75 Times.

SALESMAN.—EXPERIENCED TRAVELING, AGED 26, HIGHEST REFERENCE, GOOD APPEARANCE, IS OPEN FOR PROPOSITION. K 85 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eighteen, seeks position; experienced; highly recommended. Joseph E. Feldmann, 171 Avenue C, Manhattan.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, 17, recent graduate, willing, energetic; references; moderate salary. S., 1,677 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office assisting; two years' experience; highly recommended. Rosenberg, 56 West 140th St.

SOUTHERN SALESMAN retail trade, many years' experience, open for engagement; cloaks and suits; best references; only those manufacturers desirous of making suitable terms need reply. K 100 Times.

VACUUM CLEANING.—Carpets, rugs, and furniture by the hour or day; best references. Brodnax, 12 West 135th. 'Phone 3253—Harlem.

YOUNG FRENCHMAN wants position for housework. Felix, 341 West 58th St. 'Phone 5584 Columbus.

YOUNG man man, 22, desires position of responsibility in small concern; now employed in auditing department of large corporation; salary $18. L 290 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, English, wishes position care for furnaces, windows, rugs, garden, or wash and polish and care for automobiles; city or country; excellent references; wages reasonable. H. O., care of Abmeyer, 116 East 59th.

YOUNG MAN, speaks six languages—English, Italian, French, Greek, Egyptian, Turkish; good references, wants place as valet, waiter, private family; willing to travel with parties round Europe. Sanas Kyriazis, 687 6th Av.

YOUNG MAN, 25, college and legal education, linguist, having business experience, originality, and conversational ability, desires position offering opportunity. N 14 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) high school education, office experience, desires position where intellect and conscientious work are required. K 75 Times.

YOUNG MAN, American, 14 years painter, wishes to learn traveling salesman or investigator; private detective. Blaraty, 1,786 Washington Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 27, married, desires position at anything; clerical experience; best references. G. P. Opperman, 78 2d St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 21, neat, refined, steady, will start at bottom; references. L 296 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (21) wishes position in fur house to learn business; wholesale or retail. K 58 Times.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers. BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co., (Agency,) STENOGRAPHERS. 50 Pine St. Tel. 8425 John.

Domestic.

A.—A.—A.—Malmberg's, 115 East 26th St., oldest Swedish Agency; established 1881; select servants for private families. Formerly 352 4th Av.

CHAMBERMAIDS, waitress, Swedish, $20-$25. Laundress, shrts, collars, $25. Cook, Swedish, Finnish, English, $25-$35. General houseworkers, city or country, $18-$25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone, 2224 Plaza.

COLE EMP. AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av. Tel. 8875 Madison.—Reliable help; nice trade solicited.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

NEAT, experienced, and reliable colored help; city, country. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288—Morningside.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied, day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916 Morn.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

16TH ST., 18 WEST.—Double front and back rooms, adjoining bath; well heated; excellent table; $6-$7 each. 'Phone 4139—Chelsea.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $9 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartment, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793 Bryant.

47TH ST., 56 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms with board; all conveniences; electric light, steam, telephone.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Rooms; table guests; first-class references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Two large rooms, table guests; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric light; private bath; superior table; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 72-74 WEST.—Warm rooms, comfortably furnished; private baths; substantial table; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large, second story room; private bathroom; hot water supply; room telephone; steam heat; excellent cuisine; references exchanged.

70TH ST., 269 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; 'phone; near Subway; board optional.

72D, 131 WEST.—Attractive front room, private bath; southern exposure; table guests accommodated; references.

72D, 159 WEST.—Large and hall rooms, suite or separately; parlor dining room; references.

73D ST., 155 WEST.—Handsome large and single rooms; baths, telephone; table strictly first-class.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive, warm rooms; suitable two; 'phone; L, Subway; board optional; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly decorated three-quarter room; one or two persons; hot water; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; telephone.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Desirable, large room, with bath; also small room; excellent table; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 110 WEST.—Unusually attractive rooms, single, double, modern conveniences; excellent table; table guests.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Large and small room; high-class house; parlor dining; table guests.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—Medium and hall, sunny, heated rooms; lavatory, bath; gentlemen; private family.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Delightful large, front room one flight; quiet house; references exchanged.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable rooms; excellent table; high-class Jewish house; table guests.

50-52 WEST 82D ST.
Two small rooms on floor with bath; suitable young man; electricity. 'Phone Schuyler [illegible]

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

83D, 23 WEST.—Large, cheerful room, adjoining bath; desirable Jewish house; reasonable terms.

84TH ST., 87 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms for two; private bath; exceptional table; Jewish family.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate one gentleman in newly furnished, refined Jewish home; easy access Subway, elevated, surface.

87TH ST., 135 WEST.—Elegantly appointed home will take as boarders refined lady or gentleman; home cooking; electric lights; references.

87TH ST., 109 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large rooms; gentlemen preferred; private family; conveniences; board optional.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Elegant large, small heated rooms; select; Subway, elevated; excellent table; moderate.

93D, 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single rooms; table a specialty.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Beautiful large room, suitable two; excellent cuisine; Jewish family; private house.

94TH, 144 WEST.—Sunny rooms, large and small; parlor dining; table guests; moderate; phone.

96TH ST., 54 WEST, near Central Park West. —Very desirable neighborhood; well-furnished rooms, with board.

100TH ST., (828 West End Av.)—Superior board served in attractive, private, modern home.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive, large and small rooms; baths; bachelors, couples; table guests; references.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service, good company; references; reasonable; Southerners.

107TH, 230 WEST.—Delightful home to few cultured people in high-class apartment. Reed.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Large, double front room; southern exposure, telephone; excellent board; table guests.

118TH, 560 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, with or without private bath; excellent board; table board.

123D, 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

127TH ST., 216 WEST.—Two nicely furnished single rooms for gentlemen; superior table; 'phones.

130TH ST., 250 WEST.—Near "L" station; large double, also single rooms; excellent board; references.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Elegant rooms, private bath; electricity; table guests; references; Phone 7217 Audubon.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable rooms, bath adjoining; steam heat, telephone; Subway; references; table guests.

142D ST., 512 WEST.—Cheerful front room, alcove, lavatory; steam, phone; excellent board optional.

467 WEST 144TH ST.
Two beautiful rooms; southerly exposure; excellent board.

472 WEST 144TH ST.
FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD.

149TH ST., 544 WEST, Near Broadway, Riverside.—First-class rooms and board; high-class hotel accommodations; boarding house prices. Telephone 2757 Audubon.

145TH, 468 WEST.—Large front room; every convenience; home table; Subway, "L" near; phone.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—One block from Subway; large third floor front room, suitable for two gentlemen; every home comfort; good table; 'phone 4678—Audubon.

WEST END AV., 764, (97th St.)—Full table board or dinner; good home cooking.

East Side.

16TH ST., 182 EAST.—Elegant large adjoining rooms; board; hot water; heat; gentlemen; references.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

21ST, 145 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Sunny front room; excellent board; reference; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 53, GRAMERCY DISTRICT. —Nicholas Fish mansion; attractive those desiring quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast in rooms; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; references. Telephone 1978—Gramercy.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 5.—River view, most accessible locality Greater New York; Subway, 5 minutes; Wall St. Ferry, bridge, corner trolley; spacious rooms; small rooms suitable business people; reasonable; neighborhood, house, table high class. 905 Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76. — Convenient to Borough Hall Subway and ferry; steam-heated rooms; good Southern table. Telephone 1159W Main.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

New York State.

Fine home for convalescent, invalid or elderly couple with private family; near station; one of the healthiest places "on the Hudson"; 38 minutes from Grand Central, 42d St.; large, sunny rooms, steam heat, telephone; all conveniences. Address J., Box 22, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; Winter rates; attractive, homelike; log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

New England.

A private family in Cape Cod will give best of care and consideration to invalid or convalescent. Address Lock Box 297, Dennisport, Mass.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 2,013, (Near 125th St.)—Private house; steam heat; reasonable; refined; newly furnished.

5TH AV., 25, (9th St.)—Refined surroundings; nice small front room; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming rooms; bachelors; sunny basement, suitable studio, students; electricity; references.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Very desirable, well furnished rooms, adjoining bath, for gentlemen.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; small room, $2; also sunny front basement.

33D ST., 319 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished rooms; bath adjoining; refined surroundnigs; quiet street; reasonable.

42D, 322 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, heated rooms; tiled bath; $2 upwards; gentlemen only. Hughes.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; running water; well heated; reference; gentlemen.

47TH ST., 56 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms with board; all conveniences; electric light, steam, telephone.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Very attractive, medium-sized sunny room; gentlemen preferred; accommodations for a few table guests; excellent home table.

57TH ST., 364 WEST.—Large, well furnished rooms; twin beds; private baths; others; reasonable; transients.

60TH, 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom, bath; elegantly kept; $30-$60 monthly; independent home breakfast.

61ST ST., 119 WEST.—Large and small rooms, newly decorated; steam heat, telephone; reasonable; parlor.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—A most desirable room, attractively furnished; near bath; moderate.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large, sunny room, adjoining bath; steam heat; electric light; telephone.

135 WEST 69TH ST.
Beautiful parlor suite, bath; suitable doctor's office.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Lady having basement floor, though would like to share it with two business women; privilege of light housekeeping; hot water supply; telephone; newly furnished.

70TH ST., 273 WEST.—Two elegantly furnished, sunny rooms, adjoining bath, single, en suite, strictly private house, for gentleman desiring quiet privacy.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

70TH ST., 188 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only; references.

71ST, 351 WEST.—Homelike bachelor apartments; private bath; front single rooms, $4.50; Columbus 3817.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive large and single rooms, bath; southern exposure; subway express, "L."

73D, 136 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished, medium room; third floor; quiet, refined, surroundings; references.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished sunny front, single room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Room, private bath; electric light; parquet floor; also single room; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable small room; gentleman; reasonable; references; refined surroundings.

78TH, 114 WEST.—Attractive second floor, southern exposed room; suitable for two; bath adjoining.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable, single and double rooms; every convenience; near Subway, elevated; 'phone.

78TH ST., 168 WEST.—Handsome, large room; modern house; suitable one, two; private family; 'phone.

78TH ST., 160 WEST.—Newly furnished large, sunny room; private bath; scrupulously clean.

83D ST., 127 WEST.—Delightful large, sunny rooms en suite; also small rooms; refined; moderate.

84TH, 128 WEST.—Small rooms, running water, 'phone, conveniences; gentlemen only. Brown.

85TH, 106 WEST.—Fine, large rooms; running water; sunny hall room; parlor floor, physician.

86TH ST., 310 WEST.—Reasonable rates; desirable rooms, southern exposure; gentlemen; references. Telephone 6388 Riverside.

88TH ST., 69 WEST.—Suite two rooms; southern exposure; bedroom and parlor, also single room; newly furnished; call any evening, or by appointment. Franke.

93D ST., WEST END AV.—Owner's residence; beautiful room; bath; gentleman only. Telephone 3344R Riverside.

102D ST., 211 WEST.—Large, medium sunny outside rooms; private family; Subway; 'phone; moderate. Benedict.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house, near Riverside Drive; nicely furnished room; all conveniences; home comforts; telephone.

102D, 210 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor suite; bachelor or women; $5 weekly.

103D ST., 122 WEST.—Large, light, furnished; running water; bath adjoining; Subway, "L." Apartment 4.

106TH ST., 225 WEST, (Overlooking Broadway.)—Attractive, comfortable parlor suite, adjoining bath; single room; running water; newly furnished; reasonable; one flight. Birch.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive room, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large, delightful room; small Southern family; board optional; references. White.

(110TH ST. SUBWAY.)—Beautiful front suite; use kitchen; independence; also unfurnished front room, vicinity Columbia College. Mrs. Wallace, 600 West 127th St.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Comfortable single room; gentleman preferred; English family of two; references. Moore.

114TH, 508 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, adjoining bath; elevator apartment. Call for Mrs. Layden.

115TH ST., 606 WEST.—Large front room, high-class elevator apartment, two gentlemen; references. Chandus.

116TH ST., 404 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; overlooking Morningside Park; telephone; elevator; Broadway Subway. Morse.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Furnished, two single rooms; lavatory; large closets; warm; elevator, Subway; immaculate. Doty.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; kitchen; housekeeping suite; elevator, Subway. Smith.

118TH ST., 421 WEST.—Lady will share her five-room furnished apartment with teacher or business woman; $18 month. Apt. 63.

118TH ST., 405 WEST.—Attractive rooms, high-class elevator apartment; all conveniences. Apartment 41.

121ST, 509 WEST.—Columbia University neighborhood, half block east of Broadway; Bancroft apartments; just completed; two beautiful front rooms with kitchenette, double room with kitchenette; southern exposure; electric lights; elevators; attractive dining room; board optional.

122D, 523 WEST. — Beautiful suite; kitchen privilege; baths, heat, telephones; single rooms, $3. Carter.

122D ST., 501 WEST. Telephone 7035 Morningside.—Clean, comfortable room, small modern apartment, $3. Weig.

123D ST., 520 WEST.—Sunny, outside rooms, second floor, $2.50 to $3.50; exclusive lavatory. Beach.

122D ST., 520 WEST.—Comfortable, quiet room; attractive, generous board; table guests accommodated. Kerker.

600 WEST 127TH ST.
Sunny, front rooms; Manhattan Subway station. Snow.

131ST ST., 223 WEST.—Attractive front room; private block; gentlemen; American family; references.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; conveniences; attractive neighborhood; telephone; Subway, elevated.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite, private bath; river view; meal accommodation. Pierson.

139TH ST., 602 WEST (near Broadway.)—Handsome, sunny room; elevator; 'phone; electric; private; moderate. Romain.

162D ST., 521 WEST.—Southern room, lavatory, adjoining bath, handsomely furnished, library, all conveniences; suitable physician; moderate terms to desirable people.

A GENTLEMAN.—Well furnished room or suite with English family; board optional; references exchanged; telephone. M 154 Times.

ATTRACTIVE BEDROOM, sitting room, bath; strictly private house; near 103d St. Subway. Y 59 Times.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Nicely furnished room for refined party; piano, telephone; reference. Fisher.

PRIVATE FAMILY, occupying large, handsomely furnished house in West 97th St., near Central Park; suites, private baths; also small rooms; reasonable to those giving exceptional references. Telephone 3092—River. Y 20 Times.

East Side.

19TH ST., 126 EAST.—Handsomely furnished rooms for bachelors or married couples; references. Apply Hardy.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.) Suite 2 rooms, bathroom, by month.

29TH ST., 42 EAST.—DESIRABLE ROOMS; PRIVATE HOUSE; REFERENCES.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Nicely furnished single rooms for gentlemen; well-kept house; telephone; reference.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Attractive rooms, large and small; gentlemen; references.

59TH ST., 56 EAST.—Room, with private bath and hallboy service, at reasonable and attractive rates. Roland.

76TH ST., 37 EAST.—Attractive, comfortable room; private house; first-class location; $5.00 weekly.

LARGE, comfortably furnished room, with bath; southern exposure; near 5th Av. and 42d St.; references required. Address M 159 Times.

LEXINGTON AV., 341, (Near 39th St.)—Very desirable large room, all conveniences; 'phone gentleman.

MADISON AV., 175, (34th St.)—Comfortable large room; suitable two gentlemen; also hall room; reference.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Large front room, unfurnished; north light; suitable for studio; near 5th Av. and 42d St.; references required. Address Box M 158 Times.

72d St., 253 West.—Exceptionally large, light second-floor room, dressing room adjoining. Private bath.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

One or more large rooms or studio with heat, bath, and running water, in good locality, suitable for living for two literary women; state price, location, and advantages; references exchanged; must be reasonable. N 12 Times.

Business Opportunities

80c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

$6,000 CASH WILL PURCHASE OUR FACTORY, NOW IN OPERATION, COMPRISING 100 UP-TO-DATE SEWING MACHINES, 17 HORSE POWER GASOLINE ENGINES, ELECTRIC CUTTING KNIFE, PRESSING AND SHIPPING PLANT, NAME AND GOOD WILL, SAMPLE LINES, CUTTING AND COST BOOKS, $100,000 ACTIVE BOOK ACCOUNTS; FACTORY CAN BE RENTED FOR $900 PER ANNUM IF DESIRED; CHEAP LABOR; EXCELLENT SHIPPING FACILITIES. CALL ACME UNDERWEAR CO., 5 WEST 22D ST.

PARTNER wanted with $5,000 to $10,000 money secured in an established wholesale raincoat business; this is a splendid opportunity; must also render services. B. O. X., 77 Times.

PAY ORE DEVELOPED.
Gold, copper, silver; $10,000 wanted for machinery; one or more investors. "Arizona," Room 1,034, Broad Exchange Building, New York City.

Wanted—A bright young salesman who can invest a small amount in a growing jewelry business, making a line of high-grade rolled plate. Y 82 Times.

FIRE INSURANCE.
Would like to purchase half or whole interest in an agency in or near N. Y. City. N 1 Times.

Wanted.—A young and prosperous jewelry firm wishes to get in touch with a man who wants to invest capital. Y 81 Times.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

Sans-Souci Apartments.—Facing Park; six and eight light rooms; elevator, hall service; latest improvements; suitable dentist or physician. 31 West 124th St.

25TH, 254 WEST.—Finest five rooms, elevator apartment; every room sunny; abundant steam heat.

At 50th St.—882 6th Av., six rooms, range, laundry, tubs; to private family only; rent $28

East Side.

THE BLYTHEBOURNE,
1,431 Madison Av., southeast corner 99th St. —Beautiful corner apartment, seven outside rooms; bath; perfect condition; $60 monthly; high-class elevator and private telephone service day and night; electricity ;all improvements. Apply to Superintendent.

Unfurnished Apartments Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Apartment for bachelor wanted; large, light rooms, consisting of living room, 2 bedrooms, bathroom, room suitable for dining room and kitchenette, between 34th St. and 60th St., west side preferable. Reply at once. K 42 Times.

WANT two rooms, bath, kitchenette; must be nicely furnished; maximum $50; immediate possession; best references furnished; must be adjacent Subway, below 125th. K 106 Times.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

St. Nicholas Av., 343, (cor 127th.)—Handsomely furnished, newly decorated elevator apartments; four, five, six rooms, bath; special price; $40 monthly and upward; room, bath, kitchen; $5-$6 weekly.

77th, 66 East.—Eight light rooms, fully furnished; exclusive neighborhood; month, year; $125; immediate.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

95th St., 46 and 48 West.—Three-story and basement private dwellings for rent; open for inspection. W. J. Taylor, 5 East 42d St.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 69c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

Emerson Angelus player piano; excellent tone; like new; sell at sacrifice. 316 West 42d St.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

DOUGHERTY, WILLIAM H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM H. DOUGHERTY, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of De Witt, Lockman & De Witt, No. 88 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 9th day of February next.—Dated New York, July 24th, 1911. JULIA K. DOUGHERTY, EDWARD J. DOUGHERTY, ANDREW DOUGHERTY, Executors. DE WITT, LOCKMAN & DE WITT, Attorneys for Executors, No. 88 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

WOODMAN, GEORGE H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against George H. Woodman, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Leventritt, Cook & Nathan, her attorneys, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 16th day of February next.

Dated New York, the 7th day of August, 1911.
ELIZABETH LE B. WOODMAN, Administratrix.
LEVENTRITT, COOK & NATHAN, Attorneys for Administratrix, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

RAYNOLDS, ADELAIDE A.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ADELAIDE A. RAYNOLDS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Stitt & Phillips, Number 113 Fulton Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of April, 1912.—Dated New York, the 20th day of September, 1911. EDWARD H. RAYNOLDS, Executor. STITT & PHILLIPS, Attorneys for Executor, No. 113 Fulton Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

MARSHALL, JANET RUTHERFORD.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JANET RUTHERFORD MARSHALL, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Whitehouse & Co., Room 401, Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the thirty-first day of May next.—Dated New York, the 20th day of November, 1911. HENRY RUTHERFORD, CHARLES K. PHIPARD, Executors. CHARLES FOX, Attorney for Executors, No. 3 Broad Street, New York City.

FALK, ALBERT.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALBERT FALK, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at her place of transacting business, at the office of Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, No. 37 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of April next.

Dated New York, the 30th day of September, 1911. EMMA C. FALK, Administratrix.
GUGGENHEIMER, UNTERMYER & MARSHALL, Attorneys for Administratrix, 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

KROWER, ALFRED.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALFRED KROWER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Felix H. Levy, at No. 37 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of February next.—Dated New York, August 11, 1911. HARRY Z. OPPENHEIMER, LOUIS KROWER, LEONARD KROWER, Executors. FELIX H. LEVY, Attorney for Executors, 37 Liberty Street, New York City.

REEVES, DANIEL.—In pursuance to an order of the Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against DANIEL REEVES, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at her place of transacting business at the office of Rose & Putzel, 128 Broadway, New York City, on or before the 15th day of June next.—Dated New York, the 25th day of November, one thousand nine hundred and eleven. NORA REEVES, Administratrix. ROSE & PUTZEL, Attorneys for Administratrix, 128 Broadway, New York City.

HESSE, HENRY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY HESSE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Geo. H. Hyde, No. 41 Park Row, in the City of New York, on or before the 26th day of December next.—Dated New York, the 15th day of June, 1911. HENRY HESSE, JR., LOUIS STOIBER, Executors. GEO. H. HYDE, Attorney for Executors, 41 Park Row, Manhattan.

AVIATOR PREDICTS 100-MILE AIRSHIPS

Walter Brookins Thinks We Shall Soon Have Aeroplanes Crossing the Seven Seas.

CONTROL THE BIG PROBLEM

Air Travel Not Safe Until the Pilots Can Regulate Speed in Flight at Will.

Aeroplanes for next season, according to Walter Brookins, will be able to make from 90 to 100 miles an hour, where they now make from 50 to 60 miles. He predicts that they will be able to make long voyages over seas, to alight in the ocean, start again from the water, and "trim sail" afloat in the air.

Mr. Brookins is the first of the professional fliers in this country, and holder of the world's record for slow flying under control and steep banking at the turns. Except for the men known as aeroplane inventors, he has been a practical airman for a longer period than any American now flying.

Of those who came out of the Wright School in his class—the first to be graduated—he is the only survivor, Johnstone and Hoxsey having both met death in the air. Mr. Brookins has had three serious falls. He is now building an aeroplane for work over seas, which is to consist of a combination between a high power racing motorboat and a Wright biplane. In this new craft, which will have a trial in a short time on Long Island Sound, Brookins believes he will have an aeroplane on which aviators may cross the ocean.

The machine will be so constructed as to be non-sinkable, and at the same time it will have carrying capacity for an abundant supply of fuel and food. The craft is now under construction in this city.

"I can tell now what caused me to have that bad smashup at Belmont Park," said Mr. Brookins, in telling of the outlook for aeroplanes as he sees it. "It was the same kind of a smashup that automobiles used to have fifteen years ago or so. In those days there was only one speed, and a car leaped away at top speed, and stopped abruptly. That gave the automobile makers their chief problem. To-day we of the air game are just where the automobilists were then. We have got to get speed control.

Question of Landing.

"We can fly fast enough to keep up, but not slow enough to make safe landings. If we should fly slow enough to land safely we would simply drop, and that we must overcome. At Belmont Park I had very litle wing space on the Baby Wright racer and a big engine. Flying was fine, but lighting—well, I had to hit the earth at a higher speed than it could be done.

"Now, this is the way out, and experiments are going to demonstrate it. An aeroplane to get off the ground needs lots of wing space. It also needs wing space to light on. After it gets up, and gets to going it can move along on materially smaller wings.

"We are coming to adjustable wing areas, and adjustable angles of incidence for our planes. The sharper the angle the more the upward thrust as the plane leaves the ground. After it is up, and strikes a cruising level, the angle ought to be lessened and the sail area—that's the best term for it—ought to be reefed.

"If we could get that matter solved we'd have aeroplanes whose speed we could control. We need aeroplanes that can stay aloft at twenty miles an hour and under, and if we get them in a condition to do that, and then can reef in the sail spread after we get up, we can send them to 100 miles an hour on the present engine development. A single aeroplane capable of running at twenty and then at 100 miles an hour—how would that be for a development? Wouldn't it make the automobile look sick?"

The question of the biplane and the monoplane came up. Mr. Brookins has raced in a biplane against monoplanes, and has lost to them. He has seen much of both types in action.

"And that's exactly the point," he said. "The biplane gets away and lands well, and has too much head resistance when it is at full speed. What we must have is convertible machines, not exactly of either type, but a type that will have the advantages now exclusively the property of each.

"I think biplanes and monoplanes will soon be doing about equally up to seventy-five miles an hour, but for the next twenty-five miles of gain the monoplanes will excel, and the first 100-mile-an-hour machines will be monoplanes.

Line of Development.

"It took development in tires, roads, engines, and in other directions to make the automobile, and in the air game there must be development of the same sort. Suppose I wanted to fly from here to Mineola now, there would be no aerial route I could follow with assurance that it was open to me and protected and would not carry me over dangerous church steeples. The automobilist, on the other hand, would have his road chart at hand for his guide. We must have the air lanes mapped out, and that's coming next season."

"What do you think was the best air accomplishment of 1911?" Mr. Brookins was asked.

"The flight of Atkinson," the aviator responded; "and for this reason: It put the whole exhibition game out of business at once and took the thrill from cross-country flying at a single dash. People had been wondering if the aeroplane could really go some place. His really went, and went so far that even a trip across the continent, made subsequently, made less stir than did his journey.

"And that was needed. The business needed to be hauled out of its level as a seven-day wonder and circus sideshow and brought down to the question of utility.

"I know a lot of men with money who are at work for 1912, but for the most part they are a misguided lot. I hear of aluminium wings with metal supports. That's the silliest thing imaginable. A wooden support that hasn't actually snapped is always as strong as it was at first, but a metal support may be so jarred that it is ready to go to pieces on you next time, and you'll never know it is getting ready to do so until it does it. Automobile rims are of wood for exactly the same reason that aeroplane supports will be of wood.

"For my part, I am following the results of experimentation. I have let the motor-boat builders do my work. All I have done is to seek out the best in motor boats and adapt it to the task of alighting out of the air, and have incorporated into it a pair of planes large enough and with engine power enough to lift the required weight. Wilbur Wright forecasted the idea when he flew up the Hudson with a canoe under his planes.

"My combination craft will have 120-horse power and a margin of 700 pounds of lifting capacity over the net weight of 1,500 pounds of the completed craft. The planes will be so attached that in case of a forced landing in a stormy sea, where the waves would wash up over the planes, they can be quickly cut away. The pilot will be at sea with a 120-horse power motor boat, with air-tight compartments, and he will have as much chance to survive as any motor-boat man could have.

Luncheon on the Ocean Wave.

"If he has landed in calm water he can ride along at fifteen knots an hour while he makes necessary repairs, refills the gasoline tank, has his luncheon, or sleeps a bit.

"The railroad train doesn't haul the load of the steamship. Yet, as between steamships and railroads, we prefer the latter where speed is requisite. We are now facing a chance to go between fixed points at from 75 to 100 miles an hour over the shortest possible route, and we must not belittle the aeroplane's capacity. Picture a fleet of them, like a train of cars, starting two minutes apart from New York, bound for Atlantic City or Philadelphia. The cargo of one boat you carry in ten trains, say. What does it matter, then, if you carry the cargo of one train in 100 aeroplanes when the number you can send off is limitless?

"When we can see these things ahead of us it amazes us to find an aero club boasting because its clubhouse is the finest in the land, and yet find its membership composed of men who ask us if parachute attachments wouldn't be good for us. Yes, they would be good—as good as straw stacks all the way along the rights of way of railroads, so that if a train should run off the track it would have something soft to drop into. Aeroplane effort has to aim right, and the freaks just now are in the very last stages of their opportunities. Soon we will have aero clubs as proud of aeroplanes as they are to-day of clubhouses, and then great things will come."

Mr. Brookins left last night for his home in Ohio, to be gone for several weeks.

MARGARET ANGLIN REPLIES.

Representative Explains That She Wasn't Hasty in Asking Liebler & Co. to Pay.

Louis Nethersole, representing Margaret Anglin, referring yesterday to Liebler & Co.'s assertion last Saturday that Miss Anglin had been hasty in claiming payments due her, had this to say:

"It is only fair to Miss Anglin to state that the sum claimed by her against Liebler & Co. had nothing whatever to do with moneys earned the last week, but was a debt standing since last season. An agreement to terminate Miss Anglin's contract with Messrs. Liebler & Co. was prepared at Miss Anglin's request by Mr. Liebler's attoreey, and signed by both parties three weeks ago. In this agreement it was guaranteed that the money was to be paid on or before Dec. 9. There could be no possible dispute about a sum of money for dresses, as all matters were throughly understood and incorporated in the agreement.

"Messrs. Liebler & Co. state that Miss Anglin was communicated with and asked to defer the settlement until her return to New York. Miss Anglin denies this absolutely. Her telegrams and her representative's letters to Messrs. Liebler & Co. were completely ignored, so she was compelled to place the matter in the hands of her attorney."

Liebler & Co., regarding Miss Anglin's action in Chicago last week, when she attached the box office receipts of the theatre where she was playing, had said that she had acted hastily and that the matter would have been cleared up on her arrival in New York this week.

MAINE IN MOTION PICTURES.

Views Taken in Havana Harbor Shown at Herald Square Theatre.

The first public showing of motion pictures taken in Havana harbor during the work of uncovering the wreck of the battleship Maine took place at the Herald Square Theatre yesterday afternoon. Some of the films were exhibited before the Maine Monument Committee several weeks ago, but the present reels contain later views.

The series began with the building of the caissons, showed the gradual lowering of the water inside the coffer dam, and the clearing of the parts of the wreck as they were exposed. The pictures showed clearly the force of the explosion that destroyed the ship and the present condition of the vessel.

Preceding the wreck pictures there was a series of views of the recent fleet mobilization in the Hudson River and another series showing Admiral Togo on his visit to the United States.

THE "INFERNO" ON THE FILMS

Dante's Story of Hell Shown in Pictures Here for the First Time.

A production of Dante's "Inferno" in motion pictures was given for the first time in New York at Gane's Manhattan Theatre last night. The performance lasted more than an hour, without intermission, and the pictures, showing the journey of the poet and Virgil through the ten circles of hell, were watched with interest by the regular Sunday night audience.

These pictures have been in preparation for more than a year, and represent an outlay of almost $100,000. They were made by an Italian firm, the Milano Film Company. There are five reels of about 5,000 feet of film each. Those shown last night arrived yesterday morning on the New York, and were got ready for exhibition in time for the 9:30 show at the theatre. All of the scenes were elaborately explained by a lecturer.

Spalding, Violinist, Coming Here.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—Albert Spalding, the young American violinist, appeared here again last night. He played with Thomas's orchestra for the second time Sir Edward Elgar's new concerto for violin and orchestra before a large audience. Spalding left here to-day for Philadelphia, where he will play to-morrow night. He will play the Elgar concerto in Carnegie Hall, New York, for the first time on the afternoon of Dec. 13.

GIRL ACCUSES POLICEMAN.

Friendly with Highwayman Who Robbed Her in Jersey City, She Says.

John Flynn of Jersey City, accompanied by his 13-year-old daughter, Genevieve, entered the City Hall Police Station there yesterday afternoon and told Capt. Cody that a policeman had aided in the robbery of his daughter while she was returning home from a visit at 9 o'clock on Saturday night.

She was held up by a strange man at the corner of Cole and Maxwell Streets, and a purse containing $2 was taken from her. The girl screamed for help and two men ran up and compelled the highwayman to restore the purse and contents. The robber was then allowed to go and, according to Flynn's statement, was joined by a policeman who was apparently on patrol, and the two walked down Cole Street together.

The patrolmen of the precinct were lined up in front of the desk, but the girl was unable to identify the man who was on post at the time of the robbery.

BORDEN ROOSEVELT'S GUEST.

Canadian Premier and ex-President Had Their First Meeting on Saturday.

Robert L. Borden, Premier of Canada, and Mrs. Borden returned last night to Ottawa, after spending three days in this city. The Canadian Premier was the guest at luncheon on Saturday of Col. Theodore Roosevelt at Oyster Bay. This was the first time the Canadian Premier had met the former President, and both expressed considerable pleasure at having had an opportunity for a two-hour chat.

Mr. Borden also had an interview with Henry W. Taft, brother of the President, yesterday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Borden, accompanied by Dr. A. L. Gould, a fellow-Nova Scotian, and Mrs. Gould, visited the Hotel for Working Girls, conducted by a society with which Dr. Gould is intimately associated.

MISS ARNOLD GONE A YEAR TO-MORROW

Police and Family Now Convinced Girl Has Died, How They Will Never Know.

MANY FALSE CLUES FOLLOWED

Deepest of Mysteries, Says Chief Flynn, Who Directed a World-Wide Search for the Young Woman.

It will be one year to-morrow morning since Miss Dorothy Arnold, daughter of Francis R. Arnold, head of the importing house of F. R. Arnold & Co., 7 West Twenty-second Street, disappeared from the home of her parents at 108 East Seventy-ninth Street. The disappearance has remained a mystery to this day.

"Since the morning of Dec. 12, 1910, when Miss Arnold left the home of her parents," said John S. Keith of 40 Wall Street, Mr. Arnold's legal representative, "not one word has ever been received from Miss Arnold, nor have we or any one else who aided in the world-wide search that was made ever been able to find a single clue as to what became of her. You may say that since the day she went away the family has never been able to get the slightest trace of Miss Arnold, and they and also myself believe that she is dead, for that is the only explanation that we can conceive of to account for her long absence."

The first public announcement that Miss Arnold was missing was made at Police Headquarters in this city on the night of Jan. 25 by the then Second Deputy Police Commissioner William J. Flynn. In the six weeks' interval between the day that Miss Arnold went away and the public announcement of it the Pinkertons, the detectives of the New York Department, and detectives in other cities of this country had searched in vain for a trace of the missing young woman.

Pictures and descriptions of Miss Arnold were sent to practically every city in the world, and it is said that every hospital, private as well as public, on this continent and in Europe was investigated in the hope that among their patients the young woman might be found. On the theory that she was dead, morgues in America and Europe were searched and the death records of hundreds of municipalities looked into. The girl friends of the missing girl were asked to aid, and some of her young men friends were questioned in the hope that a romance might have been at the bottom of the case. One of these men, George S. Griscom, Jr., of Pittsburgh, to whom Miss Arnold had been reported engaged, was in Florence, Italy, when she disappeared, and he came home to join in the search. For more than a month he directed a search from Atlantic City before he gave up the case as hopeless.

Briefly what follows tells the story by dates of the fruitless hunt that has been made to discover the fate of Mr. Arnold's oldest daughter.

Jan. 25—Public announcement made at Police Headquarters by Second Deputy Police Commissioner William J. Flynn that Miss Dorothy H. C. Arnold disappeared from her father's home, 108 East Seventy-ninth Street, on the morning of Dec. 12, 1910.

Jan. 26—Francis R. Arnold offered $1,000 reward for information that would lead to the discovery of his daughter. Man told of seeing girl resembling Miss Arnold on a Pennsylvania ferryboat.

Jan. 27—Reported that Miss Arnold would return to her home voluntarily on Saturday, Jan. 28. Police convinced that she had not met with harm in any way. Philadelphia clues proved false.

Jan. 28—Father of Miss Arnold announced he had given up all hope of finding her. "It is the silence of death," he told reporters. John W. Arnold, brother of Miss Arnold, returned from Europe and said he could shed no light on the mystery. Thousands of pictures and descriptions of Miss Arnold sent out by the New York police to all parts of the world.

Jan. 29—John S. Keith, lawyer for Mr. Arnold, gave out what was said to be the complete story of the disappearance of Miss Arnold. Mr. Keith said all of her men friends had been questioned. George S. Griscom, Jr., brought into the case publicly for the first time. Mr. Keith admitted Griscom's attachment for the girl, and said Mr. Griscom had been communicated with in Florence, Italy, but that he was unable to give any assistance, and knew nothing of Miss Arnold's whereabouts.

June 30—Admitted that Mrs. Arnold, mother of Miss Dorothy, was in Florence, where George S. Griscom, Jr., was when Miss Arnold disappeared. Announced that Central Park would be searched for the body of Miss Arnold.

Jan. 31—Lawyers admitted that Miss Arnold was disappointed in a literary career and also that she received letters at the general delivery window of the General Post Office. Rumors that Miss Arnold had been seen near Florence, Italy, unfounded.

Feb. 1—Reported and denied by the family that Miss Arnold went to the City Hall for a marriage license about Thanksgiving, 1910. Name of man not known.

Feb. 2—Miss Arnold sought in Philadelphia. Story that she was seen to enter an automobile with a strange man and woman, on the day of her disappearance, proved unfounded.

Feb. 3—John W. Arnold, the brother, returned from Philadelphia and announced that the search proved fruitless.

Feb. 4—On this, the fifty-fourth day since the disappearance of Miss Arnold, police, lawyers, and family said that no progress had been made in solving the mystery.

Feb. 5—Reported that Miss Arnold was found, but her brother issued a denial.

Feb. 6—Police dropped the case. Family continued to deny reports that she had been found.

Feb. 7—Francis R. Aronld denied story that he cabled to Genoa to have that city searched for his daughter.

Feb. 8—Father said search for his daughter would continue. Woman doctor said she saw a young woman resembling Miss Arnold in St. Augustine, Fla.

Feb. 9—George S. Griscom, Jr., arrived from Italy and announced that he had come back to help find Miss Arnold. Said he did not know why she went away and had no idea of her whereabouts.

Feb. 10—Griscom's baggage attached for an old debt in New York. He hurried to Atlantic City to direct his search for Miss Arnold.

Feb. 11—Griscom announced he expected to find Miss Arnold and that he would marry her when he did. Girl named Arnold in Galen Hall, Atlantic City, proved to be a nurse.

Feb. 14—Miss Arnold reported ill in Flower Hospital. Report untrue, the story resulting from a visit of Miss Arnold's sister to the hospital to see Dr. H. V. Arnold, her cousin. Roger O'Mara, the Pittsburgh detective, retained by the Griscoms to represent them in the case.

Feb. 15—Stated that Miss Arnold pawned jewelry in Boston in September, 1910. Denied by Arnold family, who said she had no diamonds. Officially denied at Flower Hospital that Miss Arnold was ever a patient there.

Feb. 18—Francis R. Arnold, asked aid of District Attorney Whitman, said he was convinced his daughter was dead, and that a crime might have been committed. Young woman at Sand Point, Idaho, giving name of Dorothy Wilcox, held on suspicion of being Miss Arnold.

Feb. 19—Girl held in Idaho proved to be Dora Falk of Seattle, who had escaped from a rescue home.

Feb. 21—George S. Griscom, Jr., reiterated that he believed Miss Arnold was alive.

Feb. 23—Miss Arnold reported ill in a Richmond, Va., Hospital. District Attorney Whitman denied having conferred with Francis R. Arnold about the case.

Feb. 23—Girl in Richmond, Va., Hospital not Miss Arnold.

Feb. 24—Second Deputy Police Commissioner William J. Flynn announced that he believed Miss Arnold was dead.

Feb. 25—"George junior" advertisements inserted in newspapers proved not to refer to George S. Griscom, Jr., and to have nothing to do with the search for Miss Arnold.

Feb. 26—March 18—No clues.

March 18—Central Park lakes dragged for Miss Arnold's body.

March 19—Woman in Muscogee, Oklahoma, suspected of being Miss Arnold. Soon disproved.

March 22—George S. Griscom, Jr., left Atlantic City.

April 17—Arnold family gave up hope.

April 23—Alleged woman detective sought Miss Arnold in Minneapolis.

May, June, and July—Several bodies found in and near New York seen by Lawyer Keith, but none of them was that of Miss Arnold.

July 31—Mr. and Mrs. Francis R. Arnold in Europe, but denied that they had gone to institute a new search for their daughter.

Aug. 3—Lawyer Keith denied a report that he had admitted he believed Miss Arnold was still alive.

Sept. 2—Mr. and Mrs. Arnold seen in Europe and denied they were looking for their daughter.

Oct. 10—Reported that Miss Arnold had been found and would soon return to her father's home. John W. Arnold and Lawyer Keith branded the report as false.

Oct. 23—Mr. and Mrs. Arnold returned from Europe. Had no news of Miss Dorothy.

Oct. 24 to Date—No clues.

When William J. Flynn, Chief of the Eastern Division of the United States Secret Service, who was head of the Detective Bureau when Miss Arnold disappeared and who directed from Headquarters the world-wide search for her, was asked about the case yesterday, he said it would go down in police history as one of its deepest mysteries. For months after her disappearance Chief Flynn believed that Miss Arnold would sooner or later return to her home. Yesterday he said he had come to the conclusion that she was dead and that the circumstances surrounding her disappearance would probably never be known.

COLLAPSES IN FIFTH AVENUE.

Bride of a Few Months Hysterical When She Recovers in Hospital.

Policeman Broderick of the West Thirtieth Street Station saw a crowd in Fifth Avenue, between Thirty-first and Thirty-second Streets, at 7:45 o'clock last night, gathered around a well-dressed young woman who had collapsed on the sidewalk, very hysterical, and seemingly only half-conscious. Broderick called Dr. Victor and an ambulance from New York Hospital and the young woman was hurried there.

On the way she became quiet, though scarcely conscious, but in the institution she revived enough to say that she was Mrs. George A. Proctor of 22 West Fifty-ninth Street, a bride of a few months. She was put in a ward, while word was sent to her husband.

The young man reached the hospital about 9 o'clock in a taxicab, and as Mrs. Proctor had recovered considerably she was allowed to leave the hospital with him. Mr. Proctor said he was going to take his wife home.

At 22 West Fifty-ninth Street, however, the hall boy said at midnight that neither Mr. nor Mrs. Proctor was at home. He said they had left the house together about 7 o'clock, dressed for dinner, and apparently going to keep an engagement. Neither had returned since, he said. Though he was told that Mrs. Proctor had been found in the street, and that her husband had been notified by telephone, he insisted that the message had not been delivered at the apartment house, and that Mr. Proctor had not been there since he left it with his wife.

TO GET $2,000 FOR ARREST.

Chicago Police Obtain Guaranty of Reward for Mrs. Kaufman's Murderer.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—The murderer of Mrs. Hattie Kaufman was reported under arrest late to-night when police officials obtained from relatives of the dead woman papers guaranteeing payment of $2,000 reward offered for the capture.

Mrs. Kaufman was shot and killed on the North Side a week ago by a hold-up man who jumped from an automobile.

Police Inspector Nicholas Hunt, who has been directing the search for Mrs. Kaufman's slayer, admitted that he had received information which he expected would clear up the Kaufman case, but declined to make known the details.

Edmund Kaufman, husband, and Louis and Herman F. Goldenberg, brothers of the dead woman, were called into a conference by Inspector Hunt to-night.

An agreement was drawn up regarding the rewards offered by Kaufman and the Goldenberg brothers for the arrest of Mrs. Kaufman's murderer, and this agreement was signed by Kaufman and the Goldenbergs.

LAY SIX DAYS IN CREVICE.

Factory Employe Falls Into It Going Through Woods—Found Unconscious.

SOUTHBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 10.—Unconscious from hunger and exposure, James Leek, a factory employe, who had been missing since last Tuesday, was found to-day lying in a crevice between two ledges in the woods, a mile from this village.

Leek had not revived sufficiently to-night to make an explanation, but the police theory is that he fell into the crevice while on his way to work in the darkness of early morning, and that he had been there helpless during the six days of his disappearance, while parties engaged in searching for him have many times passed the spot.

Leek's physicians said to-night that he has a chance of recovery.

W. Vincent Astor Denies Engagement.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 10.—The reports that William Vincent Astor, eldest son of John Jacob Astor, is engaged to Miss Margaret F. Andrews, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul A. Andrews, are denied by young Mr. Astor and by the Andrews family. Vincent Astor says Miss Andrews is the prettiest girl in Newport, and an engagement would not surprise anybody, but it may be delayed until Vincent shall have been graduated from Harvard. He is here now on a week-end visit. When Vincent is graduated Miss Andrews will be 19 years old.

George P. Putnam Chiefly Ill of Shock

George P. Putnam, Treasurer of the Atlantic Terra Cotta Company, who was knocked down by a taxicab near his home, at 216 West Seventieth Street, on Saturday night, spent a comfortable day yesterday. It had been feared that Mr. Putnam, who is 70 years old, had received internal injuries and a fractured skull. Later examination at the Flower Hospital showed that his injuries were not so serious and that he was suffering chiefly from shock.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M. Loss.
2:00—209 East 118th St.; Jacob Lewis..Trifling
2:15—158 East 119th St.; Jacob Jerng......$25
2:50—125 East 118th St.; M. Goldstein.Trifling
3:30—161 East 118th St.; J. Weisenberg....$25
9:15—205 East 15th St.; B. Koehler...Trifling
9:40—224 East 74th St.; David Singer.Trifling
10:05—201 West 48th St.; United Cigar Co.None
11:15—719 Tinton Av.; Rose Cranston..Trifling
P. M.
2:50—2,602 2d Av.; Joseph P. Ross.........$20
2:55—83 Commerce St.; unknown.......None
3:35—Foot of West 29th St.; unknown.Trifling
4:30—1,397 3d Av.; Schindler & Lieth..Trifling
4:35—212 East 105th St.; Fred Strumlauf...$15
5:00—1,259 Longfellow Av.; L. B. Clarke..$300
5:00—3,604 3d Av.; Anna Rodriguis....Trifling
5:35—34 West 136th St.; Ruth Mason..Trifling
6:20—1,432 1st Av.; Frank Bodian.........$10
6:30—1,595 Madison Av.; D. Gedelkart.Trifling
7:00—436 10th Av.; Sam Astor........Trifling
7:10—515 West 19th St.; Hydro Leather Co.... Trifling
5:45—221 Pearl St., Charles S. McKenna.$5,000
7:30—2,371 Eighth Av.; E. Klein..........$500
8:25—1,765 Bathgate Av., Nathan Bailor.. Trifling
8:30—2,384 Eighth Av.; H. Staplefeld.Trifling
9:05—1,186 First Av., John Bozzuffi........$25
10:00—343 East 77th St., Isaac Selconstein.$200
11:00—180th St. and St. Nicholas Av., New York Bill Posting Company..........$5

UNION SPECTRE AT CLOAK TRADE FEAST

Speakers Tell How Hard It Has Made Things for the Celebrating Employers.

BUT THEY HAVE A UNION NOW

Union Idea Is All Right, but the Union Leaders Are Dreadful — Especially Harsh Words for Meyer London.

The spirit of the shop delegate stalked the north ballroom of the Hotel Astor last evening, where 500 or more men and expensively dressed women gathered for the first annual dinner and dance of the United Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers of New York, and, though the dinner was to celebrate the passing of the fruitful first year of the young organization, the festive air was rife with the indignant sentiments stirred by the thought of the union tactics to which the employers have been subjected.

About $65,000,000 in capital was represented in the north ballroom, but the forty thousand workers outside of the hall, who enter into the workings of that capital, and the organization of many of them into the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union furnished a spectre that seemed to haunt the diners and certainly preyed upon the thoughts of all the after-dinner speakers. However, though it was plain from all the business discussion that enlivened the period between the coffee and the dancing, that the way is exceedingly hard for the manufacturer, it was a most decidedly prosperous appearing assemblage that heard and applauded.

President Morris Bernstein painted something of the difficulties which have been thorns in the flesh of the manufacturers. Judging from his passing remarks, the buyers would also have come in for a good share of condemnation if the thought of the trades unionists had not overshadowed all others.

"And now we have a union!" said he, by way of announcing a last straw. "Aren't you glad? Isn't it a beauty? Why, there isn't anything more for us to do at all. The shop delegate does everything for us, relieves us of all burdens and responsibilities, and we don't have to do anything except pay the rent and sign the pay roll. I tell you, my friends, you have suffered in trades unionism a complication of diseases, and this organization was formed as a sanitarium to cure you. Oh," said Mr. Bernstein, beaming around him, "you beautiful patients."

Assistant District Attorney Reynolds, hailed as the guest of the evening, caught at this thought as he rose to his feet, and, after a glance of appreciation around the roomful, observed that Dr. Bernstein must be a pretty good doctor. Mr. Reynolds did not attempt to break away from the business trend of the after dinner speeches, but reminded the manufacturers that if the unionists had seized an advantage over them, it was because they had grasped earlier the advantages of organization. He told the manufacturers that they must organize to attain results which all their industry and all their persistence could not bring them as individuals.

It remained for Mark J. Goldberg, counsel to the organization and the son of its organizer, to bring the McNamaras into the discussion.

"Dynamiting has not as yet been introduced here," he said, "but in other respects we have union rule with all its trimmings." He enumerated force, threats, Black Hand letters, and actual violence.

All the speakers agreed that the union idea is good, but that union leaders are bad.

"The union," said Mr. Goldberg, "must clean its house if it desires to become the friend of the employers. The wish that capital and labor should walk arm in arm can no more be realized now than the wish of a thief that he walk down Fifth Avenue in the arms of a Supreme Court Justice. If the rank and file of organized labor awake and appreciate the folly and dishonesty which exist among the men to whom they leave their destinies, it will not be long before harmony is restored in the cloak trade of this city. Each of the labor leaders in New York should resign. We have had enough of them."

A comment on the McNamaras which he had seen quoted in an evening newspaper as coming from Meyer London, legal adviser and idol of the union workers, led Mr. Goldberg to say very harsh things about Mr. London, and, after some explanation, to denounce him as a "rank and violent Anarchist."

Mr. Goldberg, Sr., told how his heart bled at the sight of the manufacturers pushed to the wall, and how, when he heard one of their number despairingly face a shop delegate with the words, "Here is my throat; cut it," that his vision of the present organization came. He told how it was formed around a dining room table on Nov. 20, 1910, and how it has grown to 300 members, and how when next December comes around its dinner is sure to be followed by far more cheerful reports of progress achieved.

The cards to last night's gathering announced that dancing would begin at 8:30, but so intense was the interest in the discussion and so fervent the speakers that it was 11 o'clock before the couples circled out on the floor.

ODD DEATHS OF FISH.

Only a Few Gold Fish Spared in a Strange Scourge.

William Seward of 375 State Street, Brooklyn, whose grandmother, Mrs. Sarah Payne, owns a bird and fish store at 5 De Kalb Avenue, found all the live stock in the store, except some gold fish, dead when he went to open the place yesterday morning. So far it has not been determined what killed them.

The police and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals are conducting separate investigations. The police theory is that coal gas, generated in a stove kept in the middle of the store, poisoned the birds and fish as well as 50 white rats and mice. Young Seward says that the stove has been kept going through every cold day and night of the last fourteen winters and never before have the gases it may have generated caused harm to the live stock.

Some broken bits of glass which fit together into a good semblance of the lenses of a pair of glasses or spectacles have convinced Seward that some one entered the store with skeleton keys and killed the animals, birds, and fish, though how Seward does not know. He found the glass on the floor of the store. Neither he nor his mother nor grandmother wears glasses, and he is certain that the broken particles were not on the floor when he closed the shop at 11 o'clock Saturday night.

Except for the broken glass, however, there was nothing in the store to indicate that any one had entered it since closing time Saturday. Nothing was disturbed and nothing, apparently, had been stolen. There was, however, a faint odor of chloroform or ether, Seward says, and he believes that one of these drugs was used to kill the stock. When the police arrived they decided that whatever odor there was in the shop was coal gas. It was Seward who called the police.

It has always been his work to open the shop mornings, and on Sundays he has always gone there to attend to the feeding of its inmates. He had trained two parrots to greet him with a "Good morning," and he always announced his arrival by whistling shrilly. In answer almost every canary in the place would commence to sing.

Seward whistled as usual yesterday morning, but there was no "Good morning" from the parrots, and no outburst of song from the canaries. Instead, there was not a sound in the store, usually so full of the noise of birds and animals. Seward looked around hurriedly and soon found that 100 canaries, gold finches, Japanese sparrows and other birds were dead on the floors of their cages. In a big tank at the rear of the store 500 gold and silver fish floated on their sides, dead. The white rats and mice lay dead in their hutches. The only live things in the store were about 100 small gold fish in a small tank in the front of the store. But these, too, showed that something was the matter with them.

Seward's message to the Adams Street Police Station brought Detectives Cunningham and Denny, and they decided that coal gas had caused the wholesale destruction of life. An agent sent by the S. P. C. A. agreed with Seward, however, that gas scarcely could have caused the havoc, and when he departed he carried with him a parrot and a white rat, which will be examined in the laboratories of the association to-day. It is hoped that these autopsies may reveal what caused the deaths.

Though Seward and Mrs. Payne believe that some one entered the store and wilfully killed the stock, they can think of no one who would wish to do them such an injury. Mrs. Payne has been in the business for forty years, and for fourteen of them has been at the same address in De Kalb Avenue. She valued the stock in the store at nearly $1,000.

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